1901.

THE PARLIAMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(Brought in by the Treasurer, Sir George Turner.)

(Marginal references merely indicate that the subject-matter of Clause is dealt with in sections specified.)

A BILL

To make provision for the Collection and Payment of the Public Moneys the Audit of the Public Accounts and the Protection and Recovery of Public Property and for other purposes.

B^E it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty and the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia as follows:—

Preliminary.

5 1. This Act may be cited as the *Commonwealth of Australia* Short title and *Audit Act* 1901, and shall come into operation on the first day of commencement. October One thousand nine hundred and one.

2. In this Act unless the context or subject-matter otherwise Definitions. requires-

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- (a) "Auditor-General" shall mean the Auditor-General for the time being of the Commonwealth ;
- (b) "Commonwealth Public Account" shall include the Consolidated Revenue Fund and all public moneys whatever;
- $\begin{bmatrix} C. & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ -250/9.7.1901 (n.a.). F.4433.

(c) "Deputy

- (c) "Deputy" when used in connexion with the word Treasurer shall mean some person appointed in writing by the Treasurer;
- (d) "Loan Fund" shall mean the Loan Fund of the Common-, wealth ;
- (e) "Prescribed" shall mean prescribed by this Act or the regulations;
- (f) "Public accountant" shall include every person who by any law regulation or appointment is charged with the duty of collecting or receiving or who does actually 10 collect or receive any public moneys or who is charged with the duty of disbursing or who does actually disburse any public moneys;
- (g) "Public moneys" shall include all revenue loan trust and other moneys whatsoever received for or on account of 15 the Commonwealth or referred to in this Act;
- (h) "Regulations" shall mean regulations made under this Act;
- (*i*) "Treasurer" shall mean the Treasurer for the time being of the Commonwealth.
- (j) "Trust Fund" shall mean the Trust Fund of the Commonwealth.

Auditor-General.

3. The Governor-General may appoint some person to be Auditor-General for the purposes of this Act and in case of the death resignation 25 vacation of office or removal of any Auditor-General may appoint some other person in his stead.

4. The Auditor-General shall receive an annual salary of One thousand pounds and such salary shall be a charge upon and paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund which to the necessary extent is 30 hereby appropriated accordingly.

5. (1) No Auditor-General shall during his continuance in such office be capable of being a member of the Executive Council of the Commonwealth or of any State thereof or of either House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or of any State thereof. 35

(2) The Auditor-General shall be deemed to have vacated his office-

- (a) if he directly or indirectly engages in any paid employment outside the duties of his office or in any trade or business except as a member of any registered company;
- (b) if he becomes insolvent or bankrupt or compounds with his creditors or makes any assignment of his salary for their benefit or takes advantage of the provisions of any Act or State Act relating to insolvency or bankruptcy;

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(c) if

Appointment of Auditor-General.

N.S.W., 30; N.Z., 25; V., 6; W.A., 4; Q., 26; S.A., 2-3.

His salary. V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7; Tas., 6-8; S.A., 6.

Incapacity for other position. V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7; Tas., 6-8; S.A., 6.

W.A., 12; N.S.W., 5; S.A., 9; Q., 1.

1 Edw, VII.]

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- (c) if except on leave granted by the Governor-General he absents himself from duty for fourteen consecutive days or for twenty-eight days in any twelve months; or
- (d) if he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor-General and such resignation is accepted by the Governor-General.

6. (1) If any officer of the Commonwealth is appointed Auditor- Rights of officers General his service as Auditor-General shall for the purpose of determining all his existing and accruing rights be counted as public 10 service in the Commonwealth.

(2) If any officer in the public service of a State is appointed Auditor-General he shall have the same rights as if he had been an officer of a department transferred to the Commonwealth and were retained in the service of the Commonwealth.

- 7. (1) The Auditor-General shall hold his office during good How removed from 15 behaviour and shall not be removed therefrom unless an address praying for such removal shall be presented to the Governor-General by the Senate and the House of Representatives respectively in the same session of the Parliament.
- 20(2) The Governor-General may at any time suspend any Auditor-General from his office for inability incapacity incompetence or misbehaviour; and when and so often as the same shall happen the Treasurer shall lay before both Houses of the Parliament a full statement of the grounds of such suspension within seven days
- 25 after such suspension if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting, or if the Parliament be not then in session or not actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) The Auditor-General³ so suspended shall be restored to office 30 unless each House of the Parliament within forty-two days after the day when such statement is laid before it, and in the same session pass an address to the Governor-General praying for his removal.

8. Every Auditor-General before he shall enter upon the duties Auditor-General to or exercise the powers vested in him by this Act shall make and make a declaration. 35 subscribe before the Executive Council a declaration in the form First Schedule. contained in the First Schedule to this Act.

9. In the case of the illness inability incapacity suspension absence of any Auditor-General the Governor-General may appoint N.S.W., 33; w.A., 5; V., 11; w.A., 5; V., 11; w.A., 5; V., 11; suspension or absence; and S.A., 4; N.Z, 29; 40 during such illness inability incapacity suspension or absence; and every

preserved.

office or suspended. N.S.W., 31; Tas., 4-5; V., 8; Q., 28; N.Z., 28; W.A., 3; S.A., 2.

N.S.W., 32; V., 9; W.A., 6; S.A., 5.

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every such person shall make and subscribe a declaration in the form aforesaid or to the like effect and shall during the time for which he shall act as such deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such Auditor-General.

10. (1) The Auditor-General may with the approval of the 5 Governor-General appoint any person holding the office of Auditor-General or Commissioner of Audit in any State or if such person is unable or unwilling to act then some other person to be his deputy within any part of the Commonwealth and in that capacity to exercise during the pleasure of the Auditor-General such powers and duties of the 10 Auditor-General as he thinks fit with the approval of the Governor-General to assign to such deputy subject to any limitations expressed or directions given by such Auditor-General, but the appointment of such deputy shall not affect the exercise by the Auditor-General himself of any power or duty.

(2) Every such person shall make and subscribe before a Judge of the Supreme Court of a State a declaration in the form aforesaid or to the like effect which shall be transmitted by such deputy to the Auditor-General and by him transmitted to the Clerk to the Executive Council.

(3) Such person shall during the time for which he shall act as such deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such Auditor-General so assigned to him.

11. The Auditor-General may by writing under his hand appoint any person to inspect examine and audit any books accounts or stores 25 which are required to be audited or inspected by this Act and to report thereon to him and any such person shall have power to inspect all stores and all books accounts vouchers and papers relating to any public moneys.

12. (1) The Auditor-General shall communicate with the 30 Treasurer upon all matters arising under this Act or the regulations relating to the collection receipt issue and expenditure of public moneys.

(2) The Auditor-General shall transmit to the Treasurer the name of any person failing to comply with any of the provisions of this 35 Act or the regulations and thereupon and until such failure shall have been made good to the satisfaction of the Treasurer all salary and moneys that may be or become due or payable to such person may be withheld.

13. (1) The Auditor-General may by precept under his hand 40 require all such persons as he may think fit to appear personally before him at a time and place to be named in such precept, and to produce to him all such accounts books vouchers documents and papers in the possession or control of such persons as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purposes of his examination. (2) The 45

Auditor-General may appoint persons to inspect. N.Z. 33.

Auditor-General to communicate with Treasurer ; report defaulters. N.S.W. 13; V. 26; Q. 31.

Auditor-General may call for persons and papers. V. 44; Q. 41; N.Z. 34; W.A. 31; Tas. 17; S.A. 23.

Auditor-General may appoint

Constitution Act

deputy.

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[No. 1 Edw. VII.] Commonwealth of Australia Audit.

(2) The Auditor-General may when he shall think fit cause search to be made in and extracts to be taken from any book document or record in the custody of the Treasurer or in any public office without paying any fee for the same.

- 5 14. The Auditor-General is hereby authorized and required to Auditor-General examine upon oath declaration or affirmation (which oath declaration or affirmation he is hereby empowered to administer) all persons whom he shall think fit to examine respecting the receipt or expenditure of money or any stores respectively affected by the provisions of this
- 10 Act and respecting all other matters and things whatever necessary for the due execution and exercise of the duties and powers vested in him.

