Gazette

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Published by the Commonwealth of Australia

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

CONTENTS

General Information	.1423
Government Departments	.1425
Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry	
Attorney-General	
Communications, Information Technology and the Arts	.1441
Defence	.1444
Environment and Heritage	.1449
Foreign Affairs and Trade	
Health and Ageing	
Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs	.1488
Transport and Regional Services	.1503
Treasury	.1509
Public Notices	.1542
Special Gazettes Nos S107, S108, S109, S110 and S111 attached	

The date of publication of this Gazette is 29 June 2005

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Australian Government

Attorney-General's Department

Office of Legislative Drafting and Publishing

This Gazette is published by the Office of Legislative Drafting and Publishing (OLDP) on behalf of the Commonwealth of Australia.

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OLDP strives to maintain and enhance its reputation as a centre of drafting excellence. We produce legislative and administrative instruments of the highest standard through the innovative use of plain English, current technology and rigorous quality assurance procedures.

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- providing ready public access to the law through ComLaw (www.comlaw.gov.au) and the Legislative Instruments Database (frli.law.gov.au)
- ensuring that Commonwealth legislation and explanatory material is available in easily accessible form, as it is made, and in consolidated form, as it is amended

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- the basis and role of delegated legislation and other instruments made under a statutory power
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- sound techniques for developing efficient drafting instructions (important for efficient achievement of your legislative program)

How to contact us

Fax. (02) 6250 5930

First Assistant Secretary Office of Legislative Drafting and Publishing Attorney-General's Department Robert Garran Offices National Circuit Barton ACT 2600 Tel. (02) 6250 6263

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QUALITY OF YOUR PUBLICATION

To maximise the quality of notices, all copy must be typewritten or typeset using a laser printer. Handwritten material will generally not be accepted. Other material may be accepted, however, the Attorney-General's Department will take no responsibility for the quality of production of these notices.

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A charge of \$143.00 per page will apply to the submission of notices for this Gazette.

CUSTOMER ACCOUNT NUMBERS must be clearly indicated on the covering sheet and submitted with your notice. Any notice submitted without this information will not be published.

CLOSING TIMES

Copy for inclusion in this Gazette will be accepted by the Gazette Office until 10.00 am on Friday, in the week before publication unless an earlier closing time has been advised.

INQUIRIES

All inquires should be directed to (02) 6250 5510.

General Information

GAZETTE INQUIRIES

Lodgment Inquiries: (02) 6250 5510 Subscriptions (Fax): (02) 6293 8388 Subscriptions (Tel): 1 300 656 863

The **GOVERNMENT NOTICES GAZETTE** is published each Wednesday and contains a range of legislation (including proclamations) and information about legislation as well as special information and government departments' notices. The Gazette is sold at \$6.40 each or on subscription for \$314.00 (50 issues). Prices are GST inclusive.

NOTICES FOR PUBLICATION and related correspondence can be lodged:

By hand or post: Gazette Office, Attorney General's Department, Cnr Kings Avenue and National Circuit, Barton ACT 2600.

By fax: (02) 6250 5995

By e-mail: gazettes@ag.gov.au.

Notices received before closing times will be accepted for publication in the next available issue of the *Gazette*, unless otherwise specified.

All notices lodged for publication must be accompanied by a covering note clearly setting out requirements. For the purposes of publication, electronic copy is preferred. However, publication of hard copy notices can be arranged. Further information is provided below.

Publication of hard copy notices

Where a notice for publication includes a signature or other handwritten material that must appear in the published notice, a hard copy of the notice will be accepted for publication. The notice must be either an original or a good copy. Print should be confined to one side of the paper and sheets must be A4 size and numbered consecutively. Dates, proper names and signatures are to be shown clearly. An electronic copy of the notice should also be e-mailed to the Gazette Office.

Publication of electronic notices

Where a notice for publication is provided in electronic form it should be provided in Word, RTF (Rich Text Format) or searchable PDF format.

For further information contact the Gazette Office on (02) 6250 5510. Information is also available from the following Internet site: http://www.ag.gov.au/GNGazette/.

CLOSING TIMES FOR LODGMENT

All notices for publication must be lodged by the following times (except at holiday periods for which special advice of earlier closing times will be given).

All Government Notices Gazette copy: Friday at 10.00 am in the week prior to publication.

Special Gazette Notices: by 9.30 am on the day of publication.

Periodic Gazettes: as agreed but generally 7 days prior to date of publication.

ADVERTISING RATES (GST inclusive)

Government Notices: \$143 per A4 page — minimum charge one page.

Special Gazette notices:

- · during business hours: \$264 per page.
- outside normal business hours: \$396 per page for the first two pages and \$264 for each subsequent page.

Periodic Gazette notices: \$350 for the first page and \$50 for each subsequent page.

Additional copies of Special and Periodic Gazettes can be provided at a cost of 2 cents per page per copy — minimum charge: \$5.

Payment may be made by credit card, EFT, cheque, money order or customer account code (for account code customers only).

SUBSCRIPTIONS are payable in advance and are accepted for a maximum period of one year. All subscriptions are on a firm basis and refunds for cancellations will not be given. Rates include surface postage in Australia and overseas. For further information about subscriptions telephone (02) 6293 8383.

AVAILABILITY

The *Gazette* may be purchased by mail order (Tel. 1300 656 863, Fax (02) 6293 8333) from CanPrint Communications, 16 Nyrang Street, Fyshwick ACT 2609. Over the counter sales are available from CanPrint Communications at the address above.

Over the counter sales are also available from the following outlets:

Canberra: CanPrint Communications

16 Nyrang Street Fyshwick ACT 2609

Phone: (02) 6295 4422 Fax: (02) 6295 4473

Melbourne: Information Victoria

356 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

Phone: 1 300 366 356 Fax: (03) 9603 9920

Brisbane: Goprint 371 Vulture Street Woolloongabba QLD 4102

Phone: (07) 3246 3399 Fax: (07) 3246 3534 **Hobart:** Printing Authority of Tasmania

2 Salamanca Place Hobart TAS 7000

Phone: 1 800 030 940 Fax: (03) 6223 7638

Adelaide: Service SA Government Legislation Outlet

Ground Floor 101 Grenfell Street Adelaide SA 5000

Phone: 13 2324 Fax: (08) 8207 1949 **Sydney:** NSW Government Information

Ground Floor Goodsell Building Cnr Hunter & Phillip Streets

Sydney NSW 2000

Phone: (02) 9238 0950 Fax: (02) 9228 7227

GAZETTES

When a *Special Gazette* is issued outside normal business hours, a copy of the Gazette will be posted on a noticeboard at the front entrance of the Attorney-General's Department, cnr Kings Avenue and National Circuit, Barton ACT 2600. Copies will be available on the next business day from CanPrint Communications, 16 Nyrang Street, Fyshwick ACT 2609.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made available to: Collector of Public Moneys, Attorney-General's Department.

ISSUES OF PERIODIC GAZETTES

The following Periodic issues of the *Gazette* have been published.

The *Gazette* may be purchased by mail order from CanPrint Communications, 16 Nyrang Street, Fyshwick ACT 2609. Over the counter sales are available from CanPrint Communications or Standards Australia outlets.

Gazette number	Date of Publication	Subject
P1	10.2.05	Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975
		Particulars of permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Oct 04 to 31 Dec 04 and not previously gazetted
		Particulars of permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Jun 04 to 30 Jun 04 and not previously gazetted
P2	10.3.05	Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975
		Particulars of permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Jan 05 to 31 Jan 05 and not previously gazetted
		Particulars of permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Dec 04 to 31 Dec 04 and not previously gazetted
Р3	4.4.05	Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975
		Particulars of permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Feb 05 to 28 Feb 05 and not previously gazetted
		Particulars of some permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Mar 04 to 31 Mar 04 and not previously gazetted
P4	27.5.05	Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975
		Particulars of permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Mar 05 to 31 Mar 05 and not previously gazetted.
		Particulars of some permissions granted, refused, suspended, reinstated, revoked or reconsidered for the period 1 Dec 04 to 28 Feb 05 and not previously gazetted

Government Departments

Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION FOR THE RED MEAT INDUSTRIES FOR 2004-2005

I, RICHARD SOUNESS, a delegate of the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry under section 70(2) of the Australian Meat and Live-stock Industry Act 1997, in accordance with section 66(4) of that Act, hereby determine the following amount to be the Gross Value of Production for 2004-2005, payable for research and development activities:

> INDUSTRY Red Meat

GVP (\$) 9,585,471,714

23 day of June

2005

GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION FOR THE BUFFALO, CHICKEN MEAT, DEER, OSTRICH, GOAT FIBRE, MACROPODS, HONEY, GRAINS, RICE, SUGAR, COTTON, WINE GRAPES AND WINE INDUSTRIES FOR 2004-2005

Pursuant to sub-section 32(1) of the Primary Industries and Energy Research and Development Act 1989, I, RICHARD SOUNESS, on behalf of Warren Errol Truss, Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry hereby determine the following amounts to be the Gross Values of Production for 2004-2005, payable for research and development activities:

INDUSTRY	GVP (\$)
Buffalo	2,278,568
Chicken Meat	1,315,640,009
Deer	4,785,687
Ostrich	3,437,729
Goat Fibre	2,137,500
Macropods	54,949,432
Honey	57,248,882
Grains	7,148,419,503
Rice	150,501,367
Sugar cane	912,449,012
Cotton	863,669,867
Wine Grapes	1,320,390,478
Wine	1,747,705,396

Dated this

dav

7.0

2005

GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION FOR THE WOOL INDUSTRY FOR 2004-2005

I, RICHARD SOUNESS, a delegate of Warren Errol Truss, Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry under section 38 of the *Wool Services Privatisation Act 2000*, in accordance with section 31 (7) of that Act, hereby determine the following amount to be the Gross Value of Production for 2004-2005, payable for research and development activities:

INDUSTRY

GVP (\$)

Wool

2,702,504,833

Dated this

23rd day of June

2005

GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION FOR THE PIG INDUSTRY FOR 2004-2005

I, RICHARD SOUNESS, a delegate of Warren Errol Truss, Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry under section 43 of the *Pig Industry Act 2001*, in accordance with section 10 (8) (a) of that Act, hereby determine the following amount to be the Gross Value of Production for 2004-2005, payable for research and development activities:

INDUSTRY

GVP (\$)

Pig

889,501,667

Dated this

day of

2005

GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION FOR THE EGG INDUSTRY FOR 2004-2005

I, RICHARD SOUNESS, a delegate of Warren Errol Truss, Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry under section 10 of the Egg Industry Service Provision Act 2002, in accordance with section 8 (3) (a) of that Act, hereby determine the following amount to be the Gross Value of Production for 2004-2005, payable for research and development activities:

INDUSTRY

GVP (\$)

Egg

392,608,269

Dated this

2005

A/g Executive Manager

Food and Agriculture

GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION FOR THE DAIRY INDUSTRY FOR 2004-2005

I, RICHARD SOUNESS, a delegate of Warren Errol Truss, Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry under section 10 of the *Dairy Produce Act 1986*, in accordance with section 6 (4)(a) of that Act, hereby determine the following amount to be the Gross Value of Production for 2004-2005, payable for research and development activities:

INDUSTRY

GVP (\$)

Dairy

2,906,595,585

Dated this 23 day of June 2005

Signed by

AUSTRALIAN WINE AND BRANDY CORPORATION GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS COMMITTEE

Industry House, National Wine Centre, Hackney Road, ADELAIDE, South Australia, 5000. Phone: (08) 8228 2000 Fax: (08) 8228 2022 E-Mail: awbc@awbc.com.au

NOTICE OF FINAL DETERMINATIONS

The Presiding Member of the Geographical Indications Committee of the Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation wishes to advise that the following FINAL DETERMINATIONS of Australian Geographical Indications have been made as set out in this notice.

This notice is issued in conformity with Section 40X of the Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation Act 1980, the Geographical Indications Committee having determined that Manjimup and Pemberton may reasonably be regarded as regions.

Subject to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975, application may be made, by or on behalf of any person whose interests are affected by any of these determinations, to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for the review of the determination. Unless subsection 28(4) of that Act applies, applications may be made in accordance with section 28 of that Act by or on behalf of that person for a statement in writing setting out the findings on material questions of fact, referring to the evidence or any other material on which these findings are based and reasons for the determination. Applications to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal (AAT) for review of a Final Determination of the Geographical Indications Committee must be made within 28 days after the date of publication of this notice.

The maps associated with these determinations may be inspected at the offices of the Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation, Industry House, National Wine Centre, Hackney Road, ADELAIDE, SA 5000, during normal business hours. Further information may be obtained by contacting:-

The Registrar of Protected Names Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation P.O. Box 2733 KENT TOWN SA 5071

GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATION

#73

PEMBERTON

Conservation and Land Management in conjunction with Department of Land Administration, Western

Australia

Printed December 1998

AREA BOUNDARY

The area boundary used to support the textual description of the Geographical Indication "Pemberton" is presented on the following official maps:

LAKE JASPER TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000 Map Sheet 2029 - 3 Land Management Series Edition 2 CALM / DOLA Production: Information Management Branch, Department of

CHARNWOOD TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000 Map Sheet 2029 - 2 Land Management Series Edition 2 CALM / DOLA Production: Information

Management Branch, Department of Conservation and Land Management in conjunction with Department of Land Administration, Western

Australia

Printed December 1998

Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation - FINAL DETERMINATIONS of Australian Geographical Indications, June 2005 - Page 2

PEMBERTON TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District Scale 1:50.000

National Map Reference 2129-III

and 2129-II Edition 2

Prepared by the Mapping Branch under the direction of the Executive

Director of the Department of

Conservation and Land

Management, Western Australia.

Topographic information correct as

at April 1986

Printed by Printing Division, Dept.

of Services

SHANNON TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000

Map Sheet 2128 - 1

Land Management Series

Edition 1 CALM / DOLA

Production: Information

Management Branch,

Department of Conservation and

Land Management in conjunction

with Department of Land

Administration, Western Australia.

Printed February 1999.

WAINBUP TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000

Series R712

Sheet 2128-II

Edition 1-AAS

Produced by the Royal Australian Survey Corps under the Direction of

the Chief of the General Staff

Printed by the Royal Australian

Survey Corps, 1981

GARDNER RIVER

TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50.000

Series R712

Sheet 2128-III

Edition 1-AAS

Produced by the Royal Australian Survey Corps under the Direction of

the Chief of the General Staff

Printed by the Royal Australian

Survey Corps, 1981

NORTHCLIFFE TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000

Sheet 2128 - 4

Land Management Series

Edition 1 CALM / DOLA Production: Information

Management Branch,

Department of Conservation and

Land Management in conjunction

with Department of Land

Administration, Western Australia.

Printed January 1999.

WARREN TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District

Scale 1:50,000

National Map Reference 2028 I and

2028 IV

Edition 2

Prepared by the Land Information

Branch under the direction of the

Executive Director of the

Department of Conservation and

Land Management, Western

Australia.

Topographic information correct as

at April 1986

Printed by State Printing Division,

Dept. of Services. July 1989

TEXTUAL DESCRIPTION

The Geographical Indication "Pemberton" is located within the zone South West Australia, within the State of Western Australia, Australia.

The beginning point of the boundary is situated on Map Lake Jasper (Map Sheet 2029 - 3) at grid reference LH847057, being a point on Stewart Road approximately 0.7kms west of the Vasse Highway, then proceeds easterly along Stewart Road to the edge of map at grid reference LH849057; On to Map Charnwood (Map Sheet 2029 - 2) at grid reference LH849057, then continues easterly along Stewart Road to its junction with Vasse Highway at grid reference LH854057, then proceeds northerly along Vasse Highway to grid reference LH852078, then proceeds easterly in a straight line to the edge of map at grid reference MH079078; On to Map Pemberton (Sheet 2129-III and 2129-II) at grid reference 079078, then proceeds easterly in the same straight line to the north western corner of Nelson location 9780 near Appadene Road at grid reference 129079, then proceeds easterly in the same straight line along

the northern boundary of Nelson location 9780 and continues in the same straight line until it intersects with Bottomley Road at grid reference 159079, then proceeds southerly along Bottomley Road and the western boundary of Nelson location 2715 to its intersection with Seven Day Road at grid reference 159070, then proceeds north easterly along Seven Day Road to its junction with South Western Highway at grid reference 199083, then proceeds north north easterly along South Western Highway to the unnamed road at grid reference 201087, then proceeds south easterly and then north easterly along the unnamed road to its intersection with another unnamed road at grid reference 212090, then proceeds north easterly along the same unnamed road and then continue in the same straight line to Muirs Highway at grid reference 217094, then proceeds generally south easterly along Muirs Highway to its intersection with Wheatley Coast Road at grid reference 328998, then proceeds generally southerly and then south south westerly along Wheatley Coast Road to its junction with South Western Highway at grid reference 298874, then proceeds generally south easterly along South Western Highway to the edge of map at grid reference 330821; On to Map Shannon (Map Sheet 2128 - 1) at grid reference MG330821, then proceeds generally south easterly along South Western Highway to the boundary of the Shannon National Park at grid reference MG401775, then proceeds generally southerly along the western perimeter of the Shannon National Park to the intersection of the closed road and the vehicular track at grid reference MG364549, then proceeds southerly along the vehicular track to the edge of map at grid reference MG364544; On to Map Wainbup (Sheet 2128-II) at grid reference MG364544, then proceeds generally south westerly along Wren Road to its intersection with Steves Road at grid reference MG357516, then proceeds generally south of westerly along Steves Road until its intersection with Podgers Road at grid reference MG329510, then continues south westerly along Steves Road to unnamed road at grid reference MG326506, then proceeds southerly along unnamed road to its intersection with another unnamed road at grid reference MG324504, then proceeds generally southerly along the second unnamed road to Chesapeake Road at grid reference MG330466, then proceeds in a generally westerly direction along Chesapeake Road to the edge of the map at grid reference MG314471; On to Map Gardner River (Sheet 2128-III) at grid reference MG314471, then proceeds generally north westerly along Chesapeake Road to its intersection with the Gardner River at

grid reference MG251513, then proceeds generally northerly along Gardner River to the edge of the map at grid reference MG255544; On to Map Northcliffe (Map Sheet 2128 - 4) at grid reference MG255544, then proceeds generally north westerly along the Gardner River to its intersection with the northern boundary of State Forest No. 40 at grid reference MG193636, then proceeds westerly along the northern boundary of State Forest No. 40 to its intersection with the Wheatley Coast Road at grid reference MG189636, then proceeds generally south south westerly along Wheatley Coast Road to its intersection with Guernsey Gully Road and Windy Harbour Road at grid reference MG183617, then proceeds southerly along Windy Harbour Road until its intersection with the boundary of the D'Entrecasteaux National Park at grid reference MG169584, then proceeds south westerly then generally westerly and then north westerly along the boundary of the D'Entrecasteaux National Park to the edge of the map at grid reference MG084646; On to Map Warren (National Map Reference 2028 I and 2028 IV) at grid reference 084646, then proceeds south westerly then westerly and then north westerly along the boundary of the D'Entrecasteaux National Park to its intersection with Callcup Road at grid reference 010724, then proceeds generally westerly in a straight line to intersect with the boundary of D'Entrecasteaux National Park and the Warren River at grid reference 007724, then proceeds westerly and then generally north westerly along the boundary of the D'Entrecasteaux National Park to the edge of the map at grid reference 910817; On to Map Charnwood (Map Sheet 2029 - 2) at grid reference LG910817, then proceeds generally north westerly along the boundary of the D'Entrecasteaux National Park to its intersection with Donnelly River at grid reference LG858938, then proceeds generally north westerly along Donnelly River to the edge of the map at grid reference LG852944; On to Map Lake Jasper (Map Sheet 2029 - 3) at grid reference LG852944, then proceeds generally northerly along Donnelly River to its intersection with Barlee Brook at grid reference LG847979, then proceeds northerly along grid line 847 to its intersection with Stewart Road at grid reference LH847057, which is the descriptor starting point.

Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation - FINAL DETERMINATIONS of Australian Geographical Indications, June 2005 - Page 4

GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATION #78

MANJIMUP

AREA BOUNDARY

The area boundary used to support the textual Geographical description of the Indication "Manjimup" is presented on the following official maps:

CARLOTTA BROOK

TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000 Map Sheet 2029 - 1 Land Management Series Edition 1 CALM / DOLA **Production: Land Information** Branch.

Department of Conservation and

Land Management

in conjunction with the Department

of Land Administration, Western Australia Printed June 1994

MANJIMUP TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District

Scale 1:50,000

National Map Reference 2129 IV &

Edition 2

Prepared by the Mapping Branch under the direction of the Executive Director of the Department of

Conservation and Land

Management, Western Australia.

Topographic information correct as

at 1987

Printed by Printing Division, Dept.

of Services, May 1989.

PERUP TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District

Scale 1:50,000

National Map Reference 2229-IV

and 2229-I

Edition 2

Prepared by the Mapping Branch under the direction of the Executive

Director of the Department of

Conservation and

Land Management, Western

Australia.

Topographic information correct as

at December 1986

Printed by Government Print, Sept

1987.

UNICUP TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District

Scale 1:50,000

National Map Reference 2229 III &

Edition 2

Prepared by the Mapping Branch under the direction of Dr. Syd Shea,

Executive Director of the

Department of Conservation and

Land Management.

Topographical information correct

as at November 1986

Printed by W C Brown, Govt.

Printer, February 1987.

FRANKLAND TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District

Scale 1:50,000

National Map Reference 2228-I &

2228-IV

Edition 2

Prepared by the Mapping Branch

under the direction of Dr. Syd Shea,

Executive Director of the

Department of Conservation and

Land Management.

Topographical information correct

as at September 1986

Printed by W C Brown, Govt.

Printer.

SHANNON TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000

Map Sheet 2128 - 1

Land Management Series

Edition 1 CALM / DOLA

Production: Information

Management Branch,

Department of Conservation and

Land Management in conjunction

with Department of Land

Administration, Western Australia

Printed February 1999

PEMBERTON TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Nelson Land District

Scale 1:50,000 Sheet 2129-III and 2129-II Edition 2 Prepared by the Mapping Branch under the direction of the Executive Director of the Department of Conservation and Land Management, Western Australia. Topographic information correct as at April 1986 Printed by Printing Division, Dept. of Services

CHARNWOOD TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Scale 1:50,000 Map Sheet 2029 - 2 Land Management Series Edition 2 CALM / DOLA Production: Information Management Branch, Department of Conservation and Land Management in conjunction with Department of Land Administration. Western Australia Printed December 1998.

TEXTUAL DESCRIPTION

The Geographical Indication "Manjimup" is located within the zone South West Australia, within the State of Western Australia, Australia.

