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The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Presented and read a first time

Water Bill 2007

No. , 2007

(Environment and Water Resources)

A Bill for an Act to make provision for the management of the water resources of the Murray-Darling Basin, and to make provision for other matters of national interest in relation to water and water information, and for related purposes

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- A Bill for an Act to make provision for the
- management of the water resources of the
- **Murray-Darling Basin, and to make provision for**
- other matters of national interest in relation to
- 5 water and water information, and for related
- 6 purposes
- 7 The Parliament of Australia enacts:

Part 1—Preliminary

Division 1—General

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the Water Act 2007.

2 Commencement

(1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

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Commencement information		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision (s)	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 and 2 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
2. Sections 3 to 256 and Schedules 1 to 4	A day or days to be fixed by Proclamation. However, if any of the provision(s) do not commence within the period of 6 months beginning on the day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent, they commence on the first day after the end of that period.	
Note:	This table relates only to the provisions of this passed by both Houses of the Parliament and a expanded to deal with provisions inserted in the	ssented to. It will not be
part o	nn 3 of the table contains additional information in this column may in any published version of this Act.	

14 15 16

11 12 13

3 Objects

1	3 Objects	
2	The	objects of this Act are:
3	(a)	to enable the Commonwealth, in conjunction with the Basin
4		States, to manage the Basin water resources in the national
5		interest; and
6	(b)	to give effect to relevant international agreements (to the
7		extent to which those agreements are relevant to the use and
8		management of the Basin water resources) and, in particular,
9		to provide for special measures, in accordance with those
10		agreements, to address the threats to the Basin water resources; and
11		
12	(c)	in giving effect to those agreements, to promote the use and
13		management of the Basin water resources in a way that optimises economic, social and environmental outcomes; and
14	(4)	•
15	(a ₂	without limiting paragraph (b) or (c):
16		(i) to ensure the return to environmentally sustainable
17		levels of extraction for water resources that are overallocated or overused; and
18		•
19		(ii) to protect, restore and provide for the ecological values
20		and ecosystem services of the Murray-Darling Basin (taking into account, in particular, the impact that the
21 22		taking of water has on the watercourses, lakes,
23		wetlands, ground water and water-dependent
24		ecosystems that are part of the Basin water resources
25		and on associated biodiversity); and
26		(iii) subject to subparagraphs (i) and (ii)—to maximise the
27		net economic returns to the Australian community from
28		the use and management of the Basin water resources;
29		and
30	(e)	to improve water security for all uses of Basin water
31		resources; and
32	(f	to ensure that the management of the Basin water resources
33		takes into account the broader management of natural
34		resources in the Murray-Darling Basin; and
35	(g)	to achieve efficient and cost effective water management and
36	-	administrative practices in relation to Basin water resources;
37		and

1 2	(h)	to provide for the collection, collation, analysis and dissemination of information about:
3		(i) Australia's water resources; and
4		(ii) the use and management of water in Australia.
5	4 Definitions	
6	(1) In thi	is Act:
7 8		C means the Australian Competition and Consumer mission.
9	agen	cy of the Commonwealth means:
10		a Minister of the Crown for the Commonwealth; or
11		a Department of State for the Commonwealth; or
12		a body (whether incorporated or not) established or appointed
13	(0)	for a public purpose by or under a law of the Commonwealth;
14		or
15	(d)	a body established, or appointed, by the Governor-General;
16	` '	or
17	(e)	a person holding or performing the duties of:
18		(i) an office established by or under; or
19		(ii) an appointment made under;
20		a law of the Commonwealth (other than the office of head of
21		a Department of State for the Commonwealth (however
22		described)); or
23	(f)	a person holding or performing the duties of an appointment
24		that is made by the Governor-General (otherwise than under
25		a law of the Commonwealth); or
26	(g)	a company in which the Commonwealth, or a body corporate
27		referred to in paragraph (c) or (d), has a controlling interest.
28	agen	cy of a State means:
29	(a)	a Minister of the Crown for the State; or
30	(b)	a Department of State for the State; or
31	(c)	a body (whether incorporated or not) established or appointed
32	,	for a public purpose by or under a law of the State (including
33		a local government body); or

1	(d) a body established or appointed by:
2	(i) a Governor of the State; or
3	(ii) a Minister of the Crown for the State; or
4	(iii) if the State is the Australian Capital Territory—the
5	Australian Capital Territory Executive; or
6	(e) a person holding or performing the duties of:
7	(i) an office established by or under; or
8	(ii) an appointment made under;
9	a law of the State (other than the office of head of a
10	Department of State for the State (however described)); or
11	(f) a person holding or performing the duties of an appointment
12	that is made by:
13	(i) a Governor of the State; or
14	(ii) a Minister of the Crown for the State; or
15	(iii) if the State is the Australian Capital Territory—the
16	Australian Capital Territory Executive;
17	(otherwise than under a law of the State); or
18 19	(g) a company in which the State, or a body corporate referred to in paragraph (c) or (d), has a controlling interest.
20 21	appropriate enforcement agency has the meaning given by section 137.
22	assist, in relation to an Authority delegate, means:
23	(a) to perform functions in connection with the Authority
24	delegate's performance or exercise of a function or power
25	delegated under section 199; or
26	(b) to perform services for the Authority delegate in connection
27	with the Authority delegate's performance or exercise of a
28	function or power delegated under section 199.
29	Australia, when used in a geographical sense, includes the externa
30	Territories.
31	authorised officer means an individual whose appointment by the
32	Authority under section 217 is in force.
33	Authority means the Murray-Darling Basin Authority.

1	Authority Chair means the Chair of the Authority.
2 3	Authority delegate means a person to whom a function or power is delegated under section 199.
4 5	Authority member means a member of the Authority, and includes the Authority Chair.
6	Authority staff means the staff described in section 206.
7 8	Basin Community Committee means the committee established under section 202.
9	Basin Officials Committee means the committee established under section 201.
1 2	Basin Plan means the Basin Plan adopted by the Minister under section 44 (as amended from time to time).
3 4 5 6 7 8	 Basin State means the following: (a) New South Wales; (b) Victoria; (c) Queensland; (d) South Australia; (e) the Australian Capital Territory.
9	Basin water market trading objectives and principles means the objectives and principles that are set out in Schedule 3.
21 22 23 24 25	 Basin water resources means all water resources within, or beneath, the Murray-Darling Basin, but does not include: (a) water resources within, or beneath, the Murray-Darling Basin that are prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph; or (b) ground water that forms part of the Great Artesian Basin.
27 28 29 30 31	biodiversity means the variability among living organisms from all sources (including terrestrial, marine and aquatic ecosystems and the ecological complexes of which they are a part) and includes:(a) diversity within species and between species; and(b) diversity of ecosystems.

1 2	Biodiversity Convention means the Convention on Biological Diversity done at Rio de Janeiro on 5 June 1992.
3 4 5 6	Note: The text of the Convention is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1993 No. 32. In 2007, the text of a Convention in the Australian Treaty Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).
7 8	Bonn Convention means the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals done at Bonn on 23 June 1979
9 0 1 1 2	Note: The text of the Convention is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1991 No. 32. In 2007, the text of a Convention in the Australian Treaty Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).
13	bulk water charge means a charge payable for the storage of water for, and the delivery of water to, any of the following:
15	(a) infrastructure operators;
16	(b) other operators of reticulated water systems;
17	(c) other persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.
19 20	Bureau means the Commonwealth Bureau of Meteorology established under section 5 of the <i>Meteorology Act 1955</i> .
21 22 23 24	<i>CAMBA</i> means the Agreement between the Government of Australia and the Government of the People's Republic of China for the Protection of Migratory Birds and their Environment done at Canberra on 20 October 1986.
2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8	Note: The text of the Agreement is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1988 No. 22. In 2007, the text of an Agreement in the Australian Treaty Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).
29	civil penalty provision has the meaning given by section 146.
30 31 32	<i>Climate Change Convention</i> means the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change done at New York on 9 May 1992.
33 34 35 36	Note: The text of the Convention is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1994 No. 2. In 2007, the text of a Convention in the Australian Treaty Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).

1 2 2	Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder means the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder established under section 104.
3	section 104.
4	Commonwealth environmental water holdings has the meaning
5	given by section 108.
6	constitutional corporation means a corporation to which
7	paragraph 51(xx) of the Constitution applies.
8	consumptive pool means the amount of water resources that can be
9	made available for consumptive use in a particular water resource
10	plan area under the rules of the water resource plan for that water
1	resource plan area.
12	consumptive use means the use of water for private benefit
13	consumptive purposes including irrigation, industry, urban and
14	stock and domestic use.
15	contract includes a deed.
16	declared Ramsar wetlands has the meaning given by section 17 of
17	the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act
18	1999.
19	Desertification Convention means the United Nations Convention
20	to Combat Desertification in those Countries Experiencing Serious
21	Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa done at Paris
22	on 17 June 1994.
23	Note: The text of the Convention is set out in Australian Treaty Series 2000
24	No. 18. In 2007, the text of a Convention in the Australian Treaty
25	Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the
26	AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).
27	environmental assets includes:
28	(a) water-dependent ecosystems; and
29	(b) ecosystem services; and
30	(c) sites with ecological significance.
31	environmentally sustainable level of take for a water resource
32	means the level at which water can be taken from that water
33	resource which, if exceeded, would compromise:

1	(a) key environmental assets of the water resource; or
2	(b) key ecosystem functions of the water resource; or
3	(c) the productive base of the water resource; or
4	(d) key environmental outcomes for the water resource.
5	environmental outcomes includes:
6	(a) ecosystem function; and
7	(b) biodiversity; and
8	(c) water quality; and
9	(d) water resource health.
0	Note 1: Paragraph (a) would cover, for example, maintaining ecosystem function by the periodic flooding of floodplain wetlands.
12	Note 2: Paragraph (d) would cover, for example, mitigating pollution and limiting noxious algal blooms.
4	environmental water means:
15	(a) held environmental water; or
16	(b) planned environmental water.
17	Environmental Water Holdings Special Account means the
8	account established by section 111.
9	environmental watering means the delivery or use of
20	environmental water to achieve environmental outcomes.
21	environmental watering schedule means an agreement:
22	(a) that is an agreement to coordinate the use of environmental
23	water to maximise the benefits of environmental watering
24	across the Murray-Darling Basin, a specified part of the
25	Murray-Darling Basin or a specified area outside the
26	Murray-Darling Basin; and
27	(b) to which some or all of the following are parties:
28	(i) holders of held environmental water (including the Commonwealth);
29	· ·
30	(ii) owners of environmental assets;
31	(iii) managers of planned environmental water; and
32	(c) if the agreement relates to held environmental water in the
33	Murray-Darling Basin—to which the Authority is a party.

1	evidential material means any of the following:
2	(a) a thing with respect to which a provision (the <i>compliance</i>
3	provision) of Part 2, or regulations made for the purposes of
4	Part 2, has been contravened or is suspected, on reasonable
5	grounds, of having been contravened;
6	(b) a thing as to which there are reasonable grounds for
7	suspecting that it will afford evidence as to the contravention
8	of the compliance provision;
9	(c) a thing as to which there are reasonable grounds for
10	suspecting that it is intended to be used for the purpose of
1	contravening the compliance provision.
12	executive officer of a body corporate means a person (by whatever
13	name called and whether or not a director of the body) who is
14	concerned in, or takes part in, the management of the body.
15	field relevant to the Authority's functions has a meaning affected
16	by subsection 178(3).
17	ground water means:
8	(a) water occurring naturally below ground level (whether in an
19	aquifer or otherwise); or
20	(b) water occurring at a place below ground that has been
21	pumped, diverted or released to that place for the purpose of
22	being stored there;
23	but does not include water held in underground tanks, pipes or
24	other works.
25	held environmental water means water available under:
26	(a) a water access right; or
27	(b) a water delivery right; or
28	(c) an irrigation right;
29	for the purposes of achieving environmental outcomes (including
80	water that is specified in a water access right to be for
31	environmental use).
32	infrastructure operator has the meaning given by subsection 7(2).
33	infringement notice means an infringement notice given under
34	section 156.

1	<i>interception activity</i> means the interception of surface water or
2	ground water that would otherwise flow, directly or indirectly, into
3	a watercourse, lake, wetland, aquifer, dam or reservoir that is a
4	Basin water resource.
5	interest, in relation to land, means:
6	(a) any legal or equitable estate or interest in the land; or
7	(b) a restriction on the use of the land, whether or not annexed to
8	other land; or
9	(c) any other right (including a right under an option and a right
10	of redemption), charge, power or privilege over, or in
1	connection with, the land or an interest in the land.
2	interim water resource plan has the meaning given by section 242.
13	international agreement means an agreement whose parties are:
4	(a) Australia and a foreign country; or
15	(b) Australia and 2 or more foreign countries.
16	irrigation infrastructure operator has the meaning given by
17	subsection 7(4).
18	irrigation network of an irrigation infrastructure operator has the
19	meaning given by subsection 7(4).
20	irrigation right means a right that:
21	(a) a person has against an irrigation infrastructure operator to
22	receive water; and
23	(b) is not a water access right or a water delivery right.
24	JAMBA means the Agreement between the Government of
25	Australia and the Government of Japan for the Protection of
26	Migratory Birds and Birds in Danger of Extinction and their
27	Environment done at Tokyo on 6 February 1981.
28	Note: The text of the Agreement is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1981
29	No. 6. In 2007, the text of an Agreement in the Australian Treaty
30 31	Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).
	, ,
32	lake:

1 2	(a) means a natural lake, pond or lagoon (whether modified or not); and
3	(b) includes a part of such a lake, pond or lagoon.
4	long-term annual diversion limit has the meaning given by item 7
5	of the table in subsection 22(1).
6	long-term average sustainable diversion limit has the meaning
7	given by item 6 of the table in subsection 22(1).
8	maintenance includes the execution of all work of any description
9	which is necessary to keep an existing work in the state of utility in
10	which it was upon its original completion or upon the completion
11	of any improvement or replacement of the work. However, it does
12	not include:
13	(a) the execution of any improvement to the design or function
14	of that work; or
15	(b) the replacement of the whole of that work; or
16	(c) work to remedy the extraordinary failure of all or part of that
17	work.
18	MDB Act means the Murray-Darling Basin Act 1993.
19	MDB Agreement has the same meaning as Agreement in the MDB
20	Act.
21	measures includes strategies, plans and programs.
22	member of the governing body of a relevant interest group has the
23	meaning given by subsection 178(4).
24	modifications includes additions, omissions and substitutions.
25	Murray-Darling Basin means the area falling within the
26	Murray-Darling Basin drainage division as set out in the dataset for
27	that division that:
28	(a) is dated 28 May 2007; and
29	(b) has a dataset scale of 1:250,000; and
30	(c) specifies the boundary of the Murray-Darling Basin drainage
31	division derived from the Australian Drainage Divisions, as
	2

1 2	defined by the Australian Water Resources Management Commission in 1997; and
3	(d) is held by the Commonwealth.
4	Note 1: An indicative map of this area is set out in Schedule 1.
5 6	Note 2: A copy of the dataset can be obtained from Geoscience Australia or the Department.
7 8	<i>Murray-Darling Basin Commission</i> has the same meaning as <i>Commission</i> in the MDB Act.
9	Murray-Darling Basin Ministerial Council has the same meaning as Ministerial Council in the MDB Agreement.
1 1 2	<i>Murray-Darling Basin Special Account</i> means the account established by section 209.
13 44 15	National Water Commission means the National Water Commission established by section 6 of the National Water Commission Act 2004.
16 17	National Water Information Standards means the standards issued under section 130.
8 9 20 21 22 23	National Water Initiative means the Intergovernmental Agreement on a National Water Initiative between the Commonwealth of Australia and the Governments of New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory (as amended from time to time).
24 25	Natural Resource Management Ministerial Council has the same meaning as in the National Water Commission Act 2004.
26 27 28 29	 operating authority means: (a) an agency of a Basin State that has the function of managing a river flow control work or a salinity work (whether or not the function is carried out by another person under a licence, contract or other arrangement with the agency); or
31 32	(b) a person who has the function of managing a river flow control work or a salinity work (whether or not the function

1 2	other arrangement with the person).
3	overallocation: there is an overallocation for a water resource plan
4	area if, with full development of water access rights in relation to
5	the water resources of the area, the total volume of water able to be
6	extracted by the holders of water access rights at a given time
7	exceeds the environmentally sustainable level of take for those
8	water resources.
9	overuse: there is an overuse for a water resource plan area if the
10	total volume of water actually taken for consumptive use from the
11	water resources of the area at a given time exceeds the
12	environmentally sustainable level of take for those water resources.
13	Note: An overuse may arise for a water resource plan area if the area is
14 15	overallocated, or if the planned allocation for the area is exceeded due to inadequate monitoring or accounting.
13	to madequate mointoring of accounting.
16	penalty unit has the meaning given by section 4AA of the Crimes
17	Act 1914.
18	planned environmental water has the meaning given by section 6.
19	premises includes the following:
20	(a) a building;
21	(b) a place (including an area of land);
22	(c) a vehicle;
23	(d) a vessel;
24	(e) an aircraft;
25	(f) a water resource;
26	(g) any part of premises (including premises referred to in
27	paragraphs (a) to (f)).
28	principles of ecologically sustainable development has the
29	meaning given by subsection (2).
30	Ramsar Convention means the Convention on Wetlands of
31	International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat done at
32	Ramsar, Iran, on 2 February 1971.
33 34	Note: The text of the Convention is set out in Australian Treaty Series 1975 No. 48. In 2007, the text of a Convention in the Australian Treaty

<i>referring State</i> has the meaning giver <i>registrable water rights</i> has the mean	ing given by section 101.
registrable water rights has the maan	
- registrable water rights has the mean	ning given by section 91.
5 regulated water charges has the mean	
6 relevant international agreement me	ans the following:
7 (a) the Ramsar Convention;	
8 (b) the Biodiversity Convention;	
9 (c) the Desertification Convention;	
10 (d) the Bonn Convention;	
(e) CAMBA;	
12 (f) JAMBA;	
13 (g) ROKAMBA;	
(h) the Climate Change Convention	1;
(i) any other international conventi	on to which Australia is a
party and that is:	
(i) relevant to the use and man	nagement of the Basin water
resources; and	
(ii) prescribed by the regulation	ons for the purposes of this
paragraph.	
21 relevant State Minister, for a Basin S	tate, means:
(a) the Minister of the Crown for the	
the administration of the State's	•
(b) if there is more than one such M	
25 Crown for the State that the Pre	
Authority, in writing, is the rele	vant State Minister for the
State.	
28 river flow control work has the means	ing given by section 8.
29 ROKAMBA means the Agreement wi	
Republic of Korea on the Protection of	of Migratory Birds done at
Canberra on 6 December 2006.	
Note: The text of the Agreement is set o No. 24. In 2007, the text of a Con-	ut in Australian Treaty Series 2007 vention in the Australian Treaty

1 2	Series was accessible through the Australian Treaties Library on the AustLII Internet site (www.austlii.edu.au).
3	salinity work means a work to reduce, or maintain, salinity levels
4	in the Murray-Darling Basin.
5	State includes the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern
6	Territory.
7	State water management law means:
8	(a) the Water Management Act 2000, the Water Act 1912 and the
9	Rivers and Foreshores Improvement Act 1948 of New South
10	Wales; or
11 12	(b) the Water Act 1989 and Parts 4 and 5 of the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994 of Victoria; or
13	(c) the Water Act 2000 of Queensland; or
14	(d) the Natural Resources Management Act 2004 of South
15	Australia; or
16	(e) the Water Resources Act 2007 of the Australian Capital
17	Territory; or
18	(f) a law of a Basin State that:
19	(i) is relevant to the management of Basin water resources;
20	and
21	(ii) is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this
22	definition;
23	and includes regulations, and other instruments, made under those
24	laws.
25	State water sharing arrangement means the provisions of:
26	(a) the MDB Agreement; or
27	(b) any arrangements prescribed by the regulations for the
28	purposes of this paragraph;
29	that deal with the sharing of water between States.
30	surface water includes:
31	(a) water in a watercourse, lake or wetland; and
32	(b) any water flowing over or lying on land:
33	(i) after having precipitated naturally; or

1	(ii) after having risen to the surface naturally from
2	underground.
3	take water from a water resource means to remove water from, or
4	to reduce the flow of water in or into, the water resource including
5	by any of the following means:
6	(a) pumping or siphoning water from the water resource;
7	(b) stopping, impeding or diverting the flow of water in or into
8	the water resource;
9	(c) releasing water from the water resource if the water resource
10	is a wetland or lake;
1	(d) permitting water to flow from the water resource if the water
12	resource is a well or watercourse;
13	and includes storing water as part of, or in a way that is ancillary
14 15	to, any of the processes or activities referred to in paragraphs (a) to (d).
1.5	(u).
16	temporary diversion provision has the meaning given by item 7 of
17	the table in subsection 22(1).
8	thing includes a substance, and a thing in electronic or magnetic
9	form.
20	tradeable water rights means:
21	(a) water access rights; or
22	(b) water delivery rights; or
23	(c) irrigation rights.
	turneitional mater resource plan has the magnine given by
24 25	transitional water resource plan has the meaning given by section 241.
i.J	section 241.
26	water access entitlement means a perpetual or ongoing
27	entitlement, by or under a law of a State, to exclusive access to a
28	share of the water resources of a water resource plan area.
29	water access right:
80	(a) means any right conferred by or under a law of a State to do
31	either or both of the following:
32	(i) to hold water from a water resource;
33	(ii) to take water from a water resource; and

1 2	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), includes the following rights of the kind referred to in that paragraph:
3	(i) stock and domestic rights;
4	(ii) riparian rights;
5	(iii) a water access entitlement;
6	(iv) a water allocation; and
7	(c) includes any other right in relation to the taking or use of
8	water that is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of
9	this paragraph.
10	water accounting period for a water resource plan area has the
11	meaning given by item 2 of the table in subsection 22(1).
12	water allocation means the specific volume of water allocated to
13	water access entitlements in a given water accounting period.
14	water charge rules has the meaning given by section 92.
15	water charging objectives and principles means the objectives set
16	out in Schedule 2.
17	watercourse:
18	(a) means a river, creek or other natural watercourse (whether
19	modified or not) in which water is contained or flows
20	(whether permanently or from time to time); and
21	(b) includes:
22	(i) a dam or reservoir that collects water flowing in a
23	watercourse; and
24	(ii) a lake or wetland through which water flows; and
25	(iii) a channel into which the water of a watercourse has
26	been diverted; and
27	(iv) part of a watercourse; and
28	(v) an estuary through which water flows.
29	water delivery right means a right to have water delivered by an
30	infrastructure operator.
31	water-dependent ecosystem means a surface water ecosystem or a
32	ground water ecosystem, and its natural components and processes,
33	that depends on periodic or sustained inundation, waterlogging or

1 2	significant inputs of water for its ecological integrity and includes an ecosystem associated with:
3	(a) a wetland; or
4	(b) a stream and its floodplain; or
5	(c) a lake or a body of water (whether fresh or saline); or
6	(d) a salt marsh; or
7	(e) an estuary; or
8	(f) a karst system; or
9	(g) a ground water system;
10	and a reference to a water-dependent ecosystem includes a
11	reference to the biodiversity of the ecosystem.
12	water information has the meaning given by section 125.
13	water market rules has the meaning given by section 97.
14	water resource means:
15	(a) surface water or ground water; or
16	(b) a watercourse, lake, wetland or aquifer (whether or not it
17	currently has water in it);
18	and includes all aspects of the water resource (including water,
19	organisms and other components and ecosystems that contribute to
20	the physical state and environmental value of the water resource).
21	water resource plan for a water resource plan area means a plan
22	that:
23	(a) provides for the management of the water resource plan area;
24	and
25	(b) is either:
26	(i) accredited under section 63; or
27	(ii) adopted under section 69;
28	but only to the extent to which the water resource plan:
29	(c) relates to Basin water resources; and
30	(d) makes provision in relation to the matters that the Basin Plan
31	requires a water resource plan to include.
32	water resource plan area means an area that:
33	(a) contains part of the Basin water resources; and

1 2	(b) is specified in the Basin Plan as an area that is a water resource plan area for the purposes of this Act.
3	Note: See item 2 of the table in subsection 22(1).
4 5	water resources of a water resource plan area has the meaning given by item 2 of the table in subsection 22(1).
6 7	water service infrastructure has the meaning given by subsection 7(3).
8 9	water trading rules means the rules included in the Basin Plan under item 12 of the table in subsection 22(1).
10	wetland has the same meaning as in the Ramsar Convention.
11 12	(2) The following principles are <i>principles of ecologically sustainable development</i> :
13 14 15	(a) decision-making processes should effectively integrate both long-term and short-term economic, environmental, social and equitable considerations;
16 17 18 19	(b) if there are threats of serious or irreversible environmental damage, lack of full scientific certainty should not be used as a reason for postponing measures to prevent environmental degradation;
20 21 22 23	(c) the principle of inter-generational equity—that the present generation should ensure that the health, biodiversity and productivity of the environment is maintained or enhanced for the benefit of future generations;
24 25	 (d) the conservation of biodiversity and ecological integrity should be a fundamental consideration in decision-making;
26 27	(e) improved valuation, pricing and incentive mechanisms should be promoted.
28	5 Referring States
29 30	Reference of matters by State Parliament to Commonwealth Parliament
31 32	(1) A State is a <i>referring State</i> if the Parliament of the State has referred the matters covered by subsections (3) and (4) to the

1 2	Parliament of the Commonwealth for the purposes of paragraph 51(xxxvii) of the Constitution:
3	(a) if and to the extent that the matters are not otherwise included
4	in the legislative powers of the Parliament of the
5	Commonwealth (otherwise than by a reference under paragraph 51(xxxvii) of the Constitution); and
6	(b) if and to the extent to which the matters are included in the
7 8	legislative powers of the Parliament of the State.
9	This subsection has effect subject to subsections (5) and (6).
10	(2) A State is a <i>referring State</i> even if a law of the State provides that
11	the reference to the Parliament of the Commonwealth of either or
12	both of the matters covered by subsections (3) and (4) is to
13	terminate in particular circumstances.
14	Reference covering initial provisions of this Act
15	(3) This subsection covers the matters to which the referred provisions
16	relate to the extent of making laws with respect to those matters by
17	including the referred provisions.
18	Reference covering amendments of this Act
19	(4) This subsection covers the matter of the management of water
20	within or beneath the Murray-Darling Basin to the extent of the
21	making of laws with respect to those matters by making express
22	amendments of this Act.
23	Effect of termination of reference
24	(5) A State ceases to be a <i>referring State</i> if the State's initial reference
25	terminates.
26	(6) A State ceases to be a <i>referring State</i> if:
27	(a) the State's amendment reference terminates; and
28	(b) subsection (7) does not apply to the termination.
29	(7) A State does not cease to be a referring State because of the
30	termination of its amendment reference if:

1 2	(a) the termination is effected by the Governor of that State fixing a day by proclamation as the day on which the
3	reference terminates; and
4 5	(b) the day fixed is no earlier than the first day after the end of the period of 6 months beginning on the day on which the
6	proclamation is published; and
7	(c) that State's amendment reference, and the amendment
8	reference of every other referring State, terminates on the
9	same day.
10	Definitions
11	(8) In this section:
12	amendment reference of a State means the reference by the
13	Parliament of the State to the Parliament of the Commonwealth of
14	the matters covered by subsection (4).
15	initial reference of a State means the reference by the Parliament
16	of the State to the Parliament of the Commonwealth of the matters
17	covered by subsection (3).
18	referred provisions means this Act (other than Part 7) as originally
19	enacted to the extent to which it deals with matters that are
20	included in the legislative powers of the Parliaments of the States.
21	the management of water within or beneath the Murray-Darling
22	Basin includes the following:
23	(a) the management of any such water for consumptive purposes
24	(including for irrigation, industry, urban use and stock and
25	domestic use);
26	(b) the management of any such water for environmental
27	purposes (including for ecosystem function, biodiversity,
28	water quality and river health);
29	(c) trading of rights in or in relation to any such water;
30	(d) charging for or in relation to any such water;
31	(e) the construction, operation and maintenance of works for
32	regulation or control of the flow of any such water;
33	(f) the powers, functions and operation of Commonwealth
34	authorities in relation to any such water.

2	(1) For the purposes of this Act, <i>planned environmental water</i> is
3	water that:
4	(a) is committed by:
5	(i) the Basin Plan or a water resource plan for a water
6	resource plan area; or
7	(ii) a plan made under a State water management law; or
8	(iii) any other instrument made under a law of a State;
9	to either or both of the following purposes:
10	(iv) achieving environmental outcomes;
11	(v) other environmental purposes that are specified in the
12	plan or the instrument; and
13	(b) cannot, to the extent to which it is committed by that
14	instrument to that purpose or those purposes, be taken or used
15	for any other purpose.
16	(2) For the purposes of this Act, <i>planned environmental water</i> is
17	water that:
18	(a) is preserved, by a law of a State or an instrument made under
19	a law of a State, for the purposes of achieving environmental
20	outcomes by any other means (for example, by means of the

6 Planned environmental water

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instrument for that purpose or those purposes, be taken or used for any other purpose.(3) The water may be committed to, or preserved for, the purpose or

(b) cannot, to the extent to which it is preserved by that

setting of water flow or pressure targets or establishing zones

within which water may not be taken from a water resource);

- (3) The water may be committed to, or preserved for, the purpose or purposes referred to in paragraph (1)(a) or (2)(a) either generally or only at specified times or in specified circumstances.
- (4) Without limiting paragraph (1)(b) or (2)(b), the requirements of paragraph (1)(b) or (2)(b) are taken to have been met even if the water is taken or used for another purpose in emergency circumstances in accordance with:
 - (a) the instrument referred to in that paragraph; or
 - (b) the law under which the instrument is made; or

1	(c) another law.
2	7 Infrastructure operators etc.
3 4	(1) This section applies if a person owns or operates infrastructure for one or more of the following purposes:
5	(a) the storage of water;
6	(b) the delivery of water;
7	(c) the drainage of water;
8	for the purpose of providing a service to another person.
9	(2) The person is an <i>infrastructure operator</i> .
10	(3) The infrastructure is water service infrastructure.
11	(4) If the infrastructure operator operates the water service
12	infrastructure for the purposes of delivering water for the primary
13	purpose of being used for irrigation:
14	(a) the operator is an <i>irrigation infrastructure operator</i> ; and
15	(b) the infrastructure is the operator's <i>irrigation network</i> .
16	8 River flow control works
17 18	(1) For the purposes of this Act, a <i>river flow control work</i> is a work that:
19	(a) regulates the flow or control of water in the watercourses of
20	the Murray-Darling Basin, including:
21	(i) a dam, barrage, bank, regulator, weir or lock; or
22	(ii) a work connecting a river channel with an off-stream
23	work that regulates the flow or control of water; or
24	(iii) a work (including a canal) connecting a river channel
25	with another river channel; and
26	(b) is either:
27	(i) owned by, or is under the control of, the
28	Commonwealth or a Basin State; or
29 30	(ii) specified in the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.
30	
31	(2) However, <i>river flow control work</i> does not include:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	(3)	un So of (b) a v su (c) a v In apply amendm South W disregare	work that is under the control of the body that is entitled, der the <i>Snowy Hydro Corporatisation Act 1997</i> of New buth Wales, to the Snowy water licence within the meaning that Act; or work operated primarily to deliver water for urban retail pply; or work specified in the regulations. ing paragraph (2)(a), a variation of the licence, or an ent of the <i>Snowy Hydro Corporatisation Act 1997</i> of New Vales, after the commencement of this section is to be ded unless the variation is prescribed by the regulations for oses of this subsection.
13	9 Constitu	ıtional b	pasis for Act
14	(1)	This Act	t relies on:
15		(a) the	e Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraphs
16			(i), (v), (viii), (xi), (xv), (xx), (xxix) and (xxxix), and
17			ction 122, of the Constitution; and
18		(b) an	y implied legislative powers of the Commonwealth.
19 20		Note 1:	See also sections 36 and 37, which clarify the constitutional basis for section 35.
21 22		Note 2:	See also sections 60 and 61, which clarify the constitutional basis for section 59.
23 24		Note 3:	See also section 94, which clarifies the constitutional basis for the water charge rules made under Division 1 of Part 4.
25 26		Note 4:	See also section 99, which clarifies the constitutional basis for the water market rules made under Division 2 of Part 4.
27		Note 5:	See also section 119, which clarifies the constitutional basis for Part 7.
28 29		Note 6:	See also section 216, which clarifies the constitutional basis for Part 10.
30 31 32	(2)	Part 7) in	e is a referring State, the operation of this Act (other than in that State also relies on the referral that the State gives aragraph 51(xxxvii) of the Constitution.

1 1 2	0 Basis for Ba rule	sin water charge, water trading and water market s
3		Act deals with, and provides for plans and rules made under
4		Act to deal with:
5	(a)	water charges in relation to:
6		(i) the Basin water resources; or
7 8		(ii) water service infrastructure that carries Basin water resources; or
9		(iii) water access rights, irrigation rights or water delivery
10		rights in relation to Basin water resources; and
11 12	(b)	the trading and transfer of tradeable water rights in relation to the Basin water resources; and
13	(c)	the market for tradeable water rights in relation to the Basin
14	()	water resource.
15		pasis for dealing with those topics is that:
16		the Basin water resources are physically interconnected; and
17	(b)	the Basin water resources are a major Australian water
18 19		resource and, because they are interconnected, are the major Australian water resource in relation to which:
20		(i) tradeable water rights are able to be traded between
21		States; and
22 23		(ii) water is, pursuant to that trade, able to be delivered between States; and
24 25	(c)	the Basin water resources are scarce and at risk of continuing scarcity and further depletion; and
26 27	(d)	the Basin water resources are subject to significant environmental threat; and
28	(e)	there are important and significant environmental assets that
29	(0)	are associated with the Basin water resources and that need
30		protection; and
31	(f)	the inefficient and/or inappropriate use of the Basin water
32	()	resources would have a significant detrimental impact on:
33		(i) the availability of the Basin water resources; and
34		(ii) the health of the Basin water resources or the
35		environmental assets associated with the Basin water
36		resources; and

1	
	(g) the inefficient and/or inappropriate use of the Basin water
2	resources would have a significant detrimental economic and
3	social impact on the wellbeing of the communities in the Murray-Darling Basin; and
	(h) this Act and the plans and rules relating to:
5	(i) water charging; and
6	
7	(ii) trading; and
8	(iii) the transfer of tradeable water rights; and
9	(iv) water markets;
10	will promote:
11	(v) the more efficient use of the Basin water resources; and
12 13	(vi) the continued availability of the Basin water resources; and
14	(vii) the health of the Basin water resources and the
15	environmental assets associated with the Basin water
16	resources; and
17	(viii) the economic and social wellbeing of the communities
18	in the Murray-Darling Basin.
19	11 Reading down provision in relation to the operation of sections 99
19 20	11 Reading down provision in relation to the operation of sections 99 and 100 of the Constitution
20	and 100 of the Constitution
20 21	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the
20 21 22	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or
20 21 22 23 24 25	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of
20 21 22 23 24	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; it is the intention of the Parliament that the provision operate in
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; it is the intention of the Parliament that the provision operate in reliance on the legislative power or powers referred to in
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; it is the intention of the Parliament that the provision operate in reliance on the legislative power or powers referred to in paragraph (b).
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; it is the intention of the Parliament that the provision operate in reliance on the legislative power or powers referred to in paragraph (b). (2) Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), the reference in that paragraph
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	and 100 of the Constitution (1) If: (a) the operation of a provision of this Act, or of regulations or another instrument made under this Act, in reliance on the Commonwealth's legislative powers under paragraph 51(i) or (xx) of the Constitution would be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; and (b) the operation of that provision in reliance on another legislative power, or other legislative powers, of the Commonwealth would not be invalid because of section 99 or 100 of the Constitution; it is the intention of the Parliament that the provision operate in reliance on the legislative power or powers referred to in paragraph (b).

