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The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Presented and read a first time

Sugar Research and Development Services Bill 2013

No. , 2013

(Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry)

A Bill for an Act relating to service provision for the sugar industry, and for related purposes

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1	A Bill for	an Act	relating	to service	provision	for

- the sugar industry, and for related purposes
- The Parliament of Australia enacts:
- 4 Part 1—Preliminary
- 6 1 Short title
- This Act may be cited as the Sugar Research and Development Services Act 2013.

1	2 Commen	icement
2 3		This Act commences on the day after this Act receives the Royal Assent.
4	3 Simplifie	ed outline of this Act
5		The following is a simplified outline of this Act:
6		This Act provides for a company:
7 8 9		(a) to receive (under a contract) Commonwealth funding for research and development for the Australian sugar industry; and
10		(b) to be declared as the industry services body for the Australian sugar industry.
12 13		This Act also requires the industry services body to comply with directions given by the Minister in the national interest because of an emergency.
15 16 17		Note: The first industry services body has the assets and liabilities of the Sugar Research and Development Corporation transferred to it by the Sugar Research and Development Services (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Act 2013.
19	4 Definitio	ons
20		In this Act:
21		company means a company registered under the <i>Corporations Act</i> 2001 as a company limited by guarantee.
23 24	•	funding contract means a contract entered into under section 6 (with the variations, if any, that are in force).
25 26		<i>industry services body</i> means the company that is declared to be the industry services body under Part 3.
27 28		matching amounts means the following amounts that are received by the Commonwealth on or after 1 July 2013:

1 2	(a) amounts of levy imposed under clause 3 of Schedule 24 to the <i>Primary Industries (Excise) Levies Act 1999</i> ;
3	(b) amounts that are required to be paid under section 7 of the
4	Primary Industries Levies and Charges Collection Act 1991
5	in relation to levy described in paragraph (a).
6 7	Note: Section 7 of the <i>Primary Industries Levies and Charges Collection Ac.</i> 1991 concerns liability of intermediaries.
8	matching payments means payments mentioned in
9	paragraph 6(1)(b).
10 11	R&D amounts means the following amounts that are received by the Commonwealth on or after 1 July 2013:
12 13	(a) amounts of levy imposed under clause 3 of Schedule 24 to the <i>Primary Industries (Excise) Levies Act 1999</i> ;
14	(b) amounts that are required to be paid under section 7 of the
15	Primary Industries Levies and Charges Collection Act 1991
16	in relation to levy described in paragraph (a);
17	(c) amounts that are payable under section 15 of the <i>Primary</i>
18	Industries Levies and Charges Collection Act 1991 in
19	relation to levy described in paragraph (a).
20	Note: Section 7 of the Primary Industries Levies and Charges Collection Ac.
21 22	1991 concerns liability of intermediaries and section 15 of that Act concerns penalty for late payment.
23	R&D payments means payments mentioned in paragraph 6(1)(a).
24	<i>rules</i> means rules made by the Minister under section 14.
25	sugar cane means:
26	(a) stalks (whether whole or not) of the sugar cane plant; or
27	(b) stalks (whether whole or not) and leaves of the sugar cane
28	plant.
29	sugar industry means the industry concerned with growing,
30	harvesting and processing sugar cane for any purpose.
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Part 2—Funding contract

5	Simplified	autline	of this	Part

The	follo	wing	is a	simi	olified	outline	of	this	Part:
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The Minister may make a contract with a company for the Commonwealth to make 2 kinds of payments to the company.

The first kind of payments (called *R&D payments*):

- (a) are to be spent by the company on research and development benefiting the Australian sugar industry and on payments of the Commonwealth's expenses relating to the collection of amounts it receives from the industry as primary industry levies and related payments; and
- (b) cannot exceed those amounts.

The second kind of payments (called *matching payments*):

- (a) are to be spent by the company on research and development benefiting the Australian sugar industry and the Australian community generally, and on payments of the Commonwealth's expenses relating to the collection of amounts it receives from the industry as primary industry levies and related payments; and
- (b) are subject to limits based on those amounts, the annual value of production by the industry and the amount spent by the company on that research and development.

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(1) The Minister may, on behalf of the Commonwealth, enter into or
vary a contract with a company so that the contract provides for the
Commonwealth to make payments of the following kinds to the

company:

(a) payments called *R&D payments*;

6 Funding contract

(b) payments made for particular financial years, called *matching payments*.