The beginning point of the boundary is situated on Map Carlotta Brook (Map Sheet 2029 - 1) at grid reference MH001228 (Latitude 34°07'50"S and Longitude 115°55'00"E), being the peak at Mount Mack, then proceeds easterly in a straight line to the edge of map at grid reference MH078229; On to Map Manjimup (National Map Reference 2129 IV & I) at grid reference 078229, then proceeds easterly in the same straight line to grid reference 308231 (Latitude 34°07'50"S and Longitude 116°15'00"E), then proceeds southerly in a straight line to grid reference 308200 (Latitude 34°09'30"S Longitude 116°15'00"E), then proceeds easterly in a straight line to grid reference 378200 (Latitude 34°09'30"S and Longitude 116°19'30"E), then proceeds southerly in a straight line to grid reference 378159 (Latitude 34°11'45"S and Longitude 116°19'30"E), then proceeds easterly in a straight line to grid reference 483160 (Latitude 34°11'45"S

and Longitude 116°26'20"E), then proceeds northerly in a straight line to grid reference 483215 (Latitude 34°08'45"S and Longitude 116°26'20"E), then proceeds easterly in a straight line to the edge of map at grid reference 539215; On to Map Perup (National Map Reference 2229-IV and 2229-I) at grid reference 539215, then proceeds easterly in the same straight line to grid reference 562215 (Latitude 34°08'45"S and Longitude 116°31'30"E), then proceeds southerly in a straight line to grid reference 565165 (Latitude 34°11'30"S and Longitude 116°31'40"E), then proceeds south westerly in a straight line to grid reference 542146 (Latitude 34°12'30"S and Longitude 116°30'10"E), then proceeds south easterly in a straight line to grid reference 554127 (Latitude 34°13'30"S Longitude 116°31'00"E), then proceeds easterly in a straight line to grid reference 686127 (Latitude 34°13'30"S and Longitude 116°39'30"E), then proceeds southerly in a straight line to the edge of map at grid reference 686101; On to Map Unicup (National Map Reference 2229 III & II) at grid reference 686101, then proceeds southerly in the same straight line to grid reference 686077 (Latitude 34°16'20"S and Longitude 116°39'30"E), then proceeds generally east north easterly in a straight line to grid reference 788091 (Latitude 34°15'30"S and Longitude 116°46'10"E), then proceeds south south westerly in a straight line along the western boundary of the Geographical Indication "Great Southern" to the edge of map at grid reference 732823; On to Map Frankland (National Map Reference 2228-I & 2228-IV) at grid reference 732823, then proceeds south south westerly along the same straight line to grid line 730 at grid reference 713730 (Latitude 34°35'10"S, Longitude 116°41'10"E), then proceeds westerly along grid line 730 to the edge of map at grid reference 542730; On to Map Shannon (Map Sheet 2128 - 1) at grid reference MG542730, then proceeds westerly along grid line 730 to South Western Highway at grid reference MG444730, then proceeds generally north westerly along South Western Highway to the edge of map at grid reference MG330821; On to Map Pemberton (National Map Reference 2129-III and 2129-II) at grid reference 330821, then proceeds generally north westerly along South Western Highway to its junction with Wheatley Coast Road at grid reference 298874, then proceeds north north easterly and then generally northerly along Wheatley Coast Road to its intersection with Muirs Highway at grid reference 328998, then proceeds generally north westerly

Australian Wine and Brandy Corporation - FINAL DETERMINATIONS of Australian Geographical Indications, June 2005 - Page 6

along Muirs Highway to grid reference 217094, then proceeds south westerly in a straight line to the unnamed road at grid reference 216093 and then proceed in the same straight line along the unnamed road to its intersection with another unnamed road at grid reference 212090, then proceed south westerly and then north westerly along the same unnamed road to its intersection with the South Western Highway at grid reference 201087, then proceeds south south westerly along South Western Highway to its junction with Seven Day Road at grid reference 199083, then proceeds south westerly along Seven Day Road to its intersection with Bottomley Road at grid reference 159070, then proceeds northerly along Bottomley Road and the western boundary of Nelson location 2715 to the prolongation of the northern boundary of Nelson location 9780 at grid reference 159079, then proceeds westerly in a straight line along the prolongation of the northern boundary of Nelson location 9780 and the northern boundary of Nelson location 9780 to its north western corner at grid reference 129079, then continues in a straight line along the westward prolongation to the edge of map at grid reference 079078; On to Map Charnwood (Map Sheet 2029 - 2) at grid reference MH079078, then proceeds westerly along the same straight line to grid reference MH003078 (Latitude 34°16'00"S and Longitude 115°55'00"E), then proceeds northerly in a straight line to the edge of map at grid reference MH003096; On to Map Carlotta Brook (Map Sheet 2029 - 1) at grid reference MH003096, then proceeds northerly along the same straight line to the peak of Mount Mack at grid reference MH001228 (Latitude 34°07'50"S and Longitude 115°55'00"E), which is the descriptor starting point.

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Attorney-General

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA CUSTOMS ACT 1901

NOTICE OF RATES OF EXCHANGE - s161J CUSTOMS ACT 1901

I, VICTOR WAYNE BALDWIN, delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of Customs, hereby specify, pursuant to s161J of the Customs Act 1901, that the amounts set out in Columns 3 to 9 hereunder are the ruling rates of exchange, on the dates specified, for the purposes of ascertaining the value of imported goods under the provisions of Division 2 of Part VIII of the Customs Act 1901.

SCHEDULE		(Foreign Currency = AUS \$1)						
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9
	Currency	15/06/05	16/06/05	17/06/05	18/06/05	19/06/05	20/06/05	21/06/05
Brazil	Real	1.8568	1.8650	1.8563	1.8563	1.8563	1.8421	1.8527
Canada	Dollars	.9551	.9504	.9553	.9553	.9553	.9565	.9584
China	Yuan	6.3150	6.3555	6.3944	6.3944	6.3944	6.4317	6.4176
Denmark	Kroner	4.7158	4.7230	4.7483	4.7483	4.7483	4.7358	4.7545
European Unic	nEuro	.6336	.6344	.6379	.6379	.6379	.6362	.6384
Fiji	Dollar	1.2930	1.2932	1.2985	1.2985	1.2985	1.3013	1.3017
Hong Kong	Dollars	5.9313	5.9710	6.0069	6.0069	6.0069	6.0404	6.0279
India	Rupees	33.2826	33.5051	33.6631	33.6631	33.6631	33.8298	33.7712
Indonesia	Rupiah	7324.0000	7374.0000	7440.0000	7440.0000	7440.0000	7468.0000	7488.0000
Israel	Shekel	3.4022	3.4326	3.4711	3.4711	3.4711	3.4788	3.5185
Japan	Yen	83.3700	83.8500	84.1500	84.1500	84.1500	84.5100	84.7400
Korea	Won	772.6000	776.1000	779.9300	779.9300	779.9300	782.3200	782.3800
Malaysia	Ringgit	2.8990	2.9176	2.9355	2.9355	2.9355	2.9526	2.9461
New Zealand	Dollar	1.0769	1.0773	1.0816	1.0816	1.0816	1.0831	1.0839
Norway	Kroner	4.9828	5.0047	5.0194	5.0194	5.0194	5.0097	5.0231
Pakistan	Rupee	45.5200	45.7600	46.0900	46.0900	46.0900	46.4000	46.3000
Papua NG	Kina	2.3622	2.3774	2.3920	2.3920	2.3920	2.4059	2.4006
Philippines	Peso	42.2100	42.4300	42.7700	42.7700	42.7700	43.1400	43.2200
Singapore	Dollar	1.2787	1.2844	1.2928	1.2928	1.2928	1.2976	1.2989
Solomon Is.	Dollar	5.6983	5.7349	5.7700	5.7700	5.7700	5.7993	5.7895
South Africa	Rand	5.2439	5.1901	5.1712	5.1712	5.1712	5.1524	5.1903
Sri Lanka	Rupee	76.4700	77.0900	77.4400	77.4400	77.4400	77.6700	77.5400
Sweden	Krona	5.8807	5.8837	5.9122	5.9122	5.9122	5.8685	5.8992
Switzerland	Franc	.9737	.9766	.9824	.9824	.9824	.9820	.9854
Taiwan	Dollar	23.9500	24.0600	24.2100	24.2100	24.2100	24.2600	24.2900
Thailand	Baht	31.1900	31.3800	31.6500	31.6500	31.6500	31.9000	31.8900
UK	Pounds	.4221	.4217	.4239	.4239	.4239	.4257	.4253
USA	Dollar	.7630	.7679	.7726	.7726	.7726	.7771	.7754

Wayne Baldwin Delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of Customs CANBERRA A.C.T. 22/06/05



Customs Act 1901 Notice under Section 15

Wharf Appointment Appointment No. 2335

I, Sydney White, delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of Customs, under subsection 15(2) of the *Customs Act 1901* hereby:

- (a) appoint as a wharf all those premises known as Forgacs
 Dockyard and Muloobinda Floating Dock containing an area of
 6.522 hectares (water and land) or thereabouts in the Port of
 Newcastle, City of Newcastle, Town of Carrington, Parish of
 Newcastle, County of Northumberland in the State of New South
 Wales, as delineated on Plan "1002 rev A" held in the office of
 Forgacs Dockyard, 81 Denison Street, Carrington, NSW 2294.
- (b) fix as the limits of the wharf, the bounds shown and described on that plan.

Dated the 21 June 2005.

SIN TO

Sydney White Manager Client Services

New South Wales



Customs Act 1901 Notice under Section 15

Notice of Revocation Revocation No. 2336

I, Sydney White, delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of Customs, under subsection 33(3) of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1901* and subsection 15(2) of *the Customs Act 1901* revoke the appointment of the following wharf:

All previous appointments and proclamations for all those premises known as Multi Purpose Berth in the Port of Port Kembla, City of Greater Wollongong, County of Camden in the State of New South Wales,

Dated this 24th day of June 2005

Sydney White Manager

Client Services

New South Wales



Customs Act 1901 Notice under Section 15

Wharf Appointment Appointment No. 2337

I, Sydney White, delegate of the Chief Executive Officer of Customs, under subsection 15(2) of the *Customs Act 1901* hereby:

- (a) appoint as a wharf all those premises known as the Multi Purpose Berth containing an area of 29.21 hectares or thereabouts situated in the Port of Port Kembla, City of Greater Wollongong, County of Camden in the State of New South Wales, as delineated on Plan 10339 dated 21June 2005 held in the office of Port Kembla Port Corporation, Port Kembla, NSW.
- (b) fix as the limits of the wharf, the bounds shown and described on that plan.

Dated the 24th day June 2005

20 Th

Sydney White Manager

Client Services

New South Wales

Communications, Information Technology and the Arts

AUSTRALIAN COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY

Telecommunications Act 1997

Subsection 56(3)

NOTIFICATION OF GRANT OF CARRIER LICENCE

The Australian Communications Authority gives notice under subsection 56(3) of the *Telecommunications Act 1997* ('the Act') that on 6 June 2005 a carrier licence was granted to Index Consultancy - Australia Pty. Ltd., ACN 085 860 966 under subsection 56(1) of the Act.

AUSTRALIAN COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY

Telecommunications Act 1997

Subsection 56(3)

NOTIFICATION OF GRANT OF CARRIER LICENCE

The Australian Communications Authority gives notice under subsection 56(3) of th	e
Telecommunications Act 1997 ('the Act') that on 22 June 2005 a carrier licence was	
granted to Tasmanet Pty. Ltd. ACN 111 240 978 under subsection 56(1) of the Act.	

AUSTRALIAN COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY

Telecommunications Act 1997

Subsection 56(3)

NOTIFICATION OF GRANT OF CARRIER LICENCE

The Australian Communications Authority gives notice under subsection 56(3) of the *Telecommunications Act 1997* ('the Act') that on 20 June 2005 a carrier licence was granted to Azure Wireless Pty. Ltd., ACN 097 267 368 under subsection 56(1) of the Act.

Defence



SPECIALIST MEDICAL REVIEW COUNCIL

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

Section 196ZB

NOTIFICATION OF INTENTION TO CARRY OUT A REVIEW

The Specialist Medical Review Council (the Council) has been asked under section 196Y of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act) to review the contents of Statements of Principles Nos. 9 and 10 of 2005 made by the Repatriation Medical Authority (the RMA) in respect of Chronic Lymphoid Leukaemia. The Council gives notice under section 196ZB of the Act that it intends to carry out a review under section 196W of the Act of all the information available to the RMA when it determined, amended or last amended the Statements of Principles about Chronic Lymphoid Leukaemia.

The following persons or organisations are invited to make written submissions to the Council:

- the Repatriation Commission;
- the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission;
- a person eligible to make a claim for a pension under Part II or IV of the VEA;
- a person eligible to make a claim for compensation under Section 319 of the MRCA; and
- an organisation representing veterans, Australian mariners, members of the Forces, members of Peacekeeping Forces or their dependants.

Written submissions must be received by 16th December 2005.

The Council will hold its first meeting for the purposes of this review after 1st September 2005. The location, date and time of the meeting for the hearing of oral submissions complementing written submissions will be advised to the persons/organisations that have asked for the review under section 196Y of the Act and to those persons and organisations that make written submissions.

Advice on the preparation of written submissions is available from the Specialist Medical Review Council Secretariat, PO Box 895, Woden, ACT 2606, telephone 03 9284 6784 or fax: 03 9284 6780. Submissions should be lodged with the Council Secretariat.





Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

Section 196ZB

FURTHER NOTIFICATION OF INTENTION TO CARRY OUT A REVIEW

On the 20th day of April 2005 the Specialist Medical Review Council (the Council), having been asked under section 196Y of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act) to review the contents of Statements of Principles Nos. 26 and 27 of 2004 made by the Repatriation Medical Authority (the RMA) in respect of haemorrhoids, notified under section 196ZB of the Act its intention to carry out a review of all the information available to the RMA about haemorrhoids.

The previous Gazette Notice 20th April 2005 stated that written submissions must be received by the Council by 30th June 2005.

The Council gives notice under section 196ZB of the Act that it intends to carry out a review under section 196W of the Act of all the information available to the RMA when it determined, amended or last amended the Statements of Principles about haemorrhoids.

The following persons and organisations are invited to make written submissions to the Council:

- the Repatriation Commission;
- the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission;
- a person eligible to make a claim for a pension under Part II or IV of the VEA;
- a person eligible to make a claim for compensation under section 319 of the MRCA; and
- an organisation representing veterans, Australian mariners, members of the Forces, members of Peacekeeping Forces or their dependants.

This notice extends the period of time available for persons and organisations to make written submissions.

Written submissions must be received by 7th September 2005.

The Council will hold its first meeting for the purposes of this review after 18th May 2005. The location and time of that meeting will be advised to the persons/organisations that have asked for the review under section 196Y of the Act and to those persons and organisations that make written submissions.

Advice on the preparation of written submissions is available from the Specialist Medical Review Council Secretariat, PO Box 895, Woden, ACT 2606, telephone 03 9284 6784 or fax: 03 9284 6780. Submissions should be lodged with the Council Secretariat.





Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

Section 196ZB

FURTHER NOTIFICATION OF INTENTION TO CARRY OUT A REVIEW

On the 20th day of April 2005 the Specialist Medical Review Council (the Council), having been asked under section 196Y of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act) to review the contents of Statement of Principles No. 42 of 2004 made by the Repatriation Medical Authority (the RMA) in respect of neoplasm of the pituitary gland, notified under section 196ZB of the Act its intention to carry out a review of all the information available to the RMA about neoplasm of the pituitary gland.

The previous Gazette Notice 20th April 2005 stated that written submissions must be received by the Council by 29th July 2005.

The Council gives notice under section 196ZB of the Act that it intends to carry out a review under section 196W of the Act of all the information available to the RMA when it determined, amended or last amended the Statements of Principles about neoplasm of the pituitary gland.

The following persons and organisations are invited to make written submissions to the Council:

- · the Repatriation Commission;
- the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission;
- a person eligible to make a claim for a pension under Part II or IV of the VEA;
- a person eligible to make a claim for compensation under section 319 of the MRCA; and
- an organisation representing veterans, Australian mariners, members of the Forces, members of Peacekeeping Forces or their dependants.

This notice extends the period of time available for persons and organisations to make written submissions.

Written submissions must be received by 7th October 2005.

The Council will hold its first meeting for the purposes of this review after 18th May 2005. The location and time of that meeting will be advised to the persons/organisations that have asked for the review under section 196Y of the Act and to those persons and organisations that make written submissions.

Advice on the preparation of written submissions is available from the Specialist Medical Review Council Secretariat, PO Box 895, Woden, ACT 2606, telephone 03 9284 6784 or fax: 03 9284 6780. Submissions should be lodged with the Council Secretariat.





Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

Section 196ZB

FURTHER NOTIFICATION OF INTENTION TO CARRY OUT A REVIEW

On the 20th day of April 2005 the Specialist Medical Review Council (the Council), having been asked under section 196Y of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act) to review the contents of Statements of Principles Nos. 40 and 41 of 2004 made by the Repatriation Medical Authority (the RMA) in respect of malignant neoplasm of the small intestine, notified under section 196ZB of the Act its intention to carry out a review of all the information available to the RMA about malignant neoplasm of the small intestine.

The previous Gazette Notice 20th April 2005 stated that written submissions must be received by the Council by 31st August 2005.

The Council gives notice under section 196ZB of the Act that it intends to carry out a review under section 196W of the Act of all the information available to the RMA when it determined, amended or last amended the Statements of Principles about malignant neoplasm of the small intestine.

The following persons and organisations are invited to make written submissions to the Council:

- the Repatriation Commission;
- the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission;
- a person eligible to make a claim for a pension under Part II or IV of the VEA;
- a person eligible to make a claim for compensation under section 319 of the MRCA; and
- an organisation representing veterans, Australian mariners, members of the Forces, members of Peacekeeping Forces or their dependants.

This notice extends the period of time available for persons and organisations to make written submissions.

Written submissions must be received by 7th October 2005.

The Council will hold its first meeting for the purposes of this review after 18th May 2005. The location and time of that meeting will be advised to the persons/organisations that have asked for the review under section 196Y of the Act and to those persons and organisations that make written submissions.

Advice on the preparation of written submissions is available from the Specialist Medical Review Council Secretariat, PO Box 895, Woden, ACT 2606, telephone 03 9284 6784 or fax: 03 9284 6780. Submissions should be lodged with the Council Secretariat.





Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986

Section 196ZB

NOTIFICATION OF INTENTION TO CARRY OUT A REVIEW

The Specialist Medical Review Council (the Council) has been asked under section 196Y of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the Act) to review the contents of Statements of Principles Nos. 7 and 8 of 2005 made by the Repatriation Medical Authority (the RMA) in respect of Solar Keratosis. The Council gives notice under section 196ZB of the Act that it intends to carry out a review under section 196W of the Act of all the information available to the RMA when it determined, amended or last amended the Statements of Principles about Solar Keratosis.

The following persons or organisations are invited to make written submissions to the Council:

- the Repatriation Commission;
- the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission;
- a person eligible to make a claim for a pension under Part II or IV of the VEA;
- a person eligible to make a claim for compensation under Section 319 of the MRCA; and
- an organisation representing veterans, Australian mariners, members of the Forces, members of Peacekeeping Forces or their dependants.

Written submissions must be received by 16th December 2005.

The Council will hold its first meeting for the purposes of this review after 1st September 2005. The location, date and time of the meeting for the hearing of oral submissions complementing written submissions will be advised to the persons/organisations that have asked for the review under section 196Y of the Act and to those persons and organisations that make written submissions.

Advice on the preparation of written submissions is available from the Specialist Medical Review Council Secretariat, PO Box 895, Woden, ACT 2606, telephone 03 9284 6784 or fax: 03 9284 6780. Submissions should be lodged with the Council Secretariat.



Environment and Heritage



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

DECLARATION OF AN APPROVED WILDLIFE TRADE OPERATION

I, MICK TRIMMER, Acting Assistant Secretary, Wildlife Trade and Sustainable Fisheries Branch, as Delegate of the Minister for the Environment and Heritage, have considered in accordance with section 303FN of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (the Act) the application from the Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, public comments on the proposal as required under S303FR, and advice on the ecological sustainability of the operation. I am satisfied on those matters specified in Section 303FN of the Act. I hereby declare the operations for the harvesting of specimens that are, or are derived from, fish or invertebrates, other than specimens of species listed under Part 13 of the Act, taken in the Queensland Rocky Reef Finfish Fishery, as defined in the management regime for the fishery, made under the Queensland Fisheries Act 1994 and the Queensland Fisheries Regulation 1995 to be an approved Wildlife Trade Operation, in accordance with S303FN (2) and (10)(d), for the purposes of the Act.

Unless amended or revoked, this declaration:

- a) is valid until 29 April 2008 and;
- b) is subject to the conditions applied under s.303FT specified in the Schedule.

Dated this day of 2005

Relegate of the Minister for the Environment and Heritage

Under the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975, a person whose interests are affected by this decision may apply for a statement of reasons and for independent review of the decision. An application for a statement of reason may be made in writing to Department of the Environment and Heritage within 28 days of the date of the declaration. An application for independent review may be made to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal on payment of the relevant fee within 28 days of the date of the declaration, or if reasons are sought, within 28 days of receipt of reasons. Further information may be obtained from the Director, Sustainable Fisheries Section.

SCHEDULE

Declaration of the Harvest Operations of the Queensland Rocky Reef Finfish Fishery as an approved Wildlife Trade Operation

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS (s.303FT)

Relating to the harvesting of fish specimens that are, or are derived from, fish or invertebrates, other than specimens of species listed under Part 13 of the Act, taken in the Queensland Rocky Reef Finfish Fishery, made under the Queensland Fisheries Act 1994 and the Queensland Fisheries Regulation 1995.

- 1. Operation of the fishery will be carried out in accordance with the Queensland Rocky Reef Finfish Fishery management regime in force under the Queensland Fisheries Act 1994 and the Queensland Fisheries Regulation 1995.
- 2. The Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries will advise the Department of the Environment and Heritage of any material change to the Queensland Rocky Reef Finfish Fishery's management arrangements that could affect the criteria on which EPBC decisions are based, within 3 months of that change being made.
- 3. Reports to be produced and presented to DEH annually, and to include:
 - Information sufficient to allow assessment of the progress of the Queensland Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries in implementing the recommendations made in the Assessment of the Queensland Rocky Reef Finfish Fishery 2005;
 - A description of the status of the fishery and catch and effort information;
 - A statement of the performance of the fishery against objectives, performance indicators and measures once developed; and
 - Research undertaken or completed relevant to the fishery.



Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

DECLARATION OF AN APPROVED WILDLIFE TRADE OPERATION

I, JANE CAMPBELL, Acting Assistant Secretary, Wildlife Trade and Sustainable Fisheries Branch, as Delegate of the Minister for the Environment and Heritage, have considered in accordance with s303FN of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (the Act) the application from the Protected Zone Joint Authority, public comments on the proposal as required under s303FR, and advice on the ecological sustainability of the operation. I am satisfied on those matters specified in s303FN of the Act. I hereby declare the operations for the harvesting of specimens that are, or are derived from, fish or invertebrates, other than specimens listed under Part 13 of the Act, taken in the Torres Strait Bêche-de-mer Fishery, as defined in the Torres Strait Treaty Fisheries Act 1984, to be an approved Wildlife Trade Operation, in accordance with s303FN (2) and (10)(d), for the purposes of the Act.

Unless amended or revoked, this declaration:

- a) is valid until 20 June 2008; and
- b) is subject to the following conditions:
 - Operation of the fishery will be carried out in accordance with the Torres Strait Bêche-de-mer Statement of Management Arrangements.
 - The Australian Fisheries Management Authority will inform the Department of the Environment and Heritage of any changes to the Torres Strait Bêche-de-mer management arrangements or other significant policy documents.
 - 3. Reports to be produced and presented to the Department of the Environment and Heritage annually, and to include:
 - a statement of the extent to which the performance criteria of the Torres Strait Bêche-de-mer management arrangements were met in the year; and
 - information sufficient to allow assessment of the progress of the Protected Zone Joint Authority in implementing the recommendations made in the Assessment of the Torres Strait Bêche-de-mer Fishery 2005.

Dated this 23th day of Lune 2005

Delegate of the Minister for the Environment and Heritage

Under the Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975, a person whose interests are affected by this decision may apply for a statement of reasons and for independent review of the decision. An application for a statement of reason may be made in writing to the Department of the Environment and Heritage within 28 days of the date of the declaration. An application for independent review may be made to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal on payment of the relevant fee within 28 days of the date of the declaration, or if reasons are sought, within 28 days of receipt of reasons. Further information may be obtained from the Director, Sustainable Fisheries Section.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT AND HERITAGE

Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

NOTICE OF A DECISION ON WHETHER AN ACTION IS A CONTROLLED **ACTION OR NOT**

1. Pursuant to section 77(1)(b) of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 and paragraph 16.02(1)(a) of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2000, notice is hereby given that the Minister for the Environment and Heritage or a delegate of that Minister, has decided that each action identified in the following table is a controlled action. The controlling provisions for each action are specified in column 4 of each row.