2	a legislative power under a ref the Constitution.	ferral under paragraph 51(xxxvii) of
3	(3) If:	
4	(a) a provision of this Act, of	
5 6	instrument made under t or commerce; and	this Act, operates in relation to trade
7		vision is invalid, under section 99 or
8		in relation to trade or commerce
10	it is intention of the Parliamen	at that the provision operate in
11	relation to trade or commerce	
12	(4) Subsections (1) and (3) may b	
13		gulations or another instrument made
14	•	subsection (1) is to be applied first
15	and then subsection (3).	
16	(5) This section does not affect th	e operation of section 15A of the
17	Acts Interpretation Act 1901 i	n relation to the provisions of this
18	Act or the regulations or other	instruments made under this Act.
19	12 Application to Crown etc.	
19 20	12 Application to Crown etc.(1) This Act binds the Crown in e	each of its capacities.
		-
20	(1) This Act binds the Crown in e	rown liable to be:
20 21	(1) This Act binds the Crown in e(2) This Act does not make the Crown in e(a) prosecuted for an offence	rown liable to be:
20 21 22	(1) This Act binds the Crown in e(2) This Act does not make the Crown	rown liable to be: ee; or ngs for a civil penalty for a
20 21 22 23	 (1) This Act binds the Crown in e (2) This Act does not make the Crown in e (a) prosecuted for an offence (b) subject to civil proceeding 	rown liable to be: ee; or ngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or
20 21 22 23 24	 (1) This Act binds the Crown in e (2) This Act does not make the Crown in e (a) prosecuted for an offence (b) subject to civil proceeding contravention of a civil procession 	rown liable to be: re; or ngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or otice.
20 21 22 23 24 25	 (1) This Act binds the Crown in e (2) This Act does not make the Crown in e (a) prosecuted for an offence (b) subject to civil proceeding contravention of a civil given an infringement ne 	rown liable to be: re; or ngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or otice. ency of the Commonwealth, or an
220 221 222 223 224 225 226	 This Act binds the Crown in e This Act does not make the Crown in e prosecuted for an offence subject to civil proceeding contravention of a civil grown an infringement not This Act does not make an age 	rown liable to be: ee; or ngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or otice. ency of the Commonwealth, or an
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 This Act binds the Crown in e This Act does not make the Crown in e prosecuted for an offence subject to civil proceeding contravention of a civil group (c) given an infringement not This Act does not make an agar agency of a State, liable to be: 	rown liable to be: re; or ngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or otice. ency of the Commonwealth, or an re; or
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 This Act binds the Crown in e This Act does not make the Crown in e prosecuted for an offence subject to civil proceeding contravention of a civil grown an infringement not This Act does not make an agardency of a State, liable to be: prosecuted for an offence 	rown liable to be: re; or ngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or otice. ency of the Commonwealth, or an re; or ngs for a civil penalty for a
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 This Act binds the Crown in e This Act does not make the Crown in e prosecuted for an offence subject to civil proceeding contravention of a civil group (c) given an infringement not given an infringe	rown liable to be: re; or rngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or otice. rency of the Commonwealth, or an re; or rngs for a civil penalty for a penalty provision; or

1	(a) an agency of the Commonwealth of the kind referred to in
2	paragraph (g) of the definition of agency of the
3	Commonwealth in subsection 4(1);
4	(b) an agency of a State of the kind that:
5	(i) is referred to in paragraph (c) of the definition of <i>agency</i>
6	of a State in subsection 4(1); and
7	(ii) operates primarily on a commercial basis;
8	(c) an agency of a State of the kind referred to in paragraph (g)
9	of the definition of <i>agency</i> of a State in subsection 4(1).
	10 77 17 1 77 1 70 1 70 1 70 1 70 1
10	13 The Native Title Act 1993 not affected
11	Nothing in this Act affects the operation of the <i>Native Title Act</i>
12	1993.

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Division 2—Interaction between Commonwealth w	ater
legislation and State laws	

3	registation and state laws
4	14 Coverage of this Division
5 6	(1) This Division (other than section 15) applies only to laws of a referring State.
7 8	(2) This Division applies only to the following laws of the Commonwealth:
9	(a) this Act (other than Part 7);
10 11	(b) regulations made under this Act (other than regulations made for the purposes of a provision of Part 7);
12	(c) the Basin Plan;
13 14	(d) a water resource plan for a water resource plan area that is made under this Act;
15	(e) water charge rules;
16	(f) any other instrument made under this Act (other than Part 7)
17 18	These are referred to in this Division as the <i>Commonwealth water legislation</i> .
19	(3) For the purposes of this Division:
20	law of a State means a law of, or in force in, a State but does not
21	include a law of the Commonwealth in force in the State.
22	15 Concurrent operation intended
23	(1) The Commonwealth water legislation is not intended to exclude or
24	limit the concurrent operation of any law of a State

- (2) If:
 - (a) an act or omission of a person is both an offence against the Commonwealth water legislation and an offence against the law of a State; and
 - (b) the person is convicted of either of those offences; the person is not liable to be convicted of the other of those offences.

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1 2 3	(3)	incor	section does not apply to a law of a State if there is a direct assistency between the Commonwealth water legislation and aw of a State.
4 5		Note:	Section 17 prevents direct inconsistency arising in some cases by limiting the operation of the Commonwealth water legislation.
6	16 Comm	onwe	alth water legislation does not apply to matters
7		decla	ared by State law to be an excluded matter
8	(1)	Subs	ection (2) applies if a provision of a law of a State declares a
9			er to be an excluded matter for the purposes of this section in
10		relati	on to:
11		(a)	the whole of the Commonwealth water legislation; or
12		(b)	a specified provision of the Commonwealth water legislation;
13			or
14		(c)	the Commonwealth water legislation other than a specified
15			provision; or
16		(d)	the Commonwealth water legislation otherwise than to a
17			specified extent.
18	(2)	By fo	orce of this subsection:
19		(a)	none of the provisions of the Commonwealth water
20			legislation (other than this section) applies in or in relation to
21			the State with respect to the matter if the declaration is one to
22			which paragraph (1)(a) applies; and
23		(b)	the specified provision of the Commonwealth water
24			legislation does not apply in or in relation to the State with
25			respect to the matter if the declaration is one to which
26			paragraph (1)(b) applies; and
27		(c)	the provisions of the Commonwealth water legislation (other
28			than this section and the specified provisions) do not apply in
29			or in relation to the State with respect to the matter if the
30			declaration is one to which paragraph (1)(c) applies; and
31		(d)	the provisions of the Commonwealth water legislation (other
32			than this section and otherwise than to the specified extent)
33			do not apply in or in relation to the State with respect to the
34			matter if the declaration is one to which paragraph (1)(d)
35			applies.

1 2 3	(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply to the declaration to the extent to which the regulations provide that that subsection does not apply to that declaration.
4	(4)	In this section:
5		matter includes act, omission, body, person or thing.
6 7	17 Avoidin	ng direct inconsistency arising between the Commonwealth water legislation and State laws
8 9		Section overrides other provisions of the Commonwealth water legislation
10 11	(1)	This section has effect despite anything else in the Commonwealth water legislation.
12 13		Section does not deal with provisions capable of concurrent operation
14 15 16	(2)	This section does not apply to a provision of a law of a State that is capable of concurrent operation with the Commonwealth water legislation.
17		Note: This kind of provision is dealt with by section 15.
18		When this section applies to a provision of a State law
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(3)	This section applies to the interaction between a provision (the <i>State provision</i>) of a law of a State and a provision (the <i>Commonwealth provision</i>) of the Commonwealth water legislation only if the State provision is declared by a law of the State to be a Commonwealth water legislation displacement provision for the purposes of this section (either generally or specifically in relation to the Commonwealth provision).
26 27		State provision specifically permitting, authorising or requiring act or thing to be done
28 29 30	(4)	The Commonwealth provision does not: (a) prohibit the doing of an act; or (b) impose a liability (whether civil or criminal) for doing an act;

1	if the Sta	te provision specifically permits, authorises or requires the
2	doing of	that act.
3	Other cas	ses
4	(5) The Com	monwealth provision does not operate in or in relation to
5 6	the State arises bet	to the extent necessary to ensure that no inconsistency
7		Commonwealth provision; and
8 9 10	WO	State provision to the extent to which the State provision ald, but for this subsection, be inconsistent with the mmonwealth provision.
11 12 13	Note 1:	The State provision is not covered by this subsection if subsection (4) applies to the State provision: if that subsection applies there would be no potential inconsistency to be dealt with by this subsection.
14 15 16	Note 2:	The operation of the State provision will be supported by section 15 to the extent to which it can operate concurrently with the Commonwealth provision.
17 18 19	_	y modify operation of the Commonwealth water on to deal with interaction between that legislation te laws
20		lations may modify the operation of the Commonwealth islation so that:
21		
22 23	app	visions of the Commonwealth water legislation do not ly to a matter that is dealt with by a law of a State
24	•	cified in the regulations; or
25		inconsistency arises between the operation of a provision
26		he Commonwealth water legislation and the operation of
27	a pi	rovision of a law of a State specified in the regulations.
<i>4 1</i>	(2) Without 1	imiting subsection (1), regulations made for the purposes
28		bsection may provide that a provision of the
28 29	of that su	bsection may provide that a provision of the wealth water legislation:
28 29 30	of that su Common	
28 29 30 31	of that su Common (a) doe	wealth water legislation:
28 29 30 31 32	of that su Common (a) doe (i)	wealth water legislation: s not apply to:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	of that su Common (a) doe (i) (ii)	wealth water legislation: s not apply to: a person specified in the regulations; or

1 2	(iv) a person or body specified in the regulations in the circumstances specified in the regulations; or
3	(b) does not prohibit an act to the extent to which the prohibition
4	would otherwise give rise to an inconsistency with a law of a
5	State; or
6	(c) does not require a person to do an act to the extent to which
7	the requirement would otherwise give rise to an
8	inconsistency with a law of a State; or
9	(d) does not authorise a person to do an act to the extent to which
10	the conferral of that authority on the person would otherwise
11	give rise to an inconsistency with a law of a State; or
12	(e) does not impose an obligation on a person to the extent to
13	which complying with that obligation would require the
14	person to not comply with an obligation impose on the
15	person under a law of a State; or
16	(f) authorises a person to do something for the purposes of the
17	Commonwealth water legislation that the person:
18	(i) is authorised to do under a law of a State; and
19	(ii) would not otherwise be authorised to do under the
20	Commonwealth water legislation; or
21	(g) will be taken to be satisfied if a law of a State is satisfied.
22	(3) In this section:
23	<i>matter</i> includes act, omission, body, person or thing.

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Part 2—Management of Basin water resources

Division 1—Basin Plan

Subdivision A—Introduction

19 Simplified outline

- (1) This section sets out a simplified outline of this Part.
- (2) There is to be a Basin Plan for the management of the Basin water resources. The Basin Plan will provide for limits on the quantity of water that may be taken from the Basin water resources as a whole and from the water resources of each water resource plan area. It will also provide for the requirements to be met by the water resource plans for particular water resource plan areas (these water resource plans are dealt with in Division 2).
- (3) The Authority must prepare a Basin Plan and give it to the Minister for adoption. The Minister may adopt the Basin Plan without modification or direct the Authority to modify the Plan.
- (4) The Authority may prepare amendments of the Basin Plan and give them to the Minister for adoption. The Minister may adopt the amendments of the Basin Plan without modifications or direct the Authority to modify the amendments.
- (5) The Authority must review the Basin Plan at least every 10 years (or sooner if the Minister or all the Basin States request).

Subdivision B—Basin Plan, its purpose and contents

20 Purpose of Basin Plan

The purpose of the Basin Plan is to provide for the integrated management of the Basin water resources in a way that promotes the objects of this Act, in particular by providing for:

1	(a)	giving effect to relevant international agreements (to the
2 3		extent to which those agreements are relevant to the use and management of the Basin water resources); and
4	(b)	the establishment and enforcement of environmentally
5	(0)	sustainable limits on the quantities of surface water and
6		ground water that may be taken from the Basin water
7		resources (including by interception activities); and
8	(c)	Basin-wide environmental objectives for water-dependent
9	` ,	ecosystems of the Murray-Darling Basin and water quality
10		and salinity objectives; and
11	(d)	the use and management of the Basin water resources in a
12		way that optimises economic, social and environmental
13		outcomes; and
14	(e)	water to reach its most productive use through the
15		development of an efficient water trading regime across the
16		Murray-Darling Basin; and
17	(f)	requirements that a water resource plan for a water resource
18		plan area must meet if it is to be accredited or adopted under
19		Division 2; and
20	(g)	improved water security for all uses of Basin water resources.
21	21 General bas	is on which Basin Plan to be developed
		•
22	Basir	n Plan to implement international agreements
23		Basin Plan (including any environmental watering plan or
24		quality and salinity management plan included in the Basin
25		must be prepared so as to provide for giving effect to relevant
26		national agreements (to the extent to which those agreements elevant to the use and management of the Basin water
27 28		irces).
20	10300	nees).
29	(2) With	out limiting subsection (1), the Basin Plan must:
30	(a)	be prepared having regard to:
31		(i) the fact that the use of the Basin water resources has
32		had, and is likely to have, significant adverse impacts on
33		the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity; and

1 2 3	(ii) the fact that the Basin water resources require, as a result, special measures to manage their use to conserve biodiversity; and
4	(b) promote sustainable use of the Basin water resources to
5	protect and restore the ecosystems, natural habitats and
6	species that are reliant on the Basin water resources and to
7	conserve biodiversity.
8	Note: See Articles 7 and 8 of the Biodiversity Convention.
9	(3) Without limiting subsection (1), the Basin Plan must also:
10	(a) promote the wise use of all the Basin water resources; and
11	(b) promote the conservation of declared Ramsar wetlands in the
12	Murray-Darling Basin.
13	Note: See Article 3 of the Ramsar Convention.
14	Basis on which Basin Plan to be developed
15	(4) Subject to subsections (1), (2) and (3), the Authority and the
16	Minister must, in exercising their powers and performing their
17	functions under this Division:
18	(a) take into account the principles of ecologically sustainable
19	development; and
20 21	(b) act on the basis of the best available scientific knowledge and socio-economic analysis; and
22	(c) have regard to the following:
23	(i) the National Water Initiative;
24	(ii) the consumptive and other economic uses of Basin
25	water resources;
26	(iii) the diversity and variability of the Basin water resources
27	and the need to adapt management approaches to that
28	diversity and variability;
29 30	(iv) the management objectives of the Basin States for particular water resources;
	•
31 32	(v) social, cultural, Indigenous and other public benefit issues;
	•
33 34	(vi) broader regional natural resource management planning processes;
) +	processes,

1		(vii)	the effect, or potential effect, of the Basin Plan on the
2			use and management of water resources that are not Basin water resources;
		(viii)	the effect, or the potential effect, of the use and
4 5		(VIII)	management of water resources that are not Basin water
6			resources on the use and management of the Basin
7			water resources; and
8		(ix)	the State water sharing arrangements.
9 10			Paragraph (b): the best available scientific knowledge includes the best available systems for accounting for water resources.
11 12 13			An example of a management objective referred to in subparagraph (c)(iv) might be preservation of the natural values of a river system through no development or minimal development.
14 15			See also subsection 25(3) (which deals with the water quality and salinity management plan).
16		Rasin Pla	n not to reduce protection of planned environmental
17			wided for under existing State water management laws
		-	
18	(5)		Plan must ensure that there is no net reduction in the
19		protection of planned environmental water from the protection	
20 21		•	for under the State water management law of a Basin nediately before the Basin Plan takes effect.
22		Basin Pla	n not to be inconsistent with Snowy Water Licence
23	(6)	The Basir	Plan must not be inconsistent with the provisions of the
24	. ,		sued under section 22 of the <i>Snowy Hydro</i>
25			isation Act 1997 of New South Wales.
26	(7)	In applyir	ng subsection (6), a variation of the licence after the
27		commenc	ement of Part 2 of this Act is to be disregarded unless the
28		variation	is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this
29		subsection	n.
30	22 Conter	nt of Basin	n Plan
31		Mandator	y content of Basin Plan
32	(1)	The Basir	Plan must include the matters set out in the following
33	(1)	table:	1. I am mass merade the matters set out in the following

Item	Matter to be included	Specific requirements
1	A description of the Basin water resources and the context in which	The description must include information about:
	those resources are used.	(a) the size, extent, connectivity, variability and condition of the Basin water resources; and
		(b) the uses to which the Basin water resources are put (including by Indigenous people); and
		(c) the users of the Basin water resources; and
		(d) the social and economic circumstances of Basin communities dependent on the Basin water resources.
2	An identification of the particular areas that are to be <i>water resource plan areas</i> for the purposes of this Act and the periods that are to be the <i>water accounting periods</i> for each	The identification must specify one or more of the following as the water resources to which any water resource plan for the area will apply: (a) all (or a specified part or share)

of those areas.

The Basin Plan may also provide that an area is to be a water resource plan area for the purposes of this Act from the time specified in the Basin Plan. The time may be specified as a particular date, as the time when particular conditions are satisfied or particular circumstances start to exist or in any other way. If the Basin Plan includes a provision to this effect, the area is a water

resource plan area only from the

time specified in the Basin Plan.

Mandatory content of Basin Plan

1

- (a) all (or a specified part or share) of the surface water in a particular area;
- (b) all (or a specified part or share) of the ground water beneath a particular area;
- (c) all (or a specified part) of a particular watercourse, lake or aquifer.

A reference in this Act to the water resources of the water resource plan area is a reference to the water resources identified as the ones to which the water resource plan applies.

The water resource plan areas in a State, and the water accounting periods for those areas, that are

Item	Matter to be included	Specific requirements
		identified in the Basin Plan must, as far as possible, be aligned with the areas and accounting periods provided for in or under the State water management law of that State. However, this does not prevent the Basin Plan identifying an area as a water resource plan area if none of that area falls within an area provided for in or under the State water management law of that State.
		The Authority must consult a State before the Basin Plan identifies as a water resource plan area an area none of which falls within an area provided for in or under the State water management law of that State
3	An identification of the risks to the condition, or continued availability, of the Basin water resources.	The risks dealt with must include the risks to the availability of Basin water resources that arise from the following:
		(a) the taking and use of water (including through interception activities);
		(b) the effects of climate change;
		(c) changes to land use;
		(d) the limitations on the state of knowledge on the basis of which estimates about matters relating to Basin water resources are made.
4	Management objectives and outcomes to be achieved by the Basin Plan.	The objectives and outcomes must be consistent with purposes set out in section 20.
		The objectives and outcomes must address:
		(a) environmental outcomes; and

Manda Item	atory content of Basin Plan Matter to be included	Specific requirements
Item	wratter to be included	(b) water quality and salinity; and
		(c) long-term average sustainable diversion limits and temporary diversion limits; and
		(d) trading in water access rights.
5	The strategies to be adopted to manage, or address, the risks identified under item 3.	The strategies must relate to the management of Basin water resources.
6	The maximum long-term annual average quantities of water that can be taken, on a sustainable basis,	The limit must comply with section 23.
	from: (a) the Basin water resources as a whole; and	Section 75 requires particular matters to be specified in the Basin Plan if a long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the
	(b) the water resources, or particular parts of the water resources, of each water resource plan area.	water resources, or a particular particular particular particular resources, of a water resource plan area is reduced.
	The averages are the <i>long-term</i> average sustainable diversion limits for the Basin water resources, and the water resources, or particular parts of the water resources, of the water resource plan area.	
7	For the water resources, or particular parts of the water resources, of each water resource plan area, the long-term annual average quantities of water that may, on a temporary basis, be taken year by year from the water resources, or particular parts of the water resources, in addition to the long-term average sustainable diversion limit for those water resources or that particular part.	The temporary diversion provision must comply with section 24.
	The average is the <i>temporary diversion provision</i> for those water resources or that particular part.	

Mandatory content of Basin Plan		
Item	Matter to be included	Specific requirements
	The sum of: (a) the long-term average sustainable diversion limit; and (b) the temporary diversion provision;	
	for those water resources or that particular part is the <i>long-term</i> annual diversion limit for those water resources or that particular part.	
8	The method for determining whether the long-term annual diversion limit for the water resources, or a particular part of the water resource plan area has been complied with (whether in relation to a particular water accounting period or over a longer period) and the extent of any failure to comply with that limit.	The method must include provision for accounting for any trading, or transfer, of tradeable water rights.
9	An environmental watering plan.	The environmental watering plan must comply with section 28.
10	A water quality and salinity management plan.	The water quality and salinity management plan must comply with section 25.
11	The requirements that a water resource plan for a water resource plan area must comply with for it to be accredited or adopted under Division 2.	The requirements must relate to matters that are relevant to the sustainable use and management of the water resources of the water resource plan area. Subsection (3) provides that certain matters must be included in the
12	Rules for the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights in relation to Basin water resources. See also section 26.	requirements. The rules must contribute to achieving the Basin water market and trading objectives and principle that are set out in Schedule 3.

Item	Matter to be included	Specific requirements		
		Without limiting the matters that the rules may deal with, the rules must deal with the trading or transfer between Basin States of tradeable water rights in relation to Basin water resources.		
13	A program for monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the Basin Plan.	The program must include the principles to be applied and the framework to be used to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the Basin Plan.		
		The program must include reporting requirements for the Commonwealth and the Basin States.		
		The program must include 5 yearly reviews of:		
		(a) the water quality and salinity targets in the water quality and salinity management plan; and		
		(b) the environmental watering plan		
	table in subsection (1) may ov	overlap, they may relate to different water		
	(3) Without limiting item 11 of the table in subsection (1), the requirements specified under that item for a water resource plan for a water resource plan area must include requirements in relation to:(a) the identification of the water resource plan area; and			
	(b) the incorporation, and application, of the long-term annual diversion limit for the water resources of the water resource plan area; and			
		management of the water resource area within that diversion limit; ar		

1 2	(d) the regulation, for the purposes of managing Basin water resources, of interception activities with a significant impact
3	(whether on an activity-by-activity basis or cumulatively) on
4	those water resources; and
	(e) planning for environmental watering; and
5	
6	(f) water quality and salinity objectives for the water resource
7	plan area; and
8	(g) the circumstances in which tradeable water rights in relation
9	to the water resource plan area may be traded, or transferred,
10	and the conditions applicable to such trades or transfers; and
11	(h) broad approaches to the way risks to the water resources of
12	the water resource plan area should be addressed; and
13	(i) metering the water taken from the water resources of the
14	water resource plan area and monitoring the water resources
15	of the water resource plan area; and
16	(j) reviews of the water resource plan and amendments of the
17	plan arising from those reviews; and
18	(k) the scientific information or models on which the water
19	resource plan is to be based.
20	The requirements in relation to the matters referred to in
21	paragraph (g) must contribute to achieving the Basin water market
22	and trading objectives and principles that are set out in Schedule 3.
23	(4) The requirements referred to in a paragraph in subsection (3) need
24	not apply in relation to the water resource plan for a water resource
25	plan area if those requirements are not relevant to the water
26	resource plan area given the management objectives for the area.
27	Note: If the management objective for the area is to preserve the natural
28	values of a river system through no development, some of the
29 30	requirements that relate to the use and management of the water resources of the water resource plan area may be irrelevant.
30	resources of the water resource plan area may be irrelevant.
31	(5) The requirements specified under item 11 of the table in
32	subsection (1) may include a requirement for a water resource plan
33	to provide for the metering of stock and domestic water use only to
34	the extent that such metering is necessary for the effective
35	management of the Basin water resources.
36	Note: Metering may, for example, be necessary for the effective
37	management of the Basin water resources where a particular ground

1 2	water resource is under stress or where there are local disputes about water sharing.
3	(6) To avoid doubt:
4	(a) there may be different requirements under item 11 of the
5	table in subsection (1) for different kinds of water resource
6	plan areas or to meet different management objectives; and
7	(b) a requirement under that item may be one that, in accordance
8	with its terms, does not apply to a particular water resource
9	plan area or applies only to a limited extent.
10	(7) The requirements referred to in paragraph (3)(d):
11	(a) may require that interception activities with, or with the
12	potential to have, significant impacts on the water resources
13	of the water resource plan area are assessed to determine
14	whether they are consistent with the water resource plan
15	before they are approved under:
16	(i) any other laws of a Basin State; or
17	(ii) a particular law of a Basin State; and
18	(b) may require that water access rights be held for specified
19	kinds of interception activities.
20	Other matters that may be included in Basin Plan
21	(8) The Basin Plan may also include any other matters prescribed by
22	the regulations for the purposes of this subsection.
23	Matters that may not be dealt with by the Basin Plan
24	(9) The provisions of the Basin Plan have effect only to the extent to
25	which they relate to a matter that is relevant to the use or
26	management of Basin water resources.
27	(10) A provision of the Basin Plan has no effect to the extent to which
28	the provision directly regulates:
29	(a) land use or planning in relation to land use; or
30	(b) the management of natural resources (other than water
31	resources); or
32	(c) the control of pollution.

1	(11) For the purposes of subsection (10), a provision directly regulates a
2	matter referred to in paragraph (10)(a), (b) or (c) if the provision:
3	(a) prohibits a person (including an agency of a State) from
4	undertaking an activity in relation to that matter (either
5	absolutely or unless the person satisfies particular
6	conditions); or
7 8	(b) requires a person (including an agency of a State) to undertake an activity in relation to that matter; or
9	(c) requires a person (including an agency of a State) who
10	undertakes an activity in relation to that matter to carry that
11	activity out in a particular way; or
12	(d) imposes an obligation on a person (including an agency of a
13	State) in relation to the carrying out of an activity in relation
14	to that matter, including an obligation to obtain consent or
15	approval in relation to that matter; or
16	(e) imposes an obligation on a person (including an agency of a
17	State) in connection with the performance of a function
18	relating to a matter referred to in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d),
19	including by obliging the person to impose such an obligation
20	on another person or agency.
21	This subsection does not limit subsection (10).
22	(12) Subsections (10) and (11) do not prevent a provision of the Basin
23	Plan having effect to the extent to which it:
24	(a) imposes a requirement of the kind referred to in
25	subsection (7); or
26	(b) sets targets under section 25 or 28; or
27	(c) imposes a requirement to report on steps taken by a State to
28	meet targets set in the Basin Plan.
29	23 Long-term average sustainable diversion limits
30	(1) A long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the Basin water
31	resources, for the water resources of a particular water resource
32	plan area or for a particular part of those water resources must
33	reflect an environmentally sustainable level of take.
34	(2) A long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the Basin water
35	resources, for the water resources of a particular water resource

1 2	plan area or for a particular part of those water resources may be specified:
3	(a) as a particular quantity of water per year; or
4 5	(b) as a formula or other method that may be used to calculate a quantity of water per year; or
6	(c) in any other way that the Authority determines to be
7	appropriate.
8	24 Temporary diversion provision
9	(1) The purpose of a temporary diversion provision for the water
10	resources of a water resource plan area (or for a particular part of
11	those water resources) is to provide for a transition period to
12	minimise social and economic impacts when the long-term average
13	sustainable diversion limit for those water resources (or that part of
14	those resources) is lower than the long-term average quantity of water that has in fact been being taken from those water resources
15 16	(or that part of those water resources).
10	(or that part of those water resources).
17	(2) The temporary diversion provision for the water resources of a
18 19	water resource plan area (or for a particular part of those water resources) may be specified:
20	(a) as a particular quantity of water per year; or
21	(b) as a formula or other method that may be used to calculate a
22	quantity of water per year; or
23	(c) in any other way that the Authority determines to be
24	appropriate.
25	(3) The temporary diversion provision for the water resources of a
26	water resource plan area (or for a particular part of those water
27	resources) may be zero.
28	(4) The temporary diversion provision for the water resources of a
29	water resource plan area (or for a particular part of those water
30	resources) may be different for different years.
31	(5) The temporary diversion provision for the water resources of a
32	water resource plan area (or for a particular part of those water
33	resources) that is not zero must reduce to zero by the end of the

1 2		period of 5 years starting at the beginning of the first year for which a temporary diversion provision that is not zero has effect.
3	(6)	A fresh determination of a temporary diversion provision that is
4	. ,	not zero must not be made in relation to the water resources of a
5		water resource plan area (or a particular part of those water
6		resources) unless the long-term average sustainable diversion limit
7		for those water resources (or that part of those water resources) is
8		reduced by more than 5%.
9	(7)	If a fresh determination of a temporary diversion provision that is
10		not zero is made under subsection (6) for:
11		(a) the water resources of a water resource plan area; or
12		(b) a particular part of those water resources;
13		the temporary diversion provision for those water resources (or that
14		part of those water resources) must reduce to zero by the end of the
15		period of 5 years starting at the beginning of the first year to which
16		the new long-term average sustainable diversion limit for those
17		water resources (or that part of those water resources) has effect.
18	25 Water	quality and salinity management plan
19	(1)	The water quality and salinity management plan must:
19 20	(1)	The water quality and salinity management plan must: (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the
	(1)	
20	(1)	(a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the
20 21	(1)	(a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and
20 21 22		(a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and(b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources.
20 21 22 23		(a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and(b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for
20 21 22 23 24 25		 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph:
20 21 22 23 24		 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured; and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26		 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured;
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(2)	 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured; and (b) may specify a target in terms of a particular level of salinity being met for a particular percentage of time.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(2)	 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured; and (b) may specify a target in terms of a particular level of salinity being met for a particular percentage of time. In exercising their powers and performing their functions under
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(2)	 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured; and (b) may specify a target in terms of a particular level of salinity being met for a particular percentage of time. In exercising their powers and performing their functions under this Division in relation to the water quality and salinity
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(2)	 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured; and (b) may specify a target in terms of a particular level of salinity being met for a particular percentage of time. In exercising their powers and performing their functions under
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(2)	 (a) identify the key causes of water quality degradation in the Murray-Darling Basin; and (b) include water quality and salinity objectives and targets for the Basin water resources. Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a salinity target referred to in that paragraph: (a) may specify the place at which the target is to be measured; and (b) may specify a target in terms of a particular level of salinity being met for a particular percentage of time. In exercising their powers and performing their functions under this Division in relation to the water quality and salinity management plan, the Authority and the Minister must have regard

2	found on the Department's website.
3	26 Water trading and transfer rules
4	(1) The provisions included in the Basin Plan under item 12 of the
5	table in subsection 22(1) (the water trading rules) may deal with
6	the following matters:
7 8	(a) the rules governing the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights;
9 10	(b) the terms on which tradeable water rights are traded or transferred;
11 12	(c) the processes by which tradeable water rights are traded or transferred;
13 14	(d) the imposition or removal of restrictions on, and barriers to, the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights;
15	(e) restrictions on taking or using water from a water resource a
16	a result of the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights in
17	relation to that water resource;
18	(f) the manner in which particular kinds of trading or transfer of
19	tradeable water rights is conducted;
20 21	(g) the specification of areas within which particular tradeable water rights may be traded or transferred;
22	(h) the availability of information to enable the trading or
23	transfer of tradeable water rights;
24	(i) the reporting of the trading or transfer of tradeable water
25	rights;
26	(j) any matter that was dealt with in:
27	(i) Schedule E to the MDB Agreement (other than
28	paragraph 15(3)(c) of that Schedule); or
29	(ii) the Protocols to the MDB Agreement made under
30	Schedule E to that Agreement (other than the Protocol
31	on Access and Exit Fees);
32	immediately before the commencement of this Part.
33	(2) Without limiting paragraph (1)(d), the water trading rules may:
34	(a) prohibit some types of restrictions on, or barriers to, the
35	trading or transfer of tradeable water rights; and

	(b) impose or allow other types of restrictions on, or barriers to, the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights.
(3)	Without limiting paragraph (1)(h) or (i), the water trading rules
	may provide for the use of registers to provide information about the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights.
(4)	Without limiting subsection (1), particular water trading rules may be limited to one or more of the following:
	(a) particular kinds of trading or transfer (for example, exchange rate trade or tagged trade); or
	(b) the trading or transfer or particular kinds of tradeable water rights; or
	(c) the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights in relation to particular water resources.
(5)	Without limiting subsection (1), the water trading rules may
	provide that a person who suffers loss or damage as a result of
	conduct of another person that contravenes the water trading rules may recover the amount of the loss or damage by action against
	that other person or against any person involved in the contravention.
27 Basin I	Plan to be published on Authority's website
(1)	The Authority must publish on its website a copy of the Basin Plan that is in effect.
(2)	The Basin Plan published under subsection (1) is to be the Plan as amended from time to time.
(3)	If the Basin Plan is amended, the Authority must also publish on its website a copy of the Basin Plan as in force immediately before the amendment and indicate on the website the period for which that version of the Basin Plan was in force.
Subdivisio	on C—Environmental management
28 Enviro	nmental watering plan
	The purposes of the environmental watering plan are:
(1)	The purposes of the environmental watering plan are:

1	(a) to	safeguard existing environmental water; and
2	(b) to	plan for the recovery of additional environmental water;
3	and	d
4	(c) to	coordinate the management of:
5	(1	existing environmental water; and
6	(i	the additional environmental water that is recovered;
7	in order	to:
8	(d) pro	otect and restore the wetlands and other environmental
9	ass	sets of the Murray-Darling Basin; and
10	(e) pro	otect biodiversity dependent on the Basin water resources
11		d achieve other environmental outcomes for the
12	M	urray-Darling Basin.
13	(2) The env	ronmental watering plan must specify:
14		e overall environmental objectives for the water-dependent
15		osystems of the Murray-Darling Basin; and
16	(b) tar	gets by which to measure progress towards achieving the
17		vironmental objectives specified in accordance with
18	pa	ragraph (a); and
19		environmental management framework for planned
20	en	vironmental water and held environmental water; and
21		e methods to be used to identify environmental assets in the
22		urray-Darling Basin that will require environmental
23		tering; and
24		e principles to be applied, and methods to be used, to
25		termine the priorities for applying environmental water
26		cluding applying that water to environmental assets that
27 28		e identified using the methods specified under ragraph (d)); and
29	-	e principles to be applied in environmental watering.
29	(1) the	principles to be applied in environmental watering.
30		limiting paragraph (2)(b), the environmental watering plan
31	• •	cify targets for one or more of the following:
32	(a) wa	ter resource health;
33	(b) wa	ter flows;
34	(c) wa	ter pressure;
35	(d) wa	ter levels.

1 2		The targets may relate to the Basin water resources as a whole or to particular Basin water resources.
3	(4)	In preparing the environmental watering plan, the Authority must
4		have regard to any other programs for water recovery and
5		environmental watering in the Murray-Darling Basin.
6	29 Autho	rity to consult holders and managers of environmental
7		water in implementing environmental watering plan
8		The Authority must, in implementing the environmental watering
9		plan, consult:
0		(a) holders of held environmental water; and
1		(b) owners of environmental assets; and
12		(c) managers of planned environmental water;
13		in order to develop periodic environmental watering schedules.
4	30 Enviro	onmental watering schedules
15	(1)	An environmental watering schedule developed for the purposes of
6		the environmental watering plan must identify environmental
17		watering priorities for that schedule.
8	(2)	The priorities must be consistent with the environmental watering
19		plan.
20	31 Autho	rity to coordinate delivery of environmental water
21		The Authority may coordinate the delivery of environmental water
22		in accordance with the environmental watering schedules
23		developed for the purposes of the environmental watering plan.
24	32 Autho	rity to identify and account for held environmental water
25		The Authority must identify and account for held environmental
26		water in the Murray-Darling Basin for each financial year.
		•

Subdivision D—Effect of Basin Plan

Minister adopts the Basin Plan under section 44. (2) An amendment of the Basin Plan adopted by the Minister und section 48: (a) is a legislative instrument; and (b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the amendment under that section. (3) An amendment of the Basin Plan by the Authority under regulations made for the purposes of section 49 is a legislative instrument. 34 Effect of Basin Plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth (1) The Authority, and the other agencies of the Commonwealth, perform their functions, and exercise their powers, consistent with, and in a manner that gives effect to, the Basin Plan. (2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authorit the Minister's functions and powers under this Division. (3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38. 35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not:	2	33 Basin Plan is a legislative instrument
(b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the Basin Plan under section 44. (2) An amendment of the Basin Plan adopted by the Minister und section 48: (a) is a legislative instrument; and (b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the amendment under that section. (3) An amendment of the Basin Plan by the Authority under regulations made for the purposes of section 49 is a legislative instrument. 34 Effect of Basin Plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth (1) The Authority, and the other agencies of the Commonwealth, perform their functions, and exercise their powers, consistent with, and in a manner that gives effect to, the Basin Plan. (2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authority the Minister's functions and powers under this Division. (3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38. 35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is	3	` '
Minister adopts the Basin Plan under section 44. (2) An amendment of the Basin Plan adopted by the Minister und section 48: (a) is a legislative instrument; and (b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the amendment under that section. (3) An amendment of the Basin Plan by the Authority under regulations made for the purposes of section 49 is a legislative instrument. 34 Effect of Basin Plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth (1) The Authority, and the other agencies of the Commonwealth, perform their functions, and exercise their powers, consistent with, and in a manner that gives effect to, the Basin Plan. (2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authority the Minister's functions and powers under this Division. (3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38. 35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is	4	
section 48: (a) is a legislative instrument; and (b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the amendment under that section. (3) An amendment of the Basin Plan by the Authority under regulations made for the purposes of section 49 is a legislative instrument. 34 Effect of Basin Plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth (1) The Authority, and the other agencies of the Commonwealth, perform their functions, and exercise their powers, consistent with, and in a manner that gives effect to, the Basin Plan. (2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authorite the Minister's functions and powers under this Division. (3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38. 35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is		(b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which the Minister adopts the Basin Plan under section 44.
(b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the amendment under that section. (3) An amendment of the Basin Plan by the Authority under regulations made for the purposes of section 49 is a legislative instrument. 34 Effect of Basin Plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth (1) The Authority, and the other agencies of the Commonwealth, perform their functions, and exercise their powers, consistent with, and in a manner that gives effect to, the Basin Plan. (2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authorite the Minister's functions and powers under this Division. (3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38. 35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is		(2) An amendment of the Basin Plan adopted by the Minister under section 48:
(b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which Minister adopts the amendment under that section. (3) An amendment of the Basin Plan by the Authority under regulations made for the purposes of section 49 is a legislative instrument. 34 Effect of Basin Plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth (1) The Authority, and the other agencies of the Commonwealth, perform their functions, and exercise their powers, consistent with, and in a manner that gives effect to, the Basin Plan. (2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authorite the Minister's functions and powers under this Division. (3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38. 35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is	9	(a) is a legislative instrument; and
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purposes of section 38. 24		(2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authority's or the Minister's functions and powers under this Division.
25 (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin 26 State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the 27 holder of a water access right must not: 28 (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is		
State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is	24	35 Effect of Basin Plan on other agencies and persons
State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the holder of a water access right must not: (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is	25	(1) The Murray-Darling Rasin Commission, an agency of a Rasin
27 holder of a water access right must not: 28 (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is		
28 (a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
inconsistent with the Basin Plan; or	28	(a) do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the act is
	29	inconsistent with the Basin Plan; or

1 2	(b) fail to do an act in relation to Basin water resources if the failure to do that act is inconsistent with the Basin Plan.
3 4 5	(2) Subsection (1) applies to an act of an agency of a Basin State only if the act is one that relates to the use or management of the Basin water resources.
6 7	(3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 38.
8	36 Constitutional operation of section 35 (general)
9 10	(1) Section 35 imposes an obligation to the extent to which imposing the obligation gives effect to a relevant international agreement.
11 12	(2) Section 35 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the obligation is imposed:
13	(a) on a constitutional corporation; or
14	(b) in relation to conduct that affects the activities of a
15	constitutional corporation.
16 17 18	(3) Section 35 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the obligation is imposed in relation to conduct that takes place in the course of trade or commerce:
19	(a) with other countries; or
20	(b) among the States; or
21	(c) between a State and a Territory.
22 23 24	Note: This subsection is of particular relevance to the provisions of the Basin Plan that deal with the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights.
25	(4) Section 35 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the
26	obligation is imposed in relation to conduct that takes place in a
27	Territory.
28 29	(5) Section 35 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the obligation is imposed:
30	(a) on an agency of a State that is a referring State; or
31	(b) in relation to conduct that takes place in a referring State; or
32	(c) in relation to conduct that has an effect in a referring State.