15. The Auditor-General shall be entitled to lay before the Auditor-General Attorney-General or Crown Solicitor of the Commonwealth a case in 15 writing as to any question arising out of the Constitution. Act or this W.A. 35; S.A. 27. Act or the regulations or concerning the powers of the Auditor-General or the discharge of his duties, and such Attorney-General or Crown Solicitor shall give a written opinion on such case.

Public Accountants.

- 16. Every public accountant shall be subject to the provisions Persons subject 20 of this Act and the regulations and shall perform such duties keep to Act. such books and render such accounts as are prescribed by this Act or Q.1; W.A., 12; by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct.
- 17. Every public accountant shall if required by the Treasurer Security to e 25 so to do provide security for such sum and in such manner and form as the Treasurer shall direct for the due performance of his duties and $Q_{, 48}^{N.S.W., 14}$; V., 4; for the due accounting for and payment of all moneys which shall come to his possession or control by reason or virtue of his office service or employment.
- 18. No public accountant shall open any public or official account Public accountant's 30 in any bank without the authority in writing of the Treasurer or his deputy, and no bank shall permit any public accountant to have an overdraft on any public or official account except the same be a credit authorized under this Act.
- 19. On the death resignation or removal of any public Transfer of balances 35 accountant the balances remaining at the credit of his public or official account shall upon the appointment of his successor vest in and be transferred to the public or official account of such successor at the said bank, and shall not in the event of the death or insolvency of any
- 40 such public accountant constitute assets of his estate or be in any manner subject to the control of his legal representative assignee or trustee.

may administer oath.

V. 45; Q. 42; W.A. 32; Tas. 18; S.A. 24.

may obtain opinion.

given.

bank account.

on decease resignation or removal of public accountants. N.S.W. 11; Q. 7; N.Z. 10.

(2) All

V. 28; Q. 9; N.S.W. 16; N.Z. 6.

Treasurer may agree with any

business. N.Z. 15; W.A. 22;

S.A. 13.

(2) All moneys paid into any bank to The Commonwealth Public Account shall be deemed and taken to be public moneys and the property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the persons or body corporate to whom such bank may belong.

Collection of Moneys.

20. (1) The Treasurer may agree with any bank upon such terms and conditions as he may think fit for the receipt custody bank for conducting payment and transmission of public moneys within or without the Commonwealth, and for advances to be made and for the charges in respect of the same, and for the interest payable by or to the 10 bank upon balances or advances respectively, and generally for the conduct of the banking business of the Commonwealth.

(2) No such agreement shall be made for a period of more than one year unless it contains a provision that the same may be terminated at any time after a notice of not exceeding six months. 15

21. (1) The Commonwealth Public Account shall be kept in

such bank and under such subdivisions (if any) as the Treasurer

Commonwealth Public Account.

may in writing direct.

Public accountants to pay into Treasury or bank, &c. N.S.W. 7; N.Z. 21; Q.3.

22. Except as otherwise provided in this Act every public accountant collecting or receiving money shall daily or at such intervals 20 and in such manner as may be directed by the Treasurer transmit or pay to the Treasurer or his deputy or into the Commonwealth Public Account or to such person as the Treasurer may direct all money collected or received by him on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

23. The Treasurer or his deputy shall pay daily into the Commonwealth Public Account all money received by the Treasurer or his deputy.

Public accountants to furnish statements. V. 20; N.Z. 22.

Treasurer to pay daily into bank.

N.S.W. 15; Q. 8.

N.Z., 14; V., 20.

24. (1) Every public accountant transmitting or paying any money collected or received by him to the Treasurer or his deputy or to 30 any person as aforesaid shall at the same time transmit or deliver to the Treasurer or his deputy or to such person a statement signed by him of the days of the month on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars as may be prescribed. 35

(2) Every public accountant at the time of paying any money int) the Commonwealth Public Account shall obtain from the manager or person in charge of the bank into which such money is paid (who is hereby required to give the same) an accountable receipt in duplicate for such money; and shall forthwith after such payment transmit 40 to the Treasurer or his deputy one of the said duplicate accountable receipts and also a statement signed by him of the days of the month on

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on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars as may be prescribed.

25. Every public accountant collecting or receiving revenue Public accountants $\mathbf{5}$ (unless otherwise specially directed) shall on or before the tenth day of every month transmit to the Auditor-General a return verified by his Auditor-General. statutory declaration of all moneys which shall have come into his V. 21; N.Z. 32. possession or under his control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during the preceding month.

26. (1) All moneys received by Postmasters for transmission by The Post Office 10 post office order telegram or postal note and for the charges and commission in relation thereto shall be kept in a separate account at some bank, appointed by the Treasurer, called the "Post Office Account," which shall be operated upon only by cheque signed by the Post-15 master-General or some person appointed in writing by him to act

as his deputy for that purpose.

(2) Such moneys shall be deemed and taken to be public moneys and the property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the persons or body corporate to whom such bank shall belong.

- (3) The Postmaster-General shall at the end of each month or 20oftener if required to do so by the Treasurer pay into the Commonwealth Public Account all moneys so received during such month as revenue.
- 27. (1) When under any Act any money (which by such Act Disposal of private 25 is directed to be paid into the Treasury or to the Treasurer) shall come to the possession or control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act by virtue of his office service or employment for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, such first-mentioned person shall pay the same and act in 30 respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of
- the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit.
- (2) Such money shall be placed to the credit of an account to 35be kept in the Treasury to be called "The Trust Fund" and under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

28. (1) When by virtue of his office service or employment or of Public servants any legal process whatsoever any money shall come to the possession or 40 control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other N.S.W. 9; V.23; person and shall have remained in such possession or under such Q. 5; N.Z. 11. control for such period as may be prescribed, such first-mentioned

collecting private moneys to place them to their credit in bank.

person

to send declared returns to the

Account. NZ. 74.

moneys collected under Acts of Parliament. N.S.W. 8; V. 22; Q. 4; N.Z. 8. person shall pay the same into such bank at such place and in such manner as the Treasurer shall direct.

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(2) Such money shall be paid by such person as aforesaid to an official account to be opened by him in such bank; and all interest which shall become due from such bank for or in respect thereof shall form 5 part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(3) No such person shall be answerable or accountable for any loss that may happen through any such bank.

29. When any such money as last aforesaid shall have remained in such bank for three months such person shall pay the same and act 10 in respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit; and such money shall be placed to the credit 15 of the said Trust Fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

30. (1) All such sums as shall have been so placed to the credit of the said Trust Fund and as shall have remained unclaimed for the period of six years after the same shall have been so placed shall be carried 20 to and form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) No person shall be entitled to receive any such sum which shall have remained unclaimed for six years; but no time during which the person entitled to receive such sum shall have been an infant or of unsound mind or out of the Commonwealth shall be taken into account in 25 estimating the said period of six years.

(3) Provided that any sum the claim to which is established to the satisfaction of the Governor-General after the same shall have been carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund may be withdrawn therefrom and refunded upon the authority of the Governor- 30 General.

Payment of Moneys.

31. No money shall be drawn from the Commonwealth Public Account except in the manner provided by this Act.

32. The Treasurer shall as often as occasion may require calculate 35 the amount of money likely to become due and payable out of the said account during the period not exceeding three months therein mentioned, and shall thereupon prepare an instrument in the form contained in the Second Schedule to this Act or to the like effect and shall set forth therein the said amount classifying and arranging 40 it (if for the public service) under the same divisions and subdivisions that shall have been employed in the appropriation thereof, or stating (if

And after three months to be paid to the public account. N.S.W. 10; V. 24; Q. 5.

Unclaimed trust fund to be carried to revenue. N.S.W. 12; V. 25; Q. 6; N.Z. 9.

How moneys are to be issued. N.S.W. 16; V. 28; Q. 9; N.Z. 6-43; W.A. 9; Tas. 10; S.A. 8.

Second Schedule.

(if not for the public service) the purpose for which it is payable, and after having signed such instrument shall transmit the same to the Auditor-General for his counter signature.