Reference No	Title of action	Date of Decision	Controlling Provisions
2005/2156	Caversham Property Developments Pty Ltd/Urban and commercial redevelopment/Adelaide/SA/Redevelopment of Adelaide GPO	15 Jun 2005	s 26 activities involving Commonwealth land
2005/2132	Greater Geelong City Council/Agriculture and forestry/Geelong/VIC/Mosquito Control	14 Jun 2005	s 16 the ecological character of a declared Ramsar wetland s 18 a listed threatened species or ecological community s 20 a listed migratory species
2005/2124	O'Reilly's Guesthouse/Tourism, recreation and conservation management/adjacent to Lamington National Park/QLD/Mountain Bowers Development	20 Jun 2005	s 12 World Heritage values of a declared World Heritage property s 18 a listed threatened species or ecological community

2. Pursuant to section 77(1)(b) of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity* Conservation Act 1999 and paragraph 16.02(1)(a) of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2000*, notice is hereby given that the Minister for the Environment and Heritage or a delegate of that Minister, has decided that each action identified in the following table is not a controlled action.

Reference No	Title of action	Date of Decision	Component decision under s.77A applies
2005/2135	Energy Impact Pty Ltd/Energy generation and supply/Braemar/QLD/Development of gas fired peaking power station	21 Jun 2005	Yes
2005/2123	Brisbane City Council/Waste management/Lytton/QLD/Wynnum Wastewater Treatment Plant	20 Jun 2005	No
2005/2075	Department of Finance and Administration/Waste management/Newcastle/NSW/Fort Scratchley site remediation	20 Jun 2005	No
2005/2127	Roche Group Pty Ltd/Urban and commercial new development/Pambulong/NSW/Proposed Residential Subdivision	15 Jun 2005	No
2005/2145	Cooma Rural Lands Protection Board/Agriculture and forestry/Murrumbidgee Gorge, Yaouk Valley/NSW/Aerial Baiting of Wild Dogs	14 Jun 2005	Yes
2005/2138	Parks and Wildlife/Tourism, recreation and conservation management/Towra Point/NSW/Installation of viewing platform	23 June 2005	No
2005/2131	ProVentum International GmbH/Energy generation and supply/Mt Gellibrand/VIC/Mt Gellibrand Wind Farm, near Colac	15 Jun 2005	No
2005/2136	Divine Limited/Urban and commercial new development/Currumbin Ridge/QLD/Hideaway Currumbin Residential development	21 Jun 2005	No

NOTICE OF A PARTICULAR MANNER DECISION UNDER SECTION 77A

Pursuant to section 77A and section 77(1)(b) of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 and paragraph 16.02(1)(a) of the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2000, notice is hereby given that, in deciding whether an action is a controlled action or not, the Minister for the Environment and Heritage or a delegate of that Minister, decided that a provision of Part 3 of the Act is not a controlling provision for each action identified in the following table because of the particular manner in which the action will be taken.

Reference No	Title of action	Component Decision - Controlling Provisions and Particular Manner of undertaking the action
2005/2135	Energy Impact Pty Ltd/Energy generation and supply/Braemar/QLD/Develop ment of gas fired peaking power station	s 18 a listed threatened species or ecological community Manner in which the proposed action is to be taken: 1. Construct the power station within one of the footprints provided in Figure 4 of the referral, or a similar footprint that results in the removal of no more than 15 Philotheca sporadica plants. 2. The species outside the power station footprint will be protected by the following: • all plant locations will be clearly marked on the ground with fencing during the construction phase, and also clearly marked on construction plans for the site to ensure that
		no plants are damaged;

2005/2135 Cont	Energy Impact Pty Ltd/Energy generation and supply/Braemar/QLD/Develop ment of gas fired peaking power station Cont	 exposed soil will be watered down to prevent dust impacts during and after construction; weed inspections will occur for at least 12 months after construction, and any weeds found that could potentially impact on the Philotheca sporadica will be removed.
2005/2145	Cooma Rural Lands Protection Board/Agriculture and forestry/Murrumbidgee Gorge, Yaouk Valley/NSW/Aerial Baiting of Wild Dogs	s 18 a listed threatened species or ecological community Manner in which the proposed action is to be taken: 1. The aerial baiting program will be located within Murrumbidgee Gorge between the properties of 'Bolaro' and 'Fontenoy', NSW (an aerial transect distance of up to 10 kilometres and as identified in the figure attached to the referral). 2. The program is to be a one-off aerial baiting exercise only, conducted during June 2005. 3. Prepared meat baits will be injected with 6mg of 1080 and deployed at a rate of no more than 30 baits per kilometre.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT AND HERITAGE

Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

NOTICE OF A DECISION ON THE APPROACH TO BE USED FOR ASSESSMENT OF THE RELEVANT IMPACTS OF AN ACTION

Pursuant to Section 91(1)(b) of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity* Conservation Act 1999 and paragraph 16.02(1)(a) of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2000*, notice is hereby given that the Minister for the Environment and Heritage or a delegate of that Minister, has decided on the approach to be used for the assessment of the relevant impacts of each action identified in the following table. The assessment approach for each identified action is specified in column 4 of each row

Reference No	Title of action	Date of Decision	Assessment approach
2005/2095	Brisbane Airport Corporation Pty Ltd/Air and space transport/Brisbane Airport/QLD/Brisbane Airport New Parallel Runway Project	16 Jun 2005	Accredited Assessment Process
2005/2144	Brisbane Airport Corporation/Air and space transport/Brisbane Airport/QLD/Airspace management changes - parallel runway	16 Jun 2005	Accredited Assessment Process
2005/2121	Brisbane Airport Corporation/Air and space transport/Brisbane Airport/QLD/Parallel Runway Project	16 Jun 2005	Environment Impact Statement

Some public notifications on the Internet and in the Gazette relating to the processing of referrals for approval under Chapter 4 of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* may occasionally be missed in processing by the Department of Environment and Heritage, or may not meet timeframes for notification. The Department of the Environment and Heritage has implemented systems and ongoing quality assurance procedures to minimise any risk of missing a notification within the required timeframe. Where a missed notification is identified the practice will be to notify these even though the timeframe for notification has lapsed. This will ensure that the history of notifications for each referral is available to the public. The Department of the Environment and Heritage regrets any inconvenience that may be caused by a missed notification. Please note that late notifications have not affected subsequent processing of referrals or assessments and they do not affect decisions made.

For more information see: http://www.deh.gov.au/epbc

Foreign Affairs and Trade

EXPORT MARKET DEVELOPMENT GRANTS ACT 1997

Determination (3/2005 PF)

Determination of the payout factor for grant year 2003/04

I, Margaret R Ward, General Manager, Export Finance Assistance Programs, Australian Trade Commission, pursuant to section 69 of the Export Market Development Grants Act 1997, determine the payout factor for grant year 2003/04 to be one point zero (1.0).

Signed:

Margaret R Ward

Dated:

2005

Health and Ageing

GAZETTAL NOTICE

THERAPEUTIC GOODS ACT 1989

AUSTRALIAN DRUG EVALUATION COMMITTEE

RECOMMENDATIONS

The 240th (2005/3) meeting of the Australian Drug Evaluation Committee (ADEC) (2 – 3 June 2005) resolved to advise the Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Health and Ageing and the Secretary, Department of Health and Ageing that the following medicines should be approved for registration, subject to the resolution of all outstanding matters to the satisfaction of the Committee and the Therapeutic Goods Administration. These recommendations for approval may be subject to specific conditions.

OXYBUTYNIN HYDROCHLORIDE, 5mg, 10mg and 15mg

Lyrinel XL

Extended release tablet

Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd

New Dose Form: For the treatment of overactive bladder with symptoms of urinary incontinence, urgency and frequency.

SEVELAMER HYDROCHLORIDE, 400mg and 800mg

Renagel

Tablet

Genzyme Australasia Pty Ltd.

New Chemical Entity: For the management of hyperphosphataemia in adult patients with stage IV or V chronic kidney disease.

AMLODIPINE BESYLATE 5mg and 10mg / ATORVASTATIN CALCIUM 10mg, 20mg, 40mg and 80mg &

Caduet

Tablet

Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd.

New Combination: For treatment of patients in whom treatment with amlodipine and atorvastatin is appropriate at the doses presented.

The indications for amlodipine are:

1. Hypertension: Amlodipine is indicated for the first line treatment of hypertension and can be used as the sole agent to control blood pressure in the majority of patients. Patients not adequately controlled on a single antihypertensive agent may benefit from addition to amlodipine which has been used in combination with a thiazide diuretic, beta-adrenoceptor blocking agent or an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor.

2. Angina: Amlodipine is indicated for the first line treatment of chronic stable angina. Amlodipine may be used alone, as monotherapy or in combination with other anti-anginal drugs.

The indications for atorvastatin are:

1. Atorvastatin is indicated as an adjunct to diet for the treatment of patients with hypercholesterolaemia.

Prior to initiating therapy with atorvastatin, secondary causes of hypercholesterolaemia (eg poorly controlled diabetes milletus, hypothyroidism, nephrotic syndrome, dysproteinaemias, obstructive liver disease, other drug therapy, and alcoholism) should be identified and treated.

 Atorvastatin is indicated in hypertensive patients with multiple risk factors for coronary heart disease (CHD) which may include diabetes, history of stroke or other cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease or existing asymptomatic CHD (see Clinical Trials) to reduce the risk of non-fatal myocardial infarction and nonfatal stroke.

These effects do not replace the need to independently control known causes of cardiovascular mortality and morbidity such as hypertension, diabetes and smoking.

FONDAPARINUX SODIUM, 2.5mg/0.5mL

Arixtra

Solution for Injection

GlaxoSmithKline Australia Pty Ltd.

New Indication: For the prevention of venous thromboembolic events (VTE) in patients undergoing abdominal surgery who are at risk of thromboembolic complications..

LEUPRORELIN ACETATE, 45mg

Eligard 6 Month

Suspension for Injection

Mayne Pharma Pty Ltd.

New Strength: Palliative treatment of advanced prostate cancer.

MOMETASONE FUROATE, 50µg per actuation

Nasonex

Nasal Spray

Schering-Plough Pty Limited

New Indication: For the treatment of nasal polyps in adult patients 18 years of age and older.

DORNASE ALFA, 1mg/mL

Pulmozyme

Solution for Inhalation

Roche Products Pty Limited

Change in Patient Group: To include children less than five years of age. The indication should be:

For the management of demonstrated respiratory complications in cystic fibrosis. Continued use should depend on demonstrating a sustained benefit based on clinical response and, if able to be performed, pulmonary function tests.

EPOETIN ALFA

Eprex

Solution for Injection

Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd.

New Indication: For the treatment of anaemia associated with chronic renal failure.

GRANISETRON HYDROCHLORIDE, 200µg/mL, 1mg and 2mg

Kytril

Oral solution and tablet

Roche Products Pty Limited

New Indication: For the prevention and treatment of nausea and vomiting induced by radiotherapy.

TAZAROTENE, 0.5mg/g and 1.0mg/g

Zorac

Cream

Allergan Australia Pty Limited

New Dose Form: Treatment of plaque psoriasis.

TAZAROTENE, 1.0mg/g

Zorac

Cream

Allergan Australia Pty Limited

New Dose Form: Treatment of facial acne.

TRAVOPROST 0.004% / TIMOLOL MALEATE 0.5%

Extravan

Eye Drops

Alcon Laboratories (Australia) Pty Ltd.

New Combination: For the reduction of elevated intraocular pressure in patients with open angle glaucoma and ocular hypertension for whom single agent therapy provides insufficient intraocular pressure reduction.

DICLOFENAC SODIUM, 1mg/mL

Eye Drops

Voltaren Ophtha

Novartis Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd

New Chemical Entity: For the reduction of post-operative inflammation in cataract surgery and other surgical interventions.

PAROXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE, 12.5mg and 25mg

Tablet

Aropax CR & Paroxat CR

GlaxoSmithKline Australia Pty Ltd

New Indication: For the treatment of Social Anxiety Disorder/Social Phobia and for the treatment of Premenstrual Dysphoric Disorder.

ESOMEPRAZOLE MAGNESIUM TRIHYDRATE, 20mg

Nexium

Film-coated tablets AstraZeneca Pty Ltd.

New Indication: For the:

- Healing of gastric ulcers associated with non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug NSAID (non-selective and COX-2 selective) therapy.
- Prevention of gastric ulcers and duodenal ulcers associated with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug NSAID (non-selective and COX-2 selective) therapy in patients at risk.

BOTULINUM TOXIN TYPE A PURIFIED NEUTROTOXIN COMPLEX, 100U

Botox

Powder for Injection

Allergan Australia Pty Ltd.

New Indication: For the treatment of spasmodic dysphonia.

BOTULINUM TOXIN TYPE A PURIFIED NEUROTOXIN COMPLEX, 100U

Botox

Powder for Injection

Allergan Australia Pty Ltd.

New Indication: For the treatment of strabismus in children and adults.

INACTIVATED RABIES VIRUS VACCINE, 2.5IU/mL

Rabipur

Powder for Injection

CSL Limited

New Chemical Entity: For the indication:

- active immunisation against rabies virus for pre-exposure immunisation, and
- for postexposure treatment following exposure to rabies virus.

CHARCOAL, 120mg/3mL

Charcotrace

Suspension for Injection

Ophthalmic Laboratories Pty Limited

New Indication, New Route of Administration and New Dose Form: For use as an aid in stereotactic or ultrasonic localisation of small impalpable lesions of the breast for later surgical excision

YELLOW FEVER VACCINE (LIVE) ATTENUATED, 0.5mL

Arilvax

Suspension for Injection

CSL Limited

New Chemical Entity: For the indication:

active immunisation against yellow fever infection in adults and children aged 9 months and older.

PROPOFOL, 500mg/50mL syringe, 200mg/20mL, 500mg/50mL and 1g/100mL vial

Diprivan

Injection

AstraZeneca Pty Ltd

New Indication: To include:

- The induction of general anaesthesia in children aged one month and older.
- The maintenance of general anaesthesia in children from one month to three years of age - for procedures not exceeding 60 minutes, unless alternative anaesthetic agents are not suitable.

GENERAL RECOMMENDATION

The 240th (2005/3) meeting of the Australian Drug Evaluation Committee (ADEC) (2 - 3 June 2005) resolved to advise the Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Health and Ageing and the Secretary, Department of Health and Ageing that:

- 1. The ADEC notes the importance of the pharmaceutical industry to:
 - adhere to the principles of Good Laboratory Practice and Good Clinical Practice, and
 - adhere to relevant ethical statements, applying in force in various jurisdictions (in line with the Declaration of Helsinki and Australia's National Statement), in order for there to be confidence in the integrity of the data forming part of the submission.
- 2. The Committee also notes that compliance with GCP and relevant ethical standards is required by the TGA for all submissions and the Committee supports the role of the TGA in routinely requiring evidence of such compliance and undertaking further inquiries on a case by case basis to ensure data integrity.

20 June 2005



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

THERAPEUTIC GOODS ACT 1989

SECTION 14 NOTICE

I, Garry Hopkins, the Delegate of the Secretary of the Department of Health and Ageing for the purposes of subsection 14(1) of the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 ("the Act") give my consent for Roche Products Pty Ltd, 4-10 Inman Road, Dee Why, NSW 2099, to supply daclizumab (Zenapax) 25mg/5mL concentrated injection in vials [Aust R 68237] and batch numbers B002302 and B002401 with vial labels which do not comply with the requirements of Therapeutic Goods Order No 69 - "General Requirements for Labels for Medicines".

For the purposes of subsection 15(1) of the Act, the Company must adhere to the following conditions:

1. The Far East labelled vial will be supplied in the approved Australian outer packaging together with the approved Australian package insert for the following batches

Zenapax 25mg/5mL Batch B002302 105 units Zenapax 25mg/5mL Batch B002401 195 units

- 2. Your Company will submit a Category 3 application to process this change
- 3. The secondary packaging will be performed at Roche, Dee Why under its manufacturing licence no 1138

Supply of this product is subject to the standard conditions applying to the supply of goods registered in the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods.

(signed by) Dr Garry Hopkins Manager, Prescription Medicines Therapeutic Goods Administration Laboratories Delegate of the Secretary 22 June 2005



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

THERAPEUTIC GOODS ACT 1989

SECTION 14 NOTICE

On 22 June 2005, the delegate of the Secretary of the Department of Health and Ageing for the purposes of subsection 14(1) of the *Therapeutic Goods Act 1989* ("the Act") gave his consent for Pfizer Pty Ltd, 38-42 Wharf Road, West Ryde NSW ("the Company") to continue to supply chloramphenicol sodium succinate (Chloromycetin Succinate) 1 g powder for injection (AUST R 58794) which is exempt from the requirements of Therapeutic Goods Order No. 69 (TGO.69) "General requirements for labels for medicines", specifically with paragraph 3(5)(b)(ii) which specifies the "single use" statement to be included on the primary label.

For the purposes of subsection 15(1) of the Act, the Company must adhere to the following conditions in supplying the product.

- 1. The exemption now applies until the end of September 2005 to batches 02603PR & 02603PR1.
- 2. The carton and vial labels are those previously approved for use.
- 3. No other changes have been to the product.



AUSTRALIAN GUIDELINE FOR PHARMACOVIGILANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF SPONSORS OF REGISTERED MEDICINES REGULATED BY DRUG SAFETY AND EVALUATION BRANCH



July 2003 Amended 31 May 2005

ABOUT THIS GUIDELINE

This guideline is specifically for the reporting of adverse reactions to registered medicines regulated by the Drug Safety and Evaluation Branch (DSEB) of the TGA. It replaces the advice contained within Appendix 20 of the Australian Guidelines for the Registration of Drugs on reporting requirements for DSEB-registered medicines. Throughout the document the terms 'product' and 'registered medicinal product' are used to mean registered medicines regulated by DSEB.

All sponsors are expected to comply with the requirements set out in this document from 1 January 2003.

Table of contents

1.	LEGAL BASIS AND PURPOSE	
	1.1 Roles and Responsibilities of Sponsors and the TGA.	5
	1.1.1 Sponsors	5
	1.1.2 The Role of the TGA	
	1.2 Pharmacovigilance Guideline	6
2.	ADVERSE REACTION REPORTING	7
	2.1 Scope	
	2.2 Expedited Reporting Requirements	7
	2.2.1 Spontaneous ADR case reports	
	2.2.2 Case reports from the worldwide literature	9
	2.2.3 Reports from post-registration studies	9
	2.3 Content of Suspected Serious ADR Reports	
	2.4 Reporting Forms	
	2.5 Impact of Reported ADRs on the Overall Safety Profile of a Product and the Approved	
	Product Information	11
	2.6 Consumer Reports	11
3.	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS IN SPECIAL SITUATIONS	13
	3.1 Reporting in the Period between the Submission of the Registration Application and the	
	Granting of the Registration	13
	3.2 Reporting of Outcomes of Use during Pregnancy	
	3.3 Reporting from Other Post-marketing Initiatives: Surveys, Registries	
	3.4 SAS (Compassionate Use/Named Patient) Supplies	
	3.5 Lack of Efficacy	
	3.6 Reporting of Overdoses	
A	NNEX 1 DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS FOR REPORTING	16
	1. DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY ASSOCIATED WITH POST-APPROVAL DRUG	
	SAFETY EXPERIENCE	16
	1.1. Adverse Event (AE)	16
	1.2. Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR)	
	1.3. Serious AE/ADR	
	1.4. Unexpected ADR	
	1.5. Healthcare Professional	
	1.6. Consumer	
	1.7 Post-registration Safety Study (PRSS)	18
	1.8 Post-registration study	
	2. STANDARDS FOR EXPEDITED REPORTING	18
	2.1. What Should Be Reported?	
	2.1.1. Serious ADRs.	
	2.2. Reporting Time Frames	
	2.3. Non-serious ADRs	
	3. GOOD CASE MANAGEMENT PRACTISES	
	3.1. Assessing Patient and Reporter Identiflability	
A	NNEX 2	
	RECOMMENDED KEY DATA ELEMENTS FOR INCLUSION IN EXPEDITED REPORTS	– -
	OF SERIOUS ADVERSE DRUG REACTIONS	20
	1. Patient Details	
	2. Suspected Medicinal Product(s)	
	3. Other Treatment(s)	

4. Details (all available) of Adverse Drug Reaction(s)	. 20
5. Details on Reporter of an ADR	
6. Administrative and Sponsor Details	
ANNEX 3 ADDRESSES FOR REPORTING	22

1. LEGAL BASIS AND PURPOSE

1.1 Roles and Responsibilities of Sponsors and the TGA.

1.1.1 Sponsors

Each sponsor of registered medicines must ensure that it has an appropriate system of pharmacovigilance in place in order to assure responsibility and liability for its products on the market and to ensure that appropriate action can be taken, when necessary.

The sponsor should have permanently and continuously at its disposal, in Australia, a qualified person responsible for pharmacovigilance. This person should have experience in all aspects of pharmacovigilance and if not medically qualified should report to or have access to a medically qualified person. Although the medically qualified person does not necessarily have to be resident in Australia, he/she is expected to be able to address adverse drug reactions (ADRs), significant safety issues and the balance of the benefits and risks of a registered medicinal product in an Australian context. It is preferable that the medically qualified person be registered and resident in Australia. The name of the qualified person responsible for pharmacovigilance should be provided to TGA.

- The responsibilities of the qualified person for pharmacovigilance are as follows:
- The establishment and management of a system which ensures that information about all
 suspected adverse reactions which are reported to the personnel of the sponsor, including to
 medical and sales representatives, is collected and collated so that it may be accessed at a single
 point within Australia.
- The coordination of the preparation and submission to TGA of ADR reports, including reports arising from company-sponsored Australian post-marketing studies.
- Ensuring that any request from the TGA for the provision of additional information necessary for the evaluation of the benefits and the risks afforded by a registered medicinal product is answered fully and promptly, including the provision of information about the volume of sales or prescriptions of the product concerned.

Sponsors should ensure that all information relevant to the balance of benefits and risks of a registered medicinal product is reported to the TGA fully and promptly. Some circumstances in which a sponsor must give information are specified in section 29A, Therapeutic Goods Act, 1989. Note that these circumstances apply more broadly than just to adverse reactions to the product. They are where the sponsor becomes aware of information:

- that contradicts information already furnished by the sponsor under the Therapeutic Goods Act;
- that indicates that the use of the registered medicinal product in accordance with the recommendations for its use may have an unintended harmful effect;

that the registered medicinal product, when used in accordance with the recommendations for its use, may not be as effective as information submitted previously suggests.

• When sponsors are involved in relationships including those that are contractual, arrangements for meeting pharmacovigilance obligations should be clearly specified in writing to the TGA at the time the medicine is registered, and subsequently when any changes to the arrangements are proposed.

When two or more separately registered medicinal products, which are identical in all respects apart from their trade name, are marketed in Australia by separate sponsors, each sponsor is obliged to meet the pharmacovigilance obligations described below. Where co-marketing arrangements exist, the sponsors may enter into practical arrangements, in order to meet their obligations. Such arrangements must be notified in writing to the TGA when the medicine is registered and subsequently when any changes to the arrangements are proposed. Such arrangements for joint pharmacovigilance data collection and analyses are acceptable to the TGA, provided each sponsor confirms in writing to the TGA that it understands that legal responsibility in respect of pharmacovigilance rests with it.

Separate sponsors may consider it appropriate to appoint the same person as the qualified person responsible for pharmacovigilance for products where the above arrangements apply.