1	(6)	Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5):
2		(a) have effect independently of each other; and
3		(b) do not limit section 37; and
4		(c) do not limit the operation (if any) that section 35 validly has
5		apart from this section.
6	(7)	In this section:
7		conduct includes an act or omission.
8	37 Constit	utional operation of section 35 (water trading rules)
9	(1)	This section deals with the provisions of the Basin Plan to the
10		extent to which they deal with the trading or transfer of a tradable
11		water right in relation to Basin water resources.
12		Note: See item 12 of the table in subsection 22(1).
13	(2)	Section 35 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if at
14		least one of the parties to the trading or the transfer is a
15		constitutional corporation.
16	(3)	Section 35 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if the
17		trading or transfer takes place in the course of trade and commerce
18		(a) between the States; or
19		(b) between a State and a Territory.
20	(4)	Section 35 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if:
21	· /	(a) the trading or transfer takes place in a Territory; or
22		(b) the trading or transfer relates to tradeable water rights in
23		relation to a water resource in a Territory.
	(5)	Continue 25 immers allientisms in malating to the constitution of the
24		Section 35 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if at
2526		least one element of the trading or transfer takes place using a postal, telegraphic, telephonic or other like service (within the
27		meaning of paragraph 51(v) of the Constitution).
28	(6)	Section 35 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if:
29		(a) the trading or transfer takes place in a referring State; or
30		(b) the trading or transfer has an effect in a referring State; or

1 2		(c) the trading or transfer relates to tradeable water rights in relation to a water resource in a referring State.
3		(7) Subsections (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6):
4		(a) have effect independently of each other; and
5		(b) do not limit section 36; and
6 7		(c) do not limit the operation (if any) that section 35 validly has apart from this section.
8	38	Regulations may provide for exceptions
9 10		(1) Without limiting section 18, the regulations may provide that subsections 34(1) and 35(1) do not apply to the activities specified
11		in the regulations.
12		(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations:
13		(a) may provide that subsections 34(1) and 35(1) do not apply to
14		a particular activity only if the conditions specified in the
15		regulations are satisfied; and
16		(b) may provide that subsections 34(1) and 35(1) do not apply to
17 18		a particular activity only for the period specified in the regulations.
19	39	Obligations under both Basin Plan and water resource plans
20		(1) If:
21		(a) the Basin Plan provides for obligations in relation to a
22		particular matter; and
23		(b) the Basin Plan also provides that water resource plans must
24		impose obligations of the same, or a similar, kind in relation
25		to that matter;
26 27		the obligations referred to in paragraph (a) are disregarded for the purposes of applying sections 34 and 35.
28		(2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) applies even if a particular water
29		resource plan was accredited under section 63 having regard to a
30		version of the Basin Plan that did not include the obligations
31		referred to in paragraph (1)(a).

1	40 Effect on State laws
2 3	Without limiting section 15, if the Basin Plan provides for a maximum quantity of water that may be taken from the water
4	resources of a particular water resource plan area, it is not intended
5	to exclude or limit the concurrent operation of a State law that
6 7	provides for the same or a lower maximum quantity of water that may be taken from those water resources.
8	Subdivision E—Procedure for making Basin Plan
9 10	41 Authority to prepare Basin Plan and give to Minister for adoption
11	The Authority must, as soon as practicable after the
12	commencement of this Part, prepare a Basin Plan and give it to the
13	Minister for adoption.
14	42 Consultations by Authority in preparing Basin Plan
15	(1) The Authority must consult with:
16	(a) the Basin States; and
17	(b) the Basin Officials Committee; and
18	(c) the Basin Community Committee;
19	in preparing the Basin Plan.
20	(2) In preparing the rules referred to in item 12 of the table in
21	subsection 22(1), the Authority must obtain, and have regard to,
22	the advice of the ACCC.
23	(3) In preparing the Basin Plan, the Authority may undertake such
24	other consultation, and publish such information to facilitate
25	consultation, as it considers appropriate.
26	43 Authority to seek submissions on proposed Basin Plan
27	(1) This section applies once the Authority has prepared a proposed
28	Basin Plan.

1 2 3 4	(2) The Authority must prepare a plain English summary of the proposed Basin Plan (including an outline of the scientific knowledge and socio-economic analysis on which the proposed Basin Plan is based).
5	(3) Without limiting subsection 42(1), the Authority must:
6	(a) give a copy of the proposed Basin Plan (and the summary) to
7	the relevant State Minister for each of the Basin States; and
8	(b) invite the Basin State to make submissions to the Authority
9	on the proposed Basin Plan; and
10	(c) allow the Basin State at least 16 weeks from when the
11	invitation is given to make submissions to the Authority on
12	the proposed Basin Plan.
13	(4) The Authority must:
14	(a) publish an invitation to members of the public to make
15	submissions to the Authority on the proposed Basin Plan; and
16	(b) allow at least 16 weeks from the start of the consultation
17	period for submissions on the proposed Basin Plan.
18	(5) The invitation under paragraph (4)(a) must be published:
19	(a) in the <i>Gazette</i> ; and
20	(b) in a newspaper circulating generally in each Basin State; and
21	(c) on the Authority's website.
22	The <i>consultation period</i> starts when the invitation is published in
23	the Gazette.
24	(6) The invitation under paragraph (4)(a) must:
25	(a) specify how a person may obtain a copy of the proposed
26	Basin Plan (and the summary); and
27	(b) specify a physical address, and an email address, to which a
28	person may send submissions on the proposed Basin Plan to
29	the Authority; and
30	(c) specify the date by which submissions must be received by
31	the Authority; and
32	(d) indicate that submissions that a person makes to the
33	Authority on the proposed Basin Plan will be published on
34	the Authority's website unless the person specifically

1 2	requests the Authority to treat the submissions (or a particular part of the submissions) confidentially.
3 4	(7) The Authority must make the proposed Basin Plan (and the summary) available on its website.
5	(8) The Authority must publish on its website the submissions it
6	receives on the proposed Basin Plan in response to the invitations
7	issued under subsections (3) and (4).
8	(9) Subsection (8) does not apply to the submissions (or a particular
9	part of the submissions) that a person makes to the Authority if the
10	person requests the Authority to treat the submissions (or that part
11	of the submissions) confidentially.
12	Note: See paragraph (6)(d).
13	(10) The Authority:
14	(a) must consider any submissions it receives in response to the
15	invitations issued under subsections (3) and (4); and
16	(b) may alter the Basin Plan as a result of its consideration of
17	those submissions.
18	(11) The Authority must:
19	(a) prepare a document that:
20	(i) gives a broad outline of any changes that the Authority
21	makes to the proposed Basin Plan after the start of the
22	consultation period; and
23	(ii) summarises any submissions it received in response to
24	the invitations issued under subsections (3) and (4), how
25	it addressed those submissions and any alterations it has
26	made as a result of its consideration of those submissions; and
27	•
28 29	(b) give a copy of the document to the Minister when the Authority gives the Basin Plan to the Minister for adoption;
29 30	and
31	(c) publish a copy of the document on its website.
J =	(c) publish a copy of the document on its website.

44	Minister	may	adopt	Basin l	Plan	
44	Minister	may	adopt	Basin	Plan	

2	(1) Within 60 days after the Authority gives the Minister the Basin
3	Plan, the Minister must:
4	(a) consider the Basin Plan; and
5	(b) either:
6	(i) adopt, in writing, the Basin Plan; or
7 8	(ii) give the Basin Plan back to the Authority with suggestions for consideration by the Authority.
9	(2) If the Minister gives the Basin Plan back to the Authority with
10	suggestions, the Authority must:
11	(a) consider the suggestions; and
12 13	(b) undertake such consultations in relation to the suggestions as the Authority considers necessary or appropriate; and
14	(c) give the Minister either:
15	(i) an identical version of the Basin Plan; or
16	(ii) an altered version of the Basin Plan;
17	together with the Authority's views on the Minister's
18	suggestions; and
19	(d) prepare a document that summarises:
20	(i) any submissions it received in response to the
21	consultations referred to in paragraph (b); and
22	(ii) how it addressed those submissions; and
23	(iii) the extent (if any) to which its consideration of those
24	submissions has affected the version or views given to
25	the Minister under paragraph (c); and
26	(e) publish on its website a copy of the document prepared under
27	paragraph (d).
28	(3) Within 30 days after the Authority gives the Minister a version of
29	the Basin Plan under subsection (2), the Minister:
30	(a) must consider that version of the Basin Plan and the views
31	given to the Minister under subsection (2); and
32	(b) must either:
33	(i) adopt, in writing, that version of the Basin Plan; or

1 2	(ii) direct the Authority, in writing, to make modifications to that version of the Basin Plan and give it to the
3	Minister for adoption.
4 5	(4) A direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii) is not a legislative instrument.
6 7	(5) The Minister must not give a direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii) in relation to:
8	(a) any aspect of the Basin Plan that is of a factual or scientific
9	nature; or
10	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), any of the matters referred to
11	in:
12	(i) items 1, 2, 3 or 8 of the table in subsection 22(1); or (ii) subsection 75(1); or
13 14	(iii) subsection 81(2) or (3).
• •	
15	(6) If the Minister gives a direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii):
16	(a) the Authority must comply with the direction; and
17 18	(b) the Minister must adopt, in writing, the Basin Plan given to the Minister in compliance with the direction.
	•
19 20	(7) When the Basin Plan is laid before a House of the Parliament under the <i>Legislative Instruments Act 2003</i> , the Minister must also lay
21	before that House a document that sets out:
22	(a) any direction the Minister gave under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii)
23	in relation to the Basin Plan; and
24	(b) the Minister's reasons for giving that direction.
25	Subdivision F—Amendment of Basin Plan
26	45 Authority may prepare amendment of Basin Plan
27	The Authority may prepare an amendment of the Basin Plan and
28	give it to the Minister for adoption.
29	46 Consultations by Authority in preparing amendment of Basin
30	Plan
31	(1) The Authority must consult with:

1 2 3	(a) the Basin States; and(b) the Basin Officials Committee; and(c) the Basin Community Committee;
4	in preparing an amendment of the Basin Plan.
5 6 7	(2) In preparing an amendment of the rules referred to in item 12 of the table in subsection 22(1), the Authority must obtain, and have regard to, the advice of the ACCC.
8 9 10	(3) In preparing an amendment of the Basin Plan, the Authority may undertake such other consultation, and publish such information to facilitate consultation, as it thinks appropriate.
11 12	47 Authority to seek submissions on proposed amendment of Basin Plan
13 14	(1) This section applies once the Authority has prepared a proposed amendment of the Basin Plan.
15 16 17 18	(2) The Authority must prepare a plain English summary of the effect of the proposed amendment (including an outline of the scientific knowledge and socio-economic analysis on which the proposed amendment is based).
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (3) Without limiting subsection 46(1), the Authority must: (a) give a copy of the proposed amendment of the Basin Plan (and the summary) to the relevant State Minister for each of the Basin States; and (b) invite the Basin State to make submissions to the Authority on the proposed amendment; and (c) allow the Basin State at least 8 weeks from when the invitation is given to make submissions to the Authority on the proposed amendment.
28 29 30 31	(4) The Authority must:(a) publish an invitation to members of the public to make submissions to the Authority on the proposed amendment of the Basin Plan; and

1 2 3	(b) allow at least 8 weeks from the start of the consultation period for submissions to be made to the Authority on the proposed amendment.
4	(5) The invitation under paragraph (4)(a) must be published:
4	
5	(a) in the <i>Gazette</i> ; and
6	(b) in a newspaper circulating generally in each Basin State; and
7	(c) on the Authority's website.
8	The <i>consultation period</i> starts when the invitation is published in
9	the Gazette.
10	(6) The invitation under paragraph (4)(a) must:
11 12	(a) specify how a person may obtain a copy of the proposed amendment (and the summary); and
13	(b) specify a physical address, and an email address, to which a
14	person may send submissions on the proposed amendment to
15	the Authority; and
16	(c) specify the date by which submissions must be received by
17	the Authority; and
18	(d) indicate that submissions that a person makes to the
19	Authority on the proposed amendment will be published on
20 21	the Authority's website unless the person specifically requests the Authority to treat the submissions (or a particular
22	part of the submissions) confidentially.
23	(7) The Authority must make the proposed amendment of the Basin
24	Plan (and the summary) available on its website.
25	(8) The Authority must publish on its website the submissions it
26	receives on the proposed amendment of the Basin Plan in response
27	to the invitations issued under subsections (3) and (4).
28	(9) Subsection (8) does not apply to the submissions (or a part of the
29	submissions) that a person makes to the Authority if the person
30	requests the Authority to treat the submissions (or that part of the
31	submissions) confidentially.
32	Note: See paragraph (6)(d).
33	(10) The Authority:

1	(a) must consider any submissions it receives in response to the
2	invitations issued under subsections (3) and (4); and
3	(b) may alter the amendment of the Basin Plan as a result of its
4	consideration of those submissions.
5	(11) The Authority must:
6	(a) prepare a document that gives a broad outline of any changes
7	that the Authority makes to the proposed amendment of the
8	Basin Plan after the start of the consultation period; and
9	(b) give a copy of the document to the Minister when the
10	Authority gives the amendment to the Minister for adoption;
11	and
12	(c) publish a copy of the document on its website.
13	48 Minister may adopt amendment of Basin Plan
14	(1) Within 60 days after the Authority gives the Minister an
15	amendment of the Basin Plan, the Minister must:
16	(a) consider the amendment; and
17	(b) either:
18	(i) adopt, in writing, the amendment; or
19	(ii) give the amendment back to the Authority with
20	suggestions for consideration by the Authority.
21	(2) If the Minister gives the amendment back to the Authority with
22	suggestions, the Authority must:
23	(a) consider the suggestions; and
24	(b) undertake such consultations in relation to the suggestions as
25	the Authority considers necessary or appropriate; and
26	(c) give the Minister either:
27	(i) an identical version of the amendment; or
28	(ii) an altered version of the amendment;
29	together with the Authority's views on the Minister's
30	suggestions.
31	(3) As soon as practicable after the Authority gives the Minister a
32	version of the amendment under subsection (2), the Minister:

1	(a) must consider that version of the amendment and the views
2	given to the Minister under subsection (2); and (b) must either:
4	(i) adopt, in writing, that version of the amendment; or
5	(ii) direct the Authority, in writing, to make modifications
6	to that version of the amendment and give it to the
7	Minister for adoption.
8	(4) A direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii) is not a legislative
9	instrument.
10	(5) The Minister must not give a direction under
11	subparagraph (3)(b)(ii) in relation to:
12	(a) any aspect of the Basin Plan that is of a factual or scientific
13	nature; or
14	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), any of the matters referred to
15	in: (i) items 1, 2, 2 on 8 of the table in subsection 22(1); on
16	(i) items 1, 2, 3 or 8 of the table in subsection 22(1); or (ii) subsection 75(1).
17	(II) Subsection /3(1).
18	(6) If the Minister gives a direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii):
19	(a) the Authority must comply with the direction; and
20	(b) the Minister must adopt, in writing, the amendment given to
21	the Minister in compliance with the direction.
22	(7) When the amendment is laid before a House of the Parliament
23	under the Legislative Instruments Act 2003, the Minister must also
24	lay before that House a document that sets out:
25	(a) any direction the Minister gave under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii)
26	in relation to the amendment; and
27	(b) the Minister's reasons for giving that direction.
28	49 Minor or non-substantive amendments of Basin Plan
29	(1) Despite the other provisions of this Division, the regulations may:
30	(a) provide that the Authority may make a specified kind of
31	minor, or non-substantive, amendment of the Basin Plan; and
32	(b) provide for the process of making those amendments.

2 3	amendments of the Basin Plan made in accordance with the regulations made for the purposes of subsection (1).
4	Subdivision G—Review of Basin Plan
5	50 Review of Basin Plan—general
6	Regular 10 yearly reviews
7	(1) The Authority must:
8	(a) review the Basin Plan during the tenth year of the period that starts when the Basin Plan takes effect if the Authority has
10 11	not reviewed the Basin Plan under subsection (2), and given the Minister a report of that review, before the start of that
12	year; and
13	(b) review the Basin Plan during the tenth year of the period (the
14	post-report period) that starts when the Authority gives the
15	Minister a report of a review of the Basin Plan under
16 17	paragraph (5)(b) if the Authority has not reviewed the Basin Plan under subsection (2), and given the Minister a report of
18	that review, after the start of the post-report period and before
19	the start of that year.
20	Review requested by Minister or Basin States
21	(2) The Authority must review the Basin Plan if:
22	(a) the Minister requests the Authority to do so; or
23	(b) all of the Basin States request the Authority to do so.
24	(3) The Minister or a Basin State may make a request under
25	subsection (2) only if satisfied that:
26	(a) the outcomes specified for the Basin Plan are not being
27	achieved; or
28	(b) the objectives specified for the Basin Plan are no longer
29 30	appropriate for Basin water resources or for one or more water resource plan areas.
31	(4) A request under subsection (2) must not be made within the first 5
32	years after the Basin Plan takes effect or within 5 years after the

(2) To avoid doubt, sections 46, 47 and 48 do not apply to

1 2		Authority gives the Minister the report of the most recent review of the Basin Plan.
3		Report of review
4	(5)	The Authority must:
5		(a) prepare a report of the results of the review under
6		subsection (1) or (2); and
7		(b) give the report to the Minister; and
8 9		(c) give a copy of the report to the relevant State Minister for each Basin State; and
10 11		(d) make a copy of the report available on the Authority's website.
12	51 Author	rity to prepare discussion paper and seek submissions
13	(1)	This section applies if the Authority undertakes a review of the
14		Basin Plan.
15	(2)	The Authority must consult with:
16	(-)	(a) the Basin States; and
17		(b) the Basin Officials Committee; and
18		(c) the Basin Community Committee;
19		in preparing a discussion paper in relation to the review.
20	(3)	In preparing the discussion paper, the Authority may undertake
21	(3)	such other consultation as it considers appropriate.
22	(4)	Without limiting subsection (3), the discussion paper must set out
23		the issues to be addressed in the review.
24	(5)	The Authority must make the discussion paper available on its
25		website.
26	(6)	The Authority must:
27		(a) give a copy of the discussion paper to the relevant State
28		Minister for each of the Basin States; and
29		(b) invite the Basin State to make submissions to the Authority
30		on the review; and

1 2	(c) allow the Basin State at least 12 weeks from when the invitation is given to make submissions to the Authority on
3	the review.
4	(7) The Authority must:
5	(a) publish an invitation to members of the public to make
6	submissions to the Authority on the review; and
7	(b) allow at least 12 weeks from the start of the consultation
9	period for submissions to be made to the Authority on the review.
10 11	(8) The invitation under paragraph (7)(a) must be published:(a) in the <i>Gazette</i>; and
12	(b) in a newspaper circulating generally in each Basin State; and
13	(c) on the Authority's website.
14	The <i>consultation period</i> starts when the invitation is published in
15	the Gazette.
16	(9) The invitation under paragraph (7)(a) must:
17 18	(a) specify how a person may obtain a copy of the discussion paper; and
	(b) specify a physical address, and an email address, to which a
19 20	person may send submissions on the review to the Authority;
21	and
22	(c) specify the date by which submissions must be received by
23	the Authority; and
24	(d) indicate that submissions that a person makes to the
25	Authority on the review will be published on the Authority's website unless the person specifically requests the Authority
26 27	to treat the submissions (or a particular part of the
28	submissions) confidentially.
29	(10) Without limiting subsection (4), the Authority must make the
30	discussion paper available on its website.
31	(11) The Authority must publish on its website the submissions it
32	receives on the review in response to the invitations issued under
33	subsections (6) and (7).

1	(12)		ion (11) does not apply to the submissions (or a part of the
2		submiss	ions) that a person makes to the Authority if the person
3		requests	s the Authority to treat the submissions (or that part of the
4		•	ions) confidentially.
5		Note:	See paragraph (9)(d).
6	(13)	The Au	thority must consider any submissions it receives in
7		response	e to the invitations issued under subsections (6) and (7).
8	52 Review	may le	ad to amendment of Basin Plan
9		If ofter	having reviewed the Basin Plan under section 50, the
0			ty is satisfied that the Basin Plan should be amended, the
1		Authori	ty may, under section 45, prepare an amendment of the
12		Basin P	lan and give it to the Minister for adoption.
13		Note:	Subdivision F applies to the preparation and making of the amendment of the Basin Plan.

2 3	Division 2—Water resource plans for particular water resource plan areas
4	Subdivision A—Introduction
5	53 Simplified outline
6	(1) This section sets out a simplified outline of this Division.
7 8	(2) There is to be a water resource plan for each water resource plan area.
9 10	(3) The Minister may accredit a water resource plan that is prepared by a Basin State for the water resource plan area.
11 12	(4) Alternatively, the Minister may adopt a water resource plan that is prepared by the Authority for the water resource plan area.
13 14	Note: Division 3 provides for the special procedures to be followed if the Minister is to exercise the power referred to in this subsection.
15	Subdivision B—Water resource plans
16	54 Water resource plans for water resource plan areas
17 18	(1) There is to be a water resource plan for each water resource plan area.
19 20	Note: The water resource plan areas are identified in the Basin Plan (see item 2 of the table in subsection 22(1)).
21	(2) The water resource plan must be either:
22	(a) one that the Minister accredits under section 63; or
23	(b) one that the Minister adopts under section 69.
24	(3) A water resource plan that the Minister accredits under section 63:
25	(a) does not take effect for the purposes of this Act before the
26	Minister accredits the plan under that section; and
27	(b) ceases to have effect for the purposes of this Act if the
28	Minister adopts a water resource plan for the water resource
29	plan area under section 69.

1	55 Content of water resource plan
2 3 4	(1) A water resource plan for a water resource plan area must provide for the management of the water resources of the water resource plan area.
	•
5 6	(2) The water resource plan must be consistent with the relevant Basin Plan, including:
7	(a) the requirements for water resource plans; and
8	(b) any long-term annual diversion limit for the water resources
9	of the water resource plan area (or for a particular part of those water resources).
10	,
11	The <i>relevant Basin Plan</i> for the water resource plan is the version of the Pooin Plan that the Minister and lies in relation to the water
12 13	of the Basin Plan that the Minister applies in relation to the water resource plan under subsection 56(2).
14	(3) In determining whether the water resource plan is consistent with
15	the relevant Basin Plan, regard must be had to the legislative
16	framework within which the water resource plan operates.
17	56 General basis for accrediting and making water resource plans
18	(1) In exercising their powers, and performing their functions, under
19	this Division in relation to a water resource plan for a water
20	resource plan area, the Authority and the Minister must have
21	regard to:
22	(a) the Basin Plan; and
23	(b) the extent to which the water resource plan is consistent with
24	the Basin Plan.
25	(2) For the purposes of applying subsection (1) to a proposed water
26	resource plan given to the Minister under Subdivision D, the Basin
27	Plan that is to be applied is the Basin Plan as in effect:
28	(a) when the Basin Plan takes effect if the proposed water
29	resource plan is given to the Minister under subsection 63(3)
30	within 2 years after the Basin Plan first takes effect; or
31	(b) 2 years before the proposed water resource plan is given to
32	the Minister under subsection 63(3) if the proposed water
33	resource plan is given to the Minister more than 2 years after
34	the Basin Plan first takes effect.

1 2		Otherwise the Basin Plan that is to be applied is the Basin Plan as in effect when the power is exercised or the function is performed.
3		(3) In exercising a power, or performing a function, under this
4		Division in relation to a water resource plan for a water resource
5		plan area, the Minister must have regard to the advice that the
6 7		Authority gives the Minister in relation to the exercise of that power or the performance of that function.
8	Subd	ivision C—Effect of a water resource plan
9 10	57 W	ater resource plan adopted under section 69 is a legislative instrument
11		A water resource plan adopted under section 69:
12		(a) is a legislative instrument; and
13		(b) is taken to be made by the Minister on the day on which the
14		Minister adopts the plan under section 69.
15 16	58 Ei	fect of water resource plan on Authority and other agencies of the Commonwealth
17 18 19 20		(1) The Authority, and any other agency of the Commonwealth, must perform its functions, and exercise its powers, consistently with, and in a manner that gives effect to, a water resource plan for a water resource plan area.
21		(2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to the Authority's or
22		the Minister's functions and powers under this Division or under
23		Division 1.
24		(3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the
25		purposes of section 62.
26	59 Ef	fect of water resource plan on other agencies and bodies
27		(1) The Murray-Darling Basin Commission, an agency of a Basin
28		State, an operating authority, an infrastructure operator or the
29		holder of a water access right must not:

1	(a) do an act in relation to water resources of a water resource
2	plan area if the act is inconsistent with the water resource plan for the area; or
4	(b) fail to do an act in relation to water resources of a water
5	resource plan area if the failure to do that act is inconsistent
6	with the water resource plan for the area.
7	(2) Subsection (1) applies to an act of an agency of a Basin State only
8	if the act is one that relates to the use or management of the Basin
9	water resources.
10 11	(3) Subsection (1) has effect subject to regulations made for the purposes of section 62.
12	60 Constitutional operation of section 59 (general)
13	(1) Section 59 imposes an obligation to the extent to which imposing
14	the obligation gives effect to a relevant international agreement.
15	(2) Section 59 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the
16	obligation is imposed:
17	(a) on a constitutional corporation; or
18	(b) in relation to conduct that affects the activities of a
19	constitutional corporation.
20	(3) Section 59 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the
21	obligation is imposed in relation to conduct that takes place in the
22	course of trade or commerce:
23	(a) with other countries; or
24	(b) among the States; or
25	(c) between a State and a Territory.
26	Note: This subsection is of particular relevance to the provisions of the water
27	resource plan that deal with the trading or transfer of tradeable water
28	rights.
29	(4) Section 59 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the
30	obligation is imposed in relation to conduct that takes place in a
31	Territory.
32	(5) Section 59 imposes an obligation to the extent to which the
33	obligation is imposed:
	O

1		(a) on an agency of a State that is a referring State; or
2		(b) in relation to conduct that takes place in a referring State; or
3		(c) in relation to conduct that has an effect in a referring State.
4	(6)	Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5):
5		(a) have effect independently of each other; and
6		(b) do not limit section 61; and
7		(c) do not limit the operation (if any) that section 59 validly has
8		apart from this section.
9	(7)	In this section:
10		conduct includes an act or omission.
11	61 Constit	tutional operation of section 59 (water trading rules)
12	(1)	This section deals with the provisions of a water resource plan to
13	. ,	the extent to which they deal with the trading or transfer of a
14		tradable water right in relation to Basin water resources.
15	(2)	Section 59 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if at
16	· /	least one of the parties to the trading or the transfer is a
17		constitutional corporation.
18	(3)	Section 59 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if the
19	. ,	trading or transfer takes place in the course of trade and commerce:
20		(a) between the States; or
21		(b) between a State and a Territory.
22	(4)	Section 50 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if
22	(4)	Section 59 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if:
23		(a) the trading or transfer takes place in a Territory; or
24		(b) the trading or transfer relates to tradeable water rights in
25		relation to a water resource in a Territory.
26	(5)	Section 59 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if at
27		least one element of the trading or transfer takes place using a
28		postal, telegraphic, telephonic or other like service (within the
29		meaning of paragraph 51(v) of the Constitution).
30	(6)	Section 59 imposes obligations in relation to the provisions if:
31		(a) the trading or transfer takes place in a referring State; or

1	(b) the trading or transfer has an effect in a referring State; or
2	(c) the trading or transfer relates to tradeable water rights in
3	relation to a water resource in a referring State.
4	(7) Subsections (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6):
5	(a) have effect independently of each other; and
6	(b) do not limit section 60; and
7 8	(c) do not limit the operation (if any) that section 59 validly has apart from this section.
9	62 Regulations may provide for exceptions
	(1) With and I william and it at 10 the annual discount and it does
10	(1) Without limiting section 18, the regulations may provide that subsections 58(1) and 59(1) do not apply to the activities specified
11 12	in the regulations.
12	·
13	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations:
14	(a) may provide that subsections 58(1) and 59(1) do not apply to
15 16	a particular activity only if the conditions specified in the regulations are satisfied; and
17	(b) may provide that subsections 58(1) and 59(1) do not apply to
18	a particular activity only for the period specified in the
19	regulations.
20	Subdivision D—Accrediting water resource plans prepared by
21	Basin States
22	63 Accrediting water resource plans prepared by Basin States
23	(1) A Basin State may:
24	(a) give the Authority a proposed water resource plan for a water
25	resource plan area that is located within the Basin State; and
26	(b) ask the Authority to give the proposed water resource plan to
27	the Minister for accreditation.
28	The proposed water resource plan may be constituted by 2 or more
29	instruments.

1 2 3	(2) If the water resource plan area is adjacent to a water resource plan area located in another Basin State, the proposed water resource plan must be prepared in consultation with that other Basin State.
4	(3) The Authority must:
5	(a) consider the proposed water resource plan; and
6	(b) prepare recommendations for the Minister on whether the
7	proposed water plan should be accredited; and
8 9	(c) give the Minister the proposed water resource plan and the recommendations.
10 11	(4) The Authority must not recommend that the Minister not accredit the proposed water plan unless the Authority:
12	(a) gives the Basin State written notice of the grounds on which
13	the Authority considers that it should recommend that the
14	Minister not accredit the plan; and
15	(b) gives the Basin State the opportunity to make submissions to
16	the Authority, within the period of 14 days after the notice
17	referred to in paragraph (a) is given, in relation to the
18	grounds set out in the notice; and
19	(c) has regard to the submissions made by the Basin State within that period in deciding what recommendations to make to the
20 21	Minister in relation to the proposed water plan.
22	The Authority may, in writing, extend or further extend the period
23	referred to in paragraph (b).
24	(5) If the Authority gives the Minister a proposed water resource plan
25	and recommendations under subsection (3), the Minister:
26	(a) must consider the proposed water resource plan and the
27	recommendations; and
28	(b) may either:
29	(i) accredit the plan; or
30	(ii) not accredit the plan.
31	(6) The Minister must accredit the plan if the Minister is satisfied that
32	the plan is consistent with the relevant Basin Plan. The <i>relevant</i>
33	Basin Plan for the water resource plan is the version of the Basin
34	Plan that the Minister applies in relation to the water resource plan under subsection 56(2).
35	under subsection 30(2).

1 2	(7)	The decision by the Minister to accredit, or not to accredit, the plan:
3		(a) must be made in writing; and
4		(b) is a legislative instrument, but section 42 (disallowance) of
5		the Legislative Instruments Act 2003 does not apply to the
6		decision.
7	(8)	If:
8 9		(a) the Minister decides to accredit, or not to accredit, a proposed water resource plan under subsection (5); and
10 11		(b) that decision does not follow a recommendation that the Authority gives the Minister under subsection (3);
12		the Minister must, when the Minister's decision is laid before a
13		House of the Parliament under the <i>Legislative Instruments Act</i>
14		2003, cause a copy of a statement that sets out the Minister's
15		reasons for not following the Authority's recommendation to be
16		laid before that House.
17	(9)	The regulations may provide for:
18		(a) the time within which the steps provided for in this section
19		are to be taken; and
20		(b) the process to be followed in taking the steps provided for in
21		this section.
22	64 Durati	ion of accreditation
23	(1)	The accreditation of a water resource plan under section 63 ceases
24		to have effect at the end of the period of 10 years starting on the
25		date on which the plan is accredited if the water resource plan has
26		not ceased to have effect before that time.
27	(2)	The Minister may extend, or further extend, the period for which
28		the accreditation has effect. The extension or further extension
29		must be made in writing.
30	(3)	An extension or further extension made under subsection (2) is a
31		legislative instrument, but section 42 (disallowance) of the
32		Legislative Instruments Act 2003 does not apply to the extension or
33		further extension.

1 2 3	(4) The period for which the effect of the accreditation is extended must not end later than the end of the period of 11 years starting on the day on which the plan is first accredited.
4 5	(5) An extension of a period under subsection (2) cannot be made after the end of the period or the period as previously extended.
6	65 Accrediting amendments of accredited water resource plans
7 8 9	(1) An amendment of a water resource plan accredited under section 63 has no effect for the purposes of this Act unless the amendment is accredited under this section or section 66.
10 11 12 13 14 15	 (2) A Basin State may: (a) give the Authority a proposed amendment of a water resource plan that is accredited under section 63 for a water resource plan area that is located within the Basin State; and (b) ask the Authority to give the proposed amendment to the Minister for accreditation.
16 17 18 19 20 21	 (3) The Authority must: (a) consider the proposed amendment; and (b) prepare recommendations for the Minister on whether the proposed amendment should be accredited; and (c) give the Minister the proposed amendment and the recommendations.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (4) The Authority must not recommend that the Minister not accredit the proposed amendment unless the Authority: (a) gives the Basin State written notice of the grounds on which the Authority considers that it should recommend that the Minister not accredit the amendment; and (b) gives the Basin State the opportunity to make submissions to the Authority, within the period of 14 days after the notice referred to in paragraph (a) is given, in relation to the grounds set out in the notice; and (c) has regard to the submissions made by the Basin State within that period in deciding what recommendations to make to the Minister in relation to the amendment
30 31	grounds set out in the notice; and (c) has regard to the submissions made by the Basin State withi

1 2	The Authority may, in writing, extend or further extend the period referred to in paragraph (b).
3	(5) If the Authority gives the Minister a proposed amendment of a
4	water resource plan and recommendations under subsection (4), the
5	Minister:
6	(a) must consider the amendment and the recommendations; and
7	(b) may either:
8	(i) accredit the amendment; or
9	(ii) not accredit the amendment.
10	(6) The Minister must accredit the amendment if the Minister is
11	satisfied that the water resource plan, as amended, would be
12	consistent with the Basin Plan.
13	(7) The decision by the Minister to accredit, or not to accredit, the
14	amendment:
15	(a) must be made in writing; and
16	(b) is a legislative instrument, but section 42 (disallowance) of
17	the Legislative Instruments Act 2003 does not apply to the
18	decision.
19	(8) If:
20	(a) the Minister decides to accredit, or not to accredit, a proposed
21	amendment of a water resource plan under subsection (5);
22	and
23	(b) that decision does not follow a recommendation that the
24	Authority gives the Minister under subsection (3);
25	the Minister must, when the Minister's decision is laid before a
26	House of the Parliament under the <i>Legislative Instruments Act</i>
27	2003, cause a copy of a statement that sets out the Minister's reasons for not following the Authority's recommendation to be
28 29	laid before that House.
30	(9) The regulations may provide for:
31	(a) the time within which the steps provided for in this section
32	are to be taken; and
33	(b) the process to be followed in taking the steps provided for in
34	this section.