Note: After a contract has been entered into, the company can be declared as the industry services body under section 9.

- (2) Before acting to enter into or vary the contract, the Minister must be satisfied that the terms of the contract after the action will make adequate provision to ensure that:
 - (a) R&D payments are spent by the company on one or both of the following:
 - (i) research and development activities for the benefit of the Australian sugar industry;
 - (ii) payments by the company to the Commonwealth to meet the expenses (the *administration expenses*) incurred by the Commonwealth in relation to the collection and recovery of R&D amounts, the administration of the contract and the payment of refunds related to R&D amounts; and
 - (b) matching payments are spent by the company on one or more of the following:
 - (i) research and development activities for the benefit of the Australian sugar industry and the Australian community generally;
 - (ii) payments by the company to the Commonwealth under subsection 7(4);
 - (iii) payments by the company to the Commonwealth to meet the administration expenses; and
 - (c) the administration expenses are met from one or more of the following:
 - (i) the difference between R&D payments and the limit under section 7 on the appropriation for those payments;

1 2		(ii) the difference between matching payments and the limit under section 7 on the appropriation for those payments;
3		(iii) payments by the company to the Commonwealth.
4 5 6 7 8 9		Note: An example of the administration expenses is the Commonwealth's expenses relating to an agreement under section 10 or 11 of the <i>Primary Industries Levies and Charges Collection Act 1991</i> between the Commonwealth and a State or organisation for it (or a State authority) to collect levies and related amounts on the Commonwealth's behalf.
10 11 12	(3)	The contract does not have to oblige the Commonwealth to pay the full amounts that could be paid out of the money appropriated under section 7.
13 14		Note: For example, the contract may provide for payments less than the limits specified in section 7 so the administration expenses are met.
15 16 17 18	(4)	The contract may include provisions relating to assets and liabilities that will become those of the company under the <i>Sugar Research and Development Services (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Act 2013.</i> This subsection does not impliedly limit the matters that may be included in the contract.
20 21	(5)	This section does not impliedly limit the executive power of the Commonwealth to enter into agreements.
22 23 24	(6)	The Minister must cause a copy of the contract to be tabled in each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that House after the day on which the contract was entered into.
25 26 27	(7)	If the contract is varied, the Minister must cause a copy of the contract as varied to be tabled in each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that House after the variation occurred.
28	7 Approp	riation for payments under funding contract etc.
29 30	(1)	The Consolidated Revenue Fund is appropriated for the purposes of payments by the Commonwealth under section 6.
31		Overall limit for R&D payments
32 33	(2)	For R&D payments, the total limit on the appropriation is the sum of the R&D amounts.

1	Overall limit for matching payments
2 3	(3) For matching payments, the total limit on the appropriation is the sum of the matching amounts.
4	Matching payments—retention limit
5	(4) The matching payments made to the company during a particular
6	financial year are subject to the condition that, if:
7	(a) before the end of 31 October next following the financial
8	year, the Minister determines the amount of the gross value
9	of sugar cane produced in Australia in the financial year; and
10	(b) as at the end of 31 October next following the financial year,
11	the sum of the matching payments that were paid to the
12	company during the financial year exceeds the lesser of:
13	(i) 0.5% of the amount of the gross value of sugar cane
14	produced in Australia in the financial year as
15	determined by the Minister; and
16	(ii) 50% of the amount spent by the company in the
17	financial year on activities that qualify, under the
18	funding contract, as research and development
19	activities;
20	the company will pay to the Commonwealth an amount equal to
21	the excess.
22 23 24	Note: This ensures that the sum of the matching payments that are retained by the company in relation to the financial year does not exceed the lesser of the amounts calculated under subparagraphs (b)(i) and (b)(ii)
25	(5) If:
26	(a) before the end of 31 October next following a financial year,
27	the Minister has not determined under subsection (4) the
28	amount of the gross value of sugar cane produced in
29	Australia in the financial year; and
30	(b) the Minister has determined under subsection (4) the amount
31	of the gross value of sugar cane produced in Australia in the
32	previous financial year;
33	the Minister is taken to have made, immediately before the end of
34	that 31 October, a determination under subsection (4) that the
35	amount of the gross value of sugar cane produced in Australia in
36	the financial year is equal to the amount of the gross value of sugar

