2004-2005

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Presented and read a first time

Asbestos-related Claims (Management of Commonwealth Liabilities) Bill 2005

No. , 2005

(Employment and Workplace Relations)

A Bill for an Act to assign responsibility for the management of certain liabilities relating to asbestos-related claims, and for related purposes

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A Bill for an Act to assign responsibility for the

- ² management of certain liabilities relating to
- ³ asbestos-related claims, and for related purposes
- ⁴ The Parliament of Australia enacts:
- 5 **Part 1—Preliminary**

7 1 Short title

8 9 This Act may be cited as the Asbestos-related Claims (Management of Commonwealth Liabilities) Act 2005.

Asbestos-related Claims (Management of Commonwealth Liabilities) Bill 2005 No. , 2005

2 Commencement

(1)	Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table
	commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with
	column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect
	according to its terms.

Commencement	nformation	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision (s)	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Part 1 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day on which this Act receives th Royal Assent.	ie
2. Parts 2 and 3	The later of:	
	 (a) the day after the end of the period days beginning on the day on which Act receives the Royal Assent; and 	ch this
	(b) 1 July 2005.	
Note:	This table relates only to the provisions passed by the Parliament and assented t deal with provisions inserted in this Ac	to. It will not be expanded t
part	mn 3 of the table contains additional of this Act. Information in this colum d in any published version of this Ac	n may be added to or
3 Definitions		
(1) In thi	s Act:	
_	stos-related claim means a claim for	the payment of

Section	3
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 (ii) is a body corporate in which the Commonwealth, or a body corporate covered by paragraph (a), has a controlling interest (within the meaning of the <i>Safety</i>, <i>Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988</i>); or (c) a body corporate that is declared to be a Commonwealth authority for the purposes of this Act under subsection 4(1); but does not include: (d) Comcare; or (e) the Australian Postal Corporation; or 		
3 asbestos-related condition means: 4 (a) asbestos; or 5 (b) an asbestos-induced carcinoma; or 6 (c) an asbestos-related non-malignant pleural disease; or 7 (d) mesothelioma; or 8 (e) any other condition that is caused by exposure to asbestos. 9 claim: 10 (a) means a claim or demand of any kind (whether or not involving legal proceedings); and 11 (b) includes proceedings of any kind. 13 Comcare means the body corporate established by section 68 of the Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988. 15 Commonwealth authority means: 16 (a) a body corporate that is established for a public purpose by a law of the Commonwealth or of a Territory (other than the Australian Capital Territory, the Northern Territory or Norfolk Island) that is not a general law allowing incorporation as a company or body corporate; or 12 (b) a body corporate that: 13 (i) is incorporated under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory; and 14 (ii) is a body corporate in which the Commonwealth or a body corporate covered by paragraph (a), has a controlling interest (within the meaning of the Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988; or 18 (c) a body corporate that is declared to be a Commonwealth authority for the purposes of this Act under subsection	1	(b) an entity that was a Commonwealth authority when the
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5 (b) an asbestos-induced carcinoma; or 6 (c) an asbestos-related non-malignant pleural disease; or 7 (d) mesothelioma; or 8 (e) any other condition that is caused by exposure to asbestos. 9 claim: 10 (a) means a claim or demand of any kind (whether or not involving legal proceedings); and 12 (b) includes proceedings of any kind. 13 Comcare means the body corporate established by section 68 of 14 the Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988. 15 Commonwealth authority means: 16 (a) a body corporate that is established for a public purpose by a 18 Australian Capital Territory, the Northern Territory or 19 Norfolk Island) that is not a general law allowing 20 incorporated that: 21 (b) a body corporate that: 22 (i) is incorporated under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory; and 23 a State or Territory; and 24 (ii) is a body corporate in which the Commonwealth, or a body corporate covered by paragraph (a), has a controlling interest (within the meaning of the Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988); or 24 (ii) is a body corporate that is declared to be a Commonwealth autho	3	asbestos-related condition means:
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30but does not include:31(d) Comcare; or32(e) the Australian Postal Corporation; or	28	
31(d) Comcare; or32(e) the Australian Postal Corporation; or	29	
32 (e) the Australian Postal Corporation; or	30	but does not include:
-	31	
33 (f) Telstra Corporation Limited; or	32	-
	33	(f) Telstra Corporation Limited; or