1.1.2 The Role of the TGA

Consistent with the legislation, the TGA has established a pharmacovigilance system for the collection and evaluation of information relevant to the benefit to risk balance of registered medicinal products. The TGA continually monitors the safety profile of the products available in Australia and takes appropriate action where necessary.

1.2 Pharmacovigilance Guideline

The following guidance for sponsors covers:

- Adverse reaction reporting
- Reporting requirements in special situations

The definitions of relevant terms used in this Guideline are provided in Annex 1. This Guideline draws heavily on sections 1.1 to 1.3 of Volume 9 – Pharmacovigilance Rules Governing Medicinal Products in the European Union, published by the European Commission, Directorate Enterprise, Regulatory Framework and Market Authorisations (Version December 2001). The definitions and standards for expedited reporting in Annex 1 and the recommended key data elements for inclusion in expedited reports listed in Annex 2 are based on CPMP/ICH/3945/03 Note for Guidance on definitions and standards for expedited reporting.

2. ADVERSE REACTION REPORTING

The sponsor is responsible for reporting suspected adverse reactions to the TGA as described in section 2.2.

2.1 Scope

For registered medicinal products, reports of suspected adverse reactions received from all sources including health-care professionals and consumers (see section 2.6) should be reported.

Spontaneously reported suspected adverse reactions, suspected adverse reactions from post registration studies and those reported in the world-wide literature are included. A reaction is suspected if either the reporting person or the sponsor believes there is a possible causal relationship between it and the medicine in question. Spontaneous reports of suspected adverse medicine reactions should be reported even if the sponsor does not agree with the reporter's assessment of a possible causal association, or if the reporter has not provided a causal assessment. Adverse events that are not suspected of being product-related by the health-care professional attending the patient should not be reported unless the sponsor has reason to believe that a causal relationship is possible.

If the sponsor is aware that a person has reported a reaction to one of its products directly to the TGA, the sponsor should still report the reaction, informing the TGA that the report is likely to be a duplicate of a previous report. In this situation it is essential for the sponsor to provide all the available details including any record number provided to the initial reporter by the TGA, in order to aid identification of the duplicate.

Sponsors are expected to validate and follow-up all serious reactions reported by them to the TGA. In order to meet the expedited reporting timeframes, sponsors may submit an initial report containing at least the minimum data required (see section 2.3 and Annex 1) and submit a follow-up report containing more detailed information. All clinical information that becomes available to the sponsor as a result of follow-up activities should be provided.

Adverse reactions should be considered reportable according to the requirements outlined in these guidelines regardless of whether or not the registered medicinal product was used in accordance with the approved Product Information (including, for example, prescribed doses higher than those recommended); however, with regard to reporting of overdoses see section 3.6.

The addresses for reporting are provided in Annex 3.

2.2 Expedited Reporting Requirements

All expedited reports should be reported immediately and in no case later than 15 calendar days from receipt. The clock for expedited reporting starts as soon as one or more of the following has received the minimum information (see section 2.3 and Annex 1) required for the submission of an adverse reaction report:

- any personnel of the sponsor including sales representatives,
- the qualified person responsible for pharmacovigilance or persons working for or with this person,

- where the sponsor has entered into relationships with a second company for the marketing of, or
 research on, the suspected product, the clock starts as soon as any personnel of the sponsor
 receives the minimum information; however, wherever possible, the time frame for regulatory
 submission should be no longer than 15 days from first receipt by the second company and
 explicit procedures and detailed agreements should exist between the sponsor and the second
 company to facilitate achievement of this objective,
- In the case of relevant world-wide scientific literature (see section 2.2.2), the clock starts with awareness of the publication by any personnel of the sponsor; the sponsor is expected to maintain awareness of possible publications by accessing a widely used systematic literature review and reference database, such as Medline, Excerpta Medica or Embase, no less frequently than once a week, or by making formal contractual arrangements with a second party to perform this task; sponsors are also expected to ensure that relevant publications in Australia are appropriately reviewed.

2.2.1 Spontaneous ADR case reports

The sponsor should report suspected adverse reactions to the TGA in an expedited manner in accordance with the following:

- i. Serious unexpected and serious expected reactions occurring in Australia must be reported on an expedited basis.
- ii. Sponsors are <u>not</u> required to submit on an expedited basis reports of foreign (i.e. not occurring in Australia) serious unexpected or serious expected adverse medicine reaction reports. Sponsors are required instead to advise the TGA within 72 hours of any:
 - significant safety issue identified by the sponsor as a result of its ongoing review and analysis of all information (including foreign reports of ADRs) that is pertinent to the safety or benefit-risk assessment of the product; or
 - action which has been taken by a foreign regulatory agency, including the basis for such action.

The 72-hour clock starts from the time of awareness of any personnel of the sponsor. This is considered to have occurred where the sponsor's review and analysis have been completed and a conclusion is drawn that a significant safety issue exists, or when the sponsor becomes aware of the actions of an overseas regulatory agency.

What constitutes a significant safety issue may require judgement on the part of the sponsor but would generally include but not be limited to any matter about the safety of the product which results, in a country other than Australia, in the:

- withdrawal or suspension of availability of the product;
- the addition of a contraindication, warning or precaution statement to the approved product information; or
- the modification for safety reasons of an existing contraindication, warning or precaution statement in the approved Product Information.

A sponsor is expected to be able to provide promptly on request to the TGA copies of those foreign adverse reaction reports in its possession which formed the basis for such actions.

These situations are quite different from the reporting of individual spontaneous ADRs, where the sponsor is allowed up to 15 days to confirm and follow up details before submitting an individual serious ADR report to the TGA.

- iii. Any suspected increase in the frequency of serious reactions should also be reported on an expedited basis. The basis on which the frequency assessment has been made should be provided.
- iv. All other reports of ADRs occurring in Australia do not need to be reported on an expedited basis, but should be reported on request or as line listings in a Periodic Safety Update Report (if one is required).

Individual adverse reaction reports initially becoming known to the sponsor from the TGA should be included in the next Periodic Safety Update Report, if one is required, and not reported in an expedited manner. However, if these TGA reports could lead to a change in the benefit/risk evaluation for the product, this possibility should be communicated to the TGA without delay.

2.2.2 Case reports from the worldwide literature

The sponsor is expected to screen the worldwide scientific literature (see paragraph 2.2) and report within 15 calendar days case reports of suspected serious adverse reactions occurring in Australia associated with the use of the active substance(s) of its products.

A copy of the relevant published article should be provided in English or, if not published in English, accompanied by a summary or translation in English. Where difficulty is experienced in meeting the 15-calendar day requirement, the TGA should be notified in writing.

2.2.3 Reports from post-registration studies

The definition of a post-registration study is provided in Annex 1. Serious suspected adverse reactions occurring in all post-registration studies in Australia of which the sponsor is aware should be reported on an expedited basis to the TGA. This includes studies conducted under the joint ADRAC-APMA Guidelines for the Design and Conduct of Company-Sponsored Post-Marketing Surveillance (PMS) Studies (May 1993).

In instances where the post-registration study is conducted by an investigator independent of the sponsor of the registered medicine (eg, "investigator-initiated post-registration study"), the responsibility for reporting adverse reactions to the TGA will rest with the investigator and not the sponsor. Where the sponsor is aware of the study, the sponsor should ensure that this responsibility for reporting is understood by and documented with the investigator.

Blinded cases and adverse events not suspected of being due to the study product(s) should not be reported as individual cases. For the management of blinded cases the ICH guideline E2A (CPMP/ICH/377/95) should be referred to. Thus, cases of serious unexpected reactions should be unblinded by the sponsor prior to reporting. Cases of serious expected reactions should only be reported in an expedited manner if the blind has already been broken for some reason. Otherwise, cases of serious expected reactions in blinded studies should be submitted immediately on

unblinding at study end. Non-serious adverse events should be included in tabulations in end-of-study reports and do not need to be submitted separately.

For reports from ongoing clinical trials conducted outside the terms of the approved Product Information, the TGA's Clinical Trial Guidelines should be followed.

2.3 Content of Suspected Serious ADR Reports

The data elements for individual adverse medicine reaction reports are defined in the ICH guideline E2B(M) (CPMP/ICH/287/95 modification corr.). It is essential for the sponsor to provide as many data elements as possible for cases of serious suspected ADRs to facilitate assessment. The information should be as complete as possible.

The minimum information required for the submission of an initial report is an identifiable patient, an identifiable reporter, a suspected reaction, and a suspect medicine. Annex 1 sets out the minimum criteria to allow identification of a reporter. In the interests of both good case management and detection of duplicate reports, sponsors should aim to have the name, professional or other group and address including postcode of the person making the report to the sponsor on each and every report (see sections 2.4 and 2.6 for possible exceptions). If this information is not available at the time of the initial report, it should be sought and subsequently provided to the ADRU. In every individual ADR case report, the medicinal substance/product name shall be provided as reported by the primary reporter.

The original words used by the reporter to describe the adverse reaction should be provided as well as the appropriate Lowest Level Terms from MedDRA (Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities).

The sponsor is expected to follow-up all reports of serious suspected adverse reactions to its products to obtain comprehensive information where available. Additional information, not available at the time of the initial report, should be provided in the form of follow-up reports.

Sponsors may comment on whether they consider there is a causal association between the suspect product(s) and reaction(s) and should provide the criteria on which they have made the assessment.

2.4 Reporting Forms

Reporting forms acceptable to the TGA should be used. Each and every report should include the name, professional or other group and address including postcode of the person making the report to the sponsor. In any instance where the person making the report explicitly requests that their identity not be disclosed to the TGA, the sponsor should provide as much information about the person's professional or other group and location in Australia such as postcode as is consistent with the person's request for anonymity (see also Consumer Reports, section 2.6). Each and every report should clearly indicate the name of the person taking responsibility on behalf of the sponsor for the accuracy and veracity of the information in that report and should be signed by that person, who need not necessarily be the qualified person responsible for pharmacovigilance.

Reports submitted to the TGA should be legible, and should not be photoreduced before submission. Ten point font or larger should be used; if it is necessary to submit a report with a font size less than 10 point, the report should be posted, rather than faxed, to the TGA. The font used should be easy to read (eg, Times, Arial) and not condensed, because the submitted report may be photocopied.

Computer-generated forms are acceptable provided they are legible and follow a generally accepted content and layout, but must individually include the name of the person in Australia taking responsibility of behalf of the sponsor and be signed by that person. The TGA will advise a sponsor if it regards a report form format to be unacceptable.

2.5 Impact of Reported ADRs on the Overall Safety Profile of a Product and the Approved Product Information

In exceptional cases, when a reported ADR impacts significantly on the established safety profile of the product, the sponsor should indicate this in the report. Examples might be where the report is one of a series of similar or linked cases which are being simultaneously reported, or where there is prima facie evidence in favour of a causal relationship for a serious and unexpected reaction. Other situations include a suggestion of a change in the nature, severity or frequency of expected ADRs or when new risk factors are identifiable. Information on the frequency of ADRs should also provide the basic data on which the estimate of the frequency has been made, including data on the total number of ADR reports and number of patients exposed.

In situations where reported ADRs impact on the established safety profile, the sponsor should indicate what action it proposes in relation to the conditions of registration including the approved Product Information.

2.6 Consumer Reports

Reports from consumers are a potentially valuable source of information and should receive appropriate attention. As a general guiding principle, emphasis should be placed on the quality and completeness of the report and not its source. However, in recognition of the difficulties posed by the lack of medical detail and clinical confirmation of consumer reports, it is important that sponsors exercise judgement in relation to how such reports are recorded, followed-up, clarified and analysed for possible ADRs. The following is intended to guide sponsors on a general approach to consumer reports:

- Consumers should be encouraged to report adverse events and seek medical attention through their healthcare provider;
- During all contacts, attempts should be made to obtain information sufficient to ascertain the nature and seriousness of the event;
- Permission should be sought and documented, allowing contact with the consumer's primary healthcare provider to obtain confirmation by a healthcare professional and additional relevant medical information. If permission is not forthcoming, information obtained from the consumer may permit judgement (by the pharmacovigilance officer and/or medically qualified person, see section 1.1.1) as to whether the case is apparently serious or non-serious and may guide subsequent handling of the report on a case by case basis. Additional follow-up or medical

confirmation may not be necessary for an apparently non-serious ADR. On the other hand, if the event is apparently serious and/or unexpected, reasonable additional efforts should be made to either obtain voluntary informed consent to contact the treating doctor or have the consumer provide the relevant medical documentation to allow a reasonable assessment of causality;

• All consumer reports should be documented as for any other types of cases and should be taken into account when overall safety assessments are made.

Sponsors should be familiar with and discharge obligations in relation to the collection, use and disclosure of personal information in accordance with the National Privacy Principles based on the Privacy Act 1988. These obligations are set out in the *Guidelines on Privacy in the Private Health* Sector, Office of the Federal Privacy Commissioner, November 2001. This is particularly important in those circumstances where the consumer is the reporter. In these cases TGA's requirement for sponsors to provide information on an identifiable reporter does not override these privacy principles and explicit consent to the disclosure of the consumer's identity to TGA should be sought. In situations where a consumer explicitly withholds consent to his/her identification as a reporter, the sponsor should indicate on the reporting form that it is a consumer report and that the name and contact details have been withheld at the request of the reporter.

3. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS IN SPECIAL SITUATIONS

There are some situations, which are not covered directly by the reporting requirements detailed in section 2. The recommendations below refer to worldwide experience with the registered medicinal product.

3.1 Reporting in the Period between the Submission of the Registration Application and the Granting of the Registration

In the period between the submission of a registration application, but prior to registration, routine single case expedited reporting is not required except according to the separate guidelines where the product is being used in Australia in a clinical trial. However, in the pre-registration period, information that impacts on the benefit/risk evaluation may become available from the applicant, or countries where the medicine is already in use on a compassionate basis, or from countries where the medicine is marketed. This information should be submitted immediately by the applicant to the DSEB.

What constitutes a change to the benefit to risk balance is a matter of judgement for the applicant but an applicant may be required to justify a decision not to report. For example, normally another report of a well-known adverse reaction would not be considered significant, but a report of an unexpected or new serious suspected reaction with good evidence of a causal relationship, or where there is suspicion of a change in the frequency of severity of a known effect, would be considered relevant to the evaluation. Similarly results from studies which impact on the assessment of efficacy would be significant. When an application for registration is about to be considered by the Australian Drug Evaluation Committee (ADEC), sponsors are required to submit with their pre-ADEC response a tabulation of any serious unexpected adverse drug reactions that are not mentioned in the proposed Australian Product Information and have not been submitted previously. Parallel submission to meet the requirements of this section (3.1) at the time of the submission of the Pre-ADEC response is not required. Information as required by this section that becomes known after submission of the Pre-ADEC response must be provided to the TGA.

In instances where an application for registration of a registered medicinal product is withdrawn or lapses, section 29B, Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 provides that the Secretary of the Department of Health and Ageing may require a sponsor to disclose whether certain sorts of information about the product are known to the sponsor and, if that is the case, to provide that information to the Secretary.

3.2 Reporting of Outcomes of Use during Pregnancy

Sponsors are expected to follow up all individual reports to the sponsor of pregnancies where the fetus could have been exposed to one of its products. Where reports originate from consumers, reasonable attempts should be made at follow-up via the patient's health-care professional. When an active substance, or one of its metabolites, has a long half-life, this should be taken into account when considering whether a fetus could have been exposed (i.e., products taken before the gestational period need to be considered).

If a pregnancy results in an abnormal outcome which the reporting health-care professional considers might be due to the medicine, this should be treated as an expedited report and should follow the reporting requirements outlined in sections 2.2.1(i) and (ii). This includes cases where termination of pregnancy has occurred due to exposure to the drug. These cases together with other reports of abnormalities in pregnancy should also be available on request and be included in the next Periodic Safety Update Report (PSUR) together with aggregated data of overall exposure and details of normal/abnormal outcomes. Reports from prospective registries should also be available on request and be included and evaluated in the PSUR.

If, in the period between PSURs, a sponsor becomes aware of a signal of a possible teratogenic effect (eg., a cluster of similar abnormal outcomes) the TGA should be informed immediately.

3.3 Reporting from Other Post-marketing Initiatives: Surveys, Registries

A sponsor may be involved in post-marketing initiatives, which result in the collection of information related to its products. In these situations, there is a distinction to be made between where there is a systematic process for reporting of adverse events to the sponsor and where no such process exists. Only those events that are specifically reported as suspected serious adverse reactions to a particular medicine are subject to expedited reporting. Reporting and subsequent reports should be dealt with in the same way as for post-registration studies (section 2.2.3).

3.4 SAS (Compassionate Use/Named Patient) Supplies

Sponsors should follow the requirements set out as a condition of authorisation of the use of the particular unregistered product.

3.5 Lack of Efficacy

A single case report of lack of efficacy will not generally constitute information requiring a notification to the TGA under Section 29A of the Therapeutic Goods Act. Individual case reports of lack of efficacy should not normally be expedited, but should be available on request and be discussed in the next Periodic Safety Update Report. However in certain circumstances reports of lack of efficacy should be treated as expedited cases for reporting purposes. Medicines used for the treatment of life-threatening diseases, vaccines and contraceptives are examples of classes of products where lack of efficacy should be considered as requiring expedited reports. Judgement should be used in reporting. For example, antibiotics used in life-threatening situations where the medicine was not in fact appropriate for the infective agent should not be reported. However, lifethreatening infection where the lack of efficacy seems to be due to the development of a newly resistant strain of a bacterium previously regarded as susceptible should be reported on an expedited basis.

Lack of efficacy for anti-neoplastic agents should not be routinely reported as an expedited report unless the lack of efficacy indicates a change in the benefit to risk balance – for example a lower than expected efficacy or a higher than expected number, or rate, of deaths due to progressive disease.

3.6 Reporting of Overdoses

Reports of overdose with no associated adverse reactions should not be reported as adverse reactions. They should be routinely followed up by the sponsor to ensure that information is as complete as possible with regard to early symptoms, treatment and outcome of an overdose. The sponsor should report cases of overdose (accidental or intentional) that lead to suspected serious adverse reactions in Australia on an expedited basis to the TGA. This should include reports that indicate that the taking of the suspect medicine led to suicidal intention and a subsequent overdose of the suspect medicine or other medication.

ANNEX 1 DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS FOR REPORTING

1. DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY ASSOCIATED WITH POST-APPROVAL DRUG SAFETY EXPERIENCE

1.1. Adverse Event (AE)

An adverse event is any untoward medical occurrence in a patient administered a medicinal product and which does not necessarily have to have a causal relationship with this treatment. An adverse event can therefore be any unfavourable and unintended sign (for example, an abnormal laboratory finding), symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a medicinal product, whether or not considered related to this medicinal product.

1.2. Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR)

Adverse drug reactions concern noxious and unintended responses to a medicinal product.

The phrase "responses to a medicinal product" means that a causal relationship between a medicinal product and an adverse event is at least a reasonable possibility.

A reaction, in contrast to an event, is characterised by the fact that a causal relationship between the drug and the occurrence is suspected. For regulatory reporting purposes, if an event is spontaneously reported, even if the relationship is unknown or unstated, it meets the definition of an adverse drug reaction.

1.3. Serious AE/ADR

A serious adverse event or reaction is any untoward medical occurrence that at any dose:

- results in death
- is life-threatening (NOTE: The term "life-threatening" in the definition of "serious" refers to an event/reaction in which the patient was at risk of death at the time of the event/reaction; it does not refer to an event/ reaction which hypothetically might have caused death if it were more severe),
- requires inpatient hospitalisation or results in prolongation of existing hospitalisation,
- results in persistent or significant disability/incapacity,
- is a congenital anomaly/birth defect,
- is a medically important event or reaction.

Medical and scientific judgment should be exercised in deciding whether other situations should be considered serious such as important medical events that might not be immediately life-threatening or result in death or hospitalisation but might jeopardise the patient or might require intervention to prevent one of the other outcomes listed in the definition above. Examples of such events are intensive treatment in an emergency room or at home for allergic bronchospasm, blood dyscrasias or convulsions that do not result in hospitalisation, or development of drug dependency or drug abuse.

1.4. Unexpected ADR

An ADR whose nature, severity, specificity, or outcome is not consistent with the term or description used in the Product Information should be considered unexpected. When a sponsor is uncertain whether an ADR is expected or unexpected, the ADR should be treated as unexpected.

An expected ADR with a fatal outcome should be considered unexpected unless the Product Information specifically states that the ADR might be associated with a fatal outcome.

"Class ADRs" should not automatically be considered to be expected for the subject drug. "Class ADRs" should be considered expected only if described as specifically occurring with the product in the Product Information. This is illustrated in the following examples:

"As with other drugs of this class, the following undesirable effect occurs with Drug X." "Drugs of this class, including Drug X, can cause..."

If the ADR has not been documented with Drug X, statements such as the following are likely to appear in the Product Information:

"Other drugs of this class are reported to cause..."

"Drugs of this class are reported to cause..., but no reports have been received to date with Drug X."

In these situations, the ADR should not be considered as expected for Drug X.

NOTE: The term "listedness" is not applicable to expedited reporting but should be used to characterise the ADR according to the Company Core Safety Information.

1.5. Healthcare Professional

Healthcare professional is defined as a medically-qualified person such as a physician, dentist, pharmacist, nurse, or coroner.

1.6. Consumer

Consumer is defined as a person who is not a healthcare professional such as a patient, lawyer, friend, or relative of a patient.

1.7 Post-registration Safety Study (PRSS)

A post-registration safety study is a pharmacoepidemiological study, or a clinical trial carried out in accordance with the approved Product Information, conducted with the aim of identifying or quantifying a safety hazard related to a registered medicinal product. For the purpose of this guideline, any study where the number of patients to be included will add significantly to the existing safety data for the product will also be considered a PRSS.

1.8 Post-registration study

A post-registration study is any study conducted within the conditions of registration or under normal conditions of use. A post-registration study may sometimes also fall within the definition of a post-registration safety study (PRSS). In relation to ADR reporting and PSUR requirements, reference to a post-registration study means any post-registration study of which the sponsor is aware.

2. STANDARDS FOR EXPEDITED REPORTING

2.1. What Should Be Reported?

2.1.1. Serious ADRs

All serious adverse drug reactions are subject to expedited reporting. All other reports of ADRs occurring in Australia do not need to be reported on an expedited basis, but should be reported on request or as line listings in a periodic safety update report (if one is required).

For reports from studies and other solicited sources, all cases judged by either the reporting healthcare professional or the sponsor as having a possible causal relationship to the medicinal product would qualify as ADRs. For purposes of reporting, spontaneous reports associated with approved drugs imply a suspected causal relationship.

2.2. Reporting Time Frames

In general, expedited reporting of serious ADRs is required as soon as possible, but in no case later than 15 calendar days of initial receipt of the information by the sponsor.

The regulatory reporting time clock is considered to start on the date when any personnel of the sponsor first receive a case report that fulfils minimum criteria as well as the criteria for expedited reporting. In general, this date should be considered day 0.

When additional medically relevant information is received for a previously reported case, the reporting time clock is considered to begin again for submission of the follow-up report. In addition, a case initially classified as a non-expedited report, would qualify for expedited reporting upon receipt of follow-up information that indicates the case should be re-classified (e.g., from non serious to serious).

2.3. Non-serious ADRs

Cases of non-serious ADRs, whether expected or not, would not normally be considered reportable on an expedited basis. Non-serious ADRs should be reported on request from the TGA and included in the periodic safety update report (if one is required).

3. GOOD CASE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

3.1. Assessing Patient and Reporter Identifiability

Patient and reporter identifiability is important to avoid case duplication, detect fraud, and facilitate follow-up of appropriate cases. The term identifiable in this context refers to the verification of the existence of a patient and a reporter.