1 2		cane produced in Australia determined under subsection (4) for the previous financial year.
3	(6)	An amount payable under subsection (4) by the company:
4		(a) is a debt due to the Commonwealth; and
5		(b) may be recovered by the Minister, on behalf of the
6		Commonwealth, by action in a court of competent
7		jurisdiction.
8	(7)	A determination made under subsection (4) is not a legislative
9	i	instrument.
10	(8)	For the purposes of subsection (4), the rules may prescribe the
1	1	manner in which the Minister is to determine the gross value of
2	5	sugar cane produced in Australia in a financial year.
3	Î	Matching payments—unmatched R&D excess
4	(9)	If there is an unmatched R&D excess for a financial year, the
15		amount spent by the company in the following financial year on
16		activities that qualify, under the funding contract, as research and
17		development activities is taken, for the purposes of this section
18		(including for the purposes of this subsection and subsection (10)),
19	1	to be increased by the amount of the unmatched R&D excess.
20 21]	Note: This means that research and development expenditure that is not "50% matched" in one financial year because of the cap in
22		subsection (3) or the condition in subparagraph (4)(b)(i) (or both) can
23		be carried forward into later years.
24	(10)	For the purposes of subsection (9), there is an <i>unmatched R&D</i>
25	•	excess for a financial year if:
26		(a) the company spends a particular amount (the <i>R&D spend</i>
27		amount) in the financial year on activities that qualify, under
28		the funding contract, as research and development activities;
29		and
30		(b) because of subsection (3) or subparagraph (4)(b)(i) (or both),
31		the net matching payments for the financial year are less than
32	_	50% of the R&D spend amount.
33	·	The amount of the unmatched R&D excess is:

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1	R&D spend amount in the financial year $-$ $ \begin{pmatrix} & \text{The amount of the} \\ 2 \times \text{net matching payments} \\ & \text{for the financial year} \end{pmatrix} $
2	Note: Amounts spent and received by the Sugar Research and Development
3 4	Corporation before it ceased to exist may also affect whether there is an unmatched R&D excess, and its amount: see the <i>Sugar Research</i>
5	and Development Services (Consequential Amendments and
6	Transitional Provisions) Act 2013.
7	Set off
8	(11) If:
9	(a) an amount (the <i>first amount</i>) is payable by the company
10	under subsection (4); and
11	(b) another amount (the second amount) is payable by the
12	Commonwealth to the company under the funding contract;
13	the Minister may, on behalf of the Commonwealth, set off the
14	whole or a part of the first amount against the whole or a part of
15	the second amount.
16	Net matching payments
17	(12) For the purposes of this section, <i>net matching payments</i> for a
18	financial year means the total of the matching payments made to
19	the company during the financial year, less the amount payable by
20	the company under subsection (4) as a condition of those matching
21	payments.

Part 3—Industry services body

3	8 Simplified outline of this Part
4	The following is a simplified outline of this Part:
5	The Minister may declare a company to be the industry services
6	body if there is a contract under Part 2 with the company and the
7	Minister is satisfied that the company will comply with its
8	contractual and statutory obligations.
9	The Minister may declare that a company ceases to be the industry services body in certain circumstances (for example, if the
1	company requests it, the company does not comply with its
2	contractual and statutory obligations or the company is wound up).
13	Note: The significance of being the industry services body is that:
4	(a) the industry services body must comply with directions given by
15	the Minister in the national interest under section 11; and
16 17	(b) assets and liabilities of the Sugar Research and Development Corporation are transferred to the first industry services body by
18	the Sugar Research and Development Services (Consequential
9	Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Act 2013.
20	9 Declaration of industry services body
21	(1) The Minister may, in writing, declare a company to be the industry services body if:
23	(a) the Commonwealth and the company have entered into a
24	funding contract; and
25	(b) the Minister is satisfied that, if the company is so declared, it
26	will comply with its obligations under the funding contract
27	and this Act.
28	Declaration to specify day it takes effect
29	(2) A declaration under this section must specify the day on and after
30	which the relevant company is to be the industry services body.
21	The declaration has effect accordingly