1 2	66 Accre	diting minor or non-substantive amendments of accredited water resource plans
3	(1) The regulations may provide that a particular kind of minor, or
4		non-substantive, amendment of a water resource plan accredited
5		under section 63 is a kind of amendment to which this section
6		applies.
7	(2) If:
8 9		(a) a water resource plan accredited under section 63 is amended; and
10		(b) the amendment is of a kind to which this section applies; and
11		(c) the Basin State concerned notifies the Authority within 14
12		days after the amendment is made;
13		the amendment is taken to have been accredited under section 65 at
14		the time when the notice referred to in paragraph (c) is given to the
15		Authority.
16 17	(3) The Authority may, in writing, extend or further extend the period referred to in paragraph (2)(c).
18	67 Autho	ority may assist Basin State to prepare water resource plan
19		The Authority may advise, or assist, a Basin State in preparing a
20 21		water resource plan, or an amendment of a water resource plan, to be given to the Minister for accreditation under section 63 or 65.
22	Subdivis	ion E—Water resource plans prepared by Authority
23		and adopted by Minister
24	68 Minis	ter may request Authority to prepare water resource plan
25	(1) The Minister may request the Authority to prepare a water resource
26		plan for a water resource plan area if:
27		(a) subsection (2), (3), (4) or (5) is satisfied; and
28		(b) the requirements of Division 3 are satisfied.
29		This subsection does not apply to a water resource plan area if a
30		transitional water resource plan is in effect in relation to the area
31		under Division 1 of Part 11.

1 2	(2) This subsection is satisfied if the Basin State in which the area is located does not give the Authority a water resource plan for the
3	area under section 63 in accordance with the regulations made for
4	the purposes of subsection 63(9).
5	(3) This subsection is satisfied if:
6	(a) the Basin State in which the area is located gives the
7 8	Authority a water resource plan for the area under section 63; and
9	(b) the Minister decides under subsection 63(5) not to accredit
10	the water resource plan because the water resource plan is not
11	consistent with the Basin Plan.
12	(4) This subsection is satisfied if:
13	(a) a water resource plan for the area is accredited under
14	section 63; and
15	(b) a review of the water resource plan is undertaken under:
16	(i) a State water management law; or
17	(ii) the water resource plan itself; and
18	(c) the report of the review recommends that the water resource
19	plan be amended; and
20	(d) the Basin State in which the area is located does not give the
21	Authority an amendment of the water resource plan under
22	section 65 within a reasonable time after the recommendation
23	is made.
24	(5) This subsection is satisfied if:
25	(a) a water resource plan for the area is accredited under
26	section 63; and
27	(b) there is a review of the water resource plan; and
28	(c) the report of the review recommends that the water resource
29	plan be amended; and
30	(d) the Basin State in which the area is located gives the
31	Authority an amendment of the water resource plan under
32	section 65; and
33	(e) the Minister decides under subsection 65(5) not to accredit
34	the amendment because the amendment is not consistent with
35	the Basin Plan.

1 2	(6) If the Minister requests the Authority to prepare a water plan for a water resource plan area under subsection (1)	
3	Authority must:	
4 5	(a) prepare a water resource plan for the area in according the process set out in the regulations; and	ordance with
6	(b) give the water resource plan to the Minister for a	doption.
7 8 9	(7) In preparing the water resource plan, the Authority mu regard to the requirements of the laws of the Basin Stathe water resource plan area is located.	
10 11 12	Note: Under section 109 of the Constitution, any State laws t inconsistent with the Basin Plan will be of no effect to the inconsistency.	
13 14	(8) If subsection (3) applies, the Authority must incorpora provisions of the water resource plan that the Basin Sta	
15 16	Authority under section 63 to the extent to which it is do so consistently with the Basin Plan.	possible to
17 18	(9) If subsection (5) applies, the Authority must incorpora provisions of:	te the
19 20	(a) the existing water resource plan; and(b) the amendment that the Basin State gives the Au	thority under
21	section 65;	·
22 23	to the extent to which it is possible to do so consistent Basin Plan.	y with the
24 25	(10) If the water resource plan area is adjacent to a water re area located in different Basin State, the Authority mu	
26	the plan in consultation with that Basin State.	st propure
27	69 Minister may adopt water resource plan	
28	(1) Within 60 days after the Authority gives the Minister a	water
29 30	resource plan for a water resource plan area under para 68(2)(b), the Minister must:	ıgraph
31	(a) consider the water resource plan; and	
32	(b) either:	
33	(i) adopt the water resource plan; or	

1	(ii) give the water resource plan back to the Authority with
2	suggestions for consideration by the Authority.
3	(2) If the Minister gives the water resource plan back to the Authority
4	with suggestions, the Authority must:
5	(a) consider the suggestions; and
6	(b) undertake such consultations in relation to the suggestions as
7	the Authority considers necessary or appropriate; and
8	(c) give the Minister either:
9	(i) an identical version of the water resource plan; or
10	(ii) an altered version of the water resource plan;
11	together with the Authority's views on the Minister's
12	suggestions; and
13	(d) prepare a document that summarises:
14	(i) any submissions it received in response to the
15	consultations referred to in paragraph (b); and
16	(ii) how it addressed those submissions; and
17	(iii) the extent (if any) to which its consideration of those
18 19	submissions has affected the version or views given to the Minister under paragraph (c).
20	(3) Within 30 days after the Authority gives the Minister a version of
21	the water resource plan under subsection (2), the Minister must:
22 23	(a) consider that version of the water resource plan and the views given to the Minister under subsection (2); and
24	(b) either:
25	(i) adopt that version of the water resource plan; or
26	(ii) direct the Authority, in writing, to make modifications
20 27	to that version of the water resource plan and give it to
28	the Minister for adoption.
29	(4) A direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii) is not a legislative
30	instrument.
31	(5) The Minister must not give a direction under
32	subparagraph (3)(b)(ii) in relation to any aspect of the water
33	resource plan that is of a factual or scientific nature.
34	(6) If the Minister gives a direction under subparagraph (3)(b)(ii):

(b) the Minister must adopt the water resource plan given to the Minister in compliance with the direction. (7) When the water resource plan is laid before a House of the Parliament under the Legislative Instruments Act 2003, the Minister must also lay before that House a document that sets ou (a) any direction the Minister gave under subparagraph (3)(b)(in relation to the water resource plan; and (b) the Minister's reasons for giving that direction. 70 Duration of plan adopted under section 69 A water resource plan adopted under section 69 has effect for the period specified in the water resource plan. Subdivision F—Reporting obligations 71 Reporting obligations of Basin States (1) A Basin State must, within 4 months after the end of a water accounting period for a water resource plan area in the Basin State give the Authority a written report that sets out the following: (a) the quantity of water available from the water resources of the water resource plan area during that water accounting period; (b) the quantity of water permitted to be taken from the water resources of the water resource plan area during the water accounting period; (c) the quantity of water actually taken from the water resource of the water resource plan area during the water resources of the water resource plan area during the water resources of the water resource plan area during the water resource of the water resource plan area during the water resources of the water accounting period; (d) details of the water allocations made in relation to the water resources of that area in relation to that water accounting period; (e) details of any other decisions made by, or under the law of, the Basin State, that permit the taking of water from the water resources of that area during that water accounting period;	1	(a) the Authority must comply with the direction; and	
Minister in compliance with the direction. (7) When the water resource plan is laid before a House of the Parliament under the Legislative Instruments Act 2003, the Minister must also lay before that House a document that sets ou (a) any direction the Minister gave under subparagraph (3)(b)(a) in relation to the water resource plan; and (b) the Minister's reasons for giving that direction. 70 Duration of plan adopted under section 69 A water resource plan adopted under section 69 has effect for the period specified in the water resource plan. Subdivision F—Reporting obligations 71 Reporting obligations of Basin States (1) A Basin State must, within 4 months after the end of a water accounting period for a water resource plan area in the Basin State give the Authority a written report that sets out the following: (a) the quantity of water available from the water resources of the water resource plan area during that water accounting period; (b) the quantity of water permitted to be taken from the water resources of the water resource plan area during the water accounting period; (c) the quantity of water actually taken from the water resource of the water resource plan area during the water accounting period; (d) details of the water allocations made in relation to the water resources of that area in relation to that water accounting period; (e) details of any other decisions made by, or under the law of the Basin State, that permit the taking of water from the water resources of that area during that water accounting the water resources of that area during that water accounting period;	2	(b) the Minister must adopt the water resource plan given to	the
Parliament under the Legislative Instruments Act 2003, the Minister must also lay before that House a document that sets ou (a) any direction the Minister gave under subparagraph (3)(b)(in relation to the water resource plan; and (b) the Minister's reasons for giving that direction. 70 Duration of plan adopted under section 69 A water resource plan adopted under section 69 has effect for the period specified in the water resource plan. Subdivision F—Reporting obligations 71 Reporting obligations of Basin States (1) A Basin State must, within 4 months after the end of a water accounting period for a water resource plan area in the Basin State give the Authority a written report that sets out the following: (a) the quantity of water available from the water resources of the water resource plan area during that water accounting period; (b) the quantity of water permitted to be taken from the water resources of the water resource plan area during the water accounting period; (c) the quantity of water actually taken from the water resource of the water resource plan area during the water accounting period; (d) details of the water allocations made in relation to the water resources of that area in relation to that water accounting period; (e) details of any other decisions made by, or under the law of, the Basin State, that permit the taking of water from the water resources of that area during that water accounting the water accounting period;	3		
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period;		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5
	33	period;	

1	(f) details of the trading or transfer of tradeable water rights in
2	relation to the water resources of that area during that water
3	accounting period:
4	(i) within the area; and
5	(ii) into the area; and
6	(iii) from the area;
7	(g) an assessment of compliance with any long-term annual
8	diversion limit for the water resources of the area, or for a
9	particular part of those water resources, in accordance with
0	the method specified in the Basin Plan;
1	(h) if there has been non-compliance with any long-term annual
12	diversion limit for the water resources of the area, or for a
13	particular part of those water resources—the actions that the
4	Basin State proposes to take to ensure that the limit is
15	complied with in the future.
16	(2) The Authority may, in writing, extend the period within which the
17	report must be given to the Authority.

2	Division 3—Procedures to be followed before taking step-in action
4	72 Scope of Division
5	(1) This Division provides for the procedure to be followed before the
6	exercise of the power of the Minister to request the Authority
7	under section 68 to prepare a water resource plan for a water
8	resource plan area located in a Basin State.
9	(2) This power is the <i>step-in power</i> .
10	(3) The Basin State is the <i>affected Basin State</i> .
11	73 Procedure to be followed before exercising step-in power
12	Good faith negotiation

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(1) The Minister must negotiate in good faith with the affected Basin State, and any relevant agency of the affected Basin State, with a view to dealing effectively with the circumstances without the exercise of the step-in power.

Preliminary notice

- (2) Before the Minister exercises the step-in power in relation to particular circumstances, the Minister must give the relevant State Minister for the affected Basin State a preliminary notice that:
 - (a) specifies the circumstances; and
 - (b) sets out the Minister's reasons for being satisfied that the circumstances give rise to the step-in power; and
 - (c) indicates that the Minister is considering exercising the step-in power; and
 - (d) indicates that the Minister is willing to engage in a mediation process in relation to the circumstances; and
 - (e) requests the Basin State to notify the Minister, in writing, within 2 weeks after the notice under this subsection is given,

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1 2	whether the Basin State is also willing to engage in a mediation process in relation to the circumstances.
3	Mediation
4	(3) If the affected Basin State indicates that it is willing to engage in a
5	mediation process in relation to the circumstances, the mediator is
6	to be:
7 8	(a) a person determined by agreement between the Minister and the Basin State; or
9	(b) a person nominated by the President of the Law Council of
10	Australia if the Minister and the Basin State do not agree on a
1	person to be the mediator.
12	(4) The process for the mediation is to be:
13	(a) the process agreed by the Minister and the affected Basin
4	State; or
15	(b) the process determined by the mediator if the Minister and
16	the affected Basin State do not agree on the process for the
17	meditation.
18	(5) Representatives of the Minister must attend any mediation sessions
19	called by the mediator.
20	(6) The affected Basin State is to be taken to have indicated that it is
21	not willing to engage in a mediation process in relation to the
22	circumstances if it does not give the notice requested in
23	paragraph (2)(e) within the period of 2 weeks referred to in that
24	paragraph.
25	Formal notice
26	(7) The Minister may give the relevant State Minister for the affected
27	Basin State a notice under subsection (8) if:
28	(a) the Basin State has indicated that it is not willing to engage in
29	a mediation process in relation to the circumstances and the
80	period of 1 month starting on the day on which the notice
31	was given under subsection (2) ends; or
32	(b) the Basin State has indicated that it is willing to engage in a
33	mediation process in relation to the circumstances and the

1 2	period of 2 months starting on the day on which the notice was given under subsection (2) ends.
3	(8) The notice under this subsection is a notice that:
4	(a) specifies the circumstances that, in the Minister's opinion,
5	give rise to the step-in power; and
6	(b) sets out the Minister's reasons for being satisfied that the
7	circumstances give rise to the step-in power; and
8	(c) specifies the action or actions that the Minister considers
9	would deal with the circumstances without the exercise of the
10	step-in power; and
11	(d) specifies the time within which the action or actions should
12	be taken; and
13	(e) indicates that the Minister will consider exercising the step-in
14	power if the action or actions are not taken within the time
15	referred to in paragraph (d); and
16	(f) requests the affected Basin State to respond to the notice
17	within the period specified in the notice.
18	(9) The period specified under paragraph (8)(f) must end at least 1
19	month after the notice under subsection (8) is given to the affected
20	Basin State.
21	(10) A copy of the notice under subsection (8) must be given to the
22	relevant State Ministers of each of the other Basin States.
23	Affected Basin State response to formal notice
24	(11) The affected Basin State may respond to the notice under
25	subsection (8) within:
26	(a) the period specified under paragraph (8)(f); or
27	(b) such longer period as the Minister allows.
28	(12) In its response to the notice under subsection (8), the affected
29	Basin State may:
30	(a) raise any issues that the Basin State considers appropriate;
31	and
32	(b) draw attention to any facts or matters in relation to the
33	circumstances that the Basin State considers should be taken
34	into account; and

1 2	 (c) draw attention to any mitigating factors in relation to the circumstances; and
3	(d) propose a variation of, or an alternative to, the action or
4	actions specified under paragraph (8)(c).
5	Notice of intention to proceed to a decision
6	(13) If:
7	(a) the affected Basin State does not respond under
8	subsection (11); or
9	(b) the affected Basin State responds under subsection (11) and
10	the Minister, having considered the response, intends to
11	proceed to consider whether to exercise the step-in power;
12	the Minister must give the Basin State a notice that:
13	(c) indicates that the Minister intends to proceed to consider
14	whether to exercise the step-in power; and
15	(d) sets out the Minister's reasons for intending to do so.
16	Decision to exercise step-in power
17	(14) The Minister may exercise the step-in power only if:
18	(a) the process provided for in subsections (2) to (13), or that
19	process as varied by agreement in writing between the
20	Minister and the affected Basin State, has been followed; and
21	(b) the period of 2 weeks starting on the day on which the
22	Minister gave the notice under subsection (13) has ended;
23	and
24	(c) the Minister has considered the response (if any) of the
25	affected Basin State under subsection (11); and
26	(d) the Minister is satisfied that:
27	(i) circumstances that give rise to the step-in power exist;
28	and
29	(ii) the circumstances, if not dealt with, will materially and
30	adversely impact on the efficient or effective
31	implementation of the Basin Plan; and
32	(iii) the exercise of the step-in power would be an effective
33	means for dealing with the circumstances; and

1 2	(iv) there is no other feasible and effective alternative way of dealing with the circumstances.
3	(15) If the Minister decides to exercise the step-in power, the Minister
4	must set out, in the document by which the step-in power is
5	exercised, when the exercise of the step-in power will end.
6	(16) Without limiting subsection (15), the document may specify that
7	the exercise of the step-in power will end:
8	(a) at the end of a particular period of time; or
9	(b) when a specified action is taken; or
10	(c) when specified circumstances exist; or
11	(d) when the Minister is satisfied that specified conditions have
12	been met.
13	(17) The extent, and duration, of the exercise of the step-in power must
14	be limited to what is reasonable to deal with the circumstances that
15	give rise to the exercise of the step-in power.
16	Notices not legislative instruments
17	(18) A notice under subsection (2), (8) or (13) is not a legislative
18	instrument.

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2 3	Division water av		ocation of risks in relation to reductions in ty
4 5	Subdivision	on A—l limits	Risks arising from reductions in diversion
6	74 Simplif	fied outl	ine
7	(1)	This sec	tion provides a simplified outline of this Subdivision.
8 9 10 11	(2)	water res	e long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the sources of a water resource plan area (or for a particular nose water resources) is reduced, the Basin Plan identifies monwealth's share (if any) of the reduction.
12 13 14 15 16		Note 1:	The Commonwealth's share includes reductions attributable to changes in Commonwealth Government policy and, for reductions that occur on or after 1 January 2015, may also include some part of reductions attributable to improvements in knowledge about the environmentally sustainable level of take for the water resources of a water resource plan area.
18		Note 2:	See section 75.
19 20 21 22	(3)	(a) end sha	nmonwealth: deavours to manage the impact of the Commonwealth's are of the reduction on the holders of water access titlements; and
23 24 25 26		ent all	by take steps to ensure that the holders of water access titlements do not suffer a reduction in their water ocations as a result of the Commonwealth's share of the duction.
27		Note:	See section 76.
28 29 30 31 32	(4)	holder or reasonab	te the Commonwealth's efforts, the water allocation of a f a water access entitlement is reduced and the reduction is ply attributable to the Commonwealth's share of the n in the long-term average sustainable diversion limit, the may be entitled to a payment under section 77.

1 2	75 Basin Plan to specify Commonwealth share of reduction in long-term average sustainable diversion limit
3	(1) If the long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the water
4	resources of a water resource plan area (or for a particular part of
5	those water resources) is reduced, the Basin Plan must specify:
6	(a) the amount of the reduction; and
7	(b) the amount of so much (if any) of the reduction as is
8	attributable to changes in Commonwealth Government policy
9	(the Commonwealth Government policy component of the
0	reduction); and
1	(c) the amount of so much (if any) of the reduction as is
12	attributable to improvements in knowledge about the
13	environmentally sustainable level of take for the water
4	resources of the water resource plan area (the <i>new knowledge</i>
15	component of the reduction); and
6	(d) the amount of so much (if any) of the reduction as is the
17	Commonwealth's share of the reduction (worked out under
8	subsection (2)).
19	Each of the amounts referred to in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) is
20	to be expressed as a quantity of water per year.
21	(2) The <i>Commonwealth's share</i> of the reduction is to be worked out
22	as follows:
23	(a) the Commonwealth's share of the reduction includes the
24	Commonwealth Government policy component of the
25	reduction (if any); and
26	(b) if the reduction is one that takes effect on or after 1 January
27	2015—the Commonwealth's share of the reduction also
28	includes so much of the new knowledge component (if any)
29	as is worked out under subsection (3).
30	(3) The amount to be included in the Commonwealth's share of the
31	reduction under paragraph (2)(b) is to be worked out on the basis
32	that, for reductions in the long-term average sustainable diversion
33	limit for the water resources, or that part of the water resources, of
34	the water resource plan area in any 10 year period, the
35	Commonwealth's share of the reductions:

1 2	(a) does not include so much of new knowledge components of those reductions as does not exceed (in aggregate) 3% of the
3	relevant diversion limit; and
4 5	(b) includes two-thirds of so much of the new knowledge components of those reductions as:
6	(i) exceeds (in aggregate) 3% of the relevant diversion
7	limit; and
8	(i) does not exceed (in aggregate) 6% of the relevant
9	diversion limit; and
10	(c) includes 50% of so much of the new knowledge components
11	of those reductions as exceed (in aggregate) 6% of the
12	relevant diversion limit.
13	(4) For the purposes of applying subsection (3) for a reduction in the
14	long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the water
15	resources, or part of the water resources, of a water resource plan
16	area, the <i>relevant diversion limit</i> is the earliest long-term average
17	sustainable diversion limit for those water resources, or that part of
18	those water resources, that applied:
19	(a) during the 10 years immediately preceding the reduction; and
20	(b) on or after 1 January 2015.
21	76 Commonwealth to manage Commonwealth share of reduction in
22	diversion limit
23	If the Basin Plan specifies, under subsection 75(1), the
24	Commonwealth's share of a reduction in the long-term average
25	sustainable diversion limit for the water resources of a water
26	resource plan area, or for the particular part of those water
27	resources, the Commonwealth:
28	(a) must endeavour to manage the impact of the
29	Commonwealth's share of the reduction in the limit on the
30	holders of water access entitlements; and
31	(b) may take steps to ensure that the holders of water access
32	entitlements do not suffer a reduction in their water
33	allocations, or a change in the reliability of their water
34	allocations, as a result of the Commonwealth's share of the
35	reduction in the limit.

1 2	Note 1	: This subsection implements in part the policy in clauses 49 and 50 of the National Water Initiative.
3 4 5	Note 2	2: If a reduction in, or a change in the reliability of, a water allocation results despite the steps taken by the Commonwealth, the Commonwealth may be liable for an amount under section 77.
6	77 Payments to	water access entitlement holders
7	Qual	ification for payment under this section
8 9		rson (the <i>entitlement holder</i>) qualifies for a payment under ection if:
10	(a)	the entitlement holder holds a water access entitlement in relation to a water resource plan area; and
12	(b)	one of the following subparagraphs is satisfied:
13		(i) the water access entitlement was granted or issued before 25 January 2007;
15 16		(ii) the water access entitlement is granted or issued in accordance with a transitional water resource plan;
17		(iii) the water access entitlement is granted or issued on or after 25 January 2007, and before the Basin Plan takes
19 20		effect, and the Minister determines in writing that the entitlement relates to a water resource that was not
21 22		overallocated at the time of, or because of, the grant or issue;
23		(iv) the water access entitlement is granted or issued after
24		the Basin Plan takes effect and is granted or issued in
25 26		accordance with the Basin Plan and the water resource plan for the water resources of the water resource plan
27		area, or for the particular part of the water resources of
28		the area; and
29	(c)	there is:
30		(i) a reduction in the water allocations to be made in
31		relation to the water access entitlement; or
32		(ii) a change in the reliability of those water allocations; and
33	(d)	the reduction in the water allocations, or the change in the
34		reliability of the water allocations, occurs because of a
35 36		reduction (the <i>diversion limit reduction</i>) in the long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the water resources of
O		average sustainable diversion minit for the water resources of

1 2	the water resource plan area, or for the particular part of those water resources; and
3	(e) the whole, or a part, of the reduction in the water allocations,
4	or the change in the reliability of the water allocations, is
5	reasonably attributable to the Commonwealth's share of the
6	reduction.
7	A determination under subparagraph (b)(iii) is not a legislative
8	instrument.
9	(2) In applying paragraph (1)(e), regard is to be had to:
10	(a) any steps taken by the Commonwealth to ensure that holders
11	of water access entitlements do not suffer a reduction in their
12	water allocations, or a change in the reliability of their water
13	allocations, as a result of the diversion limit reduction; and
14	(b) the effect of those steps on the water allocations, or the
15	reliability of the water allocations, made to the holders of
16	water access entitlements; and
17	(c) the effect of the other provisions of the Basin Plan.
18	Minister to decide claim
19	(3) If the entitlement holder makes a claim for a payment under this
20	section in relation to the diversion limit reduction, the Minister
21	must:
22	(a) if the Minister is satisfied that the entitlement holder qualifies
23	for a payment under this section in relation to the reduction:
24	(i) determine that a payment under this section is to be
25	made to the entitlement holder in relation to the
26	reduction; and
27	(ii) determine the amount of the payment under this section
28	to be made to the entitlement holder; and
29	(b) if the Minister is not satisfied that the entitlement holder
30	qualifies for a payment under this section in relation to the
31	reduction—determine that a payment under this section is not
32	to be made to the entitlement holder in relation to the
33	reduction.

1	Amount of payment under this section
2	(4) Subject to subsection (6), the amount of the payment under this
3	section is worked out as follows:
4	(a) first work out the amount of the reduction in the value of the
5	entitlement holder's water access entitlement that occurred
6	because of the reduction in, or the change in the reliability of,
7	the entitlement holder's water allocations;
8	(b) then work out how much of that reduction in value is
9 10	reasonably attributable to the Commonwealth's share of the diversion limit reduction.
10	diversion innit reduction.
11	(5) In applying paragraph (4)(b), regard is to be had to:
12	(a) any steps taken by the Commonwealth to ensure that holders
13	of water access entitlements do not suffer a reduction in, or a
14	change in the reliability of, their water allocations as a result
15	of the diversion limit reduction; and
16	(b) the effect of those steps on the water allocations made to the
17	holders of water access entitlements; and
18	(c) the effect of the other provisions of the Basin Plan.
19	(6) The amount of the payment under this section must not exceed the
20	amount worked out as follows:
21	(a) first work out the percentage of the diversion limit reduction
22	represented by the Commonwealth share of the reduction;
23	(b) then apply that percentage to the amount worked out under
24	paragraph (4)(a).
25	AAT review
26	(7) An application may be made to the Administrative Appeals
20 27	Tribunal for the review of:
28	(a) a determination of the Minister under paragraph (3)(b); or
29	(b) a determination of the Minister under subparagraph (3)(a)(ii).
29	(b) a determination of the winnster under subparagraph (5)(a)(ii).
30	Substitute entitlements
31	(8) If:
32	(a) a water access entitlement (the substitute entitlement) is
33	granted or issued; and

1	(b) the substitute entitlement is granted or issued in substitution
2	for an equivalent water access right (the earlier right) that
3	was previously granted or issued at a particular time;
4	the substitute entitlement is taken, for the purposes of applying
5	paragraph (1)(b), to have been granted or issued at the time when
6	the earlier right was granted or issued.
7	Note: This means, for example, that if the earlier right was granted or issue
8 9	before 25 January 2007, the substitute entitlement is also taken to have been granted or issued before 25 January 2007.
10	(9) For the purposes of subsection (8), the substitute entitlement is not
11	equivalent to the earlier right if the amount of water that can be
12	taken under the substitute entitlement is more than the amount of
13	water that could be taken under the earlier right.
14	78 Applying Subdivision when transitional or interim water
15	resource plan ends
16	(1) This section applies if a transitional water resource plan, or an
17	interim water resource plan, for a water resource plan area is in
18	effect when the Basin Plan first takes effect.
19	(2) The Basin Plan must specify the long-term average limit on the
20	quantity of water that can be taken from the water resources of the
21	water resource plan area that the Authority is satisfied will be
22	applicable immediately before the transitional water resource plan
23	or interim water resource plan, ceases to have effect.
24	(3) For the purposes of applying this Subdivision:
25	(a) the long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the
26	water resources of the water resource plan area is taken to be
27	reduced when the transitional water resource plan, or interim
28	water resource plan, ceases to have effect if:
29	(i) the long-term average limit specified under
30	subsection (2); exceeds
31	(ii) the long-term average sustainable diversion limit for the
32	water resources of the water resource plan area that is
33	specified in the Basin Plan; and
34	(b) the amount of the reduction is the amount of the excess; and

1 2 3	(c) the Basin Plan must specify the amounts referred to in paragraphs 75(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d) in relation to the reduction.
4	79 Regulations
5	(1) The regulations may provide for matters that are necessary or
6 7	convenient to be provided for in relation to claims for payments under section 77.
8	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations made for the purposes of that subsection may provide for:
10	(a) how a person is to make a claim under section 77; and
11	(b) the time within which the person may make the claim; and
12 13	(c) the information that the person making a claim must provide in support of the claim; and
14	(d) the procedure to be followed in dealing with the claim; and
15	(e) the method to be used to calculate the amount of a reduction
16	in a water allocation to which the claim relates; and
17	(f) the method to be used to calculate the change in value of a
18 19	water access entitlement in relation to which the claim is made.
20	(3) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations made for the
21	purposes of that subsection may require a Basin State, an agency of
22	a Basin State or another person, to give the Commonwealth, the
23 24	Authority or another agency of the Commonwealth information for the purposes of dealing with a claim made under section 77.
25	Subdivision B—Risks arising from other changes to Basin Plan
26	80 Simplified outline
27	(1) This section provides a simplified outline of this Subdivision.
28	(2) When a change to the Basin Plan would result in a change in the
29	reliability of the water allocations in relation to the water resources
30	of a water resource plan area, the Basin Plan identifies the change
31	and may also specify the Commonwealth's share (if any) of that
32	change in reliability.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		Note 1:	The Commonwealth's share is worked out in accordance with the provisions of the National Water Initiative. The Initiative provides that the Commonwealth's share includes changes attributable to changes in Commonwealth Government policy and, for changes that occur on or after 1 January 2015, may also include some part of changes attributable to improvements in knowledge about the environmentally sustainable level of take for the water resources of a water resource plan area.
9		Note 2:	See section 81.
10	(3)	The C	Commonwealth:
11			endeavours to manage the impact of the Commonwealth's
12 13			share of the potential change in reliability on the holders of water access entitlements; and
14		(b)	may take steps to ensure that the holders of water access
15			entitlements do not suffer a change in the reliability of their
16			water allocations as a result of the Commonwealth's share of
17			the potential change.
18		Note:	See section 82.
19	(4)	If, des	spite the Commonwealth's efforts, there is a change in the
20	, ,		ility of the water allocations of a holder of a water access
21		entitle	ement and the change is reasonably attributable to the
22			nonwealth's share of the change in reliability, the holder may
23		be ent	itled to a payment under section 83.
24	81 Basin I		o specify certain matters if Plan results in change in
25		relial	bility of water allocations
26	(1)	This s	ection applies if:
27		(a)	a change to the Basin Plan would, if action were not to be
28			taken under this Subdivision, result in a change in the
29			reliability of water allocations in relation to the water
30			resources of a water resource plan area; and
31		` '	this would occur otherwise than because of a reduction in the
32			long-term average sustainable diversion limit for those water
33			resources (or for a part of those waters resources).
34	(2)		asin Plan must:
35			specify that this Subdivision applies to that change to the
36			Basin Plan; and

1 2	(b) specify the nature of the change in the reliability of those water allocations.
3	(3) The Basin Plan may specify the following:
4	(a) the extent (if any) to which the change in reliability is
5	attributable to changes in Commonwealth Government policy
6	(the Commonwealth Government policy component of the
7	change in reliability);
8	(b) the extent (if any) to which the change in reliability is
9	attributable to improvements in knowledge about the
10	environmentally sustainable level of take for the water
11	resources of the water resource plan area (the new knowledge
12	component of the change in reliability);
13	(c) the extent (if any) of the Commonwealth's share of the
14	change in reliability
15	(4) The Commonwealth's share of the change in reliability is to be
16	worked out for the purposes of paragraph (1)(c) in accordance
17	with:
18	(a) the provisions of the National Water Initiative; and
19	(b) any regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph.
20 21	Regulations made for the purposes of paragraph (b) must not be inconsistent with the National Water Initiative.
22	82 Commonwealth to manage Commonwealth share of change in
23	reliability
24	If the Basin Plan specifies, under paragraph 81(3)(c), the
25	Commonwealth's share of a change in the reliability of the water
26	allocations in relation to the water resources of a water resource
27	plan area, the Commonwealth:
28	(a) must endeavour to manage the impact of the
29	Commonwealth's share of the change in reliability on the
30	holders of water access entitlements; and
31	(b) may take steps to ensure that the holders of water access
32	entitlements do not suffer a change in the reliability of their
33	water allocations as a result of the Commonwealth's share of
34	the change in reliability.

1 2	Note 1	This subsection implements in part the policy in clauses 49 and 50 of the National Water Initiative.
3 4 5	Note 2	2: If a change in the reliability of water allocations results despite the steps taken by the Commonwealth, the Commonwealth may be liable for an amount under section 83.
6	83 Payments to	water access entitlement holders
7	Qual	ification for payment under this section
8	_	rson (the <i>entitlement holder</i>) qualifies for a payment under section if:
10 11 12	(a)	the entitlement holder holds a water access entitlement in relation to the water resources of a water resource plan area; and
13	(b)	one of the following subparagraphs is satisfied:
14 15		(i) the water access entitlement was granted or issued before 25 January 2007;
16 17		(ii) the water access entitlement is granted or issued in accordance with a transitional water resource plan;
18 19 20 21 22 23		(iii) the water access entitlement is granted or issued on or after 25 January 2007, and before the Basin Plan takes effect, and the Minister determines in writing that the entitlement relates to a water resource that was not overallocated at the time of, or because of, the grant or issue;
24 25 26 27 28 29		(iv) the water access entitlement is granted or issued after the Basin Plan takes effect and is granted or issued in accordance with the Basin Plan and the water resource plan for the water resources of the water resource plan area, or for the particular part of the water resources of the area; and
30 31	(c)	there is a change in the reliability of the water allocations to be made in relation to the water access entitlement; and
32 33 34	(d)	the change in reliability of the entitlement holder's water allocations occurs because of a change (the <i>relevant Plan change</i>) to the Basin Plan; and
35 36	(e)	the Basin Plan specifies that this Subdivision applies to the relevant Plan change; and

1 2 3 4	(f) the whole, or a part, of the change in the reliability of the entitlement holder's water allocations is reasonably attributable to the Commonwealth's share of the relevant Plan change.
5	A determination under subparagraph (b)(iii) is not a legislative
6	instrument.
7	(2) For the purposes of applying this section to the change in the
8	reliability of the entitlement holder's water allocations, the
9	Commonwealth's share of the relevant Plan change is:
10	(a) the Commonwealth's share of the change in reliability that is
11 12	specified in the Basin Plan under paragraph 81(3)(c) if that share is specified in the Basin Plan under that paragraph; or
	(b) the Commonwealth's share of the change in reliability of the
13 14	entitlement holder's water allocations that results from the
15	relevant Plan change (as determined, in writing, by the
16	Authority) if paragraph (a) does not apply.
17	A determination by the Authority under paragraph (b) is not a
18	legislative instrument.
19 20	Note: The Authority is not subject to the Minister's direction in relation to a determination under paragraph (b) (see paragraph 175(2)(a)).
21	(3) The Commonwealth's share of the change in reliability of the
22	entitlement holder's water allocations is to be worked out for the
23	purposes of paragraph (2)(b) in accordance with:
24	(a) the provisions of the National Water Initiative; and
25	(b) any regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph.
26	Regulations made for the purposes of paragraph (b) must not be
27	inconsistent with the National Water Initiative.
28	(4) In applying paragraph (1)(f), regard is to be had to:
29	(a) any steps taken by the Commonwealth to ensure that holders
30	of water access entitlements do not suffer a change in the
31	reliability of their water allocations as a result of the relevant
32	Plan change; and
33	(b) the effect of those steps on the reliability of the water
34	allocations made to the holders of water access entitlements;
35	and
36	(c) the effect of the other provisions of the Basin Plan.

1	Minister to decide claim
2	(5) If the entitlement holder makes a claim for a payment under this
3	section in relation to the relevant Plan change, the Minister must:
4	(a) if the Minister is satisfied that the entitlement holder qualifies
5	for a payment under this section in relation to the relevant
6	Plan change:
7	(i) determine that a payment under this section is to be
8	made to the entitlement holder in relation to the relevant
9	Plan change; and
10	(ii) determine the amount of the payment under this section
1	to be made to the entitlement holder; and
12	(b) if the Minister is not satisfied that the entitlement holder
13	qualifies for a payment under this section in relation to the
14	relevant Plan change—determine that a payment under this
15	section is not to be made to the entitlement holder in relation
16	to the relevant Plan change.
17	Amount of payment under this section
8	(6) The amount of the payment under this section is worked out as
19	follows:
20	(a) first work out the amount of the reduction in the value of the
21	entitlement holder's water access entitlement that occurred
22	because of the change in the reliability of the entitlement
23	holder's water allocations;
24	(b) then work out how much of that reduction in value is
25	reasonably attributable to the Commonwealth's share of the
26	relevant Plan change.
27	(7) In applying paragraph (6)(b), regard is to be had to:
28	(a) any steps taken by the Commonwealth to ensure that holders
29	of water access entitlements do not suffer a change in the
30	reliability of their water allocations as a result of the relevant
31	Plan change; and
32	(b) the effect of those steps on the reliability of the water
33	allocations made to the holders of water access entitlements;
34	and
35	(c) the effect of the other provisions of the Basin Plan.