Sponsors should be familiar with and discharge obligations in relation to the collection, use and disclosure of personal information in accordance with the National Privacy Principles based on the Privacy Act 1988. These obligations are set out in the *Guidelines on Privacy in the Private Health Sector, Office of the Federal Privacy Commissioner, November 2001*. This is particularly important in those circumstances where the consumer is the reporter. In these cases TGA's requirement for sponsors to provide information on an identifiable reporter does not override these privacy principles and explicit consent to the disclosure of the consumer's identity to TGA should be sought. In situations where a consumer explicitly withholds consent to his/her identification as a reporter, the sponsor should indicate on the reporting form that it is a consumer report and that the name and contact details have been withheld at the request of the reporter.

One or more of the following should automatically qualify a patient as identifiable: age (or age category, e.g., adolescent, adult, elderly), gender, initials, date of birth, name, or patient identification number. In addition, in the event of second-hand reports, every reasonable effort should be made to verify the existence of an identifiable patient and reporter.

All parties supplying case information or approached for case information should be identifiable: not only the initial reporter (the initial contact for the case), but also others supplying information.

In the absence of qualifying descriptors, a report referring to a definite number of patients should not be regarded as a case until the minimum four criteria for case reporting are met. For example, "Two patients experienced..." or " a few patients experienced" should be followed up for patient-identifiable information before regulatory reporting.

ANNEX 2

RECOMMENDED KEY DATA ELEMENTS FOR INCLUSION IN EXPEDITED REPORTS OF SERIOUS ADVERSE DRUG REACTIONS

Some data elements might not be relevant, depending on the circumstances. Attempts should be made to obtain follow-up information on as many other listed items as are pertinent to the case.

1. Patient Details

Initials

Other relevant identifier (patient number, for example)

Gender

Age, age category (e.g., adolescent, adult, elderly), or date of birth

Concomitant conditions

Medical history

Relevant family history

2. Suspected Medicinal Product(s)

Brand name as reported

International Non-Proprietary Name (INN)

Batch/lot number

Indication(s) for which suspect medicinal product was prescribed or tested

Dosage form and strength

Daily dose (specify units e.g., mg, ml, mg/kg) and regimen

Route of administration

Starting date and time

Stopping date and time, or duration of treatment

3. Other Treatment(s)

The same information as in item 2 should be provided for the following:

Concomitant medicinal products

(including non-prescription, over-the-counter medicinal products, herbal remedies, dietary supplements, complementary and alternative therapies, etc.).

Relevant medical devices

4. Details (all available) of Adverse Drug Reaction(s)

Full description of reaction(s), including body site and severity

The criterion (or criteria) for regarding the report as serious

Description of the reported signs and symptoms

Specific diagnosis for the reaction

Onset date (and time) of reaction

Stop date (and time) or duration of reaction

Dechallenge and rechallenge information

Relevant diagnostic test results and laboratory data

Setting (e.g., hospital, out-patient clinic, home, nursing home)
Outcome (recovery and any sequelae) For a fatal outcome, stated cause of death
Relevant autopsy or post-mortem findings
Relatedness of product to reactions)/event(s)

5. Details on Reporter of an ADR

Name
Mailing address
Electronic mail address
Telephone and/or facsimile number
Reporter type (consumer, healthcare professional, etc.)
Profession (specialty)

6. Administrative and Sponsor Details

Source of report (spontaneous, epidemiological study, patient survey, literature, etc.)

Date the event report was first received by manufacturer/company

Country in which the event occurred

Type (initial or follow-up) and sequence (first, second, etc.) of case information reported to authorities

Name and address of sponsor

Name, address, electronic mail address, telephone number, and facsimile number of contact person at the sponsor's Australian address.

Identifying regulatory code or AUST R number.

Company/manufacturer's identification number for the case (the same number should be used for the initial and follow-up reports on the same case).

ANNEX 3 ADDRESSES FOR REPORTING

Address for submitting individual case reports of suspected adverse drug reactions occurring in Australia, and for notification of sponsors' qualified person responsible for pharmacovigilance:

Mail:

The Secretary, ADRAC Reply Paid 100 Woden ACT 2606

Fax:

The Secretary, ADRAC (02) 6232 8392

Address for submitting all other information described in Section 29A, Therapeutic Goods Act:

Mail:

The Director Drug Safety and Evaluation Branch Therapeutic Goods Administration PO Box 100 Woden ACT 2606

Fax:

The Director, DSEB (02) 6232 8140

Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

IMMI05/062



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION OF A CLASS OF PERSONS FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH 1222(1)(aa)(ii) OF THE MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994

I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulation 1.17 and subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(ii) of the Migration Regulations 1994 ('the Regulations') hereby:

1. SPECIFY the following classes of persons for the purposes of subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(ii) of the Regulations:

Class 1

Persons who seek a student visa that is not subject to condition 8101 and who:

- (a) are not in immigration clearance; and
- (b) hold a student visa that is subject to condition 8101; and
- (c) are either:
 - (i) enrolled in a registered course; or
 - (ii) an AusAID student, Defence student or secondary exchange student.

Class 2

Persons who seek a student visa that is not subject to condition 8101 and who:

- (a) are not in immigration clearance; and
- (b) hold a student visa that is subject to condition 8101 or 8104; and
- (c) claim to be a member of the family unit of the holder of a student visa that is subject to condition 8202.

This instrument takes effect on and from 1 July 2005.

Dated 20 JUNE

2005

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

[NOTE 1: Regulation 1.17 of the Regulations provides that the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify matters required by individual provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

NOTE 2: Paragraph 1222(1)(aa) of the Regulations was inserted with effect on and from 1 July 2005. Relevantly, subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(ii) provides that an applicant who is in Australia and who is included in a class of persons specified by Gazette Notice for the purposes of subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(ii), must apply for a student visa using Form 157P or 157P (Internet).]

IMMI 05/055



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION OF TYPES OF COURSES FOR THE PURPOSES OF REGULATION 1.40A OF THE MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994

I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulation 1.17 and 1.40A of the Migration Regulations 1994 ('the Regulations') hereby:

- 1. REVOKE the notice signed on 31 August 2004 specifying types of courses for the purposes of regulation 1.40A of the Regulations; and
- 2. SPECIFY, for the purposes of regulation 1.40A, in relation to an application for a student visa made on or after 1 July 2005, the types of courses set out in Schedule 1 to this notice for the corresponding visa subclass set out in that Schedule.

This notice takes effect on and from 1 July 2005.

Dated 20th JUNE

2005.

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

[NOTE 1: Regulation 1.17 of the Regulations provides the Minister may, by notice published in the *Gazette*, specify matters required by individual provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

NOTE 2: Regulation 1.40A provides the Minister must specify by Gazette Notice the types of courses for each subclass of student visa, except Subclass 576 (AusAID or Defence Sector).]

IMMI 05/055

Schedule 1

Note: Schedule 1 applies to applications for a student visa made on or after 1 July 2005.

VISA SUBCLASS	TYPES OF COURSES
Subclass 570 Independent ELICOS Sector	Non-Award ELICOS Certificate I in ELICOS Certificate II in ELICOS Certificate III in ELICOS Certificate IV in ELICOS
Subclass 571 Schools Sector	Primary School Secondary School (including Junior Secondary and Senior Secondary) Secondary Exchange Programs
Subclass 572 Vocational Education and Training Sector	Certificate I, II, III and IV, other than ELICOS Diploma Advanced Diploma Certificate Advanced Certificate Associate Diploma Vocational Graduate Certificate Vocational Graduate Diploma
Subclass 573 Higher Education Sector	Bachelor Degree Graduate Certificate Graduate Diploma Associate Degree Masters by Coursework
Subclass 574 Postgraduate Research Sector	Masters by Research Doctoral Degree
Subclass 575 Non-Award Sector	Full time courses other than ELICOS not leading to an Australian award

IMMI05/061



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION OF A CLASS OF PERSONS FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH 1222(1)(aa)(i) OF THE MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994

- I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulation 1.17 and subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(i) of the Migration Regulations 1994 ('the Regulations') hereby:
- 1. SPECIFY the following classes of persons for the purposes of subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(i) of the Regulations:

Class 1

Persons who seek a student visa and who:

- (a) are not in immigration clearance; and
- (b) are at least 6 years of age; and
- (c) either:
 - (i) hold a subclass 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575 or 576 visa; or
 - (ii) are the holder of a passport issued by a foreign country set out in Schedule 1 to this Notice, and who:
 - (A) seek to satisfy the primary criteria of the subclass of student visa that corresponds to that passport as set out in Schedule 1 to this Notice; and
 - (B) are the holder of a relevant visa identified in Schedule 2 to this Notice; and
- (d) either:
 - (i) are enrolled in one or more registered courses:
 - (A) of a kind that is gazetted under regulation 1.40A; and
 - (B) the provider of which is not a suspended education provider; or
 - (ii) are enrolled, or intending to enrol, in one or more full-time course of study or training, where the person is:
 - (A) an AusAID student who meets the requirement in subparagraph 1.04A(3)(b)(ii) of the Regulations; or
 - (B) a Defence student who meets the requirement in subparagraph 1.04B(b)(ii) of the Regulations; or
 - (C) a secondary exchange student; and
- (e) apply no more than 93 days before their first course commences.

NOTE 2:

IMMI05/061

Class 2

Persons who:

- (a) are not in immigration clearance; and
- (b) are the holder of a passport issued by a foreign country; and
- (c) claim to be a member of the family unit of a person described in Class 1 (the primary person); and
- (d) seek to apply for a student visa at the same time and place as, and combined with, the primary person.

This instrument takes effect on and from 1 July 2005.

2005

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

Regulation 1.17 of the Regulations provides that the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify matters [NOTE 1:

required by individual provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

Paragraph 1222(1)(aa) of the Regulations was inserted with effect on and from 1 July 2005. Relevantly, subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(i) provides that an applicant who is in Australia and who is included in a class of persons specified by Gazette Notice for the purposes of subparagraph 1222(1)(aa)(i), must apply for a student visa using Form 157A or 157A (Internet).]

Schedule 1

SUBCLASS 570 (INDE	PENDENT ELICOS SECTOR)	
Andorra	Liechtenstein	Switzerland
Austria	Luxembourg	Taiwan
Belgium	Malaysia	United Kingdom,
Brunei	Malta	[excluding British
Canada	Monaco	National (Overseas), British Dependent
Denmark	Netherlands	Territories Citizen,
Finland	Norway	British Overseas Citizen, British
France	Poland	Protected Person,
Germany	Portugal	British Subject]
Greece	San Marino	United States of America
Iceland	Singapore	
Republic of Ireland	Spain	Vatican City State (Holy See)
Italy	Sweden	
Japan	1	l
SUBCLASS 571 (SCHO	OOLS SECTOR)	
Andorra	Iceland	Portugal
Austria	Republic of Ireland	San Marino
Belgium	Italy	Singapore
Brunei	Japan	Spain
Canada	Liechtenstein	Sweden
Denmark	Luxembourg	Switzerland
Estonia	Malaysia	United States of
Finland	Malta	America
France	Monaco	Vatican City State
Cormony	Netherlands	(Holy See)
Germany		
Greece Hungary	Norway	

SUBCLASS 572 (VOCATI	ONAL EDUCATION AND TR	RAINING SECTOR)
Andorra Austria Belgium	Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China	Norway Poland
British National (Overseas) Brunei Canada Denmark Estonia Finland France Germany Greece	Iceland Republic of Ireland Italy Japan Liechtenstein Luxembourg Malta Malaysia Monaco Netherlands	Portugal San Marino Spain Sweden Switzerland United States of America Vatican City State (Holy See)
SUBCLASS 573 (HIGHER		
Andorra Austria Bahamas Barbados Belgium	Greece Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China Iceland	Norway Poland Portugal San Marino Singapore
British National (Overseas) Brunei Canada Denmark Estonia Finland	Republic of Ireland Italy Japan Liechtenstein Luxembourg Malaysia Malta	Spain Sweden Switzerland Taiwan United States of America Vatican City State
France Germany	Monaco	(Holy See)

SLIBCLASS 574 (DOSTOD	ADUATE RESEARCH SECT	(OP)
Andorra		<u> </u>
Austria	Greece Hong Kong Special	Netherlands
Bahamas	Administrative Region	Norway
Barbados	of the People's	Poland
Belgium	Republic of China	Portugal
-	Iceland	San Marino
British National (Overseas)	Republic of Ireland	Singapore
Brunei	Italy	Spain
Canada	Japan	Sweden
Denmark	Republic of Korea	Switzerland
Estonia	Liechtenstein	Taiwan
Finland	Luxembourg	Thailand
France	Malaysia	Vatican City State
	Malta	(Holy See)
Germany	Monaco	
SUBCLASS 575 (NON-AV	VARD SECTOR)	
Andorra	Italy	Sweden
Austria	Japan	Switzerland
Belgium	Liechtenstein	Taiwan
Brunei	Luxembourg	United Kingdom
Canada	Malaysia	[excluding British
Denmark	Malta	National (Overseas),
Estonia	Моласо	British Dependent Territories Citizen,
Finland	Netherlands	British Overseas
France	Norway	Citizen, British Protected Person,
Germany	Poland	British Subject]
Greece	Portugal	United States of
Hungary	San Marino	America
Iceland	Singapore	Vatican City State
Republic of Ireland	Spain	(Holy See)

Schedule 2

Relevant visa means a visa of one of the following classes or subclasses:

Border (Temporary) (Class TA); Business (Temporary) (Class TB); Cultural/Social (Temporary) (Class TE); Educational (Temporary) (Class TH); Electronic Travel Authority (Class UD); Expatriate (Temporary) (Class TJ); Family Relationship (Temporary) (Class TL); Long Stay (Visitor) (Class TN); Medical Practitioner (Temporary) (Class UE); Retirement (Temporary) (Class TQ); Short Stay (Visitor) (Class TR); Supported Dependant (Temporary) (Class TW); Temporary Business Entry (Class UC); Working Holiday (Temporary) (Class TZ); Subclass 303 (Emergency (Temporary Visa Applicant)); Subclass 427 (Domestic Worker (Temporary) — Executive); Subclass 497 (Graduate — Skilled).



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION OF POST OFFICE BOX ADDRESS AND ADDRESS FOR COURIER DELIVERY FOR THE PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH 1212B(3)(a) OF THE MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994

- I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulation 1.17 and paragraph 1212B(3)(a) of Schedule 1 the Migration Regulations 1994 ("the Regulations"):
- 1. SPECIFY the following address as the post office box address for the purposes of subparagraph 1212B(3)(a)(i):

Perth Business Centre

DIMIA

Locked Bag 7

NORTHBRIDGE WA 6865

AUSTRALIA

2. SPECIFY the following address as the address for courier delivery for the purposes of subparagraph 1212B(3)(a)(ii):

Perth Business Centre

DIMIA

3rd Floor, City Central

166 Murray Street

PERTH WA 6000

AUSTRALIA

This notice has effect on and from 1 July 2005.

Dated

2005

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

[NOTE 1: Regulation 1.17 provides that the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify matters required by individual provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

NOTE 2: Paragraph 1212B(3)(a) provides that an application by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for the grant of a Investor Retirement (Class UY) visa must be made by posting the application (with the correct pre-paid postage) to the post office box address specified in a Gazette Notice, or by having the application delivered by a courier service to the address specified in a Gazette Notice.]



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION OF STATE AND TERRITORY DEPARTMENTS AND AUTHORITIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE DEFINITION OF "APPROPRIATE REGIONAL AUTHORITY" IN REGULATION 1.03 OF THE MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994

I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulation 1.17 and the definition of "appropriate regional authority" in regulation 1.03 of the Migration Regulations 1994 ('the Regulations') hereby:

- 1. REVOKE the gazette notice specifying Departments and authorities as appropriate regional authorities for the purposes of the definition of "appropriate regional authority" in regulation 1.03 of the Regulations signed on 6 February 2003; and
- 2. SPECIFY for the purposes of the definition of "appropriate regional authority" in regulation 1.03 the Departments or authorities of the States and Territories listed in the Schedule to this notice in relation to the grant of visas of the following classes:
 - Business Skills (Migrant) (Class AD);
 - Business Skills (Residence) (Class BH);
 - Business Skills Established Business (Residence) (Class BH);
 - Business Skills (Residence) (Class DF);
 - Business Skills (Provisional) (Class UR);
 - Investor Retirement (Class UY)

This notice comes into effect on and from 1 July 2005.

Dated 23¹⁷ JUL

2005

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

[NOTE 1:

Regulation 1.17 of the Regulations provides that the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify matters

required by individual provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

NOTE 2:

An "appropriate regional authority" is defined in regulation 1.03. The definition provides that in relation to a State or Territory and applications for visas of a particular class, an "appropriate regional authority" is a Department or authority of that State or Territory that is specified by Gazette Notice, for the purposes of these Regulations, in relation to the grant of visas of that class.

SCHEDULE

State or Territory	Departments and Authorities
New South Wales	Department of State and Regional Development
	Business Migrant Information and Referral Service
Victoria	Department of Victorian Communities
	Business Migration
Queensland	Department of State Development
	Business Migration
Western Australia	Small Business Development Corporation
South Australia	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
	Business and Skilled Migration
Tasmania	Department of Economic Development
	Business Migration
Northern Territory	Department of Business, Industry and Resource Development
	Corporate Governance
Australian Capital Territory	Chief Minister's Department
<u> </u>	Business ACT



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION FOR THE PURPOSES OF REGULATION 5.19A OF THE *MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994* OF SECURITIES IN WHICH AN INVESTMENT IS A DESIGNATED INVESTMENT FOR THE PURPOSES OF VISA SUBCLASSES 131, 162, 165, 405, 844, 891 & 893

I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulations 1.17 and 5.19A of the Migration Regulations 1994 ('the Regulations') hereby:

- (1) REVOKE the gazette notice made under regulation 5.19A specifying securities in which an investment is a designated investment for the purposes of Parts 131, 162, 165, 844, 891 and 893 of Schedule 2 of the Regulations signed on 25 February 2003; and
- (2) SPECIFY each security issued by a State or Territory government authority referred to in the Schedule to this instrument as a security in which an investment is a designated investment for the purposes of Parts 131, 162, 165, 405, 844, 891 and 893 of Schedule 2 to the Regulations.

This notice comes into effect on and from 1 July 2005.

Dated

2005

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

[NOTE 1: Regulation 1.17 provides that the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify matters required by individual

provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

NOTE 2: Regulation 5.19A provides that the Minister may specify by Gazette Notice a security issued by an Australian State or Territory government authority as a security in which an investment is a designated investment for the purposes of a Part of

Schedule 2.]

SCHEDULE

SECURITY	ISSUING AUTHORITY
Government Bonds of Victoria	Treasury Corporation of Victoria
New South Wales Treasury Bonds	New South Wales Treasury Corporation
Queensland Bonds	Queensland Treasury Corporation
Queensland Industry Bonds	Queensland Industry Development Corporation before 1 December 1996
TASCORP Inscribed Stock	Tasmanian Public Finance Corporation
Territory Bonds	Northern Territory Treasury Corporation
Western Australian State Bonds	Western Australian Treasury Corporation
South Australian Government Financing Authority Bonds	South Australian Government Financing Authority



Commonwealth of Australia

Migration Act 1958

Migration Regulations 1994

SPECIFICATION OF POST OFFICE BOX ADDRESS AND ADDRESS FOR COURIER DELIVERY FOR THE PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH 1217(3)(a) OF THE MIGRATION REGULATIONS 1994

I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under regulation 1.17 and paragraph 1217(3)(a) of Schedule 1 of the Migration Regulations 1994 ("the Regulations"):

1. SPECIFY the following address as the post office box address for the purposes of subparagraph 1217(3)(a)(i):

Perth Business Centre DIMIA

Locked Bag 7

NORTHBRIDGE WA 6865

AUSTRALIA

2. SPECIFY the following address as the address for courier delivery for the purposes of subparagraph 1217(3)(a)(ii):

Perth Business Centre

DIMIA

3rd Floor City Central

166 Murray Street

PERTH WA 6000

AUSTRALIA

This notice has effect on and from 1 July 2005.

Dated

2005

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

[NOTE 1: Regulation 1.17 provides that the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify matters required by individual provisions of the Regulations to be specified for the purposes of those provisions.

NOTE 2: Paragraph 1217(3)(a) provides that an application by a person seeking a Retirement (Temporary) visa (Class TQ, subclass 410) must be made by posting the application (with the correct pre-paid postage) to the post office box address specified in a Gazette Notice, or by having the application delivered by a courier service to the address specified in a Gazette Notice.]

Transport and Regional Services

Regulation 25

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA NAVIGATION ACT 1912

CT-4

No: 736

PERMIT TO UNLICENSED SHIP - CONTINUING

Name of Ship	Port of Registry	IMO Number
TASMAN CHIEF	HONG KONG	9007374

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 286 of the Navigation Act, I hereby grant, subject to the conditions set out hereunder, permission for the above-named ship to carry passengers and cargo between the ports, or any of them, specified hereunder.

This permit remains in force until cancelled by me upon not less than six months' notice to the master, owner, or agent of the ship of the intended cancellation.

NAMES OF PORTS FOR WHICH PERMIT ISSUED

Sydney, Newcastle, Brisbane.

Dated at CANBERRA this

17/

day of

June/2005

Official Stamp



Delegate of the Minister for Transport

- 1. That the Transport Regulation Division is notified, within 14 days after every sailing, of the date of the voyage and the cargo carried by the ship.
- 2. This Permit covers the period 21/06/2005 to 20/09/2005.
- 3. This permit is issued on condition that the ship named in the permit leaves Australia and travels to a port outside Australia at least once in any three (3) month period.
- 4. General Cargo only may be carried.
- 5. The cargo may only be carried from: Sydney to Newcastle and Brisbane, Newcastle to Brisbane.
- 6. If there is a change in schedule the Transport Regulation Division must be advised before the vessel sails.
- 7. That the vessel is not detained under Australia's Port State Control program.
- 8. This permit must be produced to Customs for clearance at each port of loading or discharge, prior to taking on board or discharging any cargo or passengers carried under permit.

1504

Regulation 25

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA **NAVIGATION ACT 1912**

CT-4

No: 734

PERMIT TO UNLICENSED SHIP - CONTINUING

Name of Ship	Port of Registry	IMO Number
P&O NEDLLOYD ADELAIDE	NASSAU	7428380

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 286 of the Navigation Act, I hereby grant, subject to the conditions set out hereunder, permission for the above-named ship to carry passengers and cargo between the ports, or any of them, specified hereunder.

This permit remains in force until cancelled by me upon not less than six months' notice to the master, owner, or agent of the ship of the intended cancellation.

NAMES OF PORTS FOR WHICH PERMIT ISSUED

Sydney, Adelaide, Fremantle and Melbourne

Dated at CANBERRA this

day of

June/2005

Official Stamp



Delegate of the Minister for Transport

MM

- 1. That the Transport Regulation Division is notified, within 14 days after every sailing, of the date of the voyage and the cargo carried by the ship.
- 2. This Permit covers the period 18/06/2005 to 17/09/2005.
- 3. This permit is issued on condition that the ship named in the permit leaves Australia and travels to a port outside Australia at least once in any three (3) month period.
- 4. General Cargo only may be carried.
- 5. The cargo may only be carried from: Sydney to Adelaide and Fremantle, Melbourne to Adelaide and Fremantle, Adelaide to Fremantle and Fremantle to Sydney
- 6. If there is a change in schedule the Transport Regulation Division must be advised before the vessel sails.
- 7. That the vessel is not detained under Australia's Port State Control program.
- 8. This permit must be produced to Customs for clearance at each port of loading or discharge, prior to taking on board or discharging any cargo or passengers carried under permit.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA NAVIGATION ACT 1912

CT-4

No: 739

PERMIT TO UNLICENSED SHIP - CONTINUING

Name of Ship	Port of Registry	IMO Number
ANL ESPRIT	HAMBURG	9150195

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 286 of the Navigation Act, I hereby grant, subject to the conditions set out hereunder, permission for the above-named ship to carry passengers and cargo between the ports, or any of them, specified hereunder.