- (3) Before countersigning any such instrument as aforesaid the Auditor-General to Auditor-General shall ascertain that the sums increase increases or purposes N.S.W. 17; V. 29; legally available for and applicable to the services or purposes N.S.W. 17; V. 29; mentioned in such instrument : and after countersigning such instrument Q. 10; N.Z. 44-46; W.A. 10. shall return the same to the Treasurer who shall thereupon submit it to the Governor-General for his approval and signature.
- 10 (4) In case the Auditor-General finds that the sums therein Auditor-General mentioned or any of them are not legally available for or applicable to the services or purposes therein set forth, he shall return the said Q. 11; N.Z. 53; W.A. 11; instrument to the Treasurer attaching thereto a paper setting forth in writing the sum or sums not found by him to be legally available or
- 15 applicable as aforesaid and the grounds on which he withholds his signature.

(5) Such instrument when countersigned by the Auditor-General Such instrument to and approved and signed by the Governor-General but not otherwise shall be the warrant for the issue of the drafts and cheques hereinafter 20 mentioned.

32. (1) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may issue drafts or cheques upon the Commonwealth Public Account in such form as shall be directed by the Treasurer, and such drafts or cheques shall be N.S.W. 18; N.Z. 25 sufficient authority to the bank in which the said account is kept to debit the said account with the amounts mentioned therein.

(2) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may either pay any account direct or may withdraw from the said account such sums as 30 may be required to defray any of the services or purposes enumerated in such warrant and advance to or lodge the same in some bank to the credit of any public accountant authorized by the Treasurer to make payments.

(3) In special cases where the Treasurer may consider it expedient 35 the Treasurer or his deputy may in lieu of the advance or lodgment hereinbefore referred to and in anticipation of accounts to be afterwards rendered establish a credit in any bank in favour of any such public accountant.

(4) Every public accountant in whose favour a credit shall have 40 been so established shall forthwith after the payment of such accounts as aforesaid or at such other times as the Treasurer may direct transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy accounts or abstracts duly vouching for the several sums paid from such credit.

(5) The

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may return instrument. . 11; N.S.W., 17.

be warrant.

Treasurer on receipt of warrant to issue drafts or cheques and make payments &c. 46-52; W.A. 13; Q. 12–13.

(5) The Treasurer or his deputy upon the receipt of such accounts or abstracts may withdraw from the said account such sums as may be necessary to cover the amounts so paid, and lodge the same in such bank to the credit of the public accountant who shall have made the payments.

(6) The amounts mentioned in such drafts or cheques and for such 5 credits shall not collectively in any case exceed the amount of the items set forth in the said warrant and any previous unexhausted warrants of the like nature.

(7) Except as provided in this Act no draft or cheque shall be drawn upon or money withdrawn from the said account. 10

38. (1) No public accountant shall pay any account unless he shall have been authorized so to do by some person appointed by the Governor-General for that purpose and unless such account shall have been duly certified as correct by some person appointed by the Governor-General for that purpose.

(2) No such person shall authorize the payment of any account until he shall have ascertained that the payment thereof in addition to any accounts already certified will not exceed the amount of the appropriation made for that purpose.

(3) No such person shall certify to any account until he shall have 20 ascertained that the expenditure has been duly authorized and that such account is correct and is charged against the proper head of expenditure.

•(4) Every account shall be considered duly authorized if it is in accordance with any existing law or regulation or has been directly sanctioned by the Treasurer and if chargeable on the Consolidated 25 Revenue Fund is covered by any Appropriation Act or any Act authorizing the issue and application of moneys out of such fund in force at the time of payment.

(5) The correctness of every account in regard to computations castings rates of charge and the faithful performance of the services 30 charged shall be certified by the person incurring the expense.

(6) Except as hereafter provided at the time of paying any account every public accountant shall obtain a receipt under the hand of the person to whom the same is payable or under the hand of some person or banker authorized in writing by such first-mentioned person for the 35 amount so paid which shall always be set out in words at full length.

(7) Any person to whom an account is payable may in such account direct that on such account being passed for payment an order authorizing the bearer thereof to receive the amount of such account shall be transmitted to him and the Treasurer or his deputy may if 40 he think fit transmit such order to such person by registered letter and any person producing such order signed by such first-mentioned person shall be entitled to receive payment of such amount and such payment shall be as valid and effectual in all respects as if made to such first-mentioned person personally and such order shall 45

Duty of paying and certifying officers. V. 31; S.A. 10. W.A. 14. N.S.W. 19, 20, 21. Q 15.

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for

[No. for all purposes be deemed a valid and effectual receipt for such amount and where such order has been so transmitted the Treasurer

shall be returned to him. 5 (8) No account shall be paid by any public accountant until he shall have ascertained that the regulations have been complied with so far as the same relate to the payment of accounts.

or his deputy shall not be bound to pay such account until such order

34. Annual Estimates shall be submitted to the House of Repre- Annual Estimates of sentatives of the proposed expenditure from the Consolidated Revenue 10 Fund classified and arranged in such a manner as to show in detail the expenditure of each department in salaries allowances and contingent expenses; and on the passing by the House of Representatives of the said Estimates the amount thereof shall be included in an Appropriation Act. Annual Estimates of the anticipated revenue and other resources

- 15 of the Commonwealth shall also be prepared in such a manner as may be considered desirable and shall be presented to the House of Representatives with the annual Estimate of the contemplated expenditure. Such Estimates of revenue and expenditure shall also be presented to the Senate.
- 20 35. (1) Every appropriation made out of the Consolidated No moneys shall be Revenue Fund for the service of any financial year shall lapse and cease to have any effect for any purpose at the close of that year and any balance of the moneys so appropriated which may then be unexpended shall lapse and the accounts of the year shall be then closed.
- (2) The Minister of each Department shall within thirty days after 25the close of the financial year prepare and transmit to the Treasurer a statement of all claims in respect of the services of his department Liabilities to be outstanding at the close of such year which might by law have been N.Z. 38. paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such year.
- 36. (1) If before the close of any financial year no Act is passed Contingent authority 30 granting and appropriating moneys out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund to meet the requirements of the next succeeding financial year, the Treasurer may pay such sums or make such advances or lodgments or establish such credits as may be necessary to meet such requirements, 35 current and accruing, subject to the following conditions :---

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- (a) That the authority of the Treasurer hereunder shall cease immediately upon the passing of the Appropriation Act for such next succeeding financial year within which such authority may be exercised, and shall not in any event extend beyond the period of the first month thereof :
- (b) That upon the passing of such Appropriation Act all payments made under the authority of this section shall be regarded and treated for all purposes as payments made

revenue and expenditure.

issued except for payment during year of appropriation. N.S.W. 22; V. 33; Q. 18; N.Z., 37; W.A. 15; Tas. 28; S.A. 12,

shown.

of Treasurer to pay moneys for Public Service pending passing of Appropriation Act. N.S.W. 25. N.Z. 39.

made out of the supply granted by such Act under the divisions and subdivisions of service appropriate thereto:

(c) That the payments hereby authorized shall be at such rates and shall not in the whole exceed such an amount as would be equivalent to the authorized expenditure under 5 the Appropriation Act for the immediately preceding financial year for a corresponding period of time in respect of all salaries, pay, wages, allowances, contracts for supplies or services, rents, Treasurer's advance, and other recurrent charges, and of all ordinary contingencies 10 of any office or department provided for by the Appropriation Act for such immediately preceding financial year and set forth in the Estimates relating thereto:

(2) If the Estimates of Expenditure for such succeeding financial year have been presented to the House of Representatives before the 15 thirtieth day of June in any year, and the rate of expenditure in such Estimates is, in any case, lower for any service than the rate of expenditure authorized in the last Appropriation Act, the expenditure under the authority of this section shall not exceed such lower rates. 20

87. The Treasurer shall make the payments advances or lodgments and establish the credits authorized by the next preceding section in such manner and in such proportions as the Governor-General by warrant in writing under his hand and directed to the said Treasurer, orders and directs; and the amount of the payments 25 advances and lodgments so to be made shall be charged upon and payable out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

38 (1) If the exigencies of the public service render it necessary to alter the proportions assigned to the particular items comprised under any one subdivision in the annual supplies the Governor-General may by order direct that there shall be applied in aid of any item that may be deficient a further limited sum out of any surplus arising on any other item under the same subdivision unless such subdivision shall be expressly stated to be "inalterable."