1		AAT review
2	(8)	An application may be made to the Administrative Appeals
3		Tribunal for the review of:
4		(a) a determination of the Minister under paragraph (5)(b); or
5		(b) a determination of the Minister under subparagraph (5)(a)(ii).
6		Substitute entitlements
7	(9)	If:
8		(a) a water access entitlement (the substitute entitlement) is
9		granted or issued; and
0		(b) the substitute entitlement is granted or issued in substitution
1		for an equivalent water access right (the <i>earlier right</i>) that
12		was previously granted or issued at a particular time;
13		the substitute entitlement is taken, for the purposes of applying
4		paragraph (1)(b), to have been granted or issued at the time when
15		the earlier right was granted or issued.
6		Note: This means, for example, that if the earlier right was granted or issued
17 18		before 25 January 2007, the substitute entitlement is also taken to have been granted or issued before 25 January 2007.
19	(10)	For the purposes of subsection (9), the substitute entitlement is not
20		equivalent to the earlier right if the amount of water that can be
21		taken under the substitute entitlement is more than the amount of
22		water that could be taken under the earlier right.
23	84 Applyi	ng Subdivision when transitional or interim water
24		resource plan ends
25	(1)	This section applies if a transitional water resource plan, or an
26		interim water resource plan, for a water resource plan area is in
27		effect when the Basin Plan first takes effect.
28	(2)	This Subdivision applies as if the provisions of the transitional
29		water resource plan, or the interim water resource plan, had been
30		provisions of the Basin Plan.

1	85 Regula	ntions
2 3	(1)	The regulations may provide for matters that are necessary or convenient to be provided for in relation to claims for payments
4		under section 83.
5	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations made for the
6		purposes of that subsection may provide for:
7		(a) how a person is to make a claim under section 83; and
8		(b) the time within which the person may make the claim; and
9		(c) the information that the person making a claim must provide in support of the claim; and
1		(d) the procedure to be followed in dealing with the claim; and
2		(e) the method to be used to calculate the change in value of a
13		water access entitlement in relation to which the claim is
4		made; and
15		(f) the procedure for applying for, and making, determinations
6		under paragraph 83(2)(b).
17	(3)	Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations made for the
8		purposes of that subsection may require a Basin State, an agency of
9		a Basin State or another person, to give the Commonwealth, the
20 21		Authority or another agency of the Commonwealth information for the purposes of dealing with a claim made under section 83.
22	(4)	The regulations may make provision in relation to the application
23	. ,	of the provisions of the National Water Initiative for the purposes
24		of this Subdivision.
25	86 Opera	tion of Subdivision
26	(1)	This Subdivision imposes obligations on the Commonwealth in
27	()	relation to changes in the reliability of water allocations only to the
28		extent to which the National Water Initiative provides that the
29		Commonwealth is responsible those changes.
30	(2)	To avoid doubt, this Subdivision does not impose obligations on
31	()	the Commonwealth merely because of:
32		(a) actions taken by, or on behalf of, the Commonwealth
33		(including purchasing water access rights); or

Part 2 Management of Basin water resourcesDivision 4 Allocation of risks in relation to reductions in water availability

1 2 (b) actions taken under the Basin Plan in the exercise of the rights conferred by water access rights held by, or on behalf, of the Commonwealth.

1		

2 3	Pa	art 3—Audits by National Water Commission
4	87	Power to conduct audits
5 6		(1) The National Water Commission may audit the effectiveness of the implementation of the Basin Plan and the water resource plans.
7 8 9		(2) In carrying out an audit, the National Water Commission must take into account such matters (if any) as are specified in the regulations.
10	88	When audits must be conducted
11 12		(1) The National Water Commission must complete the first audit under this Part within 5 years after the commencement of this Act.
13 14 15		(2) The National Water Commission must complete any subsequent audit under this Part within 5 years after the completion of the most recent audit under this Part.
16	89	Reports on audits
17		(1) The National Water Commission must:
18 19		(a) give to the Minister a written report on each of its audits under this Part; and
20 21		(b) give copies of the report to the Authority and to the relevant State Minister for each of the Basin States.
22		(2) To avoid doubt, subsection 7(4A) of the National Water
23 24		Commission Act 2004 does not apply to reports given to the Minister under this section.
25	90	Tabling reports
26		The Minister must cause copies of each report given to the
27		Minister under section 89 to be laid before each House of the
28 29		Parliament within 15 sitting days of that House after being given the report.

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Part 4—Basin water charge and water market rules

Division 1—Water charge rules

01	Dogulated	Troton	aharaaa
91	Regulated	water	cnarges

4	91 Regulated water charges
5	(1) This Division applies to the following kinds of charges:
6 7	(a) fees or charges (however described) payable to an irrigation infrastructure operator for:
8 9	(i) access to the operator's irrigation network (or services provided in relation to that access); or
10 11	(ii) changing access to the operator's irrigation network (or services provided in relation to that access); or
12 13	(iii) terminating access to the operator's irrigation network (or services provided in relation to that access); or
14 15	(iv) surrendering to the operator a right to the delivery of water through the operator's irrigation network;
16	(b) bulk water charges;
17	(c) water planning and water management charges;
18	(d) a fee or charge (however described) that relates to:
19	(i) access to water service infrastructure; or
20 21	(ii) services provided in relation to access to water service infrastructure; or
22 23	(iii) services provided through the operation of water service infrastructure; or
24	(iv) the taking of water from a water resource;
25	and is of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the purposes
26	of this paragraph.
27	(2) This Division applies to a charge of the kind referred to in
28	subsection (1) only to the extent to which the charge relates to:
29	(a) Basin water resources; or
30 31	(b) water service infrastructure that carries Basin water resources; or

1 2	in relation to Basin water resources.
3	(3) However, this Division does not apply to charges in respect of
4	urban water supply activities beyond the point at which the water
5	has been removed from a Basin water resource.
6 7	(4) Charges to which this Division applies are <i>regulated water charges</i> for the purposes of this Act.
8	92 Water charge rules
9	(1) The Minister may make rules (to be called <i>water charge rules</i>)
10	that:
11	(a) relate to regulated water charges; and
12	(b) deal with one or more of the matters referred to in subsection (3); and
13	
14 15	(c) contribute to achieving the Basin water charging objectives and principles set out in Schedule 2.
16	(2) Water charge rules are legislative instruments.
17	(3) Water charge rules may deal with the following matters:
18	(a) the rules that must be applied in determining the amount of:
19	(i) regulated water charges generally; or
20	(ii) regulated water charges of a particular kind;
21	(b) the terms and conditions that may, or must not, be imposed in
22	relation to:
23	(i) regulated water charges generally; or
24	(ii) regulated water charges of a particular kind;
25	(c) the determination, or approval, by the ACCC of:
26	(i) regulated water charges of a kind referred to in
27	paragraph 91(1)(a) to which subparagraph 91(1)(a)(iii)
28	or (iv) applies; or
29	(ii) bulk water charges; or
30	(iii) regulated water charges of a kind referred to in
31	paragraph 91(1)(d) (other than regulated water charges
32	that are payable to irrigation infrastructure operators);

1 2 3	(d)	the process to be followed in applying for, and making or giving, determinations or approvals of the kind referred to in paragraph (c);
4	(e)	the accreditation by the ACCC of arrangements under which:
5	(6)	(i) regulated water charges of a kind referred to in
6		paragraph 91(1)(a) to which subparagraph 91(1)(a)(iii)
7		or (iv) applies; or
8		(ii) bulk water charges; or
9		(iii) regulated water charges of a kind referred to in
10		paragraph 91(1)(d) (other than regulated water charges
11		that are payable to irrigation infrastructure operators);
12		are determined or approved by agencies of the States (instead
13		of by the ACCC);
14	(f)	the process to be followed in applying for, and making or
15		giving, accreditation of the kind referred to in paragraph (e);
16	(g)	the terms and conditions on which arrangements are
17		accredited under rules made for the purposes of paragraph (e)
18		(including the determination of some or all of those terms
19		and conditions by the ACCC);
20	(h)	the obligations to be imposed in relation to the accreditation
21		of arrangements under rules made for the purposes of
22 23		paragraph (e) (including the determination of some or all of those obligations by the ACCC);
	(i)	
24 25	(1)	the prohibition of regulated water charges of a particular kind in the circumstances specified in the rules;
26	(j)	the imposition of a requirement on the person determining
27		the amount of regulated water charges to publish:
28		(i) the details of the charges; and
29		(ii) the process for determining the amount of the charges;
30	(k)	transitional arrangements for the introduction of, or changes
31		to, water charge rules;
32	(1)	any matter that was dealt with in:
33		(i) paragraph 15(3)(c) of Schedule E to the MDB
34		Agreement; or
35		(ii) the Access and Exit Fees Protocol to the MDB
36		Agreement made under paragraph 6(1)(f) of Schedule E
37		to the MDB Agreement;

1	immediately before the commencement of this Part.	
2	(4) Without limiting paragraph (3)(c) water charge rules may specify	
3	the effect, and duration, of a determination or approval of the kin	d
4	referred to in that paragraph.	
5	(5) Without limiting paragraph (3)(d), water charge rules may specif	y:
6	(a) the information that an applicant for a determination or	
7	approval of the kind referred to in paragraph (3)(c) must gi	ve
8	the ACCC in relation to the application; and	
9	(b) the timing of the steps in the process in which:	
10	(i) the application is made; and	
11	(ii) the determination is made or the approval is given.	
12	(6) Without limiting paragraph (3)(e), the rules made for the purpose	es
13	of that paragraph may provide for the circumstances in which:	
14	(a) an accreditation may be revoked; or	
15	(b) the terms and conditions on which an accreditation is given	l
16	may be varied.	
17	(7) Water charge rules may provide that the ACCC is to determine, or	r
18	approve, the amount of regulated water charges imposed by the	
19	Authority.	
20	(8) Without limiting subsection (3), particular water charge rules ma	y
21	be limited to either or both of the following:	
22	(a) particular kinds of regulated water charges;	
23	(b) regulated water charges in relation to particular water	
24	resources.	
25	(9) Without limiting subsection (3), water charge rules may provide	
26	that a particular provision of the rules is a civil penalty provision	
27	(10) The civil penalty for a contravention of a provision specified und	er
28	subsection (7) is 200 penalty units.	
29	(11) Without limiting subsection (3), water charge rules may provide	
30	that a person who suffers loss or damage as a result of conduct, o	r
31	an omission, of another person that contravenes the water charge	
32	rules may recover the amount of the loss or damage by action	

1 2	against that other person or against any person involved in the contravention.
3	93 Process for making water charge rules
4	(1) The Minister must ask the ACCC for advice about water charge
5	rules the Minister proposes to make.
6 7	(2) The ACCC must give the Minister advice about the proposed wate charge rules.
8 9	(3) In giving advice to the Minister about proposed water charge rules in relation to regulated water charges payable to infrastructure operators, the ACCC must have regard to:
1	(a) the governance arrangements of those operators; and
12	(b) the current charging arrangements of those operators; and(c) the history of the charging arrangements of those operators.
14	(4) The Minister must have regard to the ACCC's advice in making the water charge rules.
16 17	(5) The regulations must provide for the process that the Minister is to follow in making water charge rules.
18 19 20 21	(6) Without limiting subsection (4), the regulations must provide for consultations with the Basin States and infrastructure operators, and public consultations, as part of the process of making, amending or revoking water charge rules.
22	(7) If:
23	(a) the Minister makes water charge rules; and
24	(b) the rules do not reflect the advice that the ACCC gave the
25	Minister under subsection (2) in relation to the rules;
26	the Minister must, when the rules are laid before a House of the
27	Parliament under the <i>Legislative Instruments Act 2003</i> , also lay before that House a document that sets out:
28	
29 80	(c) the respects in which the rules do not reflect the advice given by the ACCC; and
31	(d) the Minister's reasons for departing from that advice.

1	94 Constitutional operation of water charge rules
2 3	(1) Water charge rules apply to a regulated water charge if one or more of the paragraphs in subsection (2) or (3) are satisfied.
4	(2) This subsection applies if:
5	(a) the person imposing the charge, or making the demand, is a
6	constitutional corporation; or
7	(b) the person on whom the charge is imposed, or from whom
8	the charge is demanded, is a constitutional corporation; or
9	(c) the charge is imposed, or payment of the charge is demanded,
0	in the course of trade and commerce between the States or
1	between a State and a Territory; or
2	(d) the person who imposes, or demands payment of, the charge
13	does so in a Territory; or (e) the charge relates to:
4	(i) a water resource in a Territory; or
15	•
6	(ii) water service infrastructure in a Territory; or
17 18	(iii) tradeable water rights in relation to a water resource in a Territory; or
9	(f) the charge is imposed, or payment of the charge is demanded,
20	using a postal, telegraphic, telephonic or other like service
21	(within the meaning of paragraph 51(v) of the Constitution).
22	(3) This subsection applies if:
23	(a) the person imposing, or demanding payment of, the charge
24	does so in a referring State; or
25	(b) the imposition, or the demand for payment of, the charge has
26	an effect in a referring State; or
27	(c) the charge relates to:
28	(i) a water resource in a referring State; or
29	(ii) water service infrastructure in a referring State; or
30 31	(iii) tradeable water rights in relation to a water resource in a referring State.
32	(4) Subsections (2) and (3) (and the paragraphs of each of those
33	subsections):
34	(a) have effect independently of each other; and

1 2	(b) do not limit the operation (if any) that the water charge rule validly have apart from this section.
3	95 ACCC to monitor water charges and compliance
4	(1) The ACCC is to monitor:
5	(a) regulated water charges; and
6	(b) compliance with the provisions of this Division; and
7	(c) compliance with water charge rules.
8	(2) The ACCC must give the Minister a report on the results of such
9	monitoring.
10	(3) The reports under subsection (2) must be given to the Minister in
11	accordance with an agreement between the Minister and the
12	ACCC.
13	96 Minister may formulate model water charge rules
14	(1) The Minister may formulate, in writing, model rules for regulated
15	water charges.
16	Note: The model rules do not have any legal effect under this Act but are
17 18	available for adoption by States, Territories, infrastructure operators and other persons.
19	(2) Model rules formulated under subsection (1) are not legislative
20	instruments

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Division 2—Water market rules

3	97 Water market rules
4	(1) The Minister may make rules (to be called water market rules)
5	that:
6	(a) relate to an act that an irrigation infrastructure operator does
7	or fails to do, in a way that prevents or unreasonably delays
8	arrangements being made that would reduce the share
9	component of a water access entitlement of the operator to
10	allow a person's entitlement to water under an irrigation righ
11	against the operator to be permanently transformed into a
12	water access entitlement that is held by someone other than
13	the operator; and
14	(b) contribute to achieving the Basin water market and trading
15	objectives and principles set out in Schedule 3.
16	Arrangements of the kind referred to in paragraph (a) are referred
17	to in this section as <i>transformation arrangements</i> .
18	(2) Water market rules are legislative instruments.
19	(3) Without limiting subsection (1), water market rules may deal with
20	the restrictions that an irrigation infrastructure operator may, or
21	may not, impose in relation to:
22	(a) transformation arrangements; or
23	(b) the trading or transferring, by a person who had an irrigation
24	right against the operator, of a water access entitlement
25	obtained as a result of transformation arrangements.
26	(4) Without limiting subsection (3), the restrictions referred to in that
27	subsection include:
28	(a) restrictions imposed by including provisions in a contract,
29	arrangement or understanding between an irrigation
30	infrastructure operator and:
31	(i) a person who has an irrigation right against the operato
32	or
33	(ii) a person who has a water access entitlement that the
34	person obtained as a result of transformation

1 2	arrangements in relation to an irrigation right the person had against the operator; and
3	(b) restrictions imposed by the way in which an irrigation
4	infrastructure operator conducts its operations.
5	(5) Without limiting subsection (1), water market rules may:
6	(a) permit an irrigation infrastructure operator to require security
7	before allowing:
8	(i) a person who holds an irrigation right against the
9	operator to obtain a water access entitlement through
10	transformation arrangements in relation to the irrigation
11	right; or
12	(ii) a person who has obtained a water access entitlement as
13	a result of transformation arrangements in relation to an
14	irrigation right the person had against the operator to
15	trade or transfer the water access entitlement obtained;
16	and
17	(b) provide for transitional arrangements in relation to contracts
18	that have been entered into between an irrigation
19	infrastructure operator and another person before water
20	market rules are made or amended.
21	(6) Water market rules must not prevent an irrigation infrastructure
22	operator from:
23	(a) imposing, or requiring the payment of, a regulated water
24	charge; or
25	(b) requiring the approval of a person who holds a legal or
26	equitable interest in an irrigation right that a person has
27	against the operator before allowing transformation
28	arrangements in relation to that irrigation right.
29	(7) Without limiting subsection (1), water market rules may provide
30	that a particular provision of the rules is a civil penalty provision.
31	(8) The civil penalty for a contravention of a provision specified under
32	subsection (7) is 200 penalty units.
33	(9) Without limiting subsection (1), water market rules may provide
34	that a person who suffers loss or damage as a result of conduct, or
35	an omission, of another person that contravenes the water market
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1 2 3		against that other person or against any person involved in the contravention.
4	(10)	No claim, action or demand may be made, asserted or taken against
5	,	an irrigation infrastructure operator for anything done by the
6		operator solely for the purpose of complying with water market
7		rules.
8	98 Process	s for making water market rules
9 10	(1)	The Minister must ask the ACCC for advice about water market rules the Minister proposes to make.
11	(2)	The ACCC must give the Minister advice about the proposed water
12	(-)	market rules.
13	(3)	The Minister must have regard to the ACCC's advice in making
14		the water market rules.
15	(4)	The regulations must provide for the process that the Minister is to
16	` ,	follow in making water market rules.
17	(5)	Without limiting subsection (4), the regulations must provide for
18	. ,	consultations with the Basin States and irrigation infrastructure
19		operators, and public consultations, as part of the process of
20		making, amending or revoking water market rules.
21	(6)	If:
22		(a) the Minister makes water market rules; and
23		(b) the rules do not reflect the advice that the ACCC gave the
24		Minister under subsection (2) in relation to the rules;
25		the Minister must, when the rules are laid before a House of the
26		Parliament under the Legislative Instruments Act 2003, also lay
27		before that House a document that sets out:
28		(c) the respects in which the rules do not reflect the advice given
29		by the ACCC; and
30		(d) the Minister's reasons for departing from that advice.

99	Constitutional	operation	on of wa	iter market	rules

(1) Water market rules apply to an act, or a failure to do an act, by an 2 infrastructure operator that has an effect on: 3 (a) the ability of a person who holds an irrigation right against 4 the operator to obtain a water access entitlement; or 5 (b) the ability of a person who held an irrigation right against the 6 operator to trade or transfer a water access entitlement; 7 if one or more of the paragraphs in subsection (2) or (3) are 8 satisfied. 9 (2) This subsection applies if: 10 (a) the infrastructure operator or the person who holds, or held, 11 the irrigation right is a constitutional corporation; or 12 (b) the act is done, or the failure to do the act occurs, in the 13 course of trade and commerce between the States or between 14 a State and a Territory; or 15 (c) the act is done, or the failure to do the act occurs, in a 16 Territory; or 17 (d) the water access right, or the irrigation right, relates to a 18 water resource in a Territory; or 19 (e) the act is done, or the failure to do the act occurs, using a 20 postal, telegraphic, telephonic or other like service (within 21 the meaning of paragraph 51(v) of the Constitution). 22 (3) This subsection applies if: 23 (a) the act is done, or the failure to do the act occurs, in a 24 referring State; or 25 (b) the act, or the failure to do the act, has an effect in a referring 26 State: or 2.7 (c) the water access right, or the irrigation right, relates to a 28 water resource in a referring State. 29 (4) Subsections (2) and (3) (and the paragraphs of each of those 30 subsections): 31 (a) have effect independently of each other; and

(b) do not limit the operation (if any) that the water market rules

validly have apart from this section.

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100	ACCC to	, monitor	compliance
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1	100 ACCC to monitor compliance
2	(1) The ACCC is to monitor compliance with the provisions of this
3	Division.
4	(2) The ACCC must give the Minister a report on the results of such
5	monitoring.
6	(3) The reports under subsection (2) must be given to the Minister in
7	accordance with an agreement between the Minister and the
8	ACCC.

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Se	ction	ш	()

P	art 5—Murray-Darling Basin Water Rights
_	Information Service
1(11 Registrable water rights
	(1) This Part applies to the following rights:
	(a) water access rights in relation to Basin water resources;
	(b) water delivery rights in relation to Basin water resources;
	(c) irrigation rights in relation to Basin water resources;
	(d) rights that:
	(i) relate to access to, or the use of, Basin water resources;
	and
	(ii) are of a kind prescribed by the regulations for the
	purposes of this paragraph.
	(2) Rights to which this Part applies are <i>registrable water rights</i> for
	the purposes of this Act.
1(2 Registers to which this Part applies
	This Part applies to a register of registrable water rights that is kept
	by:
	(a) a Basin State or an agency of a Basin State; or
	(b) an infrastructure operator; or
	(c) any other person prescribed by the regulations for the
	purposes of this paragraph.
10	3 Murray-Darling Basin Water Rights Information Service
	(1) The Authority may provide an information service that allows
	access to:
	(a) some or all of the information included in the registers to
	which this Part applies; and
	(b) other information about registrable water rights registered in
	the registers to which this Part applies.

1 2	The information service is to be known as the <i>Murray-Darling Basin Water Rights Information Service</i> .
3	(2) The regulations may provide for:
4	(a) the form in which the Murray-Darling Basin Water Rights
5	Information Service is to be provided; and
6	(b) the information to be provided through the Service; and
7	(c) requiring:
8	(i) a person who keeps a register to which this Part applies;
9	or
10	(ii) a person who has information in relation to registrable water rights;
12	to give information to the Authority for the purposes of the
13	Service; and
4	(d) the form, or the manner, in which the information referred to
15	in paragraph (c) is to be given to the Authority; and
16	(e) access to information through the Service; and
17	(f) technical requirements to be met by the Service; and
18	(g) the operation of the Service; and
9	(h) the compatibility and interoperability between the Service
20	and the registers to which this Part applies; and
21	(i) the use of the Service by:
22	(i) the Authority; or
23	(ii) a person prescribed by the regulations for the purposes
24	of this paragraph;
25	to monitor and report on registrable water rights and
26	transactions in relation to registrable water rights.
27	(3) Neither the Authority nor the Commonwealth is liable to
28	compensate a person for loss or damage that the person suffers
29	because of an error in, or omission from, the Murray-Darling Basin
80	Water Rights Information Service.

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Part 6—Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder

Division 1—Establishment and functions

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There is to be a Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder.

105 Functions

(1) The functions of the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder are, on behalf of the Commonwealth:(a) to manage the Commonwealth environmental water holdings;

and

- (b) to administer the Environmental Water Holdings Special Account.
- (2) The function of managing the Commonwealth environmental water holdings includes doing any of the following on behalf of the Commonwealth:
 - (a) exercising any powers of the Commonwealth to purchase, dispose of and otherwise deal in water and water access rights, water delivery rights or irrigation rights;
 - (b) exercising any powers of the Commonwealth to enter into contracts (including options contracts) for the purposes of such purchasing, disposal or other dealing;
 - (c) maintaining an up to date record of the Commonwealth environmental water holdings;
 - (d) making available water from the Commonwealth environmental water holdings;
 - (e) entering into contracts or other arrangements in relation to:
 - (i) the taking or use of water under rights or interests that form part of the Commonwealth environmental water holdings; or

1 2 3	(ii) the undertaking of work to enable the taking or use of water under rights or interests that form part of the Commonwealth environmental water holdings.
	•
4 5	(3) The functions of the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder are to be performed for the purpose of protecting or restoring the
6	environmental assets of:
7	(a) the Murray-Darling Basin; and
8	(b) other areas outside the Murray-Darling Basin where the
9	Commonwealth holds water;
10	so as to give effect to relevant international agreements.
11	(4) Without limiting subsection (3), the Commonwealth
12	Environmental Water Holder must manage the Commonwealth
13	environmental water holdings in accordance with:
14	(a) to the extent that the Commonwealth environmental water
15	holdings relate to water in the Murray-Darling Basin—the
16	environmental watering plan; and
17	(b) to the extent that the Commonwealth environmental water
18	holdings relate to water in an area outside the
19	Murray-Darling Basin—the plan (if any) that:
20	(i) relates to environmental watering in that area; and
21	(ii) is specified, in relation to that area, in the regulations;
22	and
23 24	(c) any operating rules that the Minister has made under section 109; and
25	(d) any environmental watering schedules to which the
26	Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder is a party.
27	106 Limitation on disposal of water and Commonwealth
28	environmental water holdings
29	(1) The Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder must not
30	dispose of water and Commonwealth environmental water
31	holdings during a water accounting period unless the water or the
32	water holdings:
33	(a) are not required in the water accounting period to meet the
34	objectives of:

1	(i) if the water is in, or the water holdings relate to water
2	in, the Murray-Darling Basin—the environmental watering plan; or
4	(ii) if the water is in, or the water holdings relate to water
5	in, an area outside the Murray-Darling Basin—any
6	plans specified in the regulations in relation to that area;
7	or
8	(iii) any applicable environmental watering schedules; and
9	(b) cannot be carried over into the next water accounting period.
10	(2) However, this section does not apply to a disposal of water or
11	Commonwealth environmental water holdings if water or
12	Commonwealth environmental water holdings acquired with the
13	proceeds of the disposal will improve the capacity of the
14 15	Commonwealth environmental water holdings to be applied to meet the objectives of one or more of the following:
	(a) the environmental watering plan;
16	
17 18	(b) a plan specified in the regulations in relation to an area outside the Murray-Darling Basin;
19	(c) protecting or restoring the environmental assets of an area
20	outside the Murray-Darling Basin in relation to which those
21	regulations do not specify a plan.
22	107 Limitation on directions to Commonwealth Environmental
23	Water Holder
24	The Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder is not subject to
25	the direction of the Secretary of the Department, or the Minister, in
26	relation to doing any of the things referred to in paragraphs
27	105(2)(a) to (c).
28	108 Meaning of Commonwealth environmental water holdings
29	(1) Commonwealth environmental water holdings are:
30	(a) the rights that the Commonwealth holds that are water access
31	rights, water delivery rights, irrigation rights or other similar
32	rights relating to water; and
33	(b) the interests in, or in relation to, such rights.

1 2	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), <i>Commonwealth environmental</i> water holdings include:
3		(a) rights of a kind referred to in paragraph (1)(a) that the Commonwealth holds on trust or holds as a lessee; and
5		(b) rights of a kind that the Commonwealth Environmental
6 7		Water Holder receives, on behalf of the Commonwealth, as donations.
8	(3)	However, Commonwealth environmental water holdings do not
9		include:
10 11		(a) water access rights, water delivery rights, irrigation rights or other similar rights relating to water; or
2		(b) interests in, or in relation to, such rights;
13		that the Commonwealth holds for the purpose of the use of water
14		by the Commonwealth in the performance of functions that are not related to its functions of water management under this Act.
16	109 Opera	ating rules
17	(1)	The Minister may, by legislative instrument, make rules (<i>operating rules</i>) relating to the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder
19 20		(a) purchasing, disposing of and otherwise dealing in water and water access rights; and
21		(b) entering into contracts (including options contracts) for the purposes of such purchasing, disposal or other dealing.
23 24	(2)	Operating rules that the Minister makes under subsection (1) must not:
25		(a) impose obligations on any person other than the
26		Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder; or
27		(b) have the effect of overriding or limiting the operation of a
28		law of a State.
29	110 Appli	cation of State laws to the Commonwealth Environmental
30		Water Holder
31	(1)	Any requirement of a law of a Basin State that prevents a person
32	,	from:

1	(a) using, on land that the person does not own, water available
2	under a water access right; or
3	(b) obtaining a licence that would authorise the use, on land that
4	the person does not own, of water available under a water
5	access right;
6	does not apply to the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder
7	in relation to the use of Commonwealth water holdings:
8	(c) to water declared Ramsar wetlands; or
9	(d) to water water dependent ecosystems that support:
10	(i) listed threatened species (within the meaning of the
11	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation
12	<i>Act 1999</i>); or
13	(ii) listed threatened ecological communities (within the
14	meaning of that Act); or
15	(iii) listed migratory species (within the meaning of that
16	Act); or
17	(e) to water sites specified in the regulations.
18	(2) This section does not authorise the environmental watering of land
19	without the consent of the owner of the land.

Division	2—Environmental Water Holdings Special Account
111 Estal	olishment of the Environmental Water Holdings Special Account
(1)	The Environmental Water Holdings Special Account is established by this section.
(2)	The Account is a Special Account for the purposes of the <i>Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997</i> .
112 Cred	its of amounts to the Account
(1)	There may be credited to the Account:
	(a) all money appropriated by the Parliament for the purposes of the Account; and
	(b) amounts received by the Commonwealth in connection with the performance of the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder's functions under this Act; and
	(c) amounts paid by a Basin State, under an agreement between the Commonwealth and the State, for crediting to the Account; and
	(d) amounts equal to money received by the Commonwealth in relation to property paid for with money from the Account; and
	(e) amounts equal to amounts of any gifts given or bequests made for the purposes of the Account.
	Note: An Appropriation Act provides for amounts to be credited to a Special Account if any of the purposes of the Account is a purpose that is covered by an item in the Appropriation Act.
(2)	For the purposes of paragraph (1)(e), amounts received by the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder, on behalf of the
	Commonwealth, as gifts or bequests are taken to be gifts given or bequests made for the purposes of the Account.

113	Purpose	of the	Account

2	(1) This section sets out the purposes of the Account.
3	(2) Amounts standing to the credit of the Account may be debited for
4	the following purposes:
5	(a) in payment or discharge of the costs, expenses and other
6	obligations incurred by the Commonwealth Environmental
7	Water Holder in the performance of the functions of the
8	Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder (including
9	doing any of the things referred to in subsection 105(2));
10	(b) meeting the expenses of administering the Account.
11	(3) For the purposes of this section, the expenses of administering the
12	Account do not include the cost of salaries of the Commonwealth
13	Environmental Water Holder or the staff referred to in section 116

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Division 3—Reporting requirements

3	114 Annual report
4	Annual report to be given to Minister
5	(1) The Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder must, as soon a
6	practicable after 30 June in each financial year, prepare and give to
7	the Minister a report on the Commonwealth Environmental Water
8	Holder's operations during that year.
9	Contents of annual report
10 11	(2) The Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder must include in the report particulars of the following:
12	(a) achievements against the objectives of the environmental
13	watering plan;
14	(b) management of the Environmental Water Holdings Special
15	Account;
16	(c) all directions that the Secretary of the Department, or the
17	Minister, gave to the Commonwealth Environmental Water
18	Holder during the year.
19	Annual report to be tabled in Parliament
20	(3) The Minister must cause a copy of each annual report to be tabled
21	in each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that
22	House after the day on which the Minister receives the report.
23	Annual report to be given to Basin States
24	(4) The Minister must cause a copy of each annual report to be given
25	to the relevant State Minister for each of the Basin States on or
26	before the day the report is first tabled in a House of the
27	Parliament.

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Division 4—Appointment, staff and delegation

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The Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder is to be engaged under the *Public Service Act 1999*.

116 Staff

The staff necessary to assist the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder are to be persons engaged under the *Public Service Act 1999* who are:

- (a) employed in the Department; and
- (b) made available for the purpose by the Secretary of the Department.

117 Delegation

The Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder may, by signed instrument, delegate all or any of his or her powers under this Act to an SES employee or acting SES employee.

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Part 7—Water information

Division 1—Application of this Part

118 Geographical application of this Part

This Part extends to every external Territory.

119 Application of this Part limited to certain legislative powers

- (1) This Part has effect to the extent to which it is a law with respect to one or more of the following:
 - (a) census and statistics (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xi) of the Constitution);
 - (b) meteorological observations (within the meaning of paragraph 51(viii) of the Constitution);
 - (c) weights and measures (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xv) of the Constitution);
 - (d) external affairs (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xxix) of the Constitution).
- (2) This Part has effect to the extent to which it confers rights or imposes obligations, or relates to the conferral of rights or the imposition of obligations, on constitutional corporations.
- (3) This Part has effect to the extent to which it is within the implied power of the Parliament to make laws with respect to nationhood.
- (4) Subsections (1), (2) and (3) (and the paragraphs of each of those subsections):
 - (a) have effect independently of each other; and
 - (b) do not limit the operation (if any) that this Part validly has apart from this section.

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Division 2—Functions and powers of the Bureau and
Director of Meteorology

120 Additional functions of the Bureau

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The Bureau has the following functions in addition to its functions under the Meteorology Act 1955:

- (a) collecting, holding, managing, interpreting and disseminating Australia's water information;
- (b) providing regular reports on the status of Australia's water resources and patterns of usage of those resources;
- (c) providing regular forecasts on the future availability of Australia's water resources;
- (d) compiling and maintaining water accounts for Australia, including a set of water accounts to be known as the National Water Account:
- (e) issuing National Water Information Standards;
- (f) giving advice on matters relating to water information;
- (g) undertaking and commissioning investigations to enhance understanding of Australia's water resources;
- (h) any other matter, relating to water information, specified in the regulations.

121 Contents of the National Water Account

The National Water Account is to include such matters (if any) as are specified in the regulations.

122 Publishing water accounts

- (1) The Director of Meteorology must annually publish the National Water Account in a form readily accessible by the public.
- (2) The Director of Meteorology may publish other water accounts from time to time.

1 2	(3) This section does not prevent parts or all of the National Water Account, or any other water accounts, from being updated at any
3	other time.
4	123 Publishing water information
5	(1) The Director of Meteorology may at any time publish, in a form
6	readily accessible by the public, particular water information that
7	the Bureau holds.
8	(2) However, the Director of Meteorology must not:
9	(a) publish particular water information if he or she believes it
10	would not be in the public interest; or
11	(b) publish water information in a way that expressly identifies a
12	person's water use, unless the water information:
13	(i) is already published; or
14	(ii) is otherwise publicly available in a form that expressly
15	identifies the person's water use.

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Division 3—Water information

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17.4	Chiect	of this	Division
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The object of this Division is to enable the Bureau to fulfil its function of collecting water information.

125 Meaning of water information etc.

In this Act:

water information means any raw data, or any value added information product, that relates to:

- (a) the availability, distribution, quantity, quality, use, trading or cost of water; or
- (b) water access rights, water delivery rights or irrigation rights; and includes contextual information relating to water (such as land use information, geological information and ecological information).

126 Giving of water information to the Bureau

- (1) A person specified in the regulations, or included in a class of persons specified in the regulations, must give to the Bureau a copy of water information of a kind specified in the regulations that is in the person's possession, custody or control (whether held electronically or in any other form).
- (2) The copy must be given to the Bureau within the time specified in the regulations.
- (3) The water information contained in the copy:
 - (a) must be given in the form or manner specified in the regulations; and
 - (b) must comply with any applicable National Water Information Standards.
- (4) A person must not contravene an obligation imposed on the person under this section.

1	Civil penalty: 50 penalty units.
2 (5) 3 4	A person must not, in purported compliance with a requirement under this section, give to the Bureau information that is false or misleading in a material particular.
5	Civil penalty: 60 penalty units.
6 (6) 7 8 9 10 11 112	Subsection (4) does not apply to the extent that the person has a reasonable excuse. However, a person does not have a reasonable excuse merely because the water information in question is: (a) of a commercial nature; or (b) subject to an obligation of confidentiality arising from a commercial relationship; or (c) commercially sensitive.
127 Direct	tor of Meteorology may require water information
14 (1) 15 16 17 18 19 20	The Director of Meteorology may, in writing, require any person, or each person included in a class of persons, to give specified water information to the Bureau: (a) within a specified period of time; and (b) in a specified form or manner; and (c) in accordance with any applicable National Water Information Standards.
21 (2)	A person must not fail to comply with a requirement under this section.
23	Civil penalty: 50 penalty units.
24 (3) 25 26	A person must not, in purported compliance with a requirement under this section, give to the Bureau information that is false or misleading in a material particular.
27	Civil penalty: 60 penalty units.
28 (4) 29 30 31	Subsection (2) does not apply to the extent that the person has a reasonable excuse. However, a person does not have a reasonable excuse merely because the water information in question is: (a) of a commercial nature; or

1 2	(b) subject to an obligation of confidentiality arising from a commercial relationship; or
3	(c) commercially sensitive.
4	128 Prohibitions on disclosure of information do not apply
5	This Division has effect despite any law of the Commonwealth, a
6	State or a Territory prohibiting disclosure of the information.
7	129 Ownership etc. of information unaffected by its disclosure
8	(1) Giving information under this Division does not affect a person's
9	property rights with respect to that information.
10	(2) This section does not prevent the use of the information by the
11	Bureau for any purpose that is relevant to any of the Bureau's
12	functions under this Act or any other Act.