This permit remains in force until cancelled by me upon not less than six months' notice to the master, owner, or agent of the ship of the intended cancellation.

NAMES OF PORTS FOR WHICH PERMIT ISSUED Melbourne to Brisbane Dated at CANBERRA this day of June/2005 Official Stamp AUSTRALIA Delegate of the Minister for Transport

- 1. That the Transport Regulation Division is notified, within 14 days after every sailing, of the date of the voyage and the cargo carried by the ship.
- 2. This Permit covers the period 6/07/2005 to 5/10/2005.
- 3. This permit is issued on condition that the ship named in the permit leaves Australia and travels to a port outside Australia at least once in any three (3) month period.
- 4. General Cargo only may be carried.
- 5. The cargo may only be carried from: Melbourne to Brisbane
- 6. If there is a change in schedule the Transport Regulation Division must be advised before the vessel sails.
- 7. That the vessel is not detained under Australia's Port State Control program.
- 8. This permit must be produced to Customs for clearance at each port of loading or discharge, prior to taking on board or discharging any cargo or passengers carried under permit.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA NAVIGATION ACT 1912

CT-4

No: 733

PERMIT TO UNLICENSED SHIP - CONTINUING

Name of Ship	Port of Registry	IMO Number
STAR BIRD	KORSOR	9041423

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 286 of the Navigation Act, I hereby grant, subject to the conditions set out hereunder, permission for the above-named ship to carry passengers and cargo between the ports, or any of them, specified hereunder.

This permit remains in force until cancelled by me upon not less than six months' notice to the master, owner, or agent of the ship of the intended cancellation.

NAMES OF PORTS FOR WHICH PERMIT ISSUED

Newcastle, Townsville, Brisbane and Gove.

Dated at CANBERRA this

Official Stamp

day of

June/2005



Delegate of the Minister for Transport

- 1. That the Transport Regulation Division is notified, within 14 days after every sailing, of the date of the voyage and the cargo carried by the ship.
- 2. This Permit covers the period 18/07/2005 to 17/10/2005.
- 3. This permit is issued on condition that the ship named in the permit leaves Australia and travels to a port outside Australia at least once in any three (3) month period.
- 4. General Cargo only may be carried.
- 5. The cargo may only be carried from: Newcastle to Townsville; Brisbane to Gove.
- 6. If there is a change in schedule the Transport Regulation Division must be advised before the vessel sails.
- 7. That the vessel is not detained under Australia's Port State Control program.
- 8. This permit must be produced to Customs for clearance at each port of loading or discharge, prior to taking on board or discharging any cargo or passengers carried under permit.

CT-4

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA NAVIGATION ACT 1912

No: 740

PERMIT TO UNLICENSED SHIP - CONTINUING

Name of Ship	Port of Registry	OFFICIAL NUMBER
DEAUVILLE	NASSAU	9113939

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 286 of the Navigation Act, I hereby grant, subject to the conditions set out hereunder, permission for the above-named ship to carry passengers and cargo between the ports, or any of them, specified hereunder.

This permit remains in force until cancelled by me upon not less than six months' notice to the master, owner, or agent of the ship of the intended cancellation.

NAMES OF PORTS FOR WHICH PERMIT ISSUED

Westernport, Botany, Brisbane, Cairns, Hobart, Devonport, Gladstone, Townsville, Darwin, and Bell Bay

Dated at CANBERRA day of June 2005

BANSPORT AND

Official Stamp



- 1. That the Transport Regulation Division is notified, within 14 days after every sailing, of the date of the voyage and the cargo carried by the ship.
- 2. This permit covers the period 30 June 2005 to 29 September 2005.
- 3. This permit is issued on condition that the ship named in the permit leaves Australia and travels to a port outside Australia at least once in any three (3) month period.
- 4. Liquid Petroleum Gas only may be carried.
- 5. The cargo may only be carried between Westernport, Botany, Brisbane, Cairns, Hobart, Devonport, Gladstone, Townsville, Darwin and Bell Bay.
- 6. If there is a change in schedule the Transport Regulation Division must be advised before the vessel sails.
- 7. That the vessel is not detained under Australia's Port State Control program.
- 8. This permit must be produced to Customs for clearance at each port of loading or discharge, prior to taking on board or discharging any cargo or passengers carried under this permit.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA NAVIGATION ACT 1912

CT-4

No: 745

PERMIT TO UNLICENSED SHIP - CONTINUING

Name of Ship	Port of Registry	IMO Number
КОКОРО СНІЕБ	HONG KONG	8907412

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 286 of the Navigation Act, I hereby grant, subject to the conditions set out hereunder, permission for the above-named ship to carry passengers and cargo between the ports, or any of them, specified hereunder.

This permit remains in force until cancelled by me upon not less than six months' notice to the master, owner, or agent of the ship of the intended cancellation.

NAMES OF PORTS FOR WHICH PERMIT ISSUED

Sydney, Melbourne and Brisbane

Dated at CANBERRA this

day of

June/2005

Official Stamp



Delegate of the Minister for **Transport**

- 1. That the Transport Regulation Division is notified, within 14 days after every sailing, of the date of the voyage and the cargo carried by the ship.
- 2. This Permit covers the period 1/07/2005 to 30/09/2005.
- 3. This permit is issued on condition that the ship named in the permit leaves Australia and travels to a port outside Australia at least once in any three (3) month period.
- 4. General Cargo only may be carried.
- 5. The cargo may only be carried from: Sydney to Melbourne and Brisbane, Melbourne to Brisbane
- 6. If there is a change in schedule the Transport Regulation Division must be advised before the vessel sails.
- 7. That the vessel is not detained under Australia's Port State Control program.
- 8. This permit must be produced to Customs for clearance at each port of loading or discharge, prior to taking on board or discharging any cargo or passengers carried under permit.

Treasury



Variation of List of Names and Categories of Registered Entities

Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001

SINCE:

- A. APRA keeps a Register of Entities (the register) under section 8 of the *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001* (the Act);
- B. APRA keeps a list of the names of registered entities under section 11 of the Act (the list);
- C. **Fincorp Investments Limited ABN 98 098 838 549** (the corporation) has become a registrable corporation, as defined in section 7 of the Act;
- D. APRA has, under paragraph 10(a) of the Act, caused the name of the corporation and other particulars relating to the corporation to be added to the register; and
- E. the corporation has therefore become a registered entity within the meaning of subsection 5(3) of the Act;

I, Darryl Roberts, a delegate of APRA, under subsection 11(2) of the Act, VARY the list by adding the name of the corporation.

Dated 16 June 2005

[Signed]
Darryl Roberts
Acting Executive General Manager
Supervisory Support Division

Interpretation

In this Notice



Variation of List of Names and Categories of Registered Entities

Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001

SINCE:

- A. APRA keeps a Register of Entities (the register) under section 8 of the *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001* (the Act);
- B. APRA keeps a list of the names of registered entities under section 11 of the Act (the list);
- C. **GR Finance Limited ABN 43 093 549 305** (the corporation) has become a registrable corporation, as defined in section 7 of the Act;
- D. APRA has, under paragraph 10(a) of the Act, caused the name of the corporation and other particulars relating to the corporation to be added to the register; and
- E. the corporation has therefore become a registered entity within the meaning of subsection 5(3) of the Act;

I, Darryl Roberts, a delegate of APRA, under subsection 11(2) of the Act, VARY the list by adding the name of the corporation.

Dated 16 June 2005

[Signed]
Darryl Roberts
Acting Executive General Manager
Supervisory Support Division

Interpretation

In this Notice



Variation of List of Names and Categories of Registered Entities

Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001

SINCE:

- A. APRA keeps a Register of Entities (the register) under section 8 of the *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001* (the Act);
- B. APRA keeps a list of the names of registered entities under section 11 of the Act (the list);
- C. **Agfa Photo Finance Australia Pty Limited ABN 75 111 286 849** (the corporation) has become a registrable corporation, as defined in section 7 of the Act;
- D. APRA has, under paragraph 10(a) of the Act, caused the name of the corporation and other particulars relating to the corporation to be added to the register; and
- E. the corporation has therefore become a registered entity within the meaning of subsection 5(3) of the Act;

I, Darryl Roberts, a delegate of APRA, under subsection 11(2) of the Act, VARY the list by adding the name of the corporation.

Dated 16 June 2005

[Signed]
Darryl Roberts
Acting Executive General Manager
Supervisory Support Division

Interpretation

In this Notice



Variation of List of Names and Categories of **Registered Entities**

Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001

SINCE:

- APRA keeps a Register of Entities (the register) under section 8 of the A. Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001 (the Act);
- В. APRA keeps a list of the names of registered entities under section 11 of the Act (the list);
- C. ASF Custodians Pty Ltd ABN 49 106 822 780 (the corporation) has become a registrable corporation, as defined in section 7 of the Act;
- APRA has, under paragraph 10(a) of the Act, caused the name of the D. corporation and other particulars relating to the corporation to be added to the register; and
- E. the corporation has therefore become a registered entity within the meaning of subsection 5(3) of the Act;

I, Darryl Roberts, a delegate of APRA, under subsection 11(2) of the Act, VARY the list by adding the name of the corporation.

Dated 16 June 2005

[Signed] Darryl Roberts Acting Executive General Manager **Supervisory Support Division**

Interpretation

In this Notice



Variation of List of Names and Categories of Registered Entities

Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001

SINCE:

- A. APRA keeps a Register of Entities (the register) under section 8 of the *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001* (the Act);
- B. APRA keeps a list of the names of registered entities under section 11 of the Act (the list);
- C. **AMW Corporation Pty Ltd ABN 18 105 721 408** (the corporation) has become a registrable corporation, as defined in section 7 of the Act;
- D. APRA has, under paragraph 10(a) of the Act, caused the name of the corporation and other particulars relating to the corporation to be added to the register; and
- E. the corporation has therefore become a registered entity within the meaning of subsection 5(3) of the Act;

I, Darryl Roberts, a delegate of APRA, under subsection 11(2) of the Act, VARY the list by adding the name of the corporation.

Dated 16 June 2005

[Signed]
Darryl Roberts
Acting Executive General Manager
Supervisory Support Division

Interpretation

In this Notice

Page 1 of 3



Authorisation to carry on insurance business

Insurance Act 1973

TO: Auto & General Insurance Company Limited ACN 111 586 353 (the Applicant)

SINCE the Applicant applied to APRA under subsection 12(1) of the *Insurance Act* 1973 (the Act), on 18 January 2005 for authorisation to carry on insurance business in Australia;

I, Brandon Kong Leong Khoo, a delegate of APRA, under subsection 12(2) of the Act, AUTHORISE the Applicant to carry on insurance business in Australia, and under paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Act, IMPOSE the conditions set out in the Schedule attached to this Notice.

This Authorisation takes effect on 1 July 2005.

Dated 14 June 2005

[signed]

Brandon Kong Leong Khoo Executive General Manager Specialised Institutions Division

Page 2 of 3

Interpretation

In this Notice

APRA means the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

insurance business has the meaning given in section 3 of the Act.

- *Note 1* Under subsection 12(4) of the Act, if APRA authorises an applicant, APRA must give written notice to the applicant and ensure that notice of the authorisation is published in the *Gazette*.
- Note 2 APRA may revoke an authorisation in accordance with sections 15 and 16 of the Act.
- *Note 3* Under subsection 13(1) of the Act, APRA may, at any time, by written notice to a general insurer, impose conditions or additional conditions or vary or revoke conditions imposed on the insurer's authorisation under section 12 of the Act. The conditions must relate to prudential matters.
- Note 4 Under subsection 14(1) of the Act, a general insurer commits an offence if:
- (a) the insurer does an act or fails to do an act; and
- (b) doing the act or failing to do the act results in a contravention of a condition of the insurer's authorisation under section 12 of the Act; and
- (c) there is no determination in force under subsection 7(1) of the Act, that subsection 14(1) of the Act does not apply to the insurer.

The maximum penalty is 300 penalty units. Under subsection 14(1A) of the Act, where an individual commits an offence against subsection 14(1) of the Act, because of Part 2.4 of the *Criminal Code* or commits an offence under Part 2.4 of the *Criminal Code* in relation to an offence against subsection 14(1) of the Act, the individual is punishable, on conviction, by a fine not exceeding 60 penalty units. Under subsection 14(2) of the Act, an offence against section 14 of the Act, is an offence of strict liability.

Page 3 of 3

Schedule - the conditions imposed on the Authorisation

1. The Applicant shall not carry on insurance business other than domestic motor vehicle insurance.

TRADE PRACTICES ACT 1974

Declaration under section 152AL(3)

- The Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (the Commission)
 declares pursuant to section 152AL(3) of the Trade Practices Act 1974 (the
 Act) that the Integrated Services Digital Network Terminating Service (ISDN
 Terminating Service) is a "declared service" for the purposes of Part XIC of the
 Act.
- 2. This declaration takes effect on 1 July 2005 and expires on 30 June 2008.

Note: The previous declaration of the ISDN Terminating Service expires on 30 June 2005.

- The ISDN Terminating Service is described in Annexure 1. The description of the ISDN Terminating Service comprises 2 parts. Part A is to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006. Part B is to apply from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2008.
- 4. This declaration was made by decision of the Commission on 8 June 2005.

Graeme Samuel Chairman

Dated: 17 June 2005

Annexure 1

INTEGRATED SERVICES DIGITAL NETWORK TERMINATING SERVICE

PART A - Service description to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006

The Integrated Services Digital Network Terminating Service is a service for the carriage of certain communications, being ISDN calls, by way of an integrated services digital network from an exchange to customer equipment at an end-user's premises in Australia, being a service which is capable of supporting:

- 1. the carriage of:
 - a) 64 kilobits per second unrestricted;
 - b) speech;
 - c) 3.1 kilohertz audio,

on a bearer channel; and

- 2. the carriage of signals for supplementary services, including (without limitation):
 - a) calling line identification;
 - b) subaddressing;
 - c) malicious call identification;
 - d) conference call;
 - e) call hold and call waiting; and
- 3. any service provided using a common signalling protocol,

by way of a channel capable of being used for signalling.

Definitions

Where words or phrases used in this declaration are defined in the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 or the *Telecommunications Act* 1997, they have the meaning given in the relevant Act.

Calls made with access seeker specific codes are calls to numbers, including special service numbers and geographic numbers, within the Numbering Plan which are allocated to service providers;

Exchange means an exchange in Australia at which a point of interconnection is able to be located:

Integrated services digital network means a network based on digital technology capable of carrying communications by way of:

a) two 64 kilobits per second bearer channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Basic Rate Access); or

b) up to thirty 64 kilobits per second channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Primary Rate Access);

ISDN calls are communications carried by way of an integrated services digital network and include calls made with any of the following:

- a) access seeker specific codes;
- b) pre-selection in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the *Telecommunications Act 1997*;
- over-ride dial codes in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997; and

Point of interconnection means a physical point of connection between an integrated services digital network operated by a carrier or a carriage service provider and another network operated by a service provider.

PART B - Service description to apply from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2008

The Integrated Services Digital Network Terminating Service is a service for the carriage of certain communications, being ISDN calls, by way of an integrated services digital network from an exchange to customer equipment at an end-user's premises in Australia, being a service which is capable of supporting:

- 1. the carriage of:
 - a) 64 kilobits per second unrestricted;
 - b) speech;
 - c) 3.1 kilohertz audio,

on a bearer channel; and

- 2. the carriage of signals for supplementary services, including (without limitation):
 - a) calling line identification;
 - b) subaddressing;
 - c) malicious call identification;
 - d) conference call;
 - e) call hold and call waiting; and
- 3. any service provided using a common signalling protocol,

by way of a channel capable of being used for signalling

except communications relating to the supply of the service in the capital cities.

Definitions

Where words or phrases used in this declaration are defined in the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 or the *Telecommunications Act* 1997, they have the meaning given in the relevant Act.

Calls made with access seeker specific codes are calls to numbers, including special service numbers and geographic numbers, within the numbering plan which are allocated to service providers;

Capital cities means the Central Business District and metropolitan areas as set out in the charging zones below.

Capital cities	Charging Zones
Adelaide	Adelaide, Mclaren Vale, Mount Barker (SA), Salisbury, Woodside (SA)
Brisbane	Beenleigh, Brisbane, Cleveland, Ipswich, Redcliffe, Samford
Canberra	Canberra
Darwin	Darwin
Hobart	Brighton, Hobart, Huonville, Margate, New Norfolk, Richmond (TAS), Sorell
Melbourne	Croydon, Dandenong, Kalkallo, Melbourne, Sunbury, Werribee, Whittlesea
Perth	Armadale, Herne Hill, Kalamunda, Perth, Rottnest, Spearwood, Wanneroo
Sydney	Avalon Beach, Blacktown, Dural, Engadine, Liverpool, Sydney

Exchange means an exchange in Australia at which a point of interconnection is able to be located;

Integrated services digital network means a network based on digital technology capable of carrying communications by way of:

- a) two 64 kilobits per second bearer channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Basic Rate Access); or
- b) up to thirty 64 kilobits per second channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Primary Rate Access);

ISDN calls are communications carried by way of an integrated services digital network and include calls made with any of the following:

- a) access seeker specific codes;
- b) pre-selection in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997;

 c) over-ride dial codes in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997; and

Point of interconnection is a physical point of connection between an integrated services digital network operated by a carrier or a carriage service provider and another network operated by a service provider.

TRADE PRACTICES ACT 1974

Declaration under section 152AL(3)

- 1. The Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (the Commission) declares pursuant to section 152AL(3) of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* (the Act) that the Integrated Services Digital Network Originating Service (ISDN Originating Service) is a "declared service" for the purposes of Part XIC of the Act.
- 2. This declaration takes effect on 1 July 2005 and expires on 30 June 2008.

Note: The previous declaration of the ISDN Originating Service expires on 30 June 2005.

- 3. The ISDN Originating Service is described in Annexure 1. The description of the ISDN Originating Service comprises 2 parts. Part A is to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006. Part B is to apply from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2008.
- 4. This declaration was made by decision of the Commission on 8 June 2005.

Graeme Samuel Chairman

Dated: 171 June 2005

Annexure 1

INTEGRATED SERVICES DIGITAL NETWORK ORIGINATING SERVICE

PART A - Service description to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006

The Integrated Services Digital Network Originating Service is a service for the carriage of certain communications, being ISDN calls, by way of an integrated services digital network from customer equipment at an end-user's premises in Australia to an exchange, being a service which is capable of supporting:

- 1. the carriage of:
 - a) 64 kilobits per second unrestricted; and
 - b) speech; and
 - c) kilohertz audio,

on a bearer channel; and

- 2. the carriage of signals for supplementary services, including (without limitation):
 - a) calling line identification; and
 - b) subaddressing; and
 - c) malicious call identification; and
 - d) conference call; and
 - e) call hold and call waiting; and
- 3. any service provided using a common signalling protocol,

by way of a channel capable of being used for signalling.

Definitions

Where words or phrases used in this declaration are defined in the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 or the *Telecommunications Act* 1997, they have the meaning given in the relevant Act.

Calls made with access seeker specific codes are calls to numbers, including special service numbers and geographic numbers, within the numbering plan which are allocated to service providers;

Exchange is an exchange in Australia at which a point of interconnection is able to be located;

Integrated services digital network is a network based on digital technology capable of carrying communications by way of:

a) two 64 kilobits per second bearer channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Basic Rate Access); or

b) up to thirty 64 kilobits per second channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Primary Rate Access);

ISDN calls are communications carried by way of an integrated services digital network and include calls made with any of the following:

- a) access seeker specific codes;
- b) pre-selection in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997;
- c) over-ride dial codes in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997; and

Point of interconnection means a physical point of connection between an integrated services digital network operated by a carrier or a carriage service provider and another network operated by a service provider.

PART B - Service description to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2008

The Integrated Services Digital Network Originating Service is a service for the carriage of certain communications, being ISDN calls, by way of an integrated services digital network from customer equipment at an end-user's premises in Australia to an exchange, being a service which is capable of supporting:

- 1. the carriage of:
 - a) 64 kilobits per second unrestricted; and
 - b) speech; and
 - c) kilohertz audio,

on a bearer channel; and

- 2. the carriage of signals for supplementary services, including (without limitation):
 - a) calling line identification; and
 - b) subaddressing; and
 - c) malicious call identification; and
 - d) conference call; and
 - e) call hold and call waiting; and
- 3. any service provided using a common signalling protocol,

by way of a channel capable of being used for signalling.

except communications relating to the supply of the service in the capital cities.

Definitions

Where words or phrases used in this declaration are defined in the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 or the *Telecommunications Act* 1997, they have the meaning given in the relevant Act.

Capital cities are the Central Business District and metropolitan areas as set out in the charging zones below.

Capital cities	Charging Zones
Adelaide	Adelaide, Mclaren Vale, Mount Barker (SA), Salisbury, Woodside (SA)
Brisbane	Beenleigh, Brisbane, Cleveland, Ipswich, Redcliffe, Samford
Melbourne	Croydon, Dandenong, Kalkallo, Melbourne, Sunbury, Werribee, Whittlesea
Sydney	Avalon Beach, Blacktown, Dural, Engadine, Liverpool, Sydney
Perth	Armadale, Herne Hill, Kalamunda, Perth, Rottnest, Spearwood, Wanneroo
Canberra	Canberra
Darwin	Darwin
Hobart	Brighton, Hobart, Huonville, Margate, New Norfolk, Richmond (TAS), Sorell

Calls made with access seeker specific codes are calls to numbers, including special service numbers and geographic numbers, within the numbering plan which are allocated to service providers;

Exchange is an exchange in Australia at which a point of interconnection is able to be located;

Integrated services digital network is a network based on digital technology capable of carrying communications by way of:

- a) two 64 kilobits per second bearer channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Basic Rate Access); or
- b) up to thirty 64 kilobits per second channels plus one channel capable of being used for signalling (which is known as Primary Rate Access);

ISDN calls are communications carried by way of an integrated services digital network and include calls made with any of the following:

- a) access seeker specific codes;
- b) pre-selection in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997;

 over-ride dial codes in accordance with any instrument made by the Australian Communications Authority from time to time under Part 17 of the Telecommunications Act 1997; and

Point of interconnection is a physical point of connection between an integrated services digital network operated by a carrier or a carriage service provider and another network operated by a service provider.

TRADE PRACTICES ACT 1974

Declaration under section 152AL(3)

- 1. The Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (the Commission) declares pursuant to section 152AL(3) of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* (the Act) that the Digital Data Access Service (DDAS) is a "declared service" for the purposes of Part XIC of the Act.
- 2. This declaration takes effect on 1 July 2005 and expires on 30 June 2008.

Note: The previous declaration of the DDAS expires on 30 June 2005.

- 3. The DDAS is described in Annexure 1. The description of the DDAS comprises 2 parts. Part A is to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006. Part B is to apply from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2008.
- 4. This declaration was made by decision of the Commission on 8 June 2005.