(2) Every order by which such altered application may be made 35 shall be delivered to the Auditor-General, and a copy thereof shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within seven days after the making thereof if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting. 40

(3) Nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize the Governor-General to direct that any such sum as aforesaid shall be applied in augmentation of or as an addition to any salary or wages the amount whereof respectively shall have been fixed by law.

or order. N.S.W. 26.

General's warrant

Treasurer to pay under Governor-

Power to vary the annual appropriation. N.S.W. 23; V. 32; Q. 19; N.Z. 40; W.A. 17.

Audit

Audit and Inspection.

39. (1) Unless otherwise directed in writing by the Treasurer Bankers to forward the manager or person in charge of any bank into which any money shall be paid to The Commonwealth Public Account or into which N.S.W. 24; V. 34; any advance shall have been paid or in which any lodgment has been W.A. 23; S.A. 14. 5 any advance shall have been paid or in which any lodgment has been

- made or credit opened as provided by this Act shall at such times as may be appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy a copy (to be called "The Bank Sheet") of so much of the debit and credit sides of The Commonwealth Public Account
- 10 or of the account in connexion with which such advance or lodgment shall have been made or credit opened as aforesaid as shall not previously have been transmitted to the Treasurer or his deputy, and also a certificate setting forth the balance to the debit or credit of the said account.
- (2) Such manager or person shall at such times as shall be 15 appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Auditor-General a copy of such bank sheet and certificate so far as the same relate to the Commonwealth Public Account.
- 40. Every public accountant charged with the duty of disbursing Accountants to fur-20 public moneys if so required by the Auditor-General shall not later than the fourth day after the expiration of each month transmit to the Auditor-General a detailed statement verified by his statutory declaration of the several drafts or cheques which he shall have drawn during the preceding month.
- 41. The Treasurer shall keep at the Treasury a book to be Treasurer to keep a 25called "The Cash Book" and shall enter therein when and as such cash book and send statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts as aforesaid respectively are received by him the amount mentioned in the same N.S.W. 27; V. 35; respectively and shall daily send to the Auditor-General the said 30 statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts and a copy (to be called "The Cash Sheet") of so much of the said book as shall not previously have been sent by him to the Auditor-General.

42. (1) The Auditor-General on receipt by him of the said Auditor-General on returns cash sheet statements accountable receipts accounts and 35 receipts shall examine the same and shall—

 (α) compare the debit and credit entries with the supporting vouchers and documents forwarded therewith and also with the bank sheets,

(b) ascertain whether such vouchers and documents bear upon the face of them a correct description of the proper heads of receipt or of expenditure to which the moneys mentioned therein have been credited or debited respectively, (c) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned on the debit

side of the cash sheet have been duly paid over to the

bank sheet.

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nish statement. Q. 14.

cash sheet &c. to Auditor-General. Q 22; W.A. 24; Tas. 11; S.A. 15; N.Z. 23.

receiving returns cash sheet and vouchers to examine and compare them. N.S.W. 34-35; V. 36; Q. 33; W.A. 25; Tas. 12; S.A. 16.

the Commonwealth Public Account, and whether the sums mentioned on the credit side of the cash sheet have been actually and duly disbursed under competent authority and on the prescribed certificates,

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- (d) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned in such entries 5 have been credited or debited to the proper heads of receipt or expenditure respectively,
- (e) ascertain whether the rates computations and castings are correct.
- (f) ascertain whether such moneys were legally available for 10 and applicable to the service or purpose to which the same shall have been applied or charged, and
- (g) ascertain whether the provisions of The Constitution Act this Act and any other Act and the regulations have been in all respects complied with.

Auditor-General to discharge and surcharge Treasurer. V, 38; N.Z. 32; Tas. 13-14 ; W.A. 26-34; N.S.W., 36; S.A. 17.

43. (1) The Auditor-General shall make such queries and observations addressed to the Treasurer or any other person whomsoever and call for such accounts vouchers statements documents and explanations as he may think necessary and after such queries and observations shall have been answered and after such further accounts, 20 vouchers, statements, documents, and explanations shall have been rendered, shall allow and discharge and grant an acquittance to the Treasurer for all receipts which shall be found correct and for all payments duly and properly made and supported by proper receipts or vouchers. $\mathbf{25}$

(2) If it shall appear to the Auditor-General from any examination audit or inspection made by him or any person appointed by him-

- (a) That any public accountant has wilfully or negligently omitted to collect or receive any money,
- (b) that any money shall not have been duly credited to the 30 proper head of revenue or account or not duly accounted for and paid over to the Commonwealth Public Account,
- (c) that any money shall have been applied or charged to any service or purpose for which the same was not legally available or applicable,
- (d) that any expenditure shall not have been duly authorized or shall not be duly vouched and certified,
- (e) that there has been any deficiency or loss through the fraud mistake default or error of any person,
- (f) that the said returns statements accounts and receipts or 40 any of them are in any essential particular defective or imperfect,
- (g) that any material error has been committed, or
- (h) that any of the provisions of The Constitution Act or this Act or any other Act or the regulations have not been 45 complied with

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the Auditor-General shall within three months next after the said returns statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts shall have

been sent to him as hereinbefore directed surcharge the Treasurer with any deficiency or loss and any expenditure which shall not have been Б duly authorized vouched or certified by deducting the amount thereof from the sum for which an acquittance would otherwise have been given.

(3) Where any surcharge shall have remained unsatisfied for a period of six months and the Auditor-General shall have given a 10 certificate in writing to the Treasurer that for any reason therein mentioned such surcharge should be removed, the Governor-General may make an order that such surcharge shall be removed and such surcharge shall then be deemed to have been satisfied.

(4) Every such acquittance shall be in such one of the forms con- Third Schedule. 15 tained in the Third Schedule to this Act as shall be applicable to the case or to the like effect and shall be transmitted to the Treasurer and shall be a full and complete discharge to him as to the several moneys mentioned therein.

(5) No acquittance shall be signed for any surcharge until such 20 surcharge shall have been satisfied.

44. Whenever the Treasurer shall have been surcharged as herein. Treasurer to before directed he shall ascertain by what person the fraud mistake surcharge defaulters. default or error occasioning such surcharge shall have been committed, V., 39; Tas., 15. and shall send notice in writing of such surcharge to such person by 25registered letter and take such measures or proceedings as the case may require to recover the amount thereof and no account payable to or claimed by such person shall be paid until such surcharge shall have been satisfied and an acquittance for the same shall have been signed as aforesaid and transmitted to the Treasurer; and the amount of every 30 such surcharge may be sued for as money paid by His Majesty to the use of such person at his request.

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45. (1) In all cases in which notice of any surcharge shall have Accountants to been sent by the Treasurer to any public accountant or any other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act who may be dissatisfied with any disallowance or surcharge in his accounts N.S.W., 37; Q., 36; W.A., 27; S.A., 18, made by the Auditor-General such public accountant or person shall have a right of appeal to the Governor-General within three months after the sending of such notice.

(2) The Governor-General after such investigation as he considers 40 equitable may make such order directing the relief of the appellant wholly or in part from the disallowance or surcharge in question as shall appear to the Governor-General to be just and reasonable nd such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties nd be acted on accordingly.

have right of appeal to the Governor.

46. (1) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint may whenever he shall think fit and shall whenever required so to do by the Treasurer inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of any public accountant and of any other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any moneys should have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for on account or for the use or benefit any other person.

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- (2) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint shall -10
 - (a) Once at least in every year inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of every public accountant and of every other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any moneys shall have come for or on account of the Consoli-15 dated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, and all stores belonging to His Majesty of whatsoever nature or description the same may be and 20 shall cause stock thereof to be taken;
 - (b) Ascertain whether the whole of the revenue and all other collections whatever have been duly collected and accounted for and whether the moneys received from the Treasurer or his deputy or issued under any credit have 25 been duly and properly paid to the several persons entitled to receive the same;
 - (c) Investigate and examine all contracts accounts invoices requisitions books bills of parcels vouchers and documents in anywise relating to or concerning the same, 30 and all circumstances affecting or attending the making of any such contract;
 - (d) Ascertain the quantity description and price of all stores purchased on account of His Majesty and of all stores supplied for the use of every department of the public 35 service and whether any person in the public service has requisitioned for or obtained any stores in excess of the reasonable requirements of his office;
 - (e) Examine whether the proper quantities of all such stores are remaining in stock in the proper store or building; and 40
 - (f) Forthwith make and sign and forward to the Treasurer a report of the result of such inspection investigation examination audit and comparison and as to the manner in which the books accounts and other papers aforesaid and stores shall have been kept and as to the state of the 45 several

Auditor-General to inspect public stores books accounts &c.