Division 4—National Water Information Standards

3	130 National Water Information Standards
4 5	(1) The Director of Meteorology may, by legislative instrument, issue National Water Information Standards relating to water
6	information.
7	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the National Water Information
8 9	Standards may deal with all or any of the following: (a) collecting water information;
0	(b) measuring water;
1	(c) monitoring water;
2	(d) analysing water;
13	(e) transmitting water information;
4	(f) accessing water information;
15	(g) retaining and storing water information;
6	(h) reporting water information;
17	(i) water accounting;
18	(j) any other matter relating to water information that is specified in the regulations.
20	131 Adoption of other standards
21	(1) In issuing National Water Information Standards, the Director of
22	Meteorology may make provision in relation to a matter by
23	applying, adopting or incorporating, with or without modification
24	any matter contained in a standard:
25	(a) as in force or existing at a particular time; or
26	(b) as in force or existing from time to time;
27 28	that relates to water information and that any other person or body has made or issued.
29	(2) Subsection (1) has effect despite anything in subsection 14(2) of
30	the Legislative Instruments Act 2003.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 (3) If the Director of Meteorology makes provision in relation to a matter by applying, adopting or incorporating a matter contained in a standard that another person or body has made or issued, the Director of Meteorology must ensure that: (a) the text of the matter applied, adopted or incorporated is made publicly available on the Bureau's website, unless that text is set out in the relevant National Water Information Standard; and
9 110 111 112	(b) if the text of the matter is applied, adopted or incorporated as in force or existing from time to time—any subsequent amendments of that text are made publicly available on that website.
13 132	Consultations in preparing National Water Information Standards
15 16	(1) The Director of Meteorology must consult with the States in preparing National Water Information Standards.
17 18 19	(2) In preparing National Water Information Standards, the Director of Meteorology may undertake such other consultation as he or she considers appropriate.
20 133	Compliance notices
21 22 23 24 25	(1) If a person has contravened a requirement of the National Water Information Standards, the Minister or an authorised person appointed by the Minister may give the person a notice requiring the person to rectify the contravention, and comply with that requirement, within the time specified in the notice.
26 27	(2) A person must not fail to comply with a notice given to the person under this section.
28	Civil penalty: 60 penalty units.
29 30	(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to the extent that the person has a reasonable excuse.

Division 5—Miscellaneous

124	D.1	I D'	CNTA	1
1.34	Delegation	by Director	· or vieteo	raiagv

- (1) The Director of Meteorology may, in writing, delegate all or any of his or her functions and powers under this Part (other than sections 130 and 131) to an SES employee or acting SES employee.
- (2) The Director of Meteorology may, by writing, delegate any or all of his or her functions and powers under this Part to a person who holds, or acts in, an office or position:
 - (a) with a State or a Territory, or an authority of a State or a Territory; and
 - (b) at a level equivalent to that of an SES employee; if the State, Territory or authority agrees to the delegation.
- (3) A delegate under subsection (1) or (2) must comply with any written directions of the Director of Meteorology.

135 Directions by Minister

- (1) The Minister may, by notice in writing to the Director of Meteorology, give directions with respect to the performance of the Bureau's functions or the exercise of its powers.
- (2) The Director of Meteorology must comply with any such direction.
- (3) A direction made under subsection (1) is a legislative instrument, but neither section 42 (disallowance) nor Part 6 (sunsetting) of the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003* applies to the direction.

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Part 8—Enforcement

	Division	1 Dro	liminarv
3	DIAISION	1—116	mmat y

3	Division 1—Preliminary
4	136 Contraventions to which this Part applies
5	This Part applies to the following contraventions:
6	(a) a contravention of a provision of this Act;
7	(b) a contravention of a provision of the regulations;
8 9	(c) a contravention of a provision of the water charge rules or the water market rules.
10	137 Appropriate enforcement agency for contraventions to which this Part applies
12	For the purposes of this Part, the appropriate enforcement agency
13	for a contravention to which this Part applies is:
4	(a) the Authority if the contravention is a contravention of a
15	provision of:
6	(i) Part 2 or regulations made for the purposes of Part 2; or
17	(ii) Division 3 of Part 10; or
8	(b) the ACCC if the contravention is a contravention of a
9	provision of Part 4, regulations made for the purposes of
20	Part 4, the water charge rules or the water market rules; or
21	(c) the Minister if the contravention is a contravention of a
22 23	provision of Part 7 or regulations made for the purposes of Part 7.
24	138 References to Court
25	In this Part:
26	Court means:
27	(a) the Federal Court of Australia; or
28	(b) the Federal Magistrates Court; or

1 2	(c) a court of a State or Territory that has jurisdiction in relation to matters arising under this Act.
3	139 Jurisdiction of Federal Magistrates Court
4	The Federal Magistrates Court does not have jurisdiction in
5	relation to proceedings under this Part against a State.

Division 2—Injunctions

140	Injunctions	for contra	evention of	the Act	, regulations	or rules
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Applications for injunctions

(1) If a person has engaged, is engaging or is proposing to engage in conduct consisting of an act or omission that constituted, constitutes or would constitute a contravention to which this Part applies, the appropriate enforcement agency may apply to a Court for an injunction.

Prohibitory injunctions

(2) If a person has engaged, is engaging or is proposing to engage in conduct that constituted, constitutes or would constitute a contravention to which this Part applies, the Court may grant an injunction restraining the person from engaging in the conduct.

Additional orders with prohibitory injunctions

(3) If the Court grants an injunction restraining a person from engaging in conduct, and in the Court's opinion it is desirable to do so, the Court may make an order requiring the person to do something (including repair or mitigate damage to the health of, or loss of, Basin water resources).

Mandatory injunctions

- (4) If a person has refused or failed, or is refusing or failing, or is proposing to refuse or fail to do an act or thing, and the refusal or failure did, does or would constitute a contravention to which this Part applies, the Court may grant an injunction requiring the person to do the act or thing.
- (5) Without limiting subsection (3) or (4), the Court may grant an injunction requiring the person to:

1 2 3	(a) implement a specified program for compliance with this Act, the regulations, the water charge rules or the water market rules; or
4	(b) disclose, in the way and to the persons specified in the
5	injunction, such information that the person has possession
6	of, or access to, as is specified in the injunction to correct or
7	counter the effect of a contravention to which this Part
8	applies; or
9	(c) publish, at the person's expense and in the way specified in
0	the injunction, an advertisement in the terms specified in, or
1	determined in accordance with, the injunction to correct or
2	counter the effect of a contravention to which this Part
13	applies.
4	Interim injunctions
15	(6) Before deciding an application for an injunction under this section
6	the Court may grant an interim injunction:
17	(a) restraining a person from engaging in conduct; or
18	(b) requiring a person to do an act or thing.
	(c) requiring a person to do an act or annig.
9	141 Discharge or variation of injunctions
20 21	On application, a Court may discharge or vary an injunction granted by that Court under section 140.
22	142 Certain considerations for granting injunctions not relevant
23	Prohibitory injunctions
24	(1) A Court may grant an injunction under section 140 restraining a
25	person from engaging in conduct:
26	(a) whether or not it appears to the Court that the person intends
27	to engage again, or to continue to engage, in conduct of that
28	kind; and
29	(b) whether or not the person has previously engaged in conduct
80	of that kind; and
31	(c) whether or not there is a significant risk of:
31 32	(i) injury or damage to human beings; or

1	(ii) damage to property; or
2	(iii) harm to, or loss of, water resources;
3	if the person engages, or continues to engage, in conduct of
4	that kind.
5	Mandatory injunctions
6	(2) A Court may grant an injunction under section 140 requiring a
7	person to do a particular act or thing:
8	(a) whether or not it appears to the Court that the person intends
9	to refuse or fail again, or to continue to refuse or fail, to do
0	the act or thing; and
1	(b) whether or not the person has previously refused or failed to
2	do the act or thing; and
13	(c) whether or not there is a significant risk of:
4	(i) injury or damage to human beings; or
15	(ii) damage to property; or
16	(iii) harm to, or loss of, water resources;
17	if the person refuses or fails, or continues to refuse or fail, to
8	do the act or thing.
9	143 Powers conferred are in addition to other powers of the Court
20	The powers conferred on a Court by this Division are in addition to
2.1	(and do not limit) any other powers of the Court.

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Division 3—Declarations

3	144 Declarations of contravention
4	(1) The appropriate enforcement agency may apply to a Court for a
5	declaration that a person has committed a contravention to which
6	this Part applies.
7	(2) If the Court is satisfied that the person has committed the
8	contravention, the Court may declare that the person has
9	committed the contravention.
10	(3) A declaration under subsection (2) must specify the following:
11	(a) the Court that made the declaration;
12	(b) the provision that was contravened;
13	(c) the person who contravened the provision;

145 Discharge or variation of declarations

On application, a Court may discharge or vary a declaration made by that Court under section 144.

(d) the conduct that constituted the contravention.

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Division 4—Civil penalties

Subdivision A—Civil penalty orders

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146	Civil	penalty	provisions

4	146 Civil penalty provisions
5 6	The following are <i>civil penalty provisions</i> for the purpose of this Act:
7	(a) a subsection of this Act (or a section of this Act that is not divided into subsections) if:
9 10 11	(i) the words "civil penalty" and one or more amounts in penalty units are set out at the foot of the subsection (or section); or
12 13	(ii) another provision of this Act specifies that the subsection (or section) is a civil penalty provision;
14	(b) a provision of the water charge rules if:
15 16	(i) the words "civil penalty" and one or more amounts in penalty units are set out at the foot of the provision; or
17 18	(ii) another provision of the water charge rules specifies that the provision is a civil penalty provision;
19	(c) a provision of the water market rules if:
20 21	(i) the words "civil penalty" and one or more amounts in penalty units are set out at the foot of the provision; or
22 23	(ii) another provision of the water market rules specifies that the provision is a civil penalty provision.
24 25	147 Court may order person to pay pecuniary penalty for contravening civil penalty provision
26	Application for order
27 28 29 30	(1) Within 6 years of a person (the <i>wrongdoer</i>) contravening a civil penalty provision, the appropriate enforcement agency may apply on behalf of the Commonwealth to a Court for an order that the wrongdoer pay the Commonwealth a pecuniary penalty.
31 32	Note: Orders cannot be sought in relation to Ministers, officers/employees of the Crown and Commonwealth or State agencies (see section 12).

1		Court may order wrongdoer to pay pecuniary penalty
2	(2)	If the Court is satisfied that the wrongdoer has contravened a civil
3		penalty provision, the Court may order the wrongdoer to pay to the
4		Commonwealth for each contravention the pecuniary penalty that
5		the Court determines is appropriate.
6		Maximum pecuniary penalty
7	(3)	The pecuniary penalty must not exceed:
8		(a) if the wrongdoer is an individual—the relevant amount
9		specified for the civil penalty provision; or
10		(b) otherwise—an amount equal to 5 times the amount of the
11		relevant amount specified for the civil penalty provision.
12		Determining amount of pecuniary penalty
13	(4)	In determining the pecuniary penalty, the Court must have regard
14		to all relevant matters, including:
15		(a) the nature and extent of the contravention; and
16		(b) the nature and extent of any loss or damage suffered as a
17		result of the contravention; and
18		(c) the circumstances in which the contravention took place; and
19		(d) whether the person has previously been found by the Court in
20		proceedings under this Act to have engaged in any similar
21		conduct.
22		Conduct contravening more than one civil penalty provision
23	(5)	If conduct constitutes a contravention of 2 or more civil penalty
24		provisions, proceedings may be instituted under this Act against a
25		person in relation to the contravention of any one or more of those
26		provisions. However, the person is not liable to more than one
27		pecuniary penalty under this section in respect of the same
28		conduct.
29	148 Contr	avening a civil penalty provision is not an offence
30		A contravention of a civil penalty provision is not an offence.

(1) A person must not:
(a) aid, abet, counsel or procure a contravention of a civil penalty provision; or
(b) induce (by threats, promises or otherwise) a contravention of a civil penalty provision; or
(c) be in any way directly or indirectly knowingly concerned in,
or party to, a contravention of a civil penalty provision; or
(d) conspire to contravene a civil penalty provision.
(2) This Division applies to a person who contravenes subsection (1)
in relation to a civil penalty provision as if the person had
contravened the provision.
Recovery of a pecuniary penalty
If a Court orders a person to pay a pecuniary penalty:
(a) the penalty is payable to the Commonwealth; and
(b) the Commonwealth may enforce the order as if it were a
judgment of the Court.
division B—Civil penalty proceedings and criminal
proceedings
Civil proceedings after criminal proceedings
Civil proceedings after criminal proceedings A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is substantially the same as the conduct constituting the
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is substantially the same as the conduct constituting the
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is substantially the same as the conduct constituting the contravention. Criminal proceedings during civil proceedings (1) Proceedings for a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is substantially the same as the conduct constituting the contravention. Criminal proceedings during civil proceedings (1) Proceedings for a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision are stayed if:
A Court must not make a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a contravention of a civil penalty provision if the person has been convicted of an offence constituted by conduct that is substantially the same as the conduct constituting the contravention. Criminal proceedings during civil proceedings (1) Proceedings for a pecuniary penalty order against a person for a

1 2	(b) the offence is constituted by conduct that is substantially the same as the conduct alleged to constitute the contravention.
3	(2) The proceedings for the order may be resumed if the person is not
4 5	convicted of the offence. Otherwise, the proceedings for the order are dismissed.
6	153 Criminal proceedings after civil proceedings
7	Criminal proceedings may be started against a person for conduct
8	that is substantially the same as conduct constituting a
9	contravention of a civil penalty provision regardless of whether a
10	pecuniary penalty order has been made against the person.
11	154 Evidence given in proceedings for penalty not admissible in
12	criminal proceedings
13	Evidence of information given or evidence of production of
14	documents by an individual is not admissible in criminal
15	proceedings against the individual if:
16	(a) the individual previously gave the evidence or produced the
17	documents in proceedings for a pecuniary penalty order
18	against the individual for a contravention of a civil penalty
19	provision (whether or not the order was made); and
20	(b) the conduct alleged to constitute the offence is substantially
21	the same as the conduct that was claimed to constitute the
22	contravention.
23	However, this does not apply to criminal proceedings in respect of
24	the falsity of the evidence given by the individual in the
25	proceedings for the pecuniary penalty order.

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155	Object
	The object of this Division is to set up a system of infringement
	notices for contraventions of civil penalty provisions as an alternative to the institution of proceedings in a Court.
156	When an infringement notice can be given
	(1) If the appropriate enforcement agency has reasonable grounds to
	believe that a person has contravened a civil penalty provision (a <i>designated civil penalty provision</i>):
	(a) set out in:
	(i) Part 3, the water charge rules or the water market rules;
	or
	(ii) Part 7; or
	(b) referred to in regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph;
	the appropriate enforcement agency may give to the person an infringement notice relating to the alleged contravention.
	(2) An infringement notice must be given within 12 months after the day on which the contravention is alleged to have taken place.
	(3) A single infringement notice may be given to a person in respect of:
	(a) 2 or more alleged contraventions of a designated civil penalty provision; and
	(b) alleged contraventions of 2 or more designated civil penalty provisions.
	However, the notice must not require the person to pay more than one penalty in respect of the same conduct.

(1) An infringement notice must:

1 2	(a)	set out the name of the person to whom the notice is given; and
3 4	(b)	set out the name of the appropriate enforcement agency who gave the notice; and
5 6	(c)	set out brief details of the alleged contravention of the civil penalty provision; and
7	(d)	contain a statement to the effect that proceedings will not be
8	(u)	brought under this Part in relation to the alleged
9		contravention if the penalty specified in the notice is paid to
10		the appropriate enforcement agency, on behalf of the
11		Commonwealth, within:
12		(i) 28 days after the notice is given; or
13		(ii) if the appropriate enforcement agency allows a longer
14		period—that longer period; and
15	(e)	contain a statement to the effect that the person to whom the
16		notice is given may choose not to pay the penalty and, if the
17		person does so, proceedings may be brought under this Part
18		in relation to the alleged contravention; and
19	(f)	give an explanation of how payment of the penalty is to be
20		made; and
21	(g)	set out such other matters (if any) as are specified by the
22		regulations.
23	Note:	For the amount of penalty, see section 158.
24	(2) For the	he purposes of paragraph (1)(c), the brief details must include
25	the fo	ollowing information in relation to the alleged contravention:
26	(a)	the date, time and place of the alleged contravention;
27	(b)	the civil penalty provision that was allegedly contravened.
28	158 Amount of	penalty
29	The t	penalty to be specified in an infringement notice relating to a
30		on's alleged contravention of a civil penalty provision must be
31		runiary penalty equal to one-fifth of the maximum penalty that
32	a Coi	urt could impose on the person for that contravention.
33	Note:	To work out this maximum penalty, see subsection 147(3).

1	159	Withdrawal of an infringement notice
2		(1) This section applies if an infringement notice is given to a person.
3 4		(2) The appropriate enforcement agency may, by written notice (the <i>withdrawal notice</i>) given to the person, withdraw the infringement
5		notice. Refund of penalty if infringement notice withdrawn
7		(3) If:
8		(a) the penalty specified in the infringement notice is paid; and
9		(b) the infringement notice is withdrawn after the penalty is paid the Commonwealth is liable to refund the penalty.
1	160	Paying the penalty in accordance with the notice
12		(1) This section applies if:
13		(a) an infringement notice relating to an alleged contravention of
4		a civil penalty provision is given to a person; and
15		(b) the penalty is paid in accordance with the infringement
6		notice; and
17		(c) the infringement notice is not withdrawn.
8		(2) Any liability of the person for the alleged contravention is
9		discharged.
20 21		(3) The payment of the penalty is not to be taken as an admission by the person of liability for the alleged contravention.
22		(4) Proceedings under this Part may not be brought against the person
23		for the alleged contravention.
24	161	Effect of this Division on civil proceedings
25		This Division does not:
26		(a) require an infringement notice to be given in relation to an
27		alleged contravention of a civil penalty provision; or

1	(b) affect the liability of a person to have proceedings under this
2	Part brought against the person for an alleged contravention
3	of a civil penalty provision if:
4	(i) the person does not comply with an infringement notice
5	relating to the contravention; or
6	(ii) an infringement notice relating to the contravention is
7	not given to the person; or
8	(iii) an infringement notice relating to the contravention is
9	given to the person and subsequently withdrawn; or
10	(c) limit a Court's discretion to determine the amount of a
11	penalty to be imposed on a person who is found in
12	proceedings under this Part to have contravened a civil
13	penalty provision.
14	162 Regulations
	0
15	The regulations may make further provision in relation to
16	infringement notices.

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Division 6—Enforceable undertakings

3	-	tance of undertakings relating to contraventions to which this Part applies
5	(1)	This section applies if the appropriate enforcement agency
6		considers that an action taken by, or an omission of, a person
7		constituted a contravention to which this Part applies.
8		The appropriate enforcement agency may accept any of the
9		following undertakings given by the person:
0		(a) a written undertaking that the person will take specified
1		action, in order to comply with the provisions of this Act, the
2		regulations, the water charge rules or the water market rules;
13		(b) a written undertaking that the person will refrain from taking
4		specified action in order to comply with the provisions of this
15		Act, the regulations, the water charge rules or the water
6		market rules;
17		(c) a written undertaking that the person will take specified
8		action directed towards ensuring that the person:
19 20		(i) does not commit a contravention to which this Part applies; or
21		(ii) is unlikely to commit a contravention to which this Part applies;
22		**
23		in the future;
24 25		(d) a written undertaking of a kind specified in regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph.
26	(3)	The undertaking must be expressed to be an undertaking under this
27		section.
28	(4)	The person may withdraw or vary the undertaking at any time, but
29		only with the consent of the appropriate enforcement agency.
30	(5)	The appropriate enforcement agency may, by written notice given
31		to the person, cancel the undertaking.
32	(6)	The undertaking may be published:

1	(a) on the appropriate enforcement agency's website; and
2	(b) if the appropriate enforcement agency is the Minister—on the
3	Department's website.
4	164 Enforcement of undertakings
5	(1) If:
6	(a) a person has given an undertaking under section 163; and
7	(b) the undertaking has not been withdrawn or cancelled; and
8	(c) the appropriate enforcement agency considers that the person
9	has breached the undertaking;
0	the appropriate enforcement agency may apply to a Court for an
1	order under subsection (2).
12	(2) If the Court is satisfied that the person has breached the
13	undertaking, the Court may make any or all of the following
4	orders:
15	(a) an order directing the person to comply with the undertaking;
6	(b) an order directing the person to pay to the enforcement
17	agency, on behalf of the Commonwealth, an amount up to the
8	amount of any financial benefit that the person has obtained
19	directly or indirectly and that is reasonably attributable to the
20	breach;
21	(c) any order that the Court considers appropriate directing the
22	person to compensate any other person who has suffered loss
23	or damage as a result of the breach;
24	(d) any other order that the Court considers appropriate.

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Division 7—Enforcement notices

3	165 Authority may issue an enforcement notice
4	(1) This section applies if the Authority is satisfied that a person:
5 6 7	(a) has contravened, is contravening or is likely to contravene a provision of Part 2 or of the regulations made for the purposes of Part 2; or
8 9	(b) has engaged in, is engaging in or is likely to engage in conduct that:
10 11	(i) was, is or would be inconsistent with the Basin Plan or a water resource plan; or
12 13 14	(ii) prejudiced, is prejudicing, or would prejudice, the effectiveness or the implementation of the Basin Plan or a water resource plan; or
15 16 17	(iii) had, is having or would have an adverse effect on the effectiveness or the implementation of the Basin Plan or a water resource plan; or
18 19	(c) has omitted, is omitting or is likely to omit to perform an act, where the omission:
20 21	(i) was, is or would be inconsistent with the Basin Plan or a water resource plan; or
22 23 24	(ii) prejudiced, is prejudicing, or would prejudice, the effectiveness or the implementation of the Basin Plan or a water resource plan; or
25 26 27	(iii) had, is having or would have an adverse effect on the effectiveness or the implementation of the Basin Plan or a water resource plan.
28	(2) The Authority may, by written notice given to the person, direct
29 30	the person to take the action specified in the notice for any or all of the following purposes:
31 32	(a) to ensure that the person does not engage in conduct of that kind in the future;
33 34	(b) to ensure that the person does not omit to perform acts of that kind in the future;

1 2 3	(c) to remedy, or make good, any adverse consequences of the conduct, or the omission, on the health or continued availability of Basin water resources.
4	(3) Without limiting paragraph (2)(c), the Authority may direct the
5	person under subsection (2) not to exercise some or all of:
6	(a) the water access rights; or
7	(b) the irrigation rights; or
8	(c) the water delivery rights;
9	that the person holds.
10	(4) A notice under subsection (2) must:
11 12	(a) set out the name of the person to whom the notice is given; and
13	(b) set out brief details of the alleged contravention, likely
14	contravention, conduct, likely conduct, omission or likely
15	omission; and
16	(c) contain a statement about the effect of section 166; and
17 18	(d) if it is given in relation to an alleged contravention—be given less than 6 years after contravention.
19	(5) The Authority may give a person a notice under subsection (2) in
20	relation to conduct, or an omission, even if that conduct or
21	omission constitutes an offence against, or a contravention of, a
22	law of a State or a Territory.
23	166 Breach of enforcement notice—civil penalty provision
24	(1) A person must comply with a notice under section 165.
25	Civil penalty: 600 penalty units.
26	(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits a separate
27	contravention of that subsection in respect of each day (including a
28	day of the making of a relevant civil penalty order or any
29	subsequent day) during which the contravention continues.

167	Discharge	or variation	of en	forcement	notices
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!	The Authority may vary or revoke a notice given to a person under
}	section 165. The variation or revocation must be by written notice
	given to the person.

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2	Division 8—Liability of executive officers of corporations
3	168 Civil penalties for executive officers of bodies corporate
4	(1) If:
5	(a) a body corporate contravenes a civil penalty provision; and
6 7	(b) an executive officer of the body knew that, or was reckless or negligent as to whether, the contravention would occur; and
, 8 9	(c) the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the body in relation to the contravention; and
10 11	(d) the officer failed to take all reasonable steps to prevent the contravention;
12	the officer contravenes this subsection.
13	(2) Subsection (1) is a civil penalty provision.
14	(3) Under section 147, a Court may order a person contravening
15	subsection (1) to pay a pecuniary penalty not more than the
16	pecuniary penalty the Court could order an individual to pay for
17 18	contravening the civil penalty provision contravened by the body corporate.
19	169 Did an executive officer take reasonable steps to prevent
20	contravention?
21	(1) For the purposes of section 168, in determining whether an
22	executive officer of a body corporate failed to take all reasonable
23	steps to prevent a contravention to which this Part applies, a Court
24	is to have regard to:
25	(a) what action (if any) the officer took directed towards
26	ensuring the following (to the extent that the action is
27	relevant to the contravention):
28	(i) that the body arranges regular professional assessments
29	of the body's compliance with this Act, the regulations
30	and the water charge rules;
31	(ii) that the body implements any appropriate
32	recommendations arising from such an assessment;

Division 8 Liability of executive officers of corporations

1	(iii) that the body's employees, agents and contractors have
2	a reasonable knowledge and understanding of the
3	requirements to comply with this Act, the regulations,
4	the water charge rules and the water market rules in so
5	far as those requirements affect the employees, agents or
6	contractors concerned; and
7	(b) what action (if any) the officer took when he or she became
8	aware that the body was contravening:
9	(i) this Act; or
10	(ii) the regulations; or
11	(iii) the water charge rules; or
12	(iv) the water market rules.
13	(2) This section does not, by implication, limit the generality of
14	section 168.

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Division 9—Conduct of directors, employees and agents

170 Conduct of directors, employees and agents

Bodies	cori	norate-	-condu	ict
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- (1) Any conduct engaged in on behalf of a body corporate:
 - (a) by a director, employee or agent of the body corporate within the scope of his or her actual or apparent authority; or
 - (b) by any other person at the direction or with the consent or agreement (whether express or implied) of a director, employee or agent of the body corporate, where the giving of the direction, consent or agreement is within the scope of the actual or apparent authority of the director, employee or agent;

is to be taken, for the purposes of this Act, to have been engaged in also by the body corporate unless the body corporate establishes that the body corporate took reasonable precautions and exercised due diligence to avoid the conduct.

Bodies corporate—state of mind

- (2) If, for the purposes of this Act, it is necessary to establish the state of mind of a body corporate in relation to particular conduct, it is sufficient to show:
 - (a) that the conduct was engaged in by a person as mentioned in paragraph (1)(a) or (b); and
 - (b) that the person had that state of mind.

Persons other than bodies corporate—conduct

- (3) Any conduct engaged in on behalf of a person other than a body corporate:
 - (a) by an employee or agent of the person within the scope of his or her actual or apparent authority; or
 - (b) by any other person at the direction or with the consent or agreement (whether express or implied) of an employee or agent of the first-mentioned person, where the giving of the

1	direction, consent or agreement is within the scope of the
2	actual or apparent authority of the employee or agent;
3	is to be taken, for the purposes of this Act, to have been engaged in
4	also by the first-mentioned person unless the first-mentioned
5	person establishes that the first-mentioned person took reasonable precautions and exercised due diligence to avoid the conduct.
6	precautions and exercised due difference to avoid the conduct.
7	Persons other than bodies corporate—state of mind
8	(4) If, for the purposes of this Act, it is necessary to establish the state
9	of mind of a person other than a body corporate in relation to
10	particular conduct, it is sufficient to show:
11	(a) that the conduct was engaged in by a person as mentioned in
12	paragraph (3)(a) or (b); and
13	(b) that the person had that state of mind.
14	Reasonable precautions
15	(5) For the purposes of subsection (1) or (3), in determining whether a
16	body corporate or other person took reasonable precautions and
17	exercised due diligence to avoid particular conduct, a Court must
18	have regard to what steps (if any) the body or person took directed
19	towards ensuring the following (to the extent that the steps are
20	relevant to the conduct):
21	(a) that the body or person arranges regular professional
22	assessments of the body's or person's compliance with this
23	Act, the regulations and the water charge rules;
24	(b) that the body or person implements any appropriate
25	recommendations arising from such an assessment;
26	(c) that the directors of the body, or the employees or agents of
27	the body or person, have a reasonable knowledge and
28	understanding of the requirements to comply with this Act,
29	the regulations, the water charge rules and the water market
30	rules in so far as those requirements affect the directors,
31	employees or agents concerned.
32	Meaning of state of mind
33	(6) A reference in subsection (2) or (4) to the <i>state of mind</i> of a person
34	includes a reference to:

1	(a) the knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose of the
2	person; and
3	(b) the person's reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or
4	purpose.
5	Meaning of director
6	(7) A reference in this section to a <i>director</i> of a body corporate
7	includes a reference to a constituent member of a body corporate
8	incorporated for a public purpose by a law of the Commonwealth,
9	of a State or of a Territory.
10	Meaning of engage in conduct
11	(8) A reference in this section to <i>engaging in conduct</i> includes a
12	reference to failing or refusing to engage in conduct.

1	
2	Part 9—Murray-Darling Basin Authority (administrative provisions)
4 5	Division 1—Authority's establishment, functions, powers and liabilities
6	171 Establishment
7	The Murray-Darling Basin Authority is established by this section.
8	172 Authority's functions
9	Authority's functions
10	(1) The Authority has the following functions:
11	(a) such functions as are conferred on the Authority by:
12	(i) Part 2 (Management of Basin water resources); and
13	(ii) Part 5 (Murray-Darling Basin Water Rights Information
14	Service); and
15	(iii) Part 10 (Murray-Darling Basin Authority (special
16	powers));
17	(b) to measure, monitor and record the quality and quantity of
18 19	the Basin water resources, including measuring, monitoring and recording:
20	(i) flows of surface water forming part of the Basin water
21	resources; and
22	(ii) levels and pressures of ground water forming part of the
23	Basin water resources; and
24	(iii) inflows to river flow control works; and
25	(iv) volumes held within river flow control works; and
26	(v) the taking of water from the Basin water resources; and
27	(vi) interception activity;
28	Note: The Authority may adopt Commission and Basin State records,

and request the Commission and Basin States to take these

measurements etc. (see subsection (2)).

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1 (c 2 3) to measure, monitor and record the condition of water-dependent ecosystems associated with the Basin water resources;
4 5 6	Note: The Authority may adopt Commission and Basin State records and request the Commission and Basin States to take these measurements etc. (see subsection (2)).
7 (d) to support, encourage and conduct research and
8	investigations about the Basin water resources, including
9	research and investigations about:
0	(i) using the Basin water resources in an equitable, efficient and sustainable manner; and
2	(ii) conserving inflows to, and other sources of, the Basin
3	water resources; and
4	(iii) improving the quality of the Basin water resources; and
15	(iv) improving the condition of water-dependent ecosystems
6	connected with the Basin water resources; and
17	(v) the desirability and practicality of measures that could
8	help achieve any of the objectives set out in the above
9	subparagraphs;
20 (e) to develop, or assist the development of, measures for the
21	equitable, efficient and sustainable use of the Basin water
22	resources (including measures for the delivery of
23	environmental water);
24 (f	to implement, or coordinate the implementation of, measures
25	developed in accordance with paragraph (e);
26 (g) to make recommendations to the Basin States, and agencies
27	of the Basin States, about any matter (including the carrying
28	out of measures by that Basin State or agency) that the
29	Authority considers could affect the quality or quantity of the
30	Basin water resources;
) to collect, analyse and interpret information about the Basin
32	water resources and water-dependent ecosystems;
,) to disseminate information about the Basin water resources,
34	and water-dependent ecosystems, to the extent that the
35	Authority considers it desirable to do so;
· ·) to engage and educate the Australian community about the
37	Basin water resources;

1 2	(k) such other functions as are conferred on the Authority by this Act, the regulations or by or under any other law of the
3	Commonwealth;
4 5	 if the Minister consents—such other functions as are conferred on the Authority by or under any law of a State;
6 7	(m) if the Minister requests advice about a matter relating to any of the above functions—to give the advice;
8	(n) to do anything incidental or conducive to the performance of
9	any of the above functions.
10 11	Authority may adopt Basin State measurements and request Basin States to take measurements etc.
12 13	(2) Without limiting paragraph (1)(b) or (c), in performing its functions the Authority may:
14	(a) adopt measurements, records and conclusions made by the
15	Murray-Darling Basin Commission, a Basin State or an
16	agency of a Basin State; or
17	(b) request the Murray-Darling Basin Commission to carry out
18	any measuring, monitoring or recording that the Authority
19	considers necessary; or
20	(c) request a Basin State to carry out any measuring, monitoring
21	or recording within the State's geographical limits that the
22	Authority considers necessary.
23	Informing others of paragraph $(1)(g)$ recommendations
24	(3) The Authority must, as soon as practicable, inform the Minister
25	and the Basin Officials Committee of any recommendation made
26	under paragraph (1)(g).
27	Varying and revoking consents and requests
28	(4) The Minister may vary or revoke the following:
29	(a) a consent given under paragraph (1)(l);
30	(b) a request made under paragraph (1)(m).
31	Consents and requests not legislative instruments
32	(5) Neither of the following is a legislative instrument:

1			(a)	a consent given under paragraph (1)(l);
2			(b)	a request made under paragraph (1)(m).
	172	A4lb -		a
3	1/3	Aumo	ority	s powers
4		(1)		Authority has the power to do all things necessary or
5				enient to be done for or in connection with the performance of
6				nctions, other than the power:
7				to acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property; or
8			(b)	to enter into contracts; or
9 10			(c)	to lease the whole or any part of any land or building for the purposes of the Authority.
11			Note 1	1: The Authority Chair may acquire, hold and dispose of property, and
12				enter into leases and contracts, on behalf of the Commonwealth for the
13 14				benefit of the Authority (see section 44 of the <i>Financial Management</i> and <i>Accountability Act 1997</i> as it applies in relation to the Authority
15				as an Agency).
16			Note 2	1
17 18				Lands Acquisition Act 1989 and the Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.
10				Accountability Act 1997.
19		(2)		tht to sue is taken not to be personal property for the purposes
20			of pa	ragraph (1)(a).
21	174	Autho	ority'	s financial liabilities are Commonwealth liabilities
22		(1)	Anv	financial liabilities of the Authority are taken to be liabilities
23		(-)		e Commonwealth.
24		(2)	For t	he purposes of this section:
2-7		(2)	101 0	ne purposes of this section.
25				acial liability means a liability to pay a person an amount,
26				e the amount, or the method for working out the amount, has
27			been	determined.
28	175	Minis	ter m	nay give directions to Authority
29		(1)	The I	Minister may give directions to the Authority about the
30		()		ormance of the Authority's functions.
31 32			Note:	Other provisions enable the Minister to give directions about particular matters, for example, in relation to the making of the Basin

1 2	Plan (see subparagraph 44(3)(b)(ii)). Those other powers to give directions may be subject to limitations (for example, see subsection
3	44(5)).
4	(2) However, the Authority is not subject to direction under
5	subsection (1) in relation to any of the following:
6	(a) a determination by the Authority under paragraph 83(2)(b);
7	(b) its powers under Division 3 (information gathering) of
8	Part 10;
9	(c) the monitoring of compliance with, or the investigation of
10	possible contraventions of, a provision of:
11	(i) Part 2 or regulations made for the purposes of Part 2; or
12	(ii) Division 3 of Part 10;
13	(d) its powers under Part 8 (enforcement).
14	(3) The Authority must comply with a direction under subsection (1).
15	(4) A direction made under subsection (1) is a legislative instrument,
16	but neither section 42 (disallowance) nor Part 6 (sunsetting) of the
17	Legislative Instruments Act 2003 applies to the direction.

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2	Division 2—Authority's constitution and membership
3	Subdivision A—Authority's constitution
4	176 Authority's constitution
5	(1) The Authority:
6	(a) is a body corporate with perpetual succession; and
7	(b) must have a seal; and
8	(c) may sue and be sued in its corporate name.
9	(2) The seal of the Authority is to be kept in such custody as the
10 11	Authority directs and must not be used except as authorised by the Authority.
12	(3) All courts, judges and persons acting judicially must:
13	(a) take judicial notice of the imprint of the seal of the Authority
14	appearing on a document; and
15	(b) presume that the document was duly sealed.
16	Subdivision B—Authority's membership
17	177 Authority's membership
18	The Authority consists of the following members:
19	(a) a Chair;
20	(b) 4 other members.
21 22	Note: Section 18B of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> deals with the title of the Chair.
23	178 Appointment of Authority members
24	Appointment by instrument
25	(1) Each Authority member is to be appointed by the
26	Governor-General by written instrument.
27 28	Note: For re-appointment, see subsection 33(4A) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> .