Graeme Samuel Chairman

Dated: / 7 June 2005

Annexure 1

DIGITAL DATA ACCESS SERVICE

PART A - Service description to apply from 1 July 2005 to 30 June 2006

The Digital Data Access Service is a service for the carriage of certain communications, being data in digital form, between customer equipment at an enduser's premises in Australia and a point of interconnection, where:

- 1. the customer equipment is directly connected to a carrier's or carriage service provider's network; and
- 2. the carriage is capable of occurring at an nx64 rate using nx64 interfaces; and
- 3. the carriage interworks with higher management facilities and network controls

Definitions

Where words or phrases used in this declaration are defined in the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 or the *Telecommunications Act* 1997, they have the meaning given in the relevant Act.

nx64 interfaces are X.21, V.35 and G.703/G.704 interfaces, with up to 8 service interfaces per customer access;

nx64 rate means a rate of transmission equal to (n times 64 kilobits per second), where 'n' is a whole number between 1 and 31 (both inclusive);

Point of interconnection means a physical point of connection in Australia between the network to which the relevant customer equipment is directly connected and a network operated by another service provider;

PART B - Service description to apply from 1 July 2006 to 30 June 2008

The Digital Data Access Service is a service for the carriage of certain communications, being data in digital form, between customer equipment at an enduser's premises in Australia and a point of interconnection, where:

- 1. the customer equipment is directly connected to a carrier's or carriage service provider's network; and
- 2. the carriage is capable of occurring at an nx64 rate using nx64 interfaces; and
- 3. the carriage interworks with higher management facilities and network controls except communications relating to the supply of the service in the capital cities.

Definitions

Where words or phrases used in this declaration are defined in the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 or the *Telecommunications Act* 1997, they have the meaning given in the relevant Act.

Capital cities means the Central Business District and metropolitan areas as set out in the charging zones below

Capital cities	Charging Zones
Adelaide	Adelaide, Mclaren Vale, Mount Barker (SA), Salisbury, Woodside (SA)
Brisbane	Beenleigh, Brisbane, Cleveland, Ipswich, Redcliffe, Samford
Canberra	Canberra
Darwin	Darwin
Hobart	Brighton, Hobart, Huonville, Margate, New Norfolk, Richmond (TAS), Sorell
Melbourne	Croydon, Dandenong, Kalkallo, Melbourne, Sunbury, Werribee, Whittlesea
Perth	Armadale, Herne Hill, Kalamunda, Perth, Rottnest, Spearwood, Wanneroo
Sydney	Avalon Beach, Blacktown, Dural, Engadine, Liverpool, Sydney

nx64 interfaces are X.21, V.35 and G.703/G.704 interfaces, with up to 8 service interfaces per customer access;

nx64 rate means a rate of transmission equal to (n times 64 kilobits per second), where 'n' is a whole number between 1 and 31 (both inclusive);

Point of interconnection means a physical point of connection in Australia between the network to which the relevant customer equipment is directly connected and a network operated by another service provider;

COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION

The Commissioner of Taxation, Michael Joseph Carmody, gives notice of the following Rulings, copies of which can be obtained from Branches of the Australian Taxation Office.

NOTICE OF RULINGS

Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description			
TR 2005/11	Income tax: branch funding for multinational banks	This Ruling deals with income tax issues related to the funding of a permanent establishment (PE) of a multinational bank. It specifically focuses on such issues arising where a bank internally transfers funds to or from a PE in the ordinary course of carrying on business through that PE.			
		This Ruling applies to years of income commencing both before and after its date of issue.			
TD 2005/28	Income tax: is the income of a property syndicate taxable as net income of a trust estate under Division 6 of Part III of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 where the syndicate is a	This Ruling determines that the income of a property syndicate is taxable as net income of a trust estate under Division 6 of Part III of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> where the syndicate is a registered managed investment scheme under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> and the responsible entity holds the income producing property of the syndicate for scheme members as scheme property.			
registered managed investment scheme under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> and the responsible entity holds the income producing property of the syndicate for scheme members as scheme property?		This Determination applies to years commencing both before and after its date of issue.			
TD 2005/30	Income tax: what is the car limit to be used for the 2005-2006	This Ruling determines that the car limit for the 2005-2006 financial year is \$57,009.			
	financial year?	This Determination applies to the financial year commencing 1 July 2005.			
TD 2005/31	Income tax: what is the benchmark interest rate applicable for the year of income that commenced on 1 July 2005 for the purposes of Division 7A of Part III of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 and how is it used?	This Ruling determines that for the income year commencing 1 July 2005, the benchmark interest rate for the purposes of sections 109N and 109E of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> is 7.30% per annum. This Determination applies to the income year commencing 1 July 2005.			
TD 2005/32	Income tax: what are the reasonable travel and meal allowance expense amounts for 2005-06?	This Determination sets out the amounts that the Commissioner considers are reasonable for the 2005-06 income year in relation to claims made for: (a) overtime meal allowance expenses; (b) domestic travel allowance expenses; (c) travel allowance expenses for employee truck drivers; and (d) overseas travel allowance expenses.			
GSTR 2005/3	Goods and services tax: arrangements of the kind described in Taxpayer Alert TA 2004/9 – exploitation of the second-hand goods provisions to obtain input tax credits	This Determination applies to the 2005-06 income year only. This Ruling provides the Commissioner's views on the arrangements set out in Taxpayer Alert TA 2004/9: Exploitation of the second-hand goods provisions to obtain Goods and Services Tax (GST) input tax credits. This Ruling explains our view of the law as it applied from 1 July 2000.			

Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description	
GSTD 2005/4	Goods and services tax: are 'wholesale holdback' and 'retail holdback' payments made by a motor vehicle manufacturer or importer of new motor vehicles to a dealer consideration for a supply?	This Ruling determines that 'wholesale holdback' and 'retail holdback' payments made by a motor vehicle manufacturer or importer of new motor vehicles to a dealer that are made under an arrangement that does not form part of a dealership agreement are not consideration for a supply under the <i>A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999.</i> There are no supplies made by the dealer in relation to the payments. This means that GST is not payable nor is there an entitlement to input tax credits in relation to the payments. This Determination explains our view of the law as it applied from 1 July 2000.	
LCTD 2005/1	Luxury car tax: what is the luxury car tax threshold for the 2005-2006 financial year?	This Ruling determines that the luxury car tax threshold for the 2005-2006 financial year is \$57,009. This Determination applies to the financial year commencing on 1 July 2005.	
CR 2005/52	Income tax: assessable income: basketball referees: Townsville Basketball Inc. receipts	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for basketball referees who referee basketball matches conducted by Townsville Basketball Incorporated and its affiliated associations and receive payments for refereeing matches in various league competitions. This Ruling applies from 1 July 2004.	
CR 2005/53	Income tax: assessable income: Department of Finance and Administration and Department of the Treasury employees deployed to Nauru	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for employees of the Department of Finance and Administration and the Department of the Treasury who are deployed to Nauru under the Memorandum of Understanding between the Government of Australia and the Government of Nauru for Cooperation in the Management of Asylum Seekers and Related Issues and the Agreement between Australia and Nauru Concerning Additional Police and Other Assistance to Nauru and who remain Australian residents throughout the period of deployment.	
CD 2005/54	Income toy, gassasable	This Ruling applies from 1 July 2004.	
CR 2005/54	Income tax: assessable income: Australian Federal Police employees – International Deployment Group deployed to Nauru as Assisting Australian Police	 This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for persons deployed to Nauru as part of the International Deployment Group (IDG). They are: Australian Federal Police (AFP) officers; persons seconded to the AFP under section 69D of the Australian Federal Police Act 1979 (AFP Act 1979) for the purposes of deployment as part of the IDG, for the period of their deployment; and persons appointed to the AFP as special members of the AFP under section 40E of the AFP Act 1979 for the purposes of deployment as part of the IDG, for the period of their deployment, who are deployed to Nauru under the Agreement between Australia and Nauru Concerning Additional Police and Other Assistance to Nauru and who remain Australian residents throughout the period of deployment. This Ruling applies from 1 July 2004. 	
CR 2005/55	Income tax: share buy-back: Rio Tinto Limited	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for shareholders of Rio Tinto Limited ('Rio Tinto'), a publicly listed company, who disposed of ordinary shares under Rio Tinto's off-market share buy-back which was announced by Rio Tinto on 11 March 2005 and described in the Arrangement part of this Ruling. This Ruling applies to the income year for a participating shareholder in which that shareholder disposed of shares under the 2005 Rio Tinto off-market buy-back of ordinary shares.	
CR 2005/56	Income tax: Promina Group Limited – Employee Share Purchase Plan (Deferral 2003)	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for Australian resident employees of Promina Group Limited (PGL) and Australian Associated Motor Insurers who participate in the 'PGL Employee Share Purchase Plan (Deferral 2003)' described in the Arrangement section of this Ruling. This Ruling applies from the 2003-2004 year of income.	

Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description		
CR 2005/57	Income tax: Promina Group Limited – Employee Share Purchase Plan (Exemption 2003)	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for Australian resident employees of Promina Group Limited (PGL) and Australian Associated Motor Insurers who participate in the 'PGL Employee Share Purchase Plan (Exemption 2003)' described in the Arrangement section of this Ruling.		
		This Class Ruling applies from the 2002-2003 year of income.		
CR 2005/58	Income tax: Promina Group Limited – Senior Management Performance Share Plan	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for Australian resident employees of Promina Group Limited (PGL) and Australian Associated Motor Insurers Limited who participate in the PGL Senior Management Performance Plan as described in the Arrangement section of this Ruling.		
		This Class Ruling applies from the 2002-2003 year of income.		
CR 2005/59	Income tax: Endeavour Asia Awards	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for postgraduate students from Asia who receive an Endeavour Asia Award from the Department of Education, Science and Training.		
00.0005/00		This Class Ruling applies from 1 January 2006.		
CR 2005/60	Income tax: Endeavour Europe Awards	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for postgraduate students from Europe who receive an Endeavour Europe Award from the Department of Education, Science and Training.		
		This Class Ruling applies from 1 January 2006.		
CR 2005/61	Income tax: CGT event K6: Tattersall's Group Restructure: Beneficiaries of the Estate of the	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for beneficiaries of the Estate of the Late George Adams who acquired their interests in the Estate before 20 September 1985.		
	Late George Adams	This Class Ruling applies to the year ended 30 June 2005.		
CR 2005/63	Income tax: scrip for scrip roll- over: merger of James Fielding Group and Mirvac Group	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for holders of James Fielding Group (JFG) stapled securities (consisting of a share in James Fielding Holdings Limited (JFH) and a unit in the James Fielding Trust (JFT)) who:		
		 (a) are 'residents of Australia' within the meaning of that expression in subsection 6(1) of the <i>Income Tax</i> Assessment Act 1936; 		
		(b) hold their shares in JFH on capital account;		
		(c) hold their units in the JFT on capital account;		
		(d) dispose of their shares in JFH to Mirvac Limited (ML) in exchange for shares in ML;		
		(e) dispose of their units in the JFT to the Mirvac Property Trust (MPT) in exchange for units in the MPT; and		
		(f) are not 'significant stakeholders' within the meaning of that expression in Subdivision 124-M of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> .		
		This Class Ruling applies to the year of income ended 30 June 2005.		
PR 2005/96	Income tax: tax consequences of investing in ABN AMRO Rolling Instalment Warrants IZY Series 2005 Product Disclosure Statement – Cash Applicants and Secondary Market	This Product Ruling sets out the tax consequences for persons who acquire ABN AMRO Rolling Instalment Warrant IZY Series under the Product Disclosure Statement dated 22 April 2005, which provides an investment in shares listed for quotation on the Australian Stock Exchange and a put option using in part a loan made by ABN AMRO Australia Limited.		
	Purchasers	This Ruling applies prospectively from 29 June 2005.		
PR 2005/97	Income tax: tax consequences of investing in ABN AMRO Rolling Instalment Warrants IZZ Series 2005 Product Disclosure Statement – Cash Applicants and Secondary Market	This Product Ruling sets out the tax consequences for persons who acquire ABN AMRO Rolling Instalment Warrant IZZ Series under the Product Disclosure Statement dated 22 April 2005, which provides an investment in shares and/or units listed for quotation in the official list of an approved stock exchange and a put option using in part a loan made by ABN AMRO Australia Limited.		
	Purchasers	This Ruling applies prospectively from 29 June 2005.		
PR 2005/98	Income tax: Film Investment – Becker Filmed Entertainment Fund	This Product Ruling sets out the tax consequences for investors entering into a Film Investment Deed with Becker Group Limited for the production and distribution of selected films.		
		This Ruling applies prospectively from 29 June 2005.		
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Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description	
PR 2005/99	Income tax: tax consequences of investing in Westpac 'SWZ' Series Self-Funding Instalments 2005 Product Disclosure Statement – cash applicants and on-market purchasers	This Product Ruling sets out the tax consequences for persons who acquire Westpac 'SWZ' Series Self-Funding Instalments under the Product Disclosure Statement dated 22 April 2005 which provide an investment in shares listed on the Australian Stock Exchange and/or units in certain listed trusts and a put option using in part a loan made by Westpac Banking Corporation. This Ruling applies prospectively from 29 June 2005.	

NOTICE OF WITHDRAWALS

Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description		
CR 2005/55	Income tax: share buy-back: Rio Tinto Limited	This Class Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2005.		
CR 2005/56	Income tax: Promina Group Limited – Employee Share Purchase Plan (Deferral 2003)	This Class Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2005.		
CR 2005/57	Income tax: Promina Group Limited – Employee Share Purchase Plan (Exemption 2003)	This Class Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2005.		
CR 2005/58	Income tax: Promina Group Limited – Senior Management Performance Share Plan	This Class Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2005.		
PR 2005/96	Income tax: tax consequences of investing in ABN AMRO Rolling Instalment Warrants IZY Series 2005 Product Disclosure Statement – Cash Applicants and Secondary Market Purchasers	This Product Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2008.		
PR 2005/97	Income tax: tax consequences of investing in ABN AMRO Rolling Instalment Warrants IZZ Series 2005 Product Disclosure Statement – Cash Applicants and Secondary Market Purchasers	This Product Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2008.		
PR 2005/98	Income tax: Film Investment – Becker Filmed Entertainment Fund	This Product Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2007.		
PR 2005/99	Income tax: tax consequences of investing in Westpac 'SWZ' Series Self-Funding Instalments 2005 Product Disclosure Statement – cash applicants and on-market purchasers	This Product Ruling is withdrawn from 1 July 2009.		
CR 2005/13	Income tax: return of capital: WMC Resources Limited	This Class Ruling sets out the tax consequences for the shareholders of WMC Resources Limited (WMC) of a proposed return of capital (Capital Return) as described in the Arrangement part of the Ruling. The Board of Directors of WMC decided that the proposed Capital Return would proceed if approved by WMC shareholders at its Annual General Meeting but only if the takeover offer made by BHP Billiton group (BHP) is not successful and no other takeover bid for WMC is successful. As the offer period for the BHP takeover had not expired prior to the		
		WMC Annual General Meeting held on 30 May 2005 and the takeover is now progressing to completion, the proposed Capital Return under the Arrangement identified will not be made before 1 July 2005. Consequently CR 2005/13 is therefore withdrawn.		

Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description
TD 93/145 Incomentitle depresitem of produshe is	Income tax: is an employee entitled to a deduction for depreciation in relation to an item of plant used for income producing activities when he or she is subsequently reimbursed for the cost of the item?	This Determination explains that section 51AH of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1936</i> (ITAA 1936) does not operate to reduce an employee's deduction for depreciation where the employee is reimbursed in respect of an amount of a tax deductible work related expense. The Determination was written in the context of the depreciation provisions as they existed in the ITAA 1936. The reasons underpinning the Determination are no longer applicable in the context of Division 40 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> which is the replacement for the provisions dealing with depreciation.
		TD 93/145 will be replaced with a new Determination which provides different reasoning. The effect of TD 93/145 will be maintained in TD 2005/D17.

NOTICE OF ADDENDA

Ruling Number	Subject	Brief Description		
CR 2004/139	Income tax: Endeavour Australia – Asia Postgraduate Student Awards	This Addendum amends Class Ruling CR 2004/139 to address a change to the withdrawal date.		
CR 2004/140	Income tax: Endeavour Australia – Europe Postgraduate Student Awards	This Addendum amends Class Ruling CR 2004/140 to address a change to the withdrawal date.		
PR 2004/94	Income tax: Burbank Film and Television Fund	This Addendum amends Product Ruling PR 2004/94 to reduce the minimum subscription required to be achieved by 30 June 2005 from \$11,636,245 to \$5,475,880.		
PR 2005/114	Income tax: Great Southern Plantations 2005 Project – (Pre 30 June Growers)	This Addendum amends Product Ruling PR 2004/114 to include the planting of the <i>Acacia mangium</i> species of trees on the Tiwi Islands in the Northern Territory and to reflect changes to the simplified tax system legislation from the 2005-06 income year onwards.		
PR 2005/3	Income tax: TFS Sandalwood Project 2005 (Pre 30 June Growers)	This Addendum amends Product Ruling PR 2005/3 to reflect: an increase in the total number of hectares available for cultivation under the Project from 150 hectares to 175 hectares; and changes to the simplified tax system legislation from 2005/06 onwards.		
PR 2005/36	Income tax: Macquarie Forestry Investment 2005 (Pre 1 July 2005 Growers)	This Addendum amends Product Ruling PR 2005/36 to incorporate details of the increased size of the Project and a second Forestry Contractor.		

AUSTRALIAN TAXATION OFFICE

Superannuation Contributions Tax (Assessment and Collection) Act 1997, Superannuation Contributions Tax (Members of Constitutionally Protected Superannuation Funds) Assessment and Collection Act 1997 and Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993

LODGMENT OF STATEMENTS AND RETURNS

Under section 13 of the Superannuation Contributions Tax (Assessment and Collection) Act 1997 and section 12 of the Superannuation Contributions Tax (Members of Constitutionally Protected Superannuation Funds) Assessment and Collection Act 1997 superannuation providers must give the Commissioner of Taxation certain statements every year. Those Acts also empower the Commissioner, by notice published in the Gazette, to set out the way in which information to be contained in a statement is to be given. The Commissioner used to publish such requirements in the Gazette.

Under section 36A of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* each trustee of a superannuation entity that was a self managed superannuation fund at any time during a year of income must, within the reporting period, ensure that the Commissioner of Taxation is given a return. Subsection 36A(2) defines "reporting period" to mean a period that begins at the end of the year of income and whose length is prescribed or, if the length of the period is not prescribed, specified by the Commissioner of Taxation by notice in the *Gazette*. The Commissioner used to specify such periods by notice in the *Gazette*.

Under the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003* (the LIA), publication in the Gazette is no longer a legal requirement in respect of the abovementioned official requirements and periods. Instead, the legal requirement of gazettal is satisfied by the publication of the notice on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments (FRLI).

If you wish to view the requirements for giving of statements or reporting periods for 2005 and subsequent years you should refer to the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments which may be accessed by the public at www.frli.gov.au

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AUSTRALIAN TAXATION OFFICE

LODGMENT OF RETURNS AND STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INCOME TAX ASSESSMENT ACT 1936

Section 161 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (ITAA36) obliges every person to give to the Commissioner a return for a year of income within the period specified in a notice published in the *Gazette*. The Commissioner used to publish such notices in the *Gazette*, but under the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003* (the LIA), notwithstanding the wording of section 161, publication in the *Gazette* is no longer a legal requirement. Instead the legal requirement of gazettal is satisfied by the publication of the notice on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments.

If you wish to view the section 161 notice (and its accompanying explanatory statement) for 2005 and subsequent years you should refer to the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments which may be accessed by the public at www.frli.gov.au

AUSTRALIAN COMPETITION AND CONSUMER COMMISSION EXECUTIVE MINUTE

14 June 2005

Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasurer

15 JUN 2005

WARNING NOTICE ADVISING OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO THE SAFETY OF POCKET BIKES (MINI OR MONKEY BIKES)

Timing: Gazettal of warning notice as soon as possible

Recommendation/Issue: That you sign the attached consumer protection notice which advises consumers and suppliers that a sub-set of goods known as pocket bikes, or monkey bikes, are under investigation to determine what action, if any, is needed to reduce potential injuries associated with these products.

Signed/Not Signed

22,06/2005

KEY POINTS

- Pocket or mini bikes, otherwise known as monkey bikes, are working miniature replicas of popular on-road motorcycles, such as Harley Davidson, Suzuki, Honda. They are scaled down to around half the size of the real product and some can reach speeds of up to 70 km per hour. Most are powered by petrol fuelled combustion engines, but some are electric powered.
- Pocket bike racing is an extremely popular sport overseas and is gaining popularity in Australia. The
 bikes retail in Australia from around \$300 to \$1,500 and are selling in significant quantities.
- In December 2004 Victoria road traffic regulations banned the use of pocket bikes on roads and
 public places unless the rider holds a motor cycle licence and the vehicle is fully registered. This
 same requirement now prevails in other States and Territories.
- In addition, all pocket bikes require an import approval to enable clearance by the Australian
 Customs Service. However, we understand that this requirement applies only to fully assembled
 units, not to collections of parts for later assembly, which is how many of the bikes are imported and
 supplied.
- Over the last year or so, significant numbers of low cost and lower quality pocket bikes have entered the market. This lowering of quality standards may compromise safety.
- In May 2005 the Victorian Minister for Consumer Affairs issued a notice warning of the potential
 dangers of these bikes and a permanent ban order prohibiting the supply of pocket bikes that do not
 meet specified requirements dealing with braking systems, steering assemblies, foot rests and throttle
 control systems.
- There is no evidence of any other country taking action to restrict the supply of pocket bikes.
- In the wake of the Victorian action, the Consumer Products Advisory Committee (CPAC), an
 advisory committee to the Standing Committee of Officials of Consumer Affairs (SCOCA) and the
 Ministerial Council on Consumer Affairs (MCCA), has formed a working party to conduct
 appropriate research and formulate final recommendations on future action.
- In the interim, it would be appropriate to issue a warning notice to users and potential purchasers of these products, advising of the possible hazards faced by users due to potential poor quality brakes, steering, throttle control, and inadequate foot peg strength.

Mark Pearson, A/g Executive General Manager Enforcement & Compliance Division

Nigel Ridgway, General Manager Compliance Strategies Branch Contact Officer: Kerry Ashbolt 6243 1262

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

In December 2004 Consumer Affairs Victoria carried out a preliminary assessment of a Harley Davidson look-alike pocket bike and found it to be unsafe in the following areas:

- both the front and rear braking mechanisms were improperly adjusted and failed to provide adequate stopping force;
- the steering head exhibited excessive free play rendering the steering dangerous;
- the foot rests, also known as foot pegs, where the rider places his/her feet, folded under the weight of the rider.

Consumer Affairs Victoria commissioned an independent consultant mechanical engineer to provide an independent assessment of the safety of the bike, who confirmed the above identified safety issues and in addition found that there was a major safety concern with the twist grip throttle control in that it did not return to the idle position. After the visual inspection, the consultant refuelled the vehicle, readjusted the steering head bearings and the front and rear brakes, inflated the front tyre and rode the motorcycle for a distance of approximately 200 metres. Its top speed was found to be in excess of 40 km/h, its steering and handling was found to be poor and the brakes were in need of readjusting.

The consultant concluded that the product did not offer a satisfactory safe level of operation, durability and serviceability irrespective of the type of use for which the manufacturer intended it. The major safety issues identified were:

- unacceptable quality of manufacture and assembly of the steering head bearings;
- insufficient tightening torque applied to most of the structural bolts;
- insufficient strength of the foot rests;
- insufficient strength of the back support mounting system;
- insufficient strength of the mounting brackets for the ancillary devices;
- unacceptable quality, design and assembly of the front and rear brakes;
- unacceptable operation of the throttle control system.

The consultant assessed the overall quality of the product as very poor and below the expectations of the Australian consumers.

Accordingly on 23 May 2005 the Victorian Minister for Consumer Affairs issued a public warning notice to owners and potential users of the bikes, and a permanent ban order prohibiting the supply of pocket bikes that do not comply with the following requirements:

- Throttle (Accelerator): All motorcycles shall be equipped with an accelerator mounted on the right handle bar and be self closing in a clockwise direction to idle position after release of hand.
- **Braking Systems**: All motorcycles shall be equipped with brake systems that are capable of acting on the front and rear wheels. With the exception of drum type brake systems, the brake system must incorporate devices which compensate for any increased movement of its

components arising from wear. Such devices must themselves contain provision for securing them throughout their working range in any position in which they may be adjusted to or to which they themselves automatically adjust.