V., 40; Q., 32-35; W.A., 28; Tas., 16: S.A., 19.

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several offices and stores and a statement of surcharges in respect of all sums found to have been omitted to be collected or not duly accounted for and of all payments which shall have not been duly authorized or properly made or for which the necessary certificates receipts and vouchers shall not have been produced and such other information as may be prescribed.

47. No sum shall be allowed in any account to have been duly No sum to be allowed received or paid without a written voucher for the actual receipt or 10 payment of every sum so claimed to be allowed (notwithstanding any N.S.W. 38; V. 41; allegation of papers having been lost or destroyed or of the impossibility of obtaining the prescribed voucher) except on application to the Governor-General who upon satisfactory evidence being produced that the requisite papers have been lost or destroyed or that it is not 15 possible to obtain or replace them may order that the said sum shall be allowed or disallowed as the case may be and may make such other order in the premises as he shall think fit and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties and be acted on accordingly.

48. (1) When a voucher produced for a sum of money discussion. No. Wouchers. 20 shall be defective from the want of any certificate or other document N.S.W. 39,41; V. 42; high curcht to have accompanied it or in any other particular the Q. 38; W.A. 29; Tas. 21; S.A. 20. Auditor-General may upon proof being made to his satisfaction that the public accountant did not wilfully neglect to procure or produce such certificate or document and that the sum specified in the 25 voucher has been actually and properly disbursed admit such voucher as a sufficient discharge and allow the amount of the same.

(2) The Auditor-General may admit and allow in cases where it appears to him to be reasonable or expedient so to do vouchers for any moneys expressed therein although the same are not stamped according 30 to law.

Allowances or **49**. (1) In all cases where any sum of money shall be allowed either without any written voucher or upon an imperfect voucher or incorrect certificate or shall be disallowed in consequence of the absence or imperfection of such voucher or the absence or incorrectness of such 35 certificate the particulars and amount of such allowance or disallowance N.S.W., 40; V., 43; shall be specified to the Treasurer in the report of the Auditor-General; Tas., 22; S.A., 21. and in case of the disallowance of any sum the amount thereof shall be deemed and taken to be money paid by His Majesty to the use of such public accountant at his request and in addition to any other means of 40 recovering such amount the same shall be retained or stopped from any

moneys then or thereafter payable to such public accountant.

Statements

without voucher unless by order. Q. 37; Tas. 20,

disallowances

vouchers to be

reported.

without vouchers or with imperfect

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Statements and Audit thereof.

50. (1) The Treasurer as soon as conveniently may be after the expiration of every quarter of the financial year shall publish in the Gazette a statement in detail of the receipts and expenditure as well of the Consolidated Revenue Fund as of the Trust Fund and Loan 5 Fund during such quarter together with a comparative statement of such receipts and expenditure during the corresponding quarter of the previous financial year and in like manner at the expiration of the financial year shall publish an Annual Statement of receipts and expenditure with a comparative statement of receipts and expenditure 10 during the previous financial year.

(2) The Treasurer shall also at the same time and in like manner publish a statement in detail of the Loan Fund with the balances to the credit thereof.

51. The Treasurer shall as soon as practicable after the end of 15every financial year prepare a full and particular statement in detail of the expenditure of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for such year (classified and arranged in the same form and under the same divisions and subdivisions as shall have been employed in the appropriation thereof and showing all votes which shall have lapsed) and of the Loan 20 Fund and all other accounts for the same period and of the Trust Fund for the same period under the several heads of account of that fund and also of the receipts of the Consolidated Revenue Fund Loan Fund and other accounts and Trust Fund for the same year; and 25shall transmit such statement to the Auditor-General.

52. The Auditor-General shall forthwith examine such statement and prepare and sign a report explaining such statement in full and showing-

- (a) in what particulars such statement agrees with or differs from the accounts of the Treasurer, 30
- (b) full particulars of every case in which the provisions of this Act or any other Act or the regulations or any forms shall not have been carried out or adopted or shall in any manner have been varied or departed from,
- (c) every case in which default shall have been made in 35delivering or sending accounts or collecting or accounting for any moneys or stores,
- (d) all sums allowed or disallowed without vouchers or with imperfect vouchers, or upon incorrect certificates,
- (e) any proceeding that may have been taken by or against 40any person in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or the regulation,
- (f) all claims in respect of any department outstanding at the close of the financial year, which might by law have been paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such 45 (g) all year,

Treasurer to make quarterly statement of receipts and payments. N.S.W. 28; V. 48; Q. 23; N.Z. 69; W.A. 37; Tas. 25; S.A. 29.

Q. 23.

And to prepare yearly statement thereof for audit. N.S.W. 29; V. 49; Q. (1890) 12; N.Z. 70; W.A. 38; Tas. 26; S.A. 30.

Auditor-General to audit and report. N.S.W. 43; V. 50; Q. (1890) 13; W.A. 39; Tas. 26; S.A. 31.

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- (g) all surcharges which have been made by the Auditor-General and not satisfied or which have been removed by order of the Governor-General, and
- (h) such other information as may be prescribed or as the Auditor-General thinks desirable.

53. The Auditor-General shall annex or append to the said Certain Orders report a copy of every Order in Council by which it may have been directed

- (a) that there should be applied in aid of any item that may N.S.W. 44; V. 51; have been deficient a further sum out of any surplus arising on any other item under the same subdivision,
- (b) a copy of every case or statement of facts laid by the said Auditor-General before the Attorney-General or Crown Solicitor for his opinion together with a copy of the opinion given thereon.

54. The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making Report to be laid and signing the said report if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually N.S.W. 45; V. 52; 20sitting within fourteen days after the next session or sitting transmit to both Houses of the Parliament the said statement accompanied by such report and by the said copies hereinbefore directed to be appended thereto.

- 55. The Auditor-General may in such yearly report or in any Auditor-General to 25 special report which he may at any time think fit to make recommend any plans and suggestions for the better collection and payment of payment. the public moneys and the more effectually and economically auditing N.S.W. 46; V. 53; and examining the public accounts and stores and any improvement Tas. 27; S.A. 34. in the mode of keeping such accounts and generally report upon all
- 30 matters relating to the public accounts public moneys and stores, and such plans and suggestions shall be considered and dealt with by the Governor-General.

Loan Fund.

56. (1) A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury of all Separate account to 35 moneys which shall be raised by way of loan upon the public credit of the Commonwealth and which shall have been placed to the credit of W.A. 18:

the Commonwealth Public Account.

(2) Such account shall be called "The Loan Fund" and shall be kept under such separate heads as are specified in the several Loan 40 Acts under the authority whereof the moneys were raised.

57. All interest (other than interest on loans taken over by the How interest to be Commonwealth from the States or any renewal or conversion thereof) $Q_{2.23}$. payable

in Council and law officers' opinions to be appended. S.A. 32.

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before both Houses of Parliament. S.A. 33; Q. (1895) 13; W.A. 40.

make suggestions for collection and

be kept of Loan Fund.

Q. (1890) 3.

charged.

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15

payable on account of the Public Debt of the Commonwealth on the first day of any quarter of the financial year shall be charged and included as a payment in the preceding quarter of such year.

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58. (1) It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund except under the 5 authority of an Act of the Parliament.

(2) Such Act shall show the nature of the proposed work or other object of the proposed expenditure and the amount of the proposed expenditure in each case and the total amount proposed to be expended for such work or object.

59. When any money is appropriated out of the moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund for the purpose of defraying the cost of the purchase of any material the cost of which may ultimately be chargeable to and divisible amongst more works than one and it is not known or does not appear to what work the cost of such 15 material ought ultimately to be charged, then the Governor-General may direct that all moneys expended for such material shall be charged in the first instance to a "Suspense Account" and shall afterwards be charged to the proper work when the same is ascertained.

60. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and 20 expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund, and the Governor-General shall have the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the 25 Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection receipt and audit of the Public Accounts and the powers and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of public moneys and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons 30 whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys expended from the moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund.