1	Eligibility for appointment
2	(2) To be eligible for appointment as an Authority member, an
3	individual must, at the time of appointment:
4	(a) have a high level of expertise in one or more fields relevant
5	to the Authority's functions; and
6	(b) not be a member of the governing body of a relevant interest
7	group.
8	(3) For the purposes of this Act, a <i>field relevant to the Authority's functions</i> includes each of the following:
10	(a) water resource management;
1	(b) hydrology;
12	(c) freshwater ecology;
13	(d) resource economics;
14	(e) irrigated agriculture;
15	(f) public sector governance;
16	(g) financial management.
10	
17	(4) For the purposes of this Act, an individual is a <i>member of the</i>
18	governing body of a relevant interest group if:
19	(a) the individual is one of the persons involved in the
20	management of another entity; and
21	(b) that other entity (whether incorporated or otherwise):
22	(i) represents one or more classes of holders of water
23 24	access rights, water delivery rights or irrigation rights; or
25	(ii) advocates managing the Basin water resources in a
26	particular way.
27	Basis of appointments
28	(5) The Authority Chair must be appointed on a full-time basis.
29	(6) An Authority member (other than the Authority Chair) must be
80	appointed on a part-time basis.

invalid because of a defect or irregularity in connection individual's appointment. 179 Period of appointment for Authority members An Authority member holds office for the period specifically her instrument of appointment. The period must not excess years. Note: For re-appointment, see subsection 33(4A) of the Acts In Act 1901. 180 Acting Authority members Acting Authority Chair (1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act an Authority Chair: (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair: (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair):	1	Validation
An Authority member holds office for the period specifical her instrument of appointment. The period must not excess years. Note: For re-appointment, see subsection 33(4A) of the Acts In Act 1901. 180 Acting Authority members Acting Authority Chair (1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act at Authority Chair: (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair: (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair); (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair); (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair); (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair); (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair);		(7) The appointment of an individual as an Authority member is not invalid because of a defect or irregularity in connection with the
An Authority member holds office for the period specifical her instrument of appointment. The period must not excess years. Note: For re-appointment, see subsection 33(4A) of the Acts In Act 1901. 180 Acting Authority members Acting Authority Chair (1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act at Authority Chair: (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair whether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoind previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Amember (other than the Authority Chair):	4	individual's appointment.
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180 Acting Authority members Acting Authority Chair (1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act a Authority Chair: (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair whether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	7	An Authority member holds office for the period specified in his or her instrument of appointment. The period must not exceed 4 years.
12 Acting Authority Chair 13 (1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act a Authority Chair: 15 (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair whether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or 18 (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: 19 (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or 20 (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutic office. 21 Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) 22 (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):		
(1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act a Authority Chair: (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair whether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutie office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	180 A	cting Authority members
Authority Chair: (a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair whether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutie office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Aut member (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoin previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	12	Acting Authority Chair
(a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chawhether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutic office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	13	(1) The Minister may appoint an Authority member to act as the
whether or not an appointment has previously been the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutie office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	14	Authority Chair:
the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutie office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (and the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Authority Chair):	15	(a) during a vacancy in the office of the Authority Chair,
(b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Chair: (i) is absent from duty or Australia; or (ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the dutie office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair):		whether or not an appointment has previously been made to the office; or
(ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (bair) than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Authority Chair):		(b) during any period, or during all periods, when the Authority Chair:
(ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties office. Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Autmember (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (bair) than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an Authority Chair):	20	(i) is absent from duty or Australia; or
23 Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair) 24 (2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Aut 25 member (other than the Authority Chair): 26 (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority mer 27 than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoi 28 previously been made to the office; or 29 (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an A 29 member (other than the Authority Chair):	21	(ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties of the
(2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Aut member (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority mer than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
member (other than the Authority Chair): (a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority mer than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoi previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an A member (other than the Authority Chair):	23	Acting Authority member (other than Authority Chair)
(a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority mer than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoi previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an a member (other than the Authority Chair):	24	(2) The Minister may appoint an individual to act as an Authority
than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appoint previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	25	member (other than the Authority Chair):
previously been made to the office; or (b) during any period, or during all periods, when an amember (other than the Authority Chair):	26	(a) during a vacancy in the office of an Authority member (other
(b) during any period, or during all periods, when an A member (other than the Authority Chair):		than the Authority Chair), whether or not an appointment has
member (other than the Authority Chair):	28	•
•		
(1) is absent from duty or Australia; or		·
	31	(1) is absent from duty or Australia; or

1 2	(ii) is, for any reason, unable to perform the duties of the office.
3	Eligibility
4 5 6	(3) An individual is not eligible for appointment to act as an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair) unless the individual has a high level of expertise in one or more fields relevant to the
7	Authority's functions.
8 9	Note 1: Fields relevant to the Authority's functions include those set out in subsection 178(3).
10 11 12 13	Note 2: An individual is only eligible for appointment to act as the Authority Chair if the individual is already an Authority member (see subsection (1)). This means either subsection 178(2) or this subsection must already be satisfied in relation to the individual.
14 15 16	Note 3: An individual appointed to act in a vacant office must not continue to act for more than 12 months (see paragraph 33A(1)(ba) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i>).
17 18 19	(4) An individual is not eligible for appointment to act as an Authority member (other than the Authority Chair) if the individual is a member of the governing body of a relevant interest group.
20 21	Note: For when an individual is a member of the governing body of a relevant interest group, see subsection 178(4).
22	Validation
23	(5) Anything done by or in relation to an individual purporting to act under an appointment is not invalid merely because:
24	**
25	(a) the occasion for the appointment had not arisen; or
26 27	(b) there was a defect or irregularity in connection with the appointment; or
28	(c) the appointment had ceased to have effect; or
28 29	(d) the occasion to act had not arisen or had ceased.
30	Note: See section 33A of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> .

Subdivision C—Terms and conditions for Authority members

2	181	Remuneration
3 4 5 6 7		(1) An Authority member is to be paid the remuneration that is determined by the Remuneration Tribunal. If no determination of that remuneration by the Tribunal is in operation, the Authority member is to be paid the remuneration that is prescribed in the regulations.
8 9		(2) An Authority member is to be paid the allowances that are prescribed in the regulations.
10 11		(3) This section has effect subject to the <i>Remuneration Tribunal Act</i> 1973.
12	182	Standing obligation to disclose interests
13 14 15 16		(1) An Authority member must disclose any interest the member has if that interest could conflict with the proper performance of the functions of the member's office. Disclosure is required whether or not there is any particular matter under consideration that gives rise to an actual conflict of interest.
18 19 20		Note: The member must also disclose the interest under section 183 if the interest is in a matter being considered or about to be considered by the Authority.
21 22 23		(2) The disclosure must be by written notice given to the Minister as soon as practicable after the member becomes aware of the potential for conflict of interest.
24 25 26		(3) Subsection (1) applies to interests:(a) whether direct or indirect, and whether or not pecuniary; and(b) whether acquired before or after the member's appointment.
27 28	183	Obligation to disclose interests before considering a particular matter
29 30 31		(1) If:(a) an Authority member has an interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered by the Authority; and

1 2 3 4 5		(b) the interest is an interest that could conflict with the proper performance of the functions of the member's office, as those functions give the member a role in deciding a matter; the member must disclose the nature of the interest to a meeting of the Authority.
6 7	(2)	The disclosure must be made as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to the member's knowledge.
8 9	(3)	The disclosure must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the Authority.
10 11 12 13 14	(4)	Unless the Authority otherwise determines, the member: (a) must not be present during any deliberation by the Authority on the matter; and (b) must not take part in any decision of the Authority with respect to the matter.
15 16 17 18	(5)	For the purposes of making a determination under subsection (4), the member: (a) must not be present during any deliberation of the Authority for the purpose of making the determination; and (b) must not take part in making the determination.
20 21	(6)	A determination under subsection (4) must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting of the Authority.
22 23 24	(7)	Subsection (1) applies to interests: (a) whether direct or indirect, and whether or not pecuniary; and (b) whether acquired before or after the member's appointment.
25	184 Chair	must keep Minister informed
26 27 28 29 30 31	(1)	 The Authority Chair must: (a) keep the Minister informed of the general operations of the Authority in respect of the performance of the Authority's functions; and (b) give the Minister such reports, documents and information in relation to those operations as the Minister requires.

1 2		(2) The Authority Chair must comply with requirements under paragraph (1)(b) within the time limits set by the Minister.	
3	185	Outside employment	
4 5		The Authority Chair must not engage in paid employment outside the duties of his or her office without the Minister's approval.	•
6	186	Member of the governing body of a relevant interest group	
7 8		An Authority member must not be a member of the governing body of a relevant interest group.	
9 10		Note: For when an individual is a member of the governing body of a relevant interest group, see subsection 178(4).	
11	187	Leave of absence	
12 13		(1) The Authority Chair has the recreation leave entitlements that are determined by the Remuneration Tribunal.	;
14 15 16		(2) The Minister may grant the Authority Chair leave of absence, oth than recreation leave, on the terms and conditions as to remuneration or otherwise that the Minister determines.	er
17 18 19		(3) The Authority Chair may grant leave of absence to any other Authority member on the terms and conditions that the Authority Chair determines.	
20	188	Resignation	
21 22		(1) An Authority member may resign his or her appointment by givin the Governor-General a written resignation.	ıg
23 24 25		(2) The resignation takes effect on the day it is received by the Governor-General or, if a later day is specified in the resignation, on that later day.	

(1) The Governor-General may terminate the appointment of an
Authority member for misbehaviour or physical or mental
incapacity.
(2) The Governor-General may terminate the appointment of an
Authority member if:
(a) the member:
(i) becomes bankrupt; or
(ii) applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors; or
(iii) compounds with his or her creditors; or
(iv) makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for the
benefit of his or her creditors; or
(b) the Minister is satisfied that the performance of the member
has been unsatisfactory; or
(c) if the member is the Authority Chair—the member is absent,
except on leave of absence, for 14 consecutive days or for 28 days in any 12 consecutive months; or
(d) if the member is not the Authority Chair—the member is
absent, except on leave of absence, from 3 consecutive
meetings of the Authority; or
(e) if the member is the Authority Chair—the member engages,
except with the Minister's approval, in paid employment
outside the duties of his or her office; or
(f) the member fails to comply with section 186; or
(g) the member fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with

any) in relation to matters not covered by this Act that are

determined by the Governor-General.

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2	Division 3—Decision-making and delegation by Authority
3	Subdivision A—Meetings
4	191 Holding of meetings
5 6	(1) The Authority is to hold such meetings as are necessary for the performance of its functions.
7 8 9 10 11	 (2) The Authority Chair: (a) may convene a meeting at any time; and (b) must convene a meeting within 30 days after receiving a written request from the Minister or from at least 2 other Authority members; and (c) must convene at least 9 meetings each financial year.
13	192 Presiding at meetings
14 15	(1) The Authority Chair presides at all meetings at which he or she is present.
16 17	(2) If the Authority Chair is not present at a meeting, the Authority members present must appoint one of themselves to preside.
18	193 Quorum
19 20	(1) At a meeting of the Authority, 4 Authority members constitute a quorum.
21 22 23	(2) However, if:(a) section 183 prevents an Authority member from participating in the deliberations or decisions of the Authority in relation
24 25 26	to a particular matter; and (b) when the member leaves the meeting concerned there is no longer a quorum present;
27 28 29	the remaining Authority members at the meeting constitute a quorum for the purpose of any deliberation or decision at that meeting in relation to that matter.

194	Decisi	ons at meetings etc.
	(1)	At a meeting of the Authority, a question is decided by a majority of the votes of the Authority members present and voting.
	(2)	The person presiding at a meeting has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, also has a casting vote.
195	Cond	uct of meetings
	(1)	The Authority may, subject to this Subdivision, regulate proceedings at its meetings as it considers appropriate.
		Note: Section 33B of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> provides for participation in meetings by telephone etc.
	(2)	The regulations may regulate proceedings at meetings of the Authority.
196	Minut	tes
196	Minut	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings.
Sub	divisio	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings.
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. on B—Decisions without meetings
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. on B—Decisions without meetings ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. on B—Decisions without meetings ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under subsection (2); and
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under subsection (2); and (b) all the Authority members were informed of the proposed
Sub	divisio Decisi	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under subsection (2); and
Sub	Decisi (1)	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under subsection (2); and (b) all the Authority members were informed of the proposed decision, or reasonable efforts were made to inform all the Authority members of the proposed decision.
Sub	Decisi (1)	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings Ions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under subsection (2); and (b) all the Authority members were informed of the proposed decision, or reasonable efforts were made to inform all the Authority members of the proposed decision. Subsection (1) applies only if the Authority:
Sub	Decisi (1)	The Authority must keep minutes of its meetings. On B—Decisions without meetings A decision is taken to have been made at a meeting of the Authority if: (a) without meeting, a majority of the Authority members indicate agreement with the proposed decision in accordance with the method determined by the Authority under subsection (2); and (b) all the Authority members were informed of the proposed decision, or reasonable efforts were made to inform all the Authority members of the proposed decision.

1 2 3	(3) Paragraph (1)(a) does not apply to an Authority member who is prevented by section 183 from deliberating on the proposed decision.
4	198 Record of decisions
5 6	The Authority must keep a record of decisions made in accordance with section 197.
7	Subdivision C—Delegation
8	199 Delegation by Authority
9	Delegation by Authority
10 11	(1) The Authority may, by writing, delegate any or all of its functions and powers to:
12	(a) an Authority member; or
13	(b) an SES employee, or acting SES employee, who is a member
14	of the Authority staff; or
15	(c) any other member of the Authority staff; or
16 17	(d) an individual whose services are made available to the Authority under section 207.
18	(2) The Authority may, by writing, delegate any or all of its functions
19	and powers to a person who holds, or acts in, an office or position:
20	(a) with a State or an authority of a State; and
21	(b) at a level equivalent to that of an SES employee;
22	if the State or authority agrees to the delegation.
23	(3) A delegate under subsection (1) or (2) must comply with any
24	written directions of the Authority.
25	Sub-delegation by senior staff of a State or State authority
26	(4) A person (the <i>delegate</i>) delegated a function or power under
27	subsection (2) may, by writing, sub-delegate that function or power
28	to another officer or employee (the sub-delegate) of the State or
29	authority concerned.

1 2		sub-delegate must comply with any written directions of the elegate.
3 4 5 6	pe su	The delegate is subject to a direction in relation to the erformance of the function or the exercise of the power ab-delegated under subsection (4), the delegate must give a prresponding direction to the sub-delegate.
7 8 9	aŗ	ections 34AA, 34AB and 34A of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> pply to a sub-delegation in the same way as they apply to a elegation.
10	200 Limits o	on how some functions and powers can be delegated
11 12		ection 199 does not apply to a function or power under ubdivision E, F or G of Division 1 of Part 2.
13 14 15	ар	aragraphs 199(1)(c) and (d) and subsections 199(4) to (7) do not oply to the power to appoint an authorised officer under ection 217.
16 17		aragraphs 199(1)(c) and (d) and subsection 199(2) do not apply to power under section 238 or Part 8.
18	Subdivision	D—Advisory committees
19	201 Basin O	officials Committee
20	E	stablishment
21 22		he Authority must, by writing, establish an advisory committee, be known as the Basin Officials Committee.
23	F	unctions
24 25 26		he Basin Officials Committee has the following functions: (a) to advise the Authority about the performance of the Authority's functions, including advising about:
27 28 29		(i) engaging the Basin States in the preparation of the proposed Basin Plan and proposed amendments of the Basin Plan; and

1		(ii) matters referred to the Committee by the Authority;
2		(b) to facilitate cooperation and coordination between the
3		Commonwealth, the Authority and the Basin States in
4		managing the Basin water resources;
5		(c) to facilitate agreement between the Commonwealth and the
6		Basin States about the funding of works, and other measures
7		for the equitable, efficient and sustainable use of the Basin
8		water resources;
9		(d) to facilitate agreement between the Commonwealth and the
10		Basin States about the management of natural resources
11		relevant to the management of the Basin water resources.
12		Members of the Committee
13	(3)	The Basin Officials Committee consists of a Chair and 6 other
14	(0)	members as the Authority appoints from time to time under
15		subsection 204(1). The Committee Chair must be an Authority
16		member.
17	(4)	The Authority must nominate the Committee Chair. The
18		Commonwealth and each Basin State must each nominate one of
19		the other Committee members.
20	(5)	When an individual (the <i>leaving member</i>) ceases to be a
21		Committee member, a nomination for the filling of the vacancy
22		must be made by the entity that nominated the leaving member.
23		Status of instruments
24	(6)	An instrument under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
25	202 Basin	Community Committee
26	(1)	The Authority must, by writing, establish an advisory committee,
27	, ,	to be known as the Basin Community Committee.
28		Committee's functions
29	(2)	The Basin Community Committee's function is to advise the
30	(-)	Authority about the performance of the Authority's functions,
31		including advising about:

1 2	(a) engaging the community in the preparation of each draft Basin Plan; and
3	(b) community matters relating to the Basin water resources; and
4	(c) matters referred to the Committee by the Authority.
5	Subcommittees
6	(3) The Basin Community Committee must establish:
7	(a) an irrigation subcommittee; and
8	(b) an environmental water subcommittee;
9	and may establish other subcommittees.
10	Membership
11	(4) The Basin Community Committee consists of a Chair and up to 16
12	other members as the Authority appoints from time to time under
13	subsection 204(1). Any member of the Committee may be the
14	Committee Chair.
15	Note: For eligibility for appointment, see subsection 204(3).
16	(5) The Basin Community Committee's membership must include:
17	(a) at least one Authority member; and
18	(b) at least 8 individuals who are water users or representatives
19	of one or more water users.
20	(6) The Authority must call for expressions of interest from the public
21	before appointing a member of the Committee under subsection
22	204(1).
23	Water users etc.
24	(7) In this section:
25	water user means a person who:
26	(a) is engaged in irrigated agriculture; or
27	(b) is engaged in environmental water management; or
28	(c) uses water for industrial purposes; or
29	(d) uses stock and domestic water.
30	(8) An instrument under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.

1	203	Other	advisory committees
2		(1)	The Authority may, by writing, establish other advisory
3			committees to assist it in performing any of its functions.
4 5			Note: For variation and revocation, see subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> .
6 7 8		(2)	An advisory committee established under subsection (1) consists of such individuals as the Authority from time to time appoints under subsection 204(1).
9		(3)	An instrument under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
10	204	Appoi	intments to advisory committees
11 12		(1)	Each member of an advisory committee is to be appointed by the Authority by written instrument.
13 14			Note: For re-appointment, see subsection 33(4A) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> .
15 16 17		(2)	To be eligible for appointment as a member of the Basin Officials Committee, an individual must be nominated in accordance with subsection 201(4) or (5).
18 19 20		(3)	To be eligible for appointment as a member of the Basin Community Committee, an individual must have a high level of expertise or interest in:
21 22			(a) community, indigenous or local government matters relevant to the Basin water resources; or
23			(b) irrigated agriculture; or
24			(c) environmental water management.
25 26 27			Note: The Authority must have called for expressions of interest from the public before appointing a member of the Basin Community Committee (see subsection 202(6)).
28		(4)	An instrument of appointment may determine the terms and
29 30			conditions of the appointment, including remuneration and allowances.
31		(5)	The Authority may, in writing, terminate the appointment at any
32			time.

1	(6) An appointee may resign his or her appointment by giving the
2	Authority a written resignation. The resignation takes effect on the
3	day it is received by the Authority or, if a later day is specified in
4	the resignation, on that later day.
5	205 Procedural matters
6	(1) The Authority may give an advisory committee written directions
7	(procedural directions) as to:
8	(a) the way in which the committee is to carry out its functions;
9	
10	(b) procedures to be followed in relation to meetings.
11	Note: For variation and revocation, see subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts</i>
12	Interpretation Act 1901.
13	(2) Before giving a procedural direction about a matter to the Basin
14	Officials Committee or the Basin Community Committee, the
15	Authority must have regard to any recommendations of that
16	Committee about the matter.

(3) A procedural direction is not a legislative instrument.

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2	Division 4—Authority's staff etc.
3	206 Staff
4 5	(1) The staff of the Authority must be persons engaged under the <i>Public Service Act 1999</i> .
6 7 8 9	 (2) For the purposes of the <i>Public Service Act 1999</i>: (a) the Authority Chair and the Authority staff together constitute a Statutory Agency; and (b) the Authority Chair is the Head of that Statutory Agency.
10	207 Persons assisting Authority
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 The Authority may also be assisted: (a) by employees of Agencies (within the meaning of the <i>Public Service Act 1999</i>); or (b) by officers and employees of a State; or (c) by officers and employees of authorities of the Commonwealth or a State; whose services are made available to the Authority in connection with the performance of any of its functions. Note: The Authority Chair may also engage consultants on behalf of the Commonwealth for the benefit of the Authority (see section 44 of the <i>Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997</i> as it applies in relation to the Authority as an Agency).
23	208 Chair not to be directed about certain matters
24 25 26	The Authority Chair is not subject to direction by the Authority in relation to the Chair's performance of functions, or exercise of powers, under:
27 28 29	(a) the Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997; or(b) the Public Service Act 1999;in relation to the Authority.
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Division 5—Finance and reporting requirements

Subdivision A—Murray-Darling Basin Special Account

209	Murray	-Darling	Rasin	Special	Account
407	Mullay	-Dai iiiiz	Dasin	Succiai	Account

- (1) The Murray-Darling Basin Special Account is established by this section.
- (2) The Account is a Special Account for the purposes of the *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997*.

210 Credits to the Account

There may be credited to the Account amounts equal to the following:

- (a) all money appropriated by the Parliament for the purposes of the Account;
- (b) amounts that are paid by a Basin State to the Commonwealth for the purpose of the performance of the Authority's functions;
- (c) amounts that the Commonwealth agrees to allocate for that purpose;
- (d) fees paid to the Commonwealth in accordance with section 212;
- (e) amounts received by the Commonwealth in relation to property paid for with amounts debited from the Account;
- (f) amounts of any gifts given or bequests made for the purposes of the Account.

Note:

An Appropriation Act provides for amounts to be credited to a Special Account if any of the purposes of the Account is a purpose that is covered by an item in the Appropriation Act.

211 Purposes of the Account

(1) This section sets out the purposes of the Account.

1 2	(2) Amounts standing to the credit of the Account may be debited for the following purposes:
3 4	(a) in payment or discharge of the costs, expenses and other obligations incurred by the Commonwealth in the
5	performance of the Authority's functions;
6 7	(b) in payment of any remuneration and allowances payable to any person under this Act;
8	(c) meeting the expenses of administering the Account.
9	Subdivision B—Authority may charge fees
10	212 Fees
11 12	(1) The Authority may charge fees for services it provides in performing its functions.
13 14	(2) However, the Authority must not charge a fee specified in regulations made for the purposes of this subsection unless:
15	(a) the ACCC has advised that the fee is reasonable; and
16	(b) the Authority has published the advice on its website.
17 18	Note: For specification by class, see subsection 13(3) of the <i>Legislative Instruments Act 2003</i> .
19 20 21 22	(3) In giving advice under subsection (2), the ACCC must take into account the water charging objectives and principles and any additional matters specified in regulations made for the purposes of this subsection as matters relevant to the fee concerned.
23 24	(4) Subsections (2) and (3) have effect subject to the water charge rules.
25 26	Note: Water charge rules can affect the charging of fees by the Authority (see section 92).
27	(5) A fee:
28	(a) must not be such as to amount to taxation; and
29	(b) is payable to the Commonwealth.

Subdivision C—Exemption from taxation and charges etc.

2	213 Exemption from taxation and charges etc.
3 4 5	(1) To avoid doubt, for the purposes of section 50-25 of the <i>Income Tax Assessment Act 1997</i> , the Authority is taken to be a public authority constituted under an Australian law.
6	Note: This means that the Authority is exempt from income tax.
7 8 9	(2) No rate, tax, charge or fee is payable under a law of a State in respect of any act or thing done by or on behalf of:(a) the Authority; or
.0	(b) the Commonwealth for the benefit of the Authority.
.1	Subdivision D—Reporting requirements
.2	214 Annual report
.3	Annual report to be given to Minister
4	(1) The Authority Chair must, as soon as practicable after 30 June in
15 16	each financial year, prepare and give to the Minister a report on the Authority's operations during that year.
17	Contents of annual report
.8	(2) The Authority Chair must include in the report the following:
.9	(a) an analysis of the effectiveness of the Basin Plan;
20 21	(b) particulars of all directions given during the year by the Minister under section 175;
22	(c) the financial statements required by section 49 of the
23	Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997;
24	(d) an audit report on those statements under section 57 of the
25	Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.
26	Annual report to be tabled in Parliament
27	(3) The Minister must cause a copy of each annual report to be tabled
28	in each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that
29	House after the day on which the Minister receives the report.

1	Annual report to be given to Basin States
2	(4) The Minister must cause a copy of each annual report to be given
3	to the relevant State Minister for each of the Basin States on or
4	before the day the report is first tabled in a House of the
5	Parliament.

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Division 6—Confidentiality

215 Confidentiality

3	215	Confidentiality
4		Authority must protect confidential information
5		(1) The Authority must take all reasonable measures to protect from
6		unauthorised use or disclosure information:
7		(a) that is confidential information; and
8		(b) that is given to the Authority in, or in connection with, the
9		performance of its functions or the exercise of its powers.
10		Authorised uses and disclosures
1		(2) Disclosing summaries of information or statistics derived from
2		information is authorised use and disclosure of the information
13		provided that information relating to any particular person cannot
4		be found out from those summaries or statistics.
15		(3) For the purposes of subsection (1), the disclosure of information as
6		required or permitted by a law of the Commonwealth or a
17		prescribed law of a State is taken to be authorised use and
8		disclosure of the information.
9		(4) Disclosing information to either of the following is authorised use
20		and disclosure of the information:
21		(a) the Minister;
22		(b) the Secretary of the Department for the purpose of advising
23		the Minister, or an officer authorised for that purpose.
24		(5) For the purposes of subsection (1), the disclosure of information by
25		a person for the purposes of:
26		(a) performing the person's functions as:
27		(i) an Authority member; or
28		(ii) a member of the Authority staff; or
29		(iii) an Authority delegate; or
80		(iv) an authorised officer; or

1	(v) a person who is acting as an Authority member or as a
2	member of the Authority staff; or
3	(vi) a person who is authorised to perform or exercise a
4	function or power of, or on behalf of, the Authority; or
5	(b) the performance of functions or services by the person by
6	way of assisting an Authority delegate;
7	is taken to be authorised use and disclosure of the information.
8	(6) Regulations made for the purposes of this subsection may specify
9	uses of information and disclosures of information that are
10	authorised uses and authorised disclosures for the purposes of this
1	section.
12	(7) Nothing in any of subsections (2), (3), (4) and (5), and in
13	regulations made for the purposes of subsection (6), limits:
4	(a) anything else in any of those subsections or in those
15	regulations; or
16	(b) what may otherwise constitute, for the purposes of
17	subsection (1), authorised use or disclosure of information.

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Part 10—Murray-Darling Basin Authority (special powers)

216 Application of this Part limited to certain legislative powers

Division 1—Application of this Part

(1)	This Part has effect to the extent to which it is a law with respect to one or more of the following:
	(a) external affairs (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xxix) of the Constitution);
	(b) meteorological observations (within the meaning of paragraph 51(viii) of the Constitution);
	(c) census and statistics (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xi) of the Constitution);

- (d) weights and measures (within the meaning of paragraph 51(xv) of the Constitution);
- (e) trade and commerce between the States or between a State and a Territory (within the meaning of paragraph 51(i) of the Constitution);
- (f) postal, telegraphic, telephonic and other like services (within the meaning of paragraph 51(v) of the Constitution).
- (2) This Part has effect to the extent to which it confers rights or imposes obligations, or relates to the conferral of rights or the imposition of obligations, on constitutional corporations.
- (3) This Part has effect to the extent to which it relates to premises:
 - (a) owned or occupied by constitutional corporations; or
 - (b) in a Territory or a referring State.
- (4) This Part has effect to the extent to which it relates to information held:
 - (a) by constitutional corporations; or
 - (b) in a Territory or a referring State.
 - (5) Subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4):

Murray-Darling Basin Authority (special powers) Part 10 Application of this Part Division 1

1	(a) have effect independently of each other; and
2	(b) do not limit the operation that this Part validly has apart from
3	this section.
4	(6) For the purposes of subsection (4), information is <i>held</i> if it is in a
5	person's possession, custody or control (whether held
6	electronically or in any other form).

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Division 2—Entry onto land etc.

Subdivision A—Authorised officers

217	Ap	pointment	of	authorised	officers
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- (1) The Authority may, by writing, appoint one or more individuals to be authorised officers for the purposes of exercising the powers of an authorised officer under this Division.
- (2) To be eligible for appointment as an authorised officer, an individual must:
 - (a) be any of the following:
 - (i) an APS employee;
 - (ii) an individual whose services are made available to the Authority under section 207;
 - (iii) an individual who holds an office or position with a State or an authority of a State;
 - (iv) an individual whose services have been acquired by the Authority under contract; and
 - (b) have a high level of expertise in one or more fields relevant to the performance of an authorised officer's duties under this Division.
- (3) The Authority may appoint a person mentioned in subparagraph (2)(a)(iii) only if the State or authority agrees to the appointment.
- (4) In exercising powers or performing functions as an authorised officer, an authorised officer must comply with any written directions of the Authority.

218 Identity cards

- (1) The Authority must issue an identity card to an authorised officer in the form specified in the regulations. The identity card must contain a recent photograph of the authorised officer.
- (2) A person commits an offence if:

1	(a) the person has been issued with an identity card; and
2	(b) the person ceases to be an authorised officer; and
3	(c) the person does not, immediately after so ceasing, return the
4	identity card to the Authority.
5	Penalty: 1 penalty unit.
6 7	Note: Chapter 2 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> sets out the general principles of criminal responsibility.
8 9	(3) An authorised officer must carry the identity card at all times when exercising powers or performing functions as an authorised officer.
10 11	Subdivision B—Powers to enter land etc. other than for compliance purposes
12	219 When authorised officers can enter premises
13	(1) An authorised officer may enter premises in accordance with this
14	Subdivision if the officer reasonably believes this is necessary for
15	the performance of any of the Authority's functions:
16	(a) conferred by:
17	(i) Part 2 (Management of Basin water resources); or
18	(ii) paragraph 172(1)(b) or (c); or
19 20	(b) referred to in regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph.
21 22	Note: Entry is not permitted to residential premises without an occupier's consent (see paragraph 220(1)(b)).
23	(2) This Subdivision does not extend to entering premises for the
24	purposes of:
25	(a) monitoring compliance with Part 2 or regulations made for
26	the purposes of Part 2; or
27	(b) searching for evidential material.
28	Note: Subdivision C deals with entering premises for compliance purposes.
29	220 Obligations of authorised officers before entering premises
30	(1) An authorised officer is not authorised to enter premises under
31	section 219 unless:

1		(a) the officer has given reasonable written notice to the
2		occupiers of the officer's intention to enter the premises; and
3		(b) if the premises is residential premises—an occupier of the
4		premises has voluntarily consented to the entry; and
5		(c) the officer has shown his or her identity card if required by
6		an occupier; and
7		(d) the officer has given the occupiers a written statement of the
8		occupiers' rights and obligations in relation to the officer's
9		proposed entry on to the premises.
10		Entry in an emergency or with consent
11	(2)	Paragraph (1)(a) does not apply:
12		(a) in an emergency; or
13		(b) if an occupier of the premises voluntarily consents to the
14		authorised officer entering the premises.
		Information of the second
15		Informed consent
16	(3)	Before obtaining the consent of a person for the purposes of
17		paragraph (1)(b) or (2)(b), the authorised officer must inform the
18		person that he or she may refuse consent.
19		Withdrawing consent
20	(4)	If an authorised officer is on premises by consent in accordance
21		with paragraph (1)(b) or (2)(b), the authorised officer must leave
22		the premises if any occupier of the premises asks the authorised
23		officer to do so.
24	221 Powe	rs of authorised officers while on premises
25	(1)	After entering premises under section 219, the authorised officer
26	()	may do anything reasonably necessary to perform the Authority's
27		functions described in section 219.
28	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the officer may do any or all of the
29	(2)	following things to the extent that the thing is reasonably necessary
30		for the performance of the Authority's functions described in
31		section 219:

1	(a)	inspect a water resource;
2	(b)	affix or place monitoring equipment;
3	(c)	take water from a water resource, but only to the extent
4		necessary:
5		(i) to affix or place monitoring equipment; and
6		(ii) for the operation of that equipment;
7	(d)	inspect and operate monitoring equipment;
8	(e)	conduct meteorological and hydrological investigations;
9	(f)	inspect water infrastructure;
10	(g)	conduct tests;
11	(h)	collect samples of water, sand, gravel, soil, minerals, rock,
12		flora or fauna;
13	(i)	take photographs, make video or audio recordings or make
14		sketches;
15	(j)	take onto the premises such equipment and materials as is
16		required;
17	(k)	if the premises is an area of land and the officer entered the
18		land in a vehicle—use the vehicle on the land (whether or not
19	(1)	on existing roads);
20	(1)	clear vegetation.
21	(3) In thi	is section:
22	moni	itoring equipment includes meteorological and hydrological
23		uring equipment.
24	222 Duties of a	uthorised officers
24	222 Duties of a	utioniscu officers
25		uthorised officer entering premises under this Subdivision and
26	-	g a thing on that premises must:
27	(a)	take all reasonable steps to ensure that the doing of the thing
28		causes as little detriment and inconvenience, and does as
29		little damage, as is practicable to the premises and to anything on, or growing or living on, the premises; and
30	(b)	
31 32	(0)	cooperate as far as practicable with an occupier of the premises; and
33	(c)	remain on the premises only for such period as is reasonably
34	(c)	necessary; and
		•

1 2	(d) leave the premises, as nearly as practicable, in the condition in which it was immediately before the thing was done.
3 4 5	Note: Obstructing, hindering, intimidating or resisting an authorised officer in the performance of his or her functions is an offence against section 149.1 of the <i>Criminal Code</i> .
6	Subdivision C—Powers to enter land etc. for compliance
7	purposes
8	223 Entering premises to monitor compliance
9	(1) An authorised officer may:
10	(a) enter premises; and
11	(b) exercise any or all of the powers described in subsection (2);
12	to the extent that this is reasonably necessary to monitor
13	compliance with provisions of Part 2 or regulations made for the
14	purposes of Part 2.
15	(2) The authorised officer's powers are as follows:
16	(a) the powers set out in the paragraphs of subsection 221(2);
17	(b) to search the premises and any thing on the premises;
18	(c) to require any person in or on the premises to:
19	(i) answer any questions; and
20	(ii) produce any documents contained on the premises;
21	(d) to inspect, examine and make copies of, or take extracts
22	from, any documents.
23	(3) An authorised officer is not authorised to enter premises under
24	subsection (1) unless:
25	(a) an occupier of the premises has consented to the entry; or
26	(b) the entry is made under a warrant under section 225.
27	224 Entering premises to search for evidential material
28	(1) An authorised officer may:
29	(a) enter premises; and
30	(b) exercise any or all of the powers described in subsections (2)
31	and (3);

1 2	if the authorised officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that there may be evidential material on the premises.
3 4	Note: Evidential material is material relating to certain civil contraventions (see the definition of <i>evidential material</i> in section 4).
5	(2) The authorised officer's powers are as follows:
6	(a) the powers set out in the paragraphs of subsection 221(2);
7	(b) to search the premises, and any thing on the premises, for the
8	evidential material;
9	(c) to inspect, examine and make copies of, take extracts from,
10	take measurements of, conduct tests on or take samples of,
11	the evidential material.
12	(3) If:
13	(a) in the course of searching for a particular thing in accordance
14	with a warrant under section 226, an authorised officer finds
15	another thing that the authorised officer believes on
16	reasonable grounds to be evidential material; and
17	(b) the authorised officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that it
18	is necessary to do any or all of the following tasks:
19	(i) inspect the other thing;
20	(ii) examine and make copies of the other thing;
21	(iii) take extracts from, or take measurements of, the other
22	thing;
23	(iv) conduct tests on, or take samples of, the other thing;
24	in order to prevent its concealment, loss or destruction, or its
25	use in committing, continuing or repeating a contravention of
26	a provision of Part 2 or regulations made for the purposes of
27	Part 2;
28	the warrant is taken to authorise the authorised officer to do that
29	other task or tasks.
30	(4) An authorised officer is not authorised to enter premises under
31	subsection (1) unless:
32	(a) an occupier of the premises has consented to the entry; or
33	(b) the entry is made under a warrant under section 226.