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1	Tabling in Parliament
2 3 4	(3) The Minister must cause a copy of a declaration under this section to be tabled in each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that House after the day on which the declaration is made.
5	Declaration is not a legislative instrument
6 7	(4) A declaration made under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
8	10 Cessation of declaration of industry services body
9	(1) If any of the following apply, the Minister may declare in writing
10 11	that the company that is the industry services body ceases to be the industry services body:
12 13	(a) the company gives the Minister a written request that the declaration be made;
14	(b) the Minister has reasonable grounds to believe that the
15	company has contravened this Act or the funding contract
16	with the company;
17	(c) the Minister has reasonable grounds to believe that:
18	(i) the company's constitution is no longer appropriate for
19 20	a company performing the functions of the industry services body; or
21	(ii) the company has failed to comply with its constitution;
22	(d) an administrator of the company is appointed;
23	(e) the company starts to be wound up or ceases to carry on
24	business;
25	(f) a receiver, or a receiver and manager, of property of the
26	company is appointed (by a court or otherwise);
27	(g) the company enters into a compromise or arrangement with
28	some or all of its creditors.
29	(2) The declaration must specify the day on which the company is to
30	cease to be the industry services body.
31	(3) The declaration has effect accordingly.

1	Tabling in Parliament
2	(4) The Minister must cause a copy of the declaration to be tabled in
3	each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that House
4	after the day on which the declaration is made.
5	Declaration is not a legislative instrument
6	(5) A declaration made under subsection (1) is not a legislative
7	instrument.

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Part 4—Miscellaneous provisions

3	11 Ministerial directions to industry services body in an emergency
4	(1) The Minister may give a written direction to the industry services
5	body if:
6	(a) the Minister:
7	(i) is satisfied that the direction is in Australia's national
8	interest because of exceptional and urgent
9	circumstances; and
10	(ii) is satisfied that the direction would not require the body
11	to incur expenses greater than the sum of the amounts previously paid to the body under the funding contract
12 13	that have not been spent or committed and the amounts
14	the body will receive under the funding contract during
15	the period to which the direction relates; and
16	(iii) has given the body's directors an adequate opportunity
17	to discuss with the Minister the need for the proposed
18	direction and the impact of compliance with
19 20	subsections (3) and (4) on the body's commercial activities; and
21	(b) the direction is made for a purpose that is within the
22	Commonwealth's legislative power.
23	(2) The body must comply with the direction.
24	(3) The Minister must cause a copy of the direction:
25	(a) to be published in the Gazette as soon as practicable after
26	giving the direction; and
27	(b) to be tabled in each House of the Parliament within 5 sitting
28	days of that House after giving the direction.
29	(4) The body's annual report for each period to which the direction
30	relates must include:
31	(a) particulars of the direction; and
32	(b) an assessment of the impact of the direction on the body's
33	operations during the period.

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1 2		(5) Subsections (3) and (4) do not apply to the direction if:(a) on the body's recommendation, the Minister determines in
3 4 5		writing that compliance with the subsections would prejudice the body's commercial activities or would be likely to do so; or
6 7		(b) the Minister determines, in writing, that compliance with the subsections would be contrary to the public interest.
8 9 10 11		(6) The Minister, or a person to whom the Minister delegates the Minister's power under this section, is not a director of the body for the purposes of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> merely because of that power.
12 13		(7) The Commonwealth is not in a position to exercise control over the body merely because of the Minister's power under this section.
14 15		(8) A direction given under subsection (1) or a determination made under subsection (5) is not a legislative instrument.
16	12	Delegations
17 18 19		(1) The Minister may delegate all or any of the Minister's powers and functions under this Act (other than under section 14), or the rules, to:
20 21 22 23		(a) the Secretary of the Department; or(b) an SES employee, or acting SES employee, in the Department.The delegation must be in writing.
24 25		(2) In exercising powers or functions under a delegation, the delegate must comply with any directions of the Minister.
26	13	Compensation for acquisition of property
27 28 29 30		(1) If the operation of this Act would result in an acquisition of property from a person otherwise than on just terms, the Commonwealth is liable to pay a reasonable amount of compensation to the person.
31 32		(2) If the Commonwealth and the person do not agree on the amount of the compensation, the person may institute proceedings in the

1 2 3		Federal Court of Australia for the recovery from the Commonwealth of such reasonable amount of compensation as the court determines.
4	(3)	In this section:
5 6		<i>acquisition of property</i> has the same meaning as in paragraph 51(xxxi) of the Constitution.
7 8		<i>just terms</i> has the same meaning as in paragraph 51(xxxi) of the Constitution.
9	14 Rules	
10 11		The Minister may, by legislative instrument, make rules prescribing matters:
12 13		(a) required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed by the rules; or
14 15		(b) necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.