Trust Fund.

61. A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury to be called the Trust Fund of all moneys which shall be placed to the credit of 35 that fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

62. It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund except for the purposes of such fund or under the authority of an Act of the Parliament. 40 63. (1) All

Trust Fund.

Expenditure of Trust moneys.

Q. (1890) 4. Q. (1890) 8.

expenditure to be

covered by Act. W.A. 19;

Loan Fund

Suspense accounts. Q. (1890) 14.

Provisions of Act to apply. Q. (1890) 10.

to apply.

[No.]

63. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and Provisions of Act expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund, and the Governor-General shall have ± 5 the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection receipt and audit of the Public Accounts and the powers and duties of the 10 Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of public moneys and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys expended from the moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund.

64. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained the Moneys outside the 15 Governor-General may make such arrangements as he considers necessary for the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of any money belonging to the Commonwealth outside the territory of the Commonwealth and for the keeping of books and accounts and furnishing statements returns and 20 vouchers and for the examination inspection record and audit of such

books accounts statements returns and vouchers.

Penalties.

65. (1) Any public accountant or person subject to the provisions Penalties for of this Act misapplying improperly disposing of or making use of any 25 money or stores which shall come to his possession or control by reason or virtue of his office service or employment otherwise than provided by this Act or the regulations or paying any such money into his private account at any bank shall be deemed to have fraudulently converted such money or stores to his private use and to be guilty 30 of a felony, and shall on conviction thereof be liable to be imprisoned

for any term not exceeding five years.

(2) If any such public accountant or person wilfully damages or destroys any such stores he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding 35 two years.

66. If any person shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure Punishment for to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly of managements, in forging or counterfeiting the name initials mark or handwriting of Q. 50; W.A. 43; Tas. 34; S.A. 36. to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly or wilfully act or assist 40 receiving or obtaining any public money or any money out of the Commonwealth Public Account or any stores belonging to His Majesty or shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly or wilfully act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting

misappropriations. Q, 49; N.Z., 10 W.A., 36; Tas., 24; S.A., 28.

Commonwealth.

forgery of Treasury

counterfeiting any writing made by any such person as aforesaid or shall utter or publish any such writing knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited with an intention to defraud His Majesty or any person whomsoever every person so offending shall be guilty of felony and being convicted thereof shall be liable to be imprisoned for a 5 period not exceeding fifteen years.

67. (1) Where the Treasurer shall have given a certificate in writing that for any reason therein mentioned any document subscribed by any person in any specified part of the Commonwealth should be accepted in lieu of any statutory declaration required by this Act or 10 the regulations the Governor-General may order that any document so subscribed shall be so accepted without being declared.

(2) Any person who shall subscribe any such document knowing the same to be false shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury as if such document were a statutory declaration made and subscribed by 15 such person.

68. (1) Any person who shall fail to attend the Auditor-General for the purpose of being examined, or to produce any accounts books vouchers documents or papers, or to be sworn or make a declaration or affirmation or to answer any lawful question when required so to do 20 by the Auditor-General, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding One hundred pounds.

(2) Where any person is compelled under the provisions of this Act to attend before the Auditor-General he shall be entitled to be paid such expenses as the Auditor-General may certify to be reason- 25 able.

69. If any person shall make or subscribe any statutory declaration or affirmation mentioned in this Act knowing the same to be false, or if any person in the course of his examination before any Auditor-General shall wilfully and corruptly give false evidence, such person 30 shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Any person who is guilty of any wilful act of commission or omission contrary to any of the provisions of this Act for which no penalty is expressly provided shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty pounds. 35

70. All penalties incurred under this Act may in addition to any other method provided in this Act be imposed and recovered by and before any court of summary jurisdiction upon the information or complaint of any person or persons appointed by the Treasurer either generally or for the purpose of any particular case, and when paid or 40 recovered shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

REGULATIONS.

Persons failing to attend Auditor-General or to give evidence. V. 46; Tas. 23; Q. 43; S.A. 25; N.Z. 90; W.A. 33.

Persons taking false oath or making a false declaration guilty of perjury. V. 47; Q. 44; S.A. 26; N.Z. 83; W.A. 34 ; Tas. 19.

Offences generally.

Recovery of penalties. N.Z. 92.

Document in lieu of statutory declaration.

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REGULATIONS.

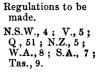
71. (1) The Governor-General may make such regulations (not Regulations to be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act) as may appear to him to be necessary or expedient for-

- (a) the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of all public moneys and the guidance of all persons concerned therein,
 - (b) the more effectual record examination inspection and audit of all receipts and expenditure and the keeping of all necessary books and accounts,
 - (c) prescribing the necessary forms for all books and documents whatever required under the provisions of this Act or the regulations, and for
 - (d) the proper carrying into effect the purposes of this Act.
- 15 (2) All such regulations shall be published in the *Gazette* and shall have the force of law and shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within fourteen days after the making thereof if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting and if the Parliament be not then in session or not actually sitting then within fourteen days 20 after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) Any such regulation may impose upon any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act a penalty not exceeding Five pounds for any offence for the breach of any regulation and such penalty may be recovered either in the same manner as a penalty

25 incurred under this Act, or by deducting the same from any money due or thereafter becoming due to such public accountant or person.

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SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

I, do solemnly and sincerely promise and declare that according to the best of my skill and ability I will faithfully impartially and truly execute the office and perform the duties of Auditor-General (or as the case may be) according to law.

Section

SECOND SCHEDULE.

WARRANT.

To the Auditor-General.

The amount of moneys likely to become due and payable out of "The Commonwealth Public Account" during the months of

now next is pounds shillings pence and the services and purposes for which the same will be required and are as follows (that is to say):----

Division.	Subdivision.	Purpose.	Amoun Aut	t Previ shorized	ously 1.	Amount now Authorized.	Tot a l Amount Authorized.	Provision Authorized.	Balance.
			£	s.	d.				
	Total	£							

Dated this

19.

Treasurer.

I CERTIFY that the sums above mentioned are legally available for and applicable to the services and purposes respectively above set forth. Dated this

day of

19

.

day of

out of the "The Commonwealth Public

To the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of

Australia.

Auditor-General. You are hereby authorized to issue

Account" the amount above set forth and for so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand the

day of

THIRD

3

Section .

¹⁹ Governor-General.

EDW. VII.] Commonwealth of Australia Audit.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

No.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

		Amount.	
support of the payments authorized by ; on the of that date amounting to and that I find you are entitled to liability on account of such payments to	as set forth in your cash sheet a discharge from all responsibility and		
credited on account of receipts are here	by surcharged viz. :		
Treasury Vou. No.	Amount.		
		£	
I therefore grant this acquitts shillings and		po	ounde
Given under my hand this	day of	19	•
	A	uditor-Gener	al.

No.

SURCHARGE REMOVAL.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

I certify that I have re-examined the several accounts below enumerated previously placed under surcharge in acquittance No. and that I find you are entitled to a discharge from all responsibility and liability on account of the same as set forth in your cash sheet of the day of 19.

	Treasury Vou	. No.	Amount.	
	Total	£		
I therefore grant this acquittance for shillings and	the amount of pence.		pound	

Auditor-General.

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Section [.

[No.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT of the COMMONWEALTH of AUSTRALIA by ROFT. S. BRAIN, Government Printer for the State of Victoria.

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1901.

THE PARLIAMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(As reported from Committee of the Whole, 9th July, 1901.)

A BILL

To make provision for the Collection and Payment of the Public Moneys the Audit of the Public Accounts and the Protection and Recovery of Public Property and for other purposes.

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty and the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia as follows:---

Preliminary.

5 1. This Act may be cited as the Commonwealth of Australia Short title and Audit Act 1901, and shall come into operation on the first day of commencement. October One thousand nine hundred and one.