1	225	Monitoring warrants
2		(1) An authorised officer may apply to a magistrate for a warrant under this section in relation to premises.
4 5 6 7 8 9		(2) Subject to subsection (3), the magistrate may issue the warrant if the magistrate is satisfied, by information on oath or affirmation, that it is reasonably necessary that one or more authorised officers should have access to the premises for the purposes of monitoring compliance with provisions of Part 2 or regulations made for the purposes of Part 2.
10 11 12 13		(3) The magistrate must not issue the warrant unless the authorised officer or some other person has given to the magistrate, either orally or by affidavit, such further information (if any) as the magistrate requires concerning the grounds on which the issue of the warrant is being sought.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		 (4) The warrant must: (a) authorise one or more authorised officers (whether or not named in the warrant), with such assistance as is necessary and reasonable: (i) to enter the premises; and (ii) to exercise the powers referred to in subsection 223(2) in relation to the premises; and (b) state whether the entry is authorised to be made at any time of the day or night or during specified hours of the day or night; and (c) specify the day (not more than 6 months after the issue of the warrant) on which the warrant ceases to have effect; and
27	226	(d) state the purpose for which the warrant is issued. Contravention-related warrants
29 80		(1) An authorised officer may apply to a magistrate for a warrant under this section in relation to premises.
31 32		(2) Subject to subsection (3), the magistrate may issue the warrant if the magistrate is satisfied, by information on oath or affirmation,

that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that there is, or

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1 2	there may be within the next 72 hours, evidential material in or on the premises.
3	(3) The magistrate must not issue the warrant unless the authorised
4	officer or some other person has given to the magistrate, either
5	orally or by affidavit, such further information (if any) as the
6	magistrate requires concerning the grounds on which the issue of
7	the warrant is being sought.
8	(4) The warrant must:
9	(a) name one or more authorised officers; and
10	(b) authorise the authorised officers so named, with such
11	assistance as is necessary and reasonable:
12	(i) to enter the premises; and
13	(ii) to exercise the powers referred to in subsections 224(2)
14	and (3) in relation to the premises; and
15	(c) state whether the entry is authorised to be made at any time of the day or night or during specified hours of the day or
16 17	night; and
18	(d) specify the day (not more than one week after the issue of the
19	warrant) on which the warrant ceases to have effect; and
20	(e) state the purpose for which the warrant is issued.
21	227 Contravention-related warrants by telephone, telex, fax etc.
22	(1) If, in an urgent case, an authorised officer considers it necessary to
23	do so, the authorised officer may apply to a magistrate by
24	telephone, telex, fax or other electronic means for a warrant under
25	section 226 in relation to premises.
26	(2) The magistrate may require communication by voice to the extent
27	that it is practicable in the circumstances.
28	(3) Before applying for the warrant, the authorised officer must
29	prepare an information of the kind mentioned in subsection 226(2)
30	in relation to the premises that sets out the grounds on which the
31	warrant is sought.
32	(4) If it is necessary to do so, the authorised officer may apply for the
33	warrant before the information is sworn or affirmed.

1	(5) If the magistrate is satisfied:
2	(a) after having considered the terms of the information; and
3	(b) after having received such further information (if any) as the
4	magistrate requires concerning the grounds on which the
5	issue of the warrant is being sought;
6	that there are reasonable grounds for issuing the warrant, the
7	magistrate may complete and sign the same warrant that the
8	magistrate would issue under section 226 if the application had
9	been made under that section.
10	(6) If the magistrate completes and signs the warrant:
11	(a) the magistrate must:
12 13	(i) tell the authorised officer what the terms of the warrant are; and
14	(ii) tell the authorised officer the day on which and the time
15	at which the warrant was signed; and
16	(iii) tell the authorised officer the day (not more than one
17	week after the magistrate completes and signs the
18	warrant) on which the warrant ceases to have effect; and
19	(iv) record on the warrant the reasons for issuing the
20	warrant; and
21	(b) the authorised officer must:
22	(i) complete a form of warrant in the same terms as the
23	warrant completed and signed by the magistrate; and
24	(ii) write on the form the name of the magistrate and the
25	day on which and the time at which the warrant was
26	signed.
27	(7) The authorised officer must also, not later than the day after the
28	day of expiry or execution of the warrant, whichever is the earlier,
29	send to the magistrate:
30	(a) the form of warrant completed by the authorised officer; and
31	(b) the information referred to in subsection (3), which must
32	have been duly sworn or affirmed.
33	(8) When the magistrate receives those documents, the magistrate
34	must:

1 2	(a) attach them to the warrant that the magistrate completed and signed; and
3	(b) deal with them in the way in which the magistrate would
4	have dealt with the information if the application had been
5	made under section 226.
6	(9) A form of warrant duly completed under subsection (6) is authority
7	for any entry, search, seizure or other exercise of a power that the
8	warrant signed by the magistrate authorises.
9	(10) If:
10	(a) it is material, in any proceedings, for a court to be satisfied
11	that an exercise of a power was authorised by this section;
12	and
13 14	(b) the warrant signed by the magistrate authorising the exercise of the power is not produced in evidence;
15	the court must assume, unless the contrary is proved, that the
16	exercise of the power was not authorised by such a warrant.
17	(11) A reference in this Subdivision to a warrant under section 226
18	includes a reference to a warrant signed by a magistrate under this
19	section.
20	228 Obligations of authorised officers—all cases
21 22	(1) An authorised officer is not authorised to enter premises under section 223 or 224 unless:
23	(a) the officer has shown his or her identity card if required by
24	an occupier; and
25	(b) the officer has given the occupiers a written statement of the
26	occupiers' rights and obligations in relation to the officer's
27	proposed entry on to the premises.
28	(2) An authorised officer is not entitled to exercise any powers under
29	this Subdivision in relation to premises if, after entering the
30	premises:
31	(a) an occupier of the premises has required the officer to
32	produce his or her identity card for inspection by the
33	occupier; and
34	(b) the officer fails to comply with the requirement.
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1	229	Obligations of authorised officers—entry by consent
2		(1) An authorised officer is not authorised to enter premises under
3		paragraph 223(3)(a) or 224(4)(a) unless an occupier of the
4		premises has voluntarily consented to the entry.
5		(2) Before obtaining the consent of an occupier for the purposes of
6 7		subsection (1), the authorised officer must inform the person that he or she may refuse consent.
8		(3) If an authorised officer is on premises by consent in accordance
9 10		with subsection (1), the authorised officer must leave the premises if any occupier of the premises asks the authorised officer to do so.
11	230	Obligations of authorised officers—entry by warrant
12		Announcement before entry
13		(1) An authorised officer must, before entering premises under a
14		warrant issued under section 225 or 226:
15 16		(a) announce that he or she is authorised to enter the premises; and
17		(b) give any person at the premises an opportunity to allow entry
18		to the premises.
19		(2) An authorised officer is not required to comply with subsection (1)
20 21		if he or she believes on reasonable grounds that immediate entry to the premises is required:
22		(a) to ensure the safety of a person; or
		(b) to prevent serious damage to the environment; or
23		
24 25		(c) to ensure that the effective execution of the warrant is not frustrated.
23		nustrated.
26		Details of warrant to be given to occupier etc.
27		(3) If, when executing the warrant, an occupier of the premises or
28		another person who apparently represents the occupier is present at
29		the premises, the authorised officer must make available to that
30		person a copy of the warrant.

1 2	(4) The authorised officer must identify himself or herself to that person.
3	(5) The copy of the warrant referred to in subsection (3) need not
4	include the signature of the magistrate who issued the warrant.
5	231 Use of equipment at premises
6	(1) This section applies if:
7 8	(a) an authorised officer enters premises under a warrant issued under this Subdivision; and
9	(b) the authorised officer believes on reasonable grounds that the
10 11	authorised officer can operate equipment at the premises without damaging the equipment.
12	(2) The authorised officer may operate the equipment to:
13	(a) see whether the following may be accessible by doing so:
14	(i) in the case of a warrant under section 225—information
15	relevant to determining whether there has been
16	compliance with provisions of Part 2 or regulations
17	made for the purposes of Part 2;
18	(ii) in the case of a warrant under section 226—evidential
19	material; and
20	(b) put the information or material in documentary form; and
21	(c) copy the information or material to a storage device that the
22	authorised officer has brought to the premises.
23	The authorised officer may then take the storage device from the
24	premises.
25	232 Expert assistance to operate a thing
26	(1) If an authorised officer enters premises under a warrant issued
27	under this Subdivision and the officer believes on reasonable
28	grounds that:
29	(a) the following may be accessible by operating a thing at
30	particular premises:
31	(i) in the case of a warrant under section 225—information
32	relevant to determining whether there has been

1 2	compliance with provisions of Part 2 or regulations made for the purposes of Part 2;
3	(ii) in the case of a warrant under section 226—evidential
4	material; and
5	(b) expert assistance is required to operate the thing; and
6	(c) if he or she does not take action under this subsection, the
7	information or material may be destroyed, altered or
8	otherwise interfered with;
9	he or she may do whatever is necessary to secure the thing,
10	whether by locking it up, placing a guard or otherwise.
11	(2) The authorised officer must give notice to the occupier of the
12	premises of his or her intention to secure the thing and of the fact
13	that the thing may be secured for up to 24 hours.
14	(3) The thing may be secured:
15	(a) for a period not exceeding 24 hours; or
16	(b) until the thing has been operated by the expert;
17	whichever happens first.
10	(4) If the outhorized officer helicites on recognishe arounds that the
18 19	(4) If the authorised officer believes on reasonable grounds that the expert assistance will not be available within 24 hours, he or she
20	may apply to the magistrate for an extension of that period.
21	(5) The authorised officer must give notice to the occupier of the
22	premises of his or her intention to apply for an extension, and the
23	occupier is entitled to be heard in relation to the application.
24	233 Compensation for damage
25	(1) The owner of a thing is entitled to compensation for damage to the
26	thing if:
27	(a) the damage was caused to the thing as a result of it being
28	operated (otherwise than by an occupier of the premises
29	being entered under this Subdivision) as mentioned in this
30	Subdivision; and
31	(b) the damage was caused as a result of:
32	(i) insufficient care being exercised in selecting the person
33	who was to operate the thing; or

1 2	(ii) insufficient care being exercised by the person operati the thing.	ng
3	(2) Compensation is payable out of money appropriated by the Parliament.	
5	(3) In determining the amount of compensation payable, regard is to	
6	be had to whether an occupier of the premises and his or her	
7	employees and agents, if they were available at the time, had	
8 9	provided any warning or guidance as to the operation of the thing that was appropriate in the circumstances.	5
10	234 Offences relating to warrants	
11	(1) A person commits an offence if:	
12	(a) the person is an authorised officer; and	
13	(b) the person makes, in an application for a warrant under	
14	section 225 or 226, a statement that the person knows to be	
15	false or misleading in a material particular.	
16	Penalty: Imprisonment for 2 years or 120 penalty units.	
17	(2) A person commits an offence if the person is an authorised office	r
18	and the person:	
19	(a) states in a document that purports to be a form of warrant	
20 21	under section 227 the name of a magistrate unless that magistrate issued the warrant; or	
22	(b) states on a form of warrant under that section a matter that,	to
23	the authorised officer's knowledge, departs in a material	••
24	particular from the form authorised by the magistrate; or	
25	(c) purports to execute, or present to another person, a docume	nt
26	that purports to be a form of warrant under that section that	
27	the authorised officer knows:	
28	(i) has not been approved by a magistrate under that	
29	section; or	
30	(ii) departs in a material particular from the terms	
31	authorised by a magistrate under that section; or	
32	(d) gives to a magistrate a form of warrant under that section the	ıat
33	is not the form of warrant that the authorised officer	
34	purported to execute.	

Penalty: Imprisonment for 2 years or 120 penalty units.
235 Subdivision does not apply to authorised officers who are contractors
This Subdivision does not extend to authorised officers covered by subparagraph 217(2)(a)(iv).
Subdivision D—Other matters
236 Division not to abrogate privilege against self-incrimination
Nothing in this Division affects the right of a person to refuse to answer a question, give information, or produce a document, on the ground that the answer to the question, the information or the production of the document might tend to incriminate the person or make the person liable to a penalty.
237 Occupier entitled to be present during entry
(1) If:
(a) an authorised officer is entering premises under Subdivision B or C; and
(b) an occupier of the premises, or another person who apparently represents the occupier, is present at the premises;
the person is entitled to observe the activities of the authorised
officer on the premises.
(2) The right to observe the authorised officer's activities ceases if the person impedes those activities.
(3) This section does not prevent the authorised officer, or the authorised officers, from carrying out activities at 2 or more areas of the premises at the same time.

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Division 3—Information gathering

3	238 Power to request information
4	(1) This section applies to a person if the Authority has reason to
5	believe that information (the <i>compellable information</i>) relating to
6	any of the following matters:
7	(a) the preparation and implementation of the Basin Plan;
8	(b) the investigation of a possible contravention of a provision of Part 2 or regulations made for the purposes of Part 2;
10	(c) a matter:
11 12	(i) relevant to the performance of the Authority's functions; and
13	(ii) specified in regulations made for the purposes of this
14	paragraph;
15	is in the person's possession, custody or control (whether held
16	electronically or in any other form).
17	(2) The Authority may, in writing, require the person to give specified
18	compellable information to the Authority:
19	(a) within a specified period of time; and
20	(b) in a specified form or manner.
21	(3) The person must not fail to comply with a requirement under this
22	section.
23	Civil penalty: 50 penalty units.
24	(4) The person must not, in purported compliance with a requirement
25	under this section, give to the Authority information that is false or
26	misleading in a material particular.
27	Civil penalty: 60 penalty units.
28	(5) Subsection (3) does not apply to the extent that the person has a
29	reasonable excuse. However, a person does not have a reasonable
30	excuse merely because the information in question is:
31	(a) of a commercial nature; or

Section 239

1 2	(b) subject to an obligation of confidentiality arising from a commercial relationship; or
3	(c) commercially sensitive.
4	(6) Subsection (3) does not apply in relation to compellable
5	information covered by paragraph (1)(b) if giving the information
6	might tend to incriminate the person or expose the person to a
7	penalty.
8	239 Prohibitions on disclosure of information do not apply
9	This Division has effect despite any law of the Commonwealth, a
10	State or a Territory prohibiting disclosure of the information.

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Part 11—Transitional

Division 1—Management of Basin water resources (Part 2)

240	Reference to	water	resource	plan area
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For the purposes of applying this Division before the Basin Plan first takes effect, a reference in this Division to a *water resource plan area* is taken to be a reference to an area containing water resources that form part of the Basin water resources.

241 Transitional water resource plans

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, a *transitional water resource plan* for a water resource plan area is a plan that is:
 - (a) specified in Schedule 4; or
 - (b) prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph;

together with any instruments made under or for the purposes of that plan (whether made before or after Schedule 4 commences).

Note:

Without limiting paragraph (b), it is intended that the transitional water resource plans for water resource plan areas in Victoria are to be prescribed by regulations made for the purposes of that paragraph.

- (2) Subsection (1) applies to a plan or other instrument only to the extent to which the plan or instrument relates to:
 - (a) the water resources of the water resource plan area; and
 - (b) matters referred to in subsection 22(1).
- (3) A transitional water resource plan for a water resource plan area ceases to have effect for the purposes of this Act on the date specified in relation to that plan in:
 - (a) Schedule 4 if paragraph (1)(a) applies; or
 - (b) the regulations made for the purposes of paragraph (1)(b) if that paragraph applies;

if the transitional water resource plan has not ceased to have effect before that time.

1	242	Interim water resource plans
2		(1) For the purposes of this Act, an <i>interim water resource plan</i> for a
3		water resource plan area is a plan that:
4 5		(a) is a plan for the management of the water resources of the water resource plan area; and
6		(b) is made under a State water management law of a Basin State
7		on or after 25 January 2007 and before the Basin Plan first takes effect;
8		,
9		to the extent to which the plan relates to:
10		(c) the water resource plan area; and
11		(d) the matters referred to in subsection 22(1).
12		(2) An interim water resource plan for a water resource plan area
13		ceases to have effect for the purposes of this Act on the cessation
14		time for the plan if it has not ceased to have effect before that time.
15		(3) The <i>cessation time</i> for the plan is:
16		(a) the end of 31 December 2014; or
17		(b) the time occurring 5 years after the plan is made;
18		whichever is later.
19		(4) Before making an interim water resource plan for a water resource
20		plan area, the Basin State in which the water resource plan area is
21		located must consult the Authority in relation to the interim water
22		resource plan.
23		(5) Subsection (4) does not apply if the Authority has not been
24		established, and the members of the Authority appointed, before
25		the interim water resource plan is made.
26	243	Transitional water resource plans taken to have been accredited
27		(1) A transitional water resource plan for a water resource plan area, as
28		in force immediately before Part 2 commences, is taken to have
29		been accredited by the Minister under Subdivision D of Division 2
30		of Part 2 on the day on which Part 2 commences.

This subsection has the effect of continuing the operation of State water use and management plans that were made before 25 January

Note:

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1 2		2007. They are continued in operation until their expiry date or, if the do not expire, their next major review.
3	(2)	The regulations may provide that minor, or non-substantive,
4		amendments of a transitional water resource plan of a kind
5		specified in the regulations are also taken to have been accredited
6	1	by the Minister under Subdivision D of Division 2 of Part 2 on the
7	(date provided for in, or determined in accordance with, the
8	1	regulations.
9	(3)	Γο avoid doubt and despite subsection 55(2), subsections (1) and
10		(2) apply even if the transitional water resource plan for the water
11		resource plan area (or the amendment) is not consistent with the
12]	Basin Plan.
13	244 Interin	n water resource plans taken to have been accredited
14	(1)	An interim water resource plan for a water resource plan area, as in
15	1	force immediately before the Basin Plan first takes effect, is taken
16	1	to have been accredited by the Minister under Subdivision D of
17]	Division 2 of Part 2 on the later of the following:
18		(a) the day on which Part 2 commences;
19		(b) the day on which the interim water plan is made.
20	(2)	The regulations may provide that minor, or non-substantive,
21	ä	amendments of an interim water resource plan of a kind specified
22		in the regulations are also taken to have been accredited by the
23		Minister under Subdivision D of Division 2 of Part 2 on the date
24	1	provided for in, or determined in accordance with, the regulations.
25		To avoid doubt and despite subsection 55(2), subsections (1) and
26		(2) apply even if the interim water resource plan for the water
27	1	resource plan area is not consistent with the Basin Plan.
28	245 Operat	tion of transitional water resource plans and interim
29	_	water resource plans
30	(1)	This section applies in relation to a water resource plan area while
31		a transitional water resource plan, or an interim water resource
32		plan, for the water resource plan area has effect.

Section 246

1 2		(2)	The transitional water resource plan, or the interim water resource plan, prevails over the Basin Plan to the extent to which:
3			(a) the transitional water resource plan, or the interim water
4			resource plan, relates to the water resource plan area; and
5			(b) there is an inconsistency between the provisions of the
6			transitional water resource plan, or the interim water resource
7			plan, and the Basin Plan.
8		(3)	The obligation that a person or body has under section 34 or 35 is
9			subject to any inconsistent provisions in the transitional water
0			resource plan or interim water resource plan.
1		(4)	Subsection (2) has effect subject to subsection 246(3).
12	246	Amen	dment of transitional water resource plans and interim
13			water resource plans
4		(1)	This section applies if a Basin State gives the Authority a proposed
15			amendment of a transitional water resource plan, or an interim
6			water resource plan, for a water resource plan area under
17			subsection 65(2).
8		(2)	Subsection 55(2) does not apply to the Minister's decision whether
9			to accredit the amendment under Subdivision D of Division 2 of
20			Part 2.
21		(3)	The Minister must accredit the amendment under Subdivision D of
22		(-)	Division 2 of Part 2 if the Minister is satisfied that the amendment
23			would make the transitional water resource plan or the interim
24			water resource plan no less consistent with the Basin Plan.
25	247	Autho	ority may provide assistance
26			The Authority may provide assistance to a Basin State in relation
27			to the following:
28			(a) a review of a transitional water resource plan, or an interim
29			water resource plan, for a water resource plan area in the
30			Basin State;

Transitional Part 11 Management of Basin water resources (Part 2) Division 1

Section 247

1	(b) amendments of a transitional water resource plan, or an
2	interim water resource plan, for a water resource plan area in
3	the Basin State following a review of the plan.

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2	Division 2—Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder
3 4	248 The functions of the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder prior to Basin Plan taking effect
5 6	At any time before the Basin Plan first takes effect, subsection 105(4) has effect as if paragraph 105(4)(a) did not apply.
7 8 9 10 11	Note: Before the Basin Plan first takes effect, the Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder must manage the Commonwealth environmental water holdings relating to water in the Murray-Darling Basin in a way that protects or restores the Basin's environmental assets (see subsection (105(3)).
12 13	249 Disposals of water or Commonwealth water holdings prior to Basin Plan taking effect
14 15	At any time before the Basin Plan first takes effect, section 106 has effect as if references in paragraphs 106(1)(a) and 106(2)(a) to the
16 17	objectives of the environmental watering plan were references to the objective of protecting or restoring the environmental assets of
18	the Murray-Darling Basin.

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Division 3—Murray-Darling Basin Authority

250	First annual	roport for	· Authority
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- (1) This section applies if Part 9 commences in April, May or June of a financial year (the *first year*).
 - (2) Section 214 does not apply in relation to the first year.
 - (3) Section 214 applies in relation to the next financial year (the *next year*) as if the next year also included the period:
 - (a) starting when Part 9 commences; and
 - (b) ending at the end of the first year.

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Part 12—Miscellaneous

251 I	Delegation	by I	Minister
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4	251 Delegation by Minister
5	General power to delegate
6	(1) The Minister may, by writing, delegate any or all of the Minister's
7 8	functions and powers under this Act, the regulations or the Basin Plan to:
9	(a) the Secretary of the Department; or
10 11	(b) an SES employee, or acting SES employee, in the Department.
12	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:
13	(a) the power to adopt the Basin Plan under section 44; or
14 15	(b) the power to approve an amendment of the Basin Plan under section 48; or
16 17	(c) the power to accredit a water resource plan under section 63; or
18 19	(d) the power to accredit an amendment of a water resource plan under section 65; or
20	(e) the power to adopt a water resource plan under section 69; or
21	(f) the power to make water charge rules under section 92; or
22	(g) the power to make water market rules under section 97; or
23	(h) the power to give a consent under paragraph 172(1)(l); or
24	(i) the power to give a direction under section 175; or
25	(j) the power to make operating rules under section 109.
26	Directions
27	(3) A delegate under subsection (1) must comply with any written
28	directions of the Minister.

1	252 Instruments not invalid for failure to publish on website
2 3	If a provision of this Act requires an instrument under this Act to be published on a website, the instrument is not invalid merely
4	because of a failure to comply with that requirement.
5	253 Review of operation of Act
6 7	(1) Before the end of 2014, the Minister must cause to be conducted a review of:
8	(a) the operation of this Act; and
9 10	(b) the extent to which the objects of this Act have been achieved.
11	(2) The terms of reference for the review must require the following:
12	(a) having regard to the extent to which water resource plans are
13	in transition—an assessment of the extent to which:
14 15	(i) the management objectives and outcomes of the Basin Plan are being met; and
16 17	(ii) long-term average sustainable diversion limits are being met; and
18	(iii) targets in the Basin Plan are being met; and
19 20	(iv) water trading is occurring effectively and efficiently; and
21 22	(v) other key elements of the Basin Plan are being implemented;
23	(b) an assessment of:
24	(i) the level of Basin-wide consistency in water charging
25	regimes; and
26	(ii) the contribution made by those charging regimes to
27	achieving the Basin water charging objectives;
28	(c) an assessment of the extent to which water is being used in
29	higher value uses;
30	(d) an assessment of the progress in the implementation of
31	improved water information systems, including the National
32	Water Account;
33 34	and may include any other requirements and matters determined by the Minister in consultation with the States.

Section 254

1	(3) The review must be undertaken in consultation with the States.
2 3	(4) The Minister must cause to be prepared a written report of the review.
4 5 6	(5) The Minister must cause a copy of the report to be tabled in each House of the Parliament within 15 sitting days of that House after its receipt by the Minister.
7	254 Compensation for acquisition of property
8 9 10 11	(1) If the operation of this Act would result in an acquisition of property from a person otherwise than on just terms, the Commonwealth is liable to pay a reasonable amount of compensation to the person.
12 13 14 15 16	(2) If the Commonwealth and the person do not agree on the amount of the compensation, the person may institute proceedings in the Federal Court of Australia for the recovery from the Commonwealth of such reasonable amount of compensation as the court determines.
17	(3) In this section:
18 19	<i>acquisition of property</i> has the same meaning as in paragraph 51(xxxi) of the Constitution.
20 21	<i>just terms</i> has the same meaning as in paragraph 51(xxxi) of the Constitution.
22 23	255 Act does not authorise compulsory acquisition of water access rights
24	To avoid doubt, nothing in:
25	(a) this Act; or(b) the regulations; or
2627	(c) any other instrument made under this Act;
28	authorises or allows the Commonwealth, the Authority, the
29	Commonwealth Environmental Water Holder or any other agency
30	of the Commonwealth to compulsorily acquire a water access right
31	or an interest in a water access right.

256	Regulations
	(1) The Governor-General may make regulations prescribing matters:
	(a) required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed; or
	(b) necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or
	giving effect to this Act.

- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations may make provision in relation to matters of a transitional nature (including the prescription of any saving or application provision) relating to:
 - (a) the amendments or repeals made by this Act; or
 - (b) the enactment of this Act.

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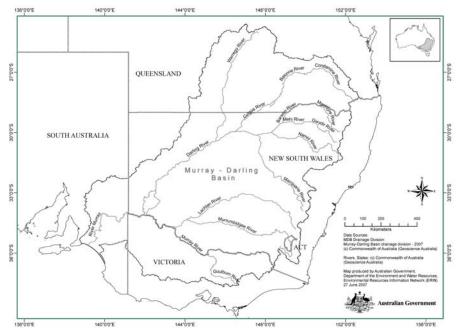
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Schedule 1—The Murray-Darling Basin

Note: See section 4.

The map set out in this Schedule delineates the boundaries of the Murray-Darling Basin but does not show all of the water resources within the Murray-Darling Basin that are covered by this Act.



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Clause 1

1	Schedule 2—Basin water charging objectives
2	and principles
3	Note: See section 4.
4 5	Part 1—Preliminary
6	1 Objectives and principles
7	This Schedule sets out:
8	(a) the Basin water charging objectives; and
9	(b) the Basin water charging principles.
0 1	Note 1: These objectives and principles are relevant to the formulation of water charge rules under section 92 of this Act.
2 3 4	Note 2: These objectives and principles are based on those set out in clauses 64 to 77 of the National Water Initiative when Part 2 of this Act commences.

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Part 2—Water charging objectives

4	2 Water chargi	ng objectives
5	The	water charging objectives are:
6	(a)	to promote the economically efficient and sustainable use of
7		(i) water resources; and
8		(ii) water infrastructure assets; and
9		(ii) government resources devoted to the management of
10		water resources; and
11	(b)	to ensure sufficient revenue streams to allow efficient
12		delivery of the required services; and
13	(c)	to facilitate the efficient functioning of water markets
14		(including inter-jurisdictional water markets, and in both
15		rural and urban settings); and
16	(d)	to give effect to the principles of user-pays and achieve
17		pricing transparency in respect of water storage and delivery
18		in irrigation systems and cost recovery for water planning
19		and management; and
20	(e)	to avoid perverse or unintended pricing outcomes.

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2 3	Part 3—Water charging principles
4	3 Water storage and delivery
5 6 7	(1) Pricing policies for water storage and delivery in rural systems are to be developed to facilitate efficient water use and trade in water entitlements.
8	(2) Water charges are to include a consumption-based component.
9 10 11 12	(3) Water charges are to be based on full cost recovery for water services to ensure business viability and avoid monopoly rents, including recovery of environmental externalities where feasible and practical.
13 14	(4) Water charges in the rural water sector are to continue to move towards upper bound pricing where practicable.
15	(5) In subclause (4):
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 upper bound pricing means the level at which, to avoid monopoly rents, a water business should not recover more than: (a) the operational, maintenance and administrative costs, externalities, taxes or tax equivalent regimes; and (b) provision for the cost of asset consumption; and (c) provision for the cost of capital (calculated using a weighted average cost of capital).
23 24 25 26 27	 (6) If full cost recovery is unlikely to be achieved and a Community Service Obligation is deemed necessary: (a) the size of the subsidy is to be reported publicly; and (b) where practicable, subsidies or Community Service Obligations are to be reduced or eliminated.
28 29	(7) Pricing policies should ensure consistency across sectors and jurisdictions where entitlements are able to be traded.

1	4 Cost re	covery for planning and management
2 3 4 5	(1)	All costs associated with water planning and management must be identified, including the costs of underpinning water markets (such as the provision of registers, accounting and measurement frameworks and performance monitoring and benchmarking).
6 7 8	(2)	The proportion of costs that can be attributed to water access entitlement holders is to be identified consistently with the principles set out in subclauses (3) and (4).
9	(3)	Water planning and management charges are to be linked as closely as possible to the costs of activities or products.
12	(4)	Water planning and management charges are to exclude activities undertaken for the Government (such as policy development and Ministerial or Parliamentary services).
14 15 16 17 18 19	(5)	States and Territories are to report publicly on cost recovery for water planning and management annually. The reports are to include: (a) the total cost of water planning and management; and (b) the proportion of the total cost of water planning and management attributed to water access entitlement holders, and the basis upon which this proportion is determined.
21	5 Enviro	nmental externalities
22 23 24	(1)	Market-based mechanisms (such as pricing to account for positive and negative environmental externalities associated with water use) are to be pursued where feasible.
25 26	(2)	The cost of environmental externalities is to be included in water charges where found to be feasible.
27	6 Benchn	narking and efficiency reviews
28 29 30	(1)	Independent and public benchmarking or efficiency reviews of pricing and service quality relevant to regulated water charges is or are to be undertaken based on a nationally consistent framework.

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(2) The costs of operating these benchmarking and efficiency review systems are to be met through recovery of regulated water charges.

Clause 1

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Schedule 3—Basin water market and trading objectives and principles

Note: See section 4.

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1 Definitions

In this Schedule:

exchange rate means the rate of conversion to be applied to water to be traded from one trading zone and/or jurisdiction to another.

trading zones means zones established to simplify administration of a trade by setting out the known supply source or management arrangements and the physical realities of relevant supply systems within the zone so that trade can occur within and between zones without first having to investigate and establish the details and rules of the system in each zone.

water access entitlement tagging means an accounting approach that allows a water access entitlement that is traded from one jurisdiction or trading zone to another jurisdiction or trading zone to retain its original characteristics when traded to the new jurisdiction or trading zone (rather than being converted into a form issued in the new jurisdiction or trading zone).

2 Objectives and principles

This Schedule sets out:

- (a) the Basin water market and trading objectives; and
- (b) the Basin water market and trading principles.

Note 1: These objectives and principles are relevant to the formulation of:

- (a) the provisions of the Basin Plan (see item 12 of the table in subsection 22(1)); and
- (b) the provisions of water management plans for particular water resource plan areas (see subsection 22(3)); and
- (c) the provisions of the water market rules (see paragraph 97(1)(b)).

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1 Note 2: These objectives and principles are based on those set out in 2 clauses 58 to 63 and Schedule G of the National Water Initiative when 3 Part 2 of this Act commences. 3 Basin water market and trading objectives 4 The objectives of the water market and trading arrangements for 5 the Murray-Darling Basin are: 6 (a) to facilitate the operation of efficient water markets and the 7 opportunities for trading, within and between Basin States, 8 where water resources are physically shared or hydrologic 9 connections and water supply considerations will permit 10 water trading; and 11 (b) to minimise transaction cost on water trades, including 12 through good information flows in the market and compatible 13 entitlement, registry, regulatory and other arrangements 14 across jurisdictions; and 15 (c) to enable the appropriate mix of water products to develop 16 based on water access entitlements which can be traded either 17 in whole or in part, and either temporarily or permanently, or 18 through lease arrangements or other trading options that may 19 evolve over time; and 20 (d) to recognise and protect the needs of the environment; and 21 (e) to provide appropriate protection of third-party interests. 22 4 Basin water market and trading principles 23 (1) This clause sets out the Basin water market and trading principles. 24 (2) Water access entitlements may be traded either permanently, 25 through lease arrangements, or through other trading options that 26 may evolve over time, if water resources are physically shared or 27 hydrologic connections and water supply considerations would 28 29 permit water trading. (3) All trades should be recorded on a water register. Registers will be 30 compatible, publicly accessible and reliable, recording information 31 on a whole of catchment basis, consistent with the National Water 32 Initiative. 33

Clause 4

1 2	(4) Restrictions on extraction, diversion or use of water resulting from trade can only be used to manage:
3 4	 (a) environmental impacts, including impacts on ecosystems that depend on underground water; or
5	(b) hydrological, water quality and hydro-geological impacts; or
6	(c) delivery constraints; or
7 8	(d) impacts on geographical features (such as river and aquifer integrity); or
9	(e) features of major indigenous, cultural heritage or spiritual
10	significance.
11 12	(5) A trade may be refused on the basis that it is inconsistent with the relevant water resource plan.
13 14	(6) Trades must not result in the long-term annual diversion limit being exceeded. That is, trades must not:
15	(a) cause an increase in commitments to take water from water
16	resources or parts of water resources; or
17	(b) increase seasonal reversals in flow regimes;
18	above sustainable levels identified in relevant water resource plans
19 20	such that environmental water or water dependent ecosystems are adversely affected.
21 22 23 24	(7) Trades within overallocated water resources (including ground water resources) may be permitted in some cases subject to conditions to manage long-term impacts on the environment and other users.
25	(8) Where necessary, water authorities will facilitate trade by
26 27	specifying trading zones and providing related information such as the exchange rates to be applied to trades in water allocations to:
28	(a) adjust for the effects of the transfer on hydrology or supply
29	security (transmission losses) or reliability; and
30	(b) reflect transfers between different classes of water resources,
31	unregulated streams, regulated streams, supplemented
32	streams, ground water systems and licensed runoff harvesting
33	dams.
34 35	(9) Water trading zones, including ground water trading zones, should be defined in terms of:

1 2	 (a) the ability to change the point of extraction of the water from one place to another; and
3	(b) the protection of the environment.
4	The volume of delivery losses in supplemented systems that
5	provide opportunistic environmental flows will be estimated and
6	taken into account when determining the maximum volume of
7	water that may be traded out of a trading zone.
8	(10) Exchange rates must not be used to achieve other outcomes such a
9	to alter the balance between economic use and environmental
10	protection or to reduce overall water use.
11	(11) Trade in water allocations may occur within common aquifers or
12	surface water flow systems consistent with water resource plans.
13	(12) Trade from a licensed runoff harvesting dam (that is, not a small
14	farm dam) to a river may occur subject to:
15	(a) a reduction in dam capacity consistent with the transferred
16	water access entitlement; or
17	(b) retention of sufficient capacity to accommodate evaporative
18	and infiltration losses; or
19	(c) conditions specified in water resource plans to protect the
20	environment.
21	(13) Compatible institutional and regulatory arrangements will be
22	pursued to improve intrastate and interstate trade, and to manage
23	differences in entitlement reliability, supply losses, supply source
24	constraints, trading between systems and cap requirements.
25	(14) The transfer of water allocations and entitlements will be
26	facilitated (where appropriate) by water access entitlement tagging
27	water access entitlement exchange rates or other trading
28	mechanisms that may evolve over time.
29	(15) Institutional, legislative and administrative arrangements will be
30	introduced to improve the efficiency and scope of water trade and
31	to remove barriers that may affect potential trade.
32	(16) Barriers to permanent trade out of water irrigation areas up to an
33	annual threshold limit of 4% of the total water entitlement of that
34	area will be immediately removed, subject to a review by 2009 by

Clause 4

:	the National Water Commission under paragraph 7(2)(h) of the <i>National Water Commission Act 2004</i> , with a move to full and open trade by 2014 at the latest.
(17)	Subject to this clause, no new barriers to trade will be imposed,
j	including in the form of arrangements for addressing stranded
j	assets.

Schedule 4—Transitional water resource plans

Note: See section 241.

Transi	tional water resource plans	
Item	Plan (Basin State)	Date plan ceases to have effect
1	Water Resource (Warrego, Paroo, Bulloo and Nebine) Plan 2003 (Queensland)	1 September 2014
2	Water Resource (Moonie) Plan 2003 (Queensland)	1 September 2014
3	Water Resource (Border Rivers) Plan 2003 (Queensland)	1 September 2014
4	Water Resource (Condamine and Balonne) Plan 2004 (Queensland)	1 September 2014
5	Angas Bremer Prescribed Wells Area Water Allocation Plan (South Australia)	2 January 2013
6	Mallee Prescribed Wells Area Water Allocation Plan (South Australia)	21 December 2012
7	River Murray Prescribed Watercourse Water Allocation Plan (South Australia)	1 July 2014
8	Noora Prescribed Wells Area Water Allocation Plan (South Australia)	2 January 2013
9	Tenterfield Creek Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
10	Macquarie and Cudgegong Regulated Rivers Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
11	Castlereagh River above Binnaway Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
12	Lower Macquarie Groundwater Sources 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	30 June 2017

Transitional water resource plans		
Item	Plan (Basin State)	Date plan ceases to have effect
13	Gwydir Regulated River Water Source 2002—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
14	Rocky Creek, Cobbadah, Upper Horton and Lower Horton Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
15	Lower Gwydir Groundwater Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	30 June 2017
16	Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
17	Mandagery Creek Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
18	New South Wales Murray and Lower Darling Regulated Rivers Water Sources 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
19	Upper Billabong Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
20	Lower Murray Groundwater Source—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	30 June 2017
21	Murrumbidgee Regulated River Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 June 2014
22	Adelong Creek Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 June 2014
23	Tarcutta Creek Water Source 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014
24	Lower Murrumbidgee Groundwater Sources 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	30 June 2017

Transitional water resource plans			
Item	Plan (Basin State)	Date plan ceases to have effect	
25	Upper Namoi and Lower Namoi Regulated River Water Sources 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014	
26	Phillips Creek, Mooki River, Quirindi Creek and Warrah Creek Water Sources 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	1 July 2014	
27	Upper and Lower Namoi Groundwater Sources 2003—Water Sharing Plan (New South Wales)	30 June 2017	