- **Foot Pegs**: All motorcycles shall be equipped with foot pegs. Each foot peg must be capable of holding a static load equal to the maximum carrying capacity recommended by the manufacturer. Where a maximum carrying capacity is not supplied by the manufacturer, each foot peg must be capable of holding a static load of 70 kg.
- Steering: The steering head (head stem) shall exhibit no free play and the steering must move freely, under its own weight, from lock to lock with the front wheel raised off the ground.

The extent to which poor quality or poorly designed pocket bikes currently exist on the market is unknown. Further research and product testing will be required.

The *Trade Practices Act 1974* currently provides some protection to consumers in respect of goods which are not fit for purpose or are not of merchantable quality. Statutory rights of redress, such as rights to obtain refunds, are available.

Any future action in respect of pocket bikes under the product safety provisions of the Trade Practices Act will need to be clearly justified and will need to ensure that only identified unsafe products are targeted by any regulation.

The CPAC Working Party is expected to complete its work in four months.

During the CPAC Working Party's deliberations, action to ban the supply of unsafe pocket bikes can be taken quickly if the evidence justifies such action.

A suitable media release will be developed to coincide with the gazettal of the warning notice.

4

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Trade Practices Act 1974

Consumer Protection Notice No 2 of 2005

WARNING NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

I, Chris Pearce, Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasurer, pursuant to section 65B of the Trade Practices Act 1974, ADVISE that goods of the kind specified below are under investigation by the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission and State and Territory fair trading agencies to determine whether they will or may cause injury to any person.

Particulars of Goods

Pocket bikes, also known as mini or monkey bikes, which may not meet reasonable levels of safety, resulting from poor design, poor parts quality and/or poor assembly. (These bikes are not to be confused with legitimate off road mini bikes which are designed for the purpose and meet necessary safety requirements.)

Note: Pocket bikes, also known as mini or monkey bikes, are working miniature replicas of popular on-road motorcycles. They are scaled down to around half the size of on road motorcycles and some can reach speeds of up to 70 kilometres per hour. Most are powered by petrol-fuelled combustion engines. Victoria has already taken regulatory action to prevent the supply of certain pocket bikes found on sale in Victoria.

Possible Risks Involved in Their Use

Safety concerns exist about the design, quality of parts and assembly of some pocket bikes. Pocket bikes giving rise to concerns are not clearly marked with the manufacturer's or supplier's identity.

The following safety concerns exist:

- 1. **Throttle (accelerator)**: The throttle may stick preventing deceleration;
- 2. **Braking systems**: The brakes may not provide sufficient stopping force and may be incorrectly adjusted. Brake components may not be properly fitted;
- 3. Steering: Some exhibit significant free play in the steering mechanism, capable of causing shaking and loss of control;
- 4. Foot pegs: Some do not have foot pegs capable of supporting a load equal to the maximum carrying capacity recommended by the manufacturer (or a minimum of 70 kilograms if no capacity is specified).

The investigation will focus on these identified safety concerns and on any other safety issues that might arise.

Interim Advice to Consumers

Consumers are advised that, under State and Territory transport regulations, pocket bikes are not permitted to be used on roads or in any public places.

While the safety risks associated with some pocket bikes are under investigation, consumers should take the following precautions, particularly if there is no manufacturer or supplier identification on the product and the purchase price is at the lower end of the product price range:

- 1. At the time of purchase, check that the brakes appear robust and are solidly assembled, the steering assembly is stable with no free play, the throttle returns to the idle position when released and the foot rests are solid, well constructed and will support a 70 kg load.
- 2. Prior to use, again check the stability of the steering assembly, check that the throttle returns to the idle position when released and that the brakes work well, or have the bike assessed and adjusted/repaired if necessary by a competent mechanic.

Dated this 22m day of June 2005

CHRIS PEARCE

Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasurer

Public Notices

Length:

Type of ship:

11.25m

Principal material of construction:

MACHT.

The Gazette Notice

The notice must use the following wording:

SHIPPING REGISTRATION ACT 1981
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR REGISTRATION
Notice is hereby given of the intention of
(full name) Law 25 CE HARRY 64:13 of DD
(full name) Law Rose HARRY Gu 13 of QLD (address) LLD PARIMA RD CAMACH VALT to apply, 4 90 2
after the expiration of the period of thirty days commencing on the date of
publication of this notice, for the registration under the abovenamed Act of the
ship particulars of which are set out below. Objections to the registration of the
ship in the name of the abovementioned person, by persons claiming a legal
proprietary right in respect of the ship, should, together with any relevant
documents that will verify the claim be delivered to the Registrar of Ships at the
Australian Shipping Registration Office, Level 1 Allan Woods Building, 25
Constitution Avenue, Canberra City ACT 2601 or sent by properly prepaid post to
the Registrar of Ships at the Australian Maritime Safety Authority, GPO Box
2181, Canberra City ACT 2601, before the expiry of the period referred to above.
Particulars of Ship
Present name: Tepicaci
Former name: Rames ses
Present name: Thopical. Former name: Ranges See Present whereabouts: Alange See
ength:



No. S107, Tuesday, 21 June 2005 Published by the Commonwealth of Australia

SPECIAI



Government House CANBERRA ACT 2600 21 June 2005

MIDWINTER'S DAY 2005 HONOURS LIST

The Governor-General is pleased to announce the following awards:

AUSTRALIAN ANTARCTIC MEDAL

Mr Geoffrey Reginald Copson

32 Red Chapel Avenue, Sandy Bay Tas 7005 For outstanding service in support of Australian Antarctic expeditions.

Mr Andrew Graeme Tink

65 Clunes Road, North Creswick Vic 3363
For outstanding service in support of Australian Antarctic expeditions.

By His Excellency's Command

Malcolm Hazell

Official Secretary to the Governor-General

THE AUSTRALIAN ANTARCTIC MEDAL

(21 June 2005)

Mr Geoffrey Reginald Copson

32 Red Chapel Avenue, Sandy Bay Tas 7005

For outstanding service in support of Australian Antarctic expeditions.

Occupation in Antarctica:

Biologist and Parks and Wildlife Management Officer

Service in Antarctica:

Macquarie Island 1975 (winter) Macquarie Island 1975-76 (summer)

Macquarie Island 1976-77 (summer)

Macquarie Island 1978 (winter) Macquarie Island 1978-79 (summer)
Macquarie Island 1980 (winter) Macquarie Island 1980-81 (summer)

Mawson (Officer in Charge) 1982 (winter)

Macquarie Island 1984 (winter) Macquarie Island 1984-85 (summer)

Macquarie Island 1985-86 (summer)
Macquarie Island 1989-90 (summer)
Macquarie Island 1992-93 (summer)

Macquarie Island 1994-95 (summer) Macquarie Island 1996-97 (roundtrip) Macquarie Island 1999-2000 (summer)

Macquarie Island 2001/02 (roundtrip)

Mr Copson is a Wildlife Management Officer with the Tasmanian Department of Primary Industries, Water and the Environment (DPIWE), has been associated with Australian Antarctic expeditions for over 30 years, and was the DPIWE officer principally responsible for conservation programs on Macquarie Island. His impressive record of service includes 5 winters and numerous summers interspersed with round trips.

He was the Officer-in-Charge at Mawson station on the Antarctic continent in 1982. The wintering party, which numbered 33, was the largest to have spent the year at Mawson to that time. Almost a third of those expeditioners were engaged in construction of the new station, the remainder carrying out the normal mix of station-based science and support activities. The party included an exchange scientist from the Peoples' Republic of China and a lone female who was the first of her gender to winter at Mawson. Despite the particularly heavy station-based workload, an impressive total of 13 separate field trips were conducted during the year to places as diverse as the Auster, Taylor and Kloa Emperor penguin colonies to continue scientific studies there and inland of the Framnes Mountains to establish an automatic weather station. In addition to the size of the wintering group the presence of a large number of construction personnel on station provided a particular management challenge. Despite this, his leadership skills were such that the year was a particularly productive one with all major projects being completed as planned and overall morale remaining high.

Mr Copson's service on Macquarie Island, both as a biologist in the Australian National Antarctic Research Expeditions program and as the Tasmanian Parks and Wildlife Service's Officer has made a substantial contribution to the understanding of the dynamics of the island's ecosystem, especially in relation to the progressive elimination of vertebrate pests. His knowledge of the subantarctic is encyclopaedic and his deep – and probably unparalleled understanding of Macquarie Island has led to his becoming widely known and respected in the international subantarctic community.

Mr Copson was responsible for the early planning and implementation of the vertebrate pest control system that has seen the eradication of cats and wekas, and control of rabbits and rats on Macquarie Island and has done much to restore the island to a near natural subantarctic environment. His vision of a pest-free Macquarie Island, enormous though such a task might be, was instrumental in attracting Commonwealth funding, and his innovative programs have played an important role in Australia's ultimately successful efforts to have Macquarie Island inscribed in the World Heritage Register.

Mr Copson is a dedicated researcher who spent most of his time on the island off station and in the field. He is generous with his knowledge and encourages others in their understanding of the region. His knowledge and patience are immense, and his quiet, infectious enthusiasm has given confidence to many a young researcher.

THE AUSTRALIAN ANTARCTIC MEDAL

(21 June 2005)

Mr Andrew Graeme Tink

65 Clunes Road, Creswick Vic 3363
For outstanding service in support of Australian Antarctic expeditions.

Occupation in Antarctica:

Chef

Service in Antarctica:

Casey Jan 1997-Jan 1998 Macquarie Island Jan-May 1998 Mawson Oct 1998-Jan 2000 Macquarie Island Nov 2000-March 2002 Davis Oct 2002-Feb 2004 Casey Oct 2004-current

Throughout his Antarctic service, spanning nine summers and four winters, Mr Tink has been a leading contributor to station communities extending far beyond his excellent performance as chef, in particular his consistent and substantial contributions to station morale, expedition safety, and field science support.

As expedition chef, through his extraordinary energy and considerable skills, Mr Tink produces an unending variety of nutritious, well-presented and tasty dishes. His cuisine is broad and with almost no access to fresh ingredients, the standard as well as the variety of meals produced is little short of astonishing. The printed menus he designs and produces for Christmas, Midwinter and other special occasions are treasured Antarctic souvenirs.

It is well recognised that the overall success and safety of Antarctic station operations depends heavily on good morale. As expedition chef Mr Tink is daily in the public eye, where his constant good mood, conversation and humour help substantially to maintain and improve morale. He is always generous with his time and his expertise.

While it is usual for wintering expeditioners to accept one or two voluntary additional roles, few have taken on as many as Mr Tink and filled them so well. He has been a member of four Search & Rescue Teams, including Search and Rescue Leader for his last three expeditions (at Macquarie Island, Davis and Casey), a position which he has undertaken with his usual dedication and attention to detail. In every one of his Antarctic winters he has been a member of the station fire fighting team. In his two most recent winters (at Davis and Casey) he has also trained for and occupied the role of hospital theatre assistant. In all these safety roles his contribution has been responsible, energetic, enthusiastic and effective.

Other community roles he has filled include Electoral Officer, Amenities Officer, and boat driver. He also plays a leading role in station social events of all kinds.

Mr Tink has made significant contributions to field science support. As well as ensuring the supply and turnover of food in field huts, he has contributed through his role as boat driver and skipper. The availability and quality of his meals have made the field experiences of many scientists safer, more pleasant and more productive.



No. S108, Thursday, 23 June 2005

SPECIAL

Published by the Commonwealth of Australia

The following is an Approved form under Regulation 83, Electoral and Referendum Regulations 1940.

Kathy Mitchell

Acting Assistant Commissioner Elections

Australian Electoral Commission

Certified extract from the list of all electors who failed to vote at the federal election held on Saturday [dd/mm/yyyy].

- 1. Federal Division: [name of Division]
- 2. Name of Elector: [name of elector]
- 3. Residential address of elector on the Roll: [address]
- 4. Postal address of elector: [if applicable]
- 5. Date of despatch by post of the first penalty notice¹ to the elector's postal address: [dd/mm/yyyy]
- 6. Date specified in the first penalty notice by which the response was to be received by the Divisional Returning Officer: [dd/mm/yyyy]
- 7. Date of despatch by post of the second penalty notice² (if applicable) to the elector at the elector's postal address: [dd/mm/yyyy]/[N/A]
- 8. Date specified in the second penalty notice by which the response was to be received by the Divisional Returning Officer: [dd/mm/yyyy]/[N/A]
- 9. Date of despatch by post of fine notice³ (if applicable) to the elector at the elector's postal address: [dd/mm/yyyy]/[N/A]
- 10. Date specified in the fine notice by which the response was to be received by the Divisional Returning Officer: [dd/mm/yyyy]/[N/A]

I did not receive a response to the first or second penalty notice and I am not satisfied that the elector did in fact vote or that there was a valid and sufficient reason for the elector's failure to vote;

OR

☐ I received a response to the first or second penalty notice, however, I am not satisfied that the elector did in fact vote or that there was a valid and sufficient reason for the elector's failure to vote and the elector failed to pay the penalty for not voting;

Divisional Returning Officer

[dd/mm/yy]

¹ Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918, s 245(5).

² Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918, s 245(6).

³ Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918, s 245(9).

No. S109, Thursday, 23 June 2005 Published by the Commonwealth of Australia

SPECIAL

Commonwealth of Australia

Native Title Act 1993

Section 203AH

Withdrawal of Recognition

I, AMANDA VANSTONE, Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, acting under section 203AH(2) of the Native Title Act 1993 ("the Act"), have decided to withdraw recognition as the representative body for the Queensland South area given to Queensland South Representative Body Aboriginal Corporation under section 203AD(1) of the Act.

Withdrawal of recognition is effective immediately.

Dated 2 June 2005

Amanda Vanstone

Minister for Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

No. S110, Friday, 24 June 2005

Published by the Commonwealth of Australia

SPECIAL





PROPOSED REDISTRIBUTION OF FEDERAL ELECTORAL BOUNDARIES IN THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

As a result of population changes, the boundaries of the 2 federal Electoral Divisions in the Australian Capital Territory (ACT) are changing, and the Redistribution Committee for the ACT has announced its proposal for the new boundaries and names of the Divisions.

Members of the public, political parties and other organisations are invited to inspect the Public Suggestions lodged with the Redistribution Committee for the ACT, along with the Report of the Redistribution Committee which contains reasons for the proposed redistribution and detailed maps showing the names and boundaries of the proposed Divisions.

Outline maps of the proposed boundaries will appear in the Canberra Times, the Canberra Chronicle and the South Coast Register newspapers on Saturday 25, Tuesday 28 and Wednesday 29 June 2005, respectively.

What is a redistribution?

A redistribution is a redrawing of electoral boundaries to ensure that, as nearly as practicable, there is the same number of electors in each Division within a State or Territory. The boundaries must be formulated taking into account current and future enrolment statistics, community of interests, communication and transport links, natural features, and current boundaries.

Why is a redistribution being held?

A redistribution of federal electoral boundaries in the ACT is now due as seven years has elapsed since the last redistribution. In accordance with section 59 of the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918*, the Electoral Commission directed that a redistribution commence on 30 November 2004.

What has happened so far?

Notices inviting written Public Suggestions and Comments on those suggestions were placed in the *Gazette* on 16 February 2005 and newspapers on 18, 19 and 22 February 2005. A Redistribution Committee was appointed on 10 May 2005. Four public suggestions were received and considered by the Redistribution Committee in the development of its proposal.

Who is on the Redistribution Committee?

The Redistribution Committee for the ACT consists of the Electoral Commissioner (Mr Andy Becker), the Senior Divisional Returning Officer for the ACT (Mrs Debra Govan), the ACT Commissioner for Surveys (Mr Frank Blanchfield) and the ACT Auditor General (Ms Tu Pham).

Cat. No. S11005 ISSN 1032-2345

The proposed Electoral Divisions

The ACT remains entitled to 2 federal Electoral Divisions; however, the enrolment and projected enrolment statistics show that growth has been uneven across the ACT. This means that the Divisions require adjustment to meet the enrolment targets.

The Redistribution Committee's proposed boundaries make use of locality boundaries, waterways and other geographical features. Particular attention has been paid to enrolment and projected enrolment statistics, community of interests considerations and transport and communication links across and between communities.

The Redistribution Committee has sought to minimise the number of electors being moved from one Division to another, whilst giving due consideration and weight to the other legislative criteria. Under the proposed redistribution, 9,176 electors (approximately 4%) would move from their current Division. The Committee proposes that the Jervis Bay Territory remains part of the Division of Fraser.

Names of proposed Divisions

The Redistribution Committee proposes that the Electoral Divisions retain the names Canberra and Fraser.

Want more information?

The Redistribution Committee's detailed report is available for inspection at the office of the Senior Divisional Returning Officer for the ACT, the AEC Central Office in Canberra, at the AEC Head Office in each capital city, and on the AEC website www.aec.gov.au. For the address of the nearest AEC office, please ring 13 23 26.

Copies of the report are available from the office of the:

Senior Divisional Returning Officer for the Australian Capital Territory 1st Floor 8 – 10 Hobart Place Canberra City 2601

Phone: (02) 6257 2751 Fax: (02) 6257 5623

How to lodge an objection to the proposed Redistribution

Interested persons or organisations may lodge written objections against the proposed redistribution with the Australian Electoral Commission. Objections must be lodged in writing at the office of the Senior Divisional Returning Officer for the ACT, by 6pm Friday, 22 July 2005.

Objections should be addressed to the Australian Electoral Commission (Attention Redistribution Secretariat) and delivered to:

By hand at: By post to:

1st Floor 8 – 10 Hobart Place GPO Box 1807 Canberra City 2601 Canberra ACT 2601 Persons or organisations who are considering making objections to the proposed redistribution are urged to take account of the requirements of the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918*, which may be accessed from the AEC website www.aec.gov.au. Printed copies may also be obtained from CanPrint Communications, PO Box 7456, CANBERRA MC ACT 2610, Telephone 1300 656 863.

What happens next?

All public objections received will be made available for inspection at the office of the Senior Divisional Returning Officer for the ACT from 9am, Monday 25 July 2005. Objections will also appear on the AEC website after that time.

Persons or organisations may then lodge written comments on those public objections. Written comments must be received at the office of the Senior Divisional Returning Officer for the ACT by 6pm, Friday 5 August 2005.

All public objections and any comments on those objections will be considered by the augmented Electoral Commission for the ACT, which consists of: the Chairman of the Australian Electoral Commission, Mr James Burchett QC, the non-judicial Commissioner, Mr Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician, and the members of the Redistribution Committee for the ACT.

The augmented Electoral Commission for the ACT may hold public hearings, and if necessary, will make a revised proposal, in which case it will invite and consider any further objections before making a final determination of Divisional boundaries and names.

Details of the determination will be published and tabled in Federal Parliament.

The final determination is not subject to appeal.

When will the new boundaries come into effect?

The new boundaries will come into effect at the next General Election.

Andy Becker Debra Govan Frank Blanchfield Tu Pham Presiding Member Member Member Member

REDISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

VAEC

No. S111, Friday, 24 June 2005

Published by the Commonwealth of Australia

SPECIAL



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

Public Service Act 1999

Determination under Section 61: Secretaries' remuneration

- I, JOHN WINSTON HOWARD, Prime Minister, under section 61 of the *Public Service Act 1999*, having taken advice from the Remuneration Tribunal, determine that, with date of effect on gazettal:
- 1. In this Determination, the Determination of 6 October 2001 as amended is referred to as the Principal Determination.
- Secretaries, being the holders of offices specified in the first column of the
 attached Schedule, shall be eligible on gazettal of this Determination for
 Base Salary and Total Remuneration in the amounts specified in the second
 and third columns; or the fourth and fifth columns, respectively of the
 Schedule.
- 3. Clause 2.7 of the Principal Determination is omitted and replaced by the following:
 - 2.7 The Total Remuneration of a Secretary shall be taken to include the value of the employer's superannuation contributions made in respect of the Secretary. For this purpose:
 - (a) in the case of a Secretary participating in the Commonwealth Superannuation Scheme or the Public Sector Superannuation Scheme, the value of the employer's contributions made in respect of the Secretary shall be taken to be:
 - (i) 13% of Base Salary until 30 June 2005; and
 - (ii) 15.4% of Base Salary on and from 1 July 2005.
 - (b) in the case of a Secretary participating in any other superannuation scheme, the value of the employer's superannuation contributions made in respect of the Secretary to the superannuation scheme shall reflect the amounts actually made or liable to be made.

- 4. Clauses 2.9.1 and 2.10.1 of the Principal Determination are amended by omitting "\$3,050" and substituting "\$3,100" in all instances.
- 5. Clauses 3.1 and 3.3 of the Principal Determination are omitted and replaced by the following:
 - 3.1 A Secretary may be entitled to an annual performance bonus, in addition to Total Remuneration, of:
 - (a) 5% of Total Remuneration for Satisfactory Performance, or
 - (b) 10% of Total Remuneration for Superior Performance, or
 - (c) 15% of Total Remuneration for Outstanding Performance, or
 - (d) 20% of Total Remuneration for Exemplary Performance.
 - 3.3 For the purpose of clause 3.1 -

"Satisfactory Performance" means at least very good achievement against most performance criteria with good achievement against the balance;

"Superior Performance" means at least very good achievement against all performance criteria;

"Outstanding Performance" means at least outstanding achievement against most performance criteria with very good achievement against the balance; and

"Exemplary Performance" means at least outstanding achievement against all performance criteria.

Dated 24 June 2005

rime Minister

SCHEDULE

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Secretary	S per annum	\$ per annum	S per annum	\$ per annum
	until	until	on and from	on and from
	30 June 2005	30 June 2005	1 July 2005	1 July 2005
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Australian Government Attorney General's Department

Obtaining copies of Commonwealth Acts and Legislative Instruments

Copies of Commonwealth Acts, Legislative Instruments and related legislative material can be purchased at the following locations or ordered online or by mail or telephone.

Over the counter

Copies are available for sale or order at:

		Telephone	Facsimile
Canberra	CanPrint Communications 16 Nyrang Street, Fyshwick ACT 2609	(02) 6295 4422	(02) 6295 4473
Melbourne	Information Victoria 356 Collins Street, Melbourne VIC 3000	1 300 366 356	(03) 9603 9920
Brisbane	Goprint 371 Vulture Street, Woolloongabba QLD 4102	(07) 3246 3399	(07) 3246 3534
Hobart	Printing Authority of Tasmania 2 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000	1 800 030 940	(03) 6223 7638
Adelaide	Service SA Government Legislation Outlet Ground Floor, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide SA 5000	13 2324	(08) 8207 1949
Sydney	NSW Government Information Ground Floor Goodsell Building, Cnr Hunter and Phillip Streets, Sydney NSW 2000	(02) 9238 0950	(02) 9228 7227
National	University Co-operative Bookshops (go to http://www.coop-bookshop.com.au for location a	and contact details)

Mail Order

Mail order sales can be arranged by writing to:

CanPrint Information Services PO Box 7456 Canberra MC ACT 2610

or by faxing to

(02) 6293 8333.

Online sales and enquiries

Online sales and enquiries are available from: http://www.infoservices.com.au/

Telesales

Telephone orders can be arranged by phoning 1300 656 863.

Subscriptions and standing orders

Subscriptions and standing orders can be arranged or updated by phoning 1300 656 863.

Online access

Online access to Commonwealth Acts, Legislative Instruments, Bills, explanatory memoranda and statements, tables, indexes and other finding aids is available from $\underline{\text{http://www.comlaw.gov.au/}}$