2. In this Act unless the context or subject-matter otherwise Definitions. requires—

(a) "Auditor-General" shall mean the Auditor-General for the time being of the Commonwealth ;

- (b) "Commonwealth Public Account" shall include the Consolidated Revenue Fund and all public moneys whatever;
- [C. 6]-150/15.7.1901.-F.4433. (c) "Deputy

1 Edw. VII.] Commonwealth of Australia Audit.

- (c) "Deputy" when used in connexion with the word Treasurer shall mean some person appointed in writing by the Treasurer ;
- (d) "Loan Fund" shall mean the Loan Fund of the Commonwealth;
- (e) "Prescribed" shall mean prescribed by this Act or the regulations ;
- (f) "Public accountant" shall include every person who by any law regulation or appointment is charged with the duty of collecting or receiving or who does actually 10 collect or receive any public moneys or who is charged with the duty of disbursing or who does actually disburse any public moneys ;
- (g) "Public moneys" shall include all revenue loan trust and other moneys whatsoever received for or on account of 15 the Commonwealth or referred to in this Act;
- (h) "Regulations" shall mean regulations made under this Act:
- (i) "Treasurer" shall mean the Treasurer for the time being of the Commonwealth. 20
- (*j*) "Trust Fund" shall mean the Trust Fund of the Commonwealth.

Auditor-General.

3. The Governor-General may appoint some person to be Auditor-General for the purposes of this Act and in case of the death resignation 25 vacation of office or removal of any Auditor-General may appoint some other person in his stead.

4. The Auditor-General shall receive an annual salary of One thousand pounds and such salary shall be a charge upon and paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund which to the necessary extent is 30 hereby appropriated accordingly.

5. (1) No Auditor-General shall during his continuance in such office be capable of being a member of the Executive Council of the Commonwealth or of any State thereof or of either House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or of any State thereof.

(2) The Auditor-General shall be deemed to have vacated his office-

- (a) if he directly or indirectly engages in any paid employment outside the duties of his office or in any trade or business except as a member of any registered company;
- (b) if he becomes insolvent or bankrupt or compounds with his creditors or makes any assignment of his salary for their benefit or takes advantage of the provisions of any Act or State Act relating to insolvency or bankruptcy;

(c) if

N.S.W., 30; N.Z., 25; V., 6; W.A., 4; Q., 26; S.A., 2-3. His salary.

Appointment of Auditor-General.

V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7; Tas., 6-8; S.A., 6.

Incapacity for other position. V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7;

Tas., 6-8; S.A., 6.

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W.A., 12; N.S.W.,

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- (c) if except on leave granted by the Governor-General he absents himself from duty for fourteen consecutive days or for twenty-eight days in any twelve months; or
- (d) if he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor-General and such resignation is accepted by the Governor-General.

6. (1) If any officer of the Commonwealth is appointed Auditor- Rights of officers General his service as Auditor-General shall for the purpose of determining all his existing and accruing rights be counted as public 10 service in the Commonwealth.

(2) If any officer in the public service of a State is appointed Auditor-General he shall have the same rights as if he had been an officer of a department transferred to the Commonwealth and were retained in the service of the Commonwealth.

- 7. (1) The Auditor-General shall hold his office during good How removed from 15 behaviour and shall not be removed therefrom unless an address praying for such removal shall be presented to the Governor-General by the Senate and the House of Representatives respectively in the same session of the Parliament.
- 20(2) The Governor-General may at any time suspend any Auditor-General from his office for inability incapacity incompetence or misbehaviour; and when and so often as the same shall happen the Treasurer shall lay before both Houses of the Parliament a full statement of the grounds of such suspension within seven days 25 after such suspension if the Parliament be then in session and actually
- sitting, or if the Parliament be not then in session or not actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.
- (3) The Auditor-General so suspended shall be restored to office 30 unless each House of the Parliament within forty-two days after the day when such statement is laid before it, and in the same session pass an address to the Governor-General praying for his removal.

8. Every Auditor-General before he shall enter upon the duties Auditor-General to or exercise the powers vested in him by this Act shall make and make a declaration. 35 subscribe before the Executive Council a declaration in the form First Schedule. contained in the First Schedule to this Act.

9. In the case of the illness inability incapacity suspension deputy. absence of any Auditor-General the Governor-General may appoint N.S.W., 33; some other person to act as the deputy of fsuch Auditor-General W.A., 5; V., 11; mak illness inability incapacity suspension or absence; and S.A., 4; N.Z., 29; S.A., 4; N.Z., 29. 40 during such illness inability incapacity suspension or absence; and every

N.S.W., 32; V., 9; W.A., 6; S.A., 5.

preserved.

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office or suspended.

N.S.W., 31; Tas., 4-5; V., 8; Q., 28; N.Z., 28; W.A., 3; S.A., 2.

every such person shall make and subscribe a declaration in the form aforesaid or to the like effect and shall during the time for which he shall act as such deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such Auditor-General.

Auditor-General may appoint deputy. Constitution Act 126. 10. (1) The Auditor-General may with the approval of the 5 Governor-General appoint any person holding the office of Auditor-General or Commissioner of Audit in any State or if such person is unable or unwilling to act then some other person to be his deputy within any part of the Commonwealth and in that capacity to exercise during the pleasure of the Auditor-General such powers and duties of the 10 Auditor-General as he thinks fit with the approval of the Governor-General to assign to such deputy subject to any limitations expressed or directions given by such Auditor-General, but the appointment of such deputy shall not affect the exercise by the Auditor-General himself of any power or duty.

(2) Every such person shall make and subscribe before a Judge of the Supreme Court of a State a declaration in the form aforesaid or to the like effect which shall be transmitted by such deputy to the Auditor-General and by him transmitted to the Clerk to the Executive Council.

(3) Such person shall during the time for which he shall act as such deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such Auditor-General so assigned to him.

11. The Auditor-General may by writing under his hand appoint any person to inspect examine and audit any books accounts or stores 25 which are required to be audited or inspected by this Act and to report thereon to him and any such person shall have power to inspect all stores and all books accounts vouchers and papers relating to any public moneys.

12. (1) The Auditor-General shall communicate with the 30 Treasurer upon all matters arising under this Act or the regulations relating to the collection receipt issue and expenditure of public moneys.

(2) The Auditor-General shall transmit to the Treasurer the name of any person failing to comply with any of the provisions of this 35 Act or the regulations and thereupon and until such failure shall have been made good to the satisfaction of the Treasurer all salary and moneys that may be or become due or payable to such person may be withheld.

13. (1) The Auditor-General may by precept under his hand 40 require all such persons as he may think fit to appear personally before him at a time and place to be named in such precept, and to produce to him all such accounts books vouchers documents and papers in the possession or control of such persons as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purposes of his examination. (2) The 45

Auditor-General may appoint persons to inspect. N.Z. 33.

Auditor-General to communicate with Treasurer; report defaulters. N.S.W. 13; V. 26; Q. 31.

Auditor-General may call for persons and papers. V. 44; Q. 41; N.Z. 34; W.A. 31; Tas. 17; S.A. 23.

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(2) The Auditor-General may when he shall think fit cause search to be made in and extracts to be taken from any book document or record in the custody of the Treasurer or in any public office without paying any fee for the same.

- 5 14. The Auditor-General is hereby authorized and required to Auditor-General examine upon oath declaration or affirmation (which oath declaraexamine upon oath declaration or annuation (main ster) all persons ∇ , 45; Q, 42;tion or affirmation he is hereby empowered to administer) all persons ∇ , 45; Q, 42;W.A. 32; Tas. 18: of money or any stores respectively affected by the provisions of this
- 10 Act and respecting all other matters and things whatever necessary for the due execution and exercise of the duties and powers vested in him.

15. The Auditor-General shall be entitled to lay before the Auditor-General Attorney-General or Crown Solicitor of the Commonwealth a case in 15 writing as to any question arising out of the Constitution Act or this W.A. 35; S.A. 27. Act or the regulations or concerning the powers of the Auditor-General or the discharge of his duties, and such Attorney-General or Crown Solicitor shall give him a written opinion on such case,

Public Accountants.