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1	(g) a body corporate that is declared not to be a Commonwealth
2	authority for the purposes of this Act under subsection 4(2);
3	Oľ
4	(h) a body corporate that is a subsidiary of a body corporate
5	covered by paragraph (e), (f) or (g).
6	contract of insurance includes a contract which, however
7	expressed and in whatever form, is in substance an indemnity or
8	guarantee.
9	<i>court</i> (except in section 15) includes:
10	(a) a tribunal; and
11	(b) any judge or person acting judicially or authorised by law or
12	consent of parties to hear, receive and examine evidence.
13	Finance Minister means the Minister who administers the
14	Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.
15	<i>liability</i> means a liability of any kind (whether actual, potential or
16	contingent) but does not include a liability arising under:
17	(a) a contract of insurance; or
18	(b) a judgment or order of a court that is not stayed or subject to
19	appeal when Part 2 of this Act commences; or
20	(c) a settlement that takes the form of a written agreement
21	entered into before Part 2 of this Act commences.
22	subject to appeal: a judgment or order is subject to appeal until:
23	(a) any applicable time limits for lodging an appeal (however
24	described) against the judgment or order have expired; and
25	(b) if there is such an appeal against the judgment or order—the
26	appeal (and any subsequent appeals) have been finally
27	disposed of.
28	Meaning of subsidiary
29	(2) For the purposes of this Act, the question whether a body corporate
30	is a <i>subsidiary</i> of another body corporate is to be determined in the
31	same manner as that question is determined under the
32	Corporations Act 2001.

1	4 Declarations—Commonwealth authorities
2	Body corporate is a Commonwealth authority
3	(1) The Minister may, by written instrument, declare that a body
4	corporate is, from the time that the instrument is made, a
5	Commonwealth authority for the purposes of this Act if, at that
6	time:
7	(a) the body corporate is incorporated under a law of the
8	Commonwealth or of a State or Territory; and
9	(b) either:
10	(i) the Commonwealth; or
11	(ii) a body corporate that is established for a public purpose
12	by a law of the Commonwealth or of a Territory (other
13	than the Australian Capital Territory, the Northern
14	Territory or Norfolk Island) that is not a general law
15	allowing incorporation as a company or body corporate;
16	has a substantial interest (within the meaning of the Safety,
17	Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988) in the body
18	corporate.
19 20	Note: Subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> provides for the repeal, variation etc. of instruments.
21	Body corporate is not a Commonwealth authority
22	(2) The Minister may, by written instrument, declare that a body
23	corporate is not, from the time that the instrument is made, a
24	Commonwealth authority for the purposes of this Act.
25	Note: Subsection 33(3) of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901 provides for the
26	repeal, variation etc. of instruments.
27	Publication in Gazette
28	(3) The Minister must publish a copy of an instrument made under
29	subsection (1) or (2) in the <i>Gazette</i> .
30	(4) A failure to comply with subsection (3) does not affect the validity
31	of any declaration made under this section.

1	Instruments not legislative instruments
2 3	(5) An instrument made under subsection (1) or (2) is not a legislative instrument.

⁶ Asbestos-related Claims (Management of Commonwealth Liabilities) Bill 2005 No. , 2005

Part 2—Transfer of li	abilities
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5 Transfer of liabilities to Comcare

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Claims against Commonwealth or authority on or before commencement

(1) If an asbestos-related claim was made against the Commonwealth or a Commonwealth authority on or before the commencement of this Part then, on the commencement of this Part:

(b) Comcare becomes the successor in law in relation to the liability.