- 16. Every public accountant shall be subject to the provisions Persons subject 20 of this Act and the regulations and shall perform such duties keep $_{N,S,W.,5}^{to Act}$ such books and render such accounts as are prescribed by this Act or $_{Q,1}^{to Act}$; $_{S,A,9}^{to Act}$. by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct.
- 17. Every public accountant shall if required by the Treasurer Security to be 25 so to do provide security for such sum and in such manner and form as the Treasurer shall direct for the due performance of his duties and $Q_{,48}^{N.S.W., 14}$; V., 4; for the due accounting for and payment of all moneys which shall come to his possession or control by reason or virtue of his office service or employment.
- 30 18. No public accountant shall open any public or official account Public accountant's in any bank without the authority in writing of the Treasurer or his deputy, and no bank shall permit any public accountant to have an overdraft on any public or official account except the same be a credit authorized under this Act.
- 19. On the death resignation or removal of any public Transfer of balances 35 accountant the balances remaining at the credit of his public or official account shall upon the appointment of his successor vest in and be transferred to the public or official account of such successor at the said bank, and shall not in the event of the death or insolvency of any $\frac{N}{N,Z,10}$
- 40 such public accountant constitute assets of his estate or be in any manner subject to the control of his legal representative assignee or trustee.

may administer

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S.A. 24.

may obtain opinion.

given.

bank account.

on decease resignation or removal of public accountants. N.S.W. 11; Q. 7;

(2) All

V. 28; Q. 9; N.S.W. 16; N.Z. 6.

(2) All moneys paid into any bank to The Commonwealth Public Account shall be deemed and taken to be public moneys and the property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the persons or body corporate to whom such bank may belong.

Collection of Moneys.

Treasurer may agree with any bank for conducting business. N.Z. 15; W.A. 22; S.A. 13. 20. (1) The Treasurer may agree with any bank upon such terms and conditions as he may think fit for the receipt custody payment and transmission of public moneys within or without the Commonwealth, and for advances to be made and for the charges in respect of the same, and for the interest payable by or to the 10 bank upon balances or advances respectively, and generally for the conduct of the banking business of the Commonwealth.

(2) No such agreement shall be made for a period of more than one year unless it contains a provision that the same may be terminated at any time after a notice of not exceeding six months. 15

Commonwealth Public Account. **21.** (1) The Commonwealth Public Account shall be kept in such bank and under such subdivisions (if any) as the Treasurer may in writing direct.

Public accountants to pay into Treasury or bank, &c. N.S.W. 7; N.Z. 21; Q. 3. 22. Except as otherwise provided in this Act every public accountant collecting or receiving money shall daily or at such intervals 20 and in such manner as may be directed by the Treasurer transmit or pay to the Treasurer or his deputy or into the Commonwealth Public Account or to such person as the Treasurer may direct all money collected or received by him on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund. 25

23. The Treasurer or his deputy shall pay daily into the Commonwealth Public Account all money received by the Treasurer or his deputy.

Public accountants to furnish statements. V. 20; N.Z. 22.

Treasurer to pay daily into bank.

N.S.W. 15; Q. 8.

N.Z., 14 ; V., 20.

24. (1) Every public accountant transmitting or paying any money collected or received by him to the Treasurer or his deputy or to 30 any person as aforesaid shall at the same time transmit or deliver to the Treasurer or his deputy or to such person a statement signed by him of the days of the month on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars as may be prescribed. 35

(2) Every public accountant at the time of paying any money into the Commonwealth Public Account shall obtain from the manager or person in charge of the bank into which such money is paid (who is hereby required to give the same) an accountable receipt in duplicate for such money; and shall forthwith after such payment transmit 40 to the Treasurer or his deputy one of the said duplicate accountable receipts and also a statement signed by him of the days of the month on

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on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars as may be prescribed.

25. Every public accountant collecting or receiving revenue Public accountants 5to send declared (unless otherwise specially directed) shall on or before the tenth day of returns to the every month transmit to the Auditor-General a return verified by his Auditor-General. statutory declaration of all moneys which shall have come into his V. 21; N.Z. 32. possession or under his control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during the preceding month.

- 26 (1) All moneys received by Postmasters for transmission by The Post Office 10 post office order telegram or postal note and for the charges and commission in relation thereto shall be kept in a separate account at some bank, appointed by the Treasurer, called the "Post Office Account," which shall be operated upon only by cheque signed by the Post-15 master-General or some person appointed in writing by him to act
- as his deputy for that purpose.

(2) Such moneys shall be deemed and taken to be public moneys and the property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the persons or body corporate to whom such bank shall belong.

- (3) The Postmaster-General shall at the end of each month or 20 oftener if required to do so by the Treasurer pay into the Commonwealth Public Account all moneys so received during such month as revenue.
- 27. (1) When under any Act any money (which by such Act Disposal of private 25 is directed to be paid into the Treasury or to the Treasurer) shall come to the possession or control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act by virtue of his office service or employment for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, such first-mentioned person shall pay the same and act in 30 respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public
- accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit.
- (2) Such money shall be placed to the credit of an account to 35 be kept in the Treasury to be called "The Trust Fund" and under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

28. (1) When by virtue of his office service or employment or of Public servants any legal process whatsoever any money shall come to the possession or 40 control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other N.S.W. 9; V.23; person and shall have remained in such possession or under such Q. 5; N.Z. 11. control for such period as may be prescribed, such first-mentioned person

collecting private moneys to place them to their credit in bank.

NZ. 74.

Account.

moneys collected under Acts of Parliament. N.S.W. 8; V. 22; Q. 4; N.Z. 8.

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person shall pay the same into such bank at such place and in such manner as the Treasurer shall direct.

(2) Such money shall be paid by such person as aforesaid to an official account to be opened by him in such bank ; and all interest which shall become due from such bank for or in respect thereof shall form 5 part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(3) No such person shall be answerable or accountable for any loss that may happen through any such bank.

29. When any such money as last aforesaid shall have remained in such bank for three months such person shall pay the same and act 10 in respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit; and such money shall be placed to the credit 15 of the said Trust Fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

30. (1) All such sums as shall have been so placed to the credit of the said Trust Fund and as shall have remained unclaimed for the period of six years after the same shall have been so placed shall be carried 20 to and form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) No person shall be entitled to receive any such sum which shall have remained unclaimed for six years; but no time during which the person entitled to receive such sum shall have been an infant or of unsound mind or out of the Commonwealth shall be taken into account in 25 estimating the said period of six years.

(3) Provided that any sum the claim to which is established to the satisfaction of the Governor-General after the same shall have been carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund may be withdrawn therefrom and refunded upon the authority of the Governor- 30 General.

Payment of Moneys.

31. No money shall be drawn from the Commonwealth Public Account except in the manner provided by this Act.

32. The Treasurer shall as often as occasion may require calculate 35 the amount of money likely to become due and payable out of the said account during the period not exceeding three months therein mentioned, and shall thereupon prepare an instrument in the form contained in the Second Schedule to this Act or to the like effect and shall set forth therein the said amount classifying and arranging 40 it (if for the public service) under the same divisions and subdivisions that shall have been employed in the appropriation thereof, or stating (if

How moneys are to be issued. N.S.W. 16; V. 28; Q. 9; N.Z. 6-43; W.A. 9; Tas. 10; S.A. 8.

Treasurer to prepare statement of moneys required. Second Schedule.

And after three months to be paid to the public account. N.S.W. 10; V. 24;

Q. 5.

Unclaimed trust fund to be carried to revenue.

N.S.W. 12; V. 25; Q. 6; N.Z. 9.

(if not for the public service) the purpose for which it is payable, and after having signed such instrument shall transmit the same to the Auditor-General for his counter signature.

- (3) Before countersigning any such instrument as aforesaid the Auditor-General to 5 Auditor-General shall ascertain that the sums therein mentioned are Auditor-General shall ascertain that the sums the services or purposes N.S.W. 17; V. 29; legally available for and applicable to the services or purposes N.S.W. 17; V. 29; mentioned in such instrument; and after countersigning such instrument Q. 10; N.Z. 44-46; W.A. 10. shall return the same to the Treasurer who shall thereupon submit it to the Governor-General for his approval and signature.
- 10 (4) In case the Auditor-General finds that the sums therein Auditor-General mentioned or any of them are not legally available for or applicable to the services or purposes therein set forth, he shall return the said instrument to the Treasurer attaching thereto a paper setting forth in writing the sum or sums not found by him to be legally available or
- 15 applicable as aforesaid and the grounds on which he withholds his signature.

(5) Such instrument when countersigned by the Auditor-General Such instrument to and approved and signed by the Governor-General but not otherwise shall be the warrant for the issue of the drafts and cheques hereinafter 20 