Claims against	t Commonwealth or	authority after commencem	ent

- (2) If an asbestos-related claim is made against the Commonwealth or a Commonwealth authority after the commencement of this Part then, at the time the claim is made: (a) a liability of the Commonwealth or the authority that relates
 - to the claim ceases to be a liability of the Commonwealth or the authority and becomes a liability of Comcare; and
 - (b) Comcare becomes the successor in law in relation to the liability.
 - Claims against Comcare on or after commencement

25	(3) If, on or after the commencement of this Part, a person could make
26	an asbestos-related claim against the Commonwealth or a
27	Commonwealth authority then:
28	(a) the person may make the claim against Comcare; and
29	(b) if the person makes the claim against Comcare—at the time
30	the claim is made:
31	(i) a liability of the Commonwealth or the authority that
32	relates to the claim ceases to be a liability of the

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⁽a) a liability of the Commonwealth or the authority that relates to the claim ceases to be a liability of the Commonwealth or the authority and becomes a liability of Comcare; and

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1		Commonwealth or the authority and becomes a liability
2		of Comcare; and
3 4		(ii) Comcare becomes the successor in law in relation to the liability.
5	6 Transfe	r of liabilities from Comcare
6		Liabilities may be transferred from Comcare
7	(1)	The Minister may, by written instrument, declare that a liability
8		that ceased to be a liability of a Commonwealth authority and
9 10		became a liability of Comcare under section 5 ceases to be a liability of Comcare and becomes a liability of:
11		(a) the authority; or
12		(b) an entity that is a successor in law of the authority.
13	(2)	If the Minister makes a written instrument under subsection (1)
14		then, immediately after the instrument is made:
15		(a) the liability ceases to be a liability of Comcare and becomes
16		a liability of the authority or entity (as the case requires); and
17		(b) the authority or entity becomes the successor in law in
18		relation to the liability.
19		Publication in Gazette
20	(3)	The Minister must publish a copy of an instrument made under
21		subsection (1) in the Gazette.
22	(4)	A failure to comply with subsection (3) does not affect the validity
23	()	of any declaration made under this section.
24		Instruments not legislative instruments
25	(5)	An instrument made under subsection (1) is not a legislative
25 26	(5)	instrument.
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27		Minister may not repeal, vary etc. instruments
28	(6)	Subsection 33(3) of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901 does not
29		apply in relation to this section.

1	7 Certain consequences of transfer
2	Application of section
3 4 5	 (1) This section applies in relation to a liability that, under section 5 or 6, ceases to be a liability of one entity (the <i>transferor</i>) and becomes a liability of another entity (the <i>receiver</i>) at a particular
6	time (the <i>transfer time</i>).
7	Contracts of insurance
8 9	(2) From the transfer time, any contract of insurance to which the transferor was, or was taken to be, a party immediately before the
10	transfer time has effect in relation to the liability as if:
11 12	(a) the receiver were substituted for the transferor as a party to the contract; and
13	(b) any reference in the contract to the transferor were (except in
14	relation to things that happened before that time) a reference
15	to the receiver.
16	Conduct of actions, enforcement of judgments etc.
17	(3) Without limiting the generality of section 5 or 6:
18	(a) if, at the transfer time, action is being taken relating to the
19	liability—the receiver must, immediately after the transfer
20	time, take over the conduct of that action; and
21	(b) if, at the transfer time, action is being taken relating to the
22	liability before a court—the receiver:
23	(i) replaces the transferor as a party to the action from the
24	transfer time; and
25	(ii) may, if the receiver thinks it appropriate to do so, apply on or after the transfer time to the court to join any other
26 27	person as a party to the action; and
28	(iii) may, on or after the transfer time, conduct or settle the
29	action; and
30	(c) if, at the transfer time, a judgment relating to the liability has
31	been obtained in favour of the transferor but not enforced—
32	the receiver may take such steps as are necessary to enforce
33	the judgment.

1	Transferor must comply with certain requirements of receiver
2	(4) The transferor must comply with any reasonable requirement of the
3	receiver:
4	(a) relating to the conduct of any action in respect of the
5	liability; or
6	(b) made for the purposes of assisting the receiver to manage the
7	liability;
8	including a reasonable requirement that the transferor sign any
9	documents.

¹⁰ Asbestos-related Claims (Management of Commonwealth Liabilities) Bill 2005 No., 2005

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	riation in respect of certain liabilities transferred to Comcare
	There is to be paid to Comcare such amounts as are necessary to enable Comcare to discharge any liability that is a liability of Comcare as a result of the operation of this Act.
	The amounts payable to Comcare under this section are to be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, which is appropriated accordingly.
9 Money o	of Comcare
	The Finance Minister may give written directions as to the amoun in which, and the times at which, money referred to in section 8 is to be paid to Comcare.
	A direction made under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
10 Access	to records
	If Comcare has the function of assuming and managing a liability as a result of the operation of this Act, records (within the meanin of the <i>Archives Act 1983</i>) that:
	(a) are in the possession, custody or control of the Commonwealth or a Commonwealth authority; and(b) relate to the liability;
	must be made available to Comcare by the Commonwealth or the authority.
	This section does not authorise a Commonwealth record (within the meaning of the <i>Archives Act 1983</i>) to be transferred or otherwise dealt with except in accordance with the provisions of that Act.

1	11 Disclosure of information
2	Comcare may require disclosure of information
3 4	(1) Comcare may, by written notice, require the chief executive officer (however described) of an entity to give Comcare information that:
5 6	(a) the chief executive officer knows or can reasonably acquire; and
7 8 9	 (b) relates to a liability that, under section 5, has ceased to be a liability of the entity and has become a liability of Comcare; and
10 11 12 13	(c) the Chief Executive Officer of Comcare believes, on reasonable grounds, it is necessary for Comcare to know in order for Comcare to carry out the function conferred on it by section 12.
14	Requirement to disclose information
15 16 17	(2) If the chief executive officer (however described) of an entity is given a notice under subsection (1), he or she must ensure that it is complied with as soon as practicable after it is given.
18 19 20 21 22	(3) The chief executive officer (however described) of an entity is not excused from ensuring that a notice given to him or her under subsection (1) is complied with on the ground that giving information covered by the notice would contravene the provisions of any other enactment.
23 24 25 26 27 28	 (4) A person is not liable to: (a) any proceedings for contravening any other law; or (b) civil proceedings for loss, damage or injury of any kind suffered by another person; merely because the person gives information to Comcare to ensure that a notice under subsection (1) is complied with.
29	12 Additional function of Comcare
30 31	In addition to the functions conferred on Comcare under other Acts, Comcare has the function of assuming and managing all

1 2	liabilities that are liabilities of Comcare as a result of the operation of this Act.
3 4	Note: See section 70 of the <i>Safety</i> , <i>Rehabilitation and Compensation Act</i> 1988 for powers relating to this function.
5	13 Directions by Minister
6 7	 The Minister may, by notice in writing given to the Chief Executive Officer of Comcare, give a direction to Comcare with
8	respect to:
9 10	(a) the performance of the function conferred on Comcare by section 12; or
11 12	(b) the exercise of its powers to do anything in connection with the performance of that function;
13	otherwise than in relation to a particular case.
14	(2) Comcare must comply with a direction given under subsection (1).
15 16 17	(3) This section does not affect the application of section 28 of the Commonwealth Authorities and Companies Act 1997 in relation to Comcare.
18	(4) A notice given under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
19	14 Consent required for delegation
20	(1) Comcare must obtain the written consent of the Minister before
21	delegating to a person under section 73B of the Safety,
22	Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988:
23	(a) the function conferred on Comcare by section 12 of this Act;
24	or
25 26	(b) a power to do anything in connection with the performance of that function.
27	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the person to whom the power is
28	delegated is a member of the staff of, or a consultant to, Comcare.

1	15 Comp	ensation for acquisition of property
2	(1)	If the operation of this Act would result in an acquisition of
3		property from a person otherwise than on just terms, the
4		Commonwealth is liable to pay a reasonable amount of
5		compensation to the person.
6	(2)	If the Commonwealth and the person do not agree on the amount
7		of the compensation, the person may institute proceedings in a
8		court of competent jurisdiction for the recovery from the
9		Commonwealth of such reasonable amount of compensation as the court determines.
10		court determines.
11	(3)	The Consolidated Revenue Fund is appropriated for the purposes
12		of this section.
13	(4)	In this section:
14		acquisition of property has the same meaning as in paragraph
15		51(xxxi) of the Constitution.
16		<i>just terms</i> has the same meaning as in paragraph 51(xxxi) of the
17		Constitution.
18	16 Regula	ations
19		The Governor-General may make regulations prescribing matters:
20		(a) required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed; or
21		(b) necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or
22		giving effect to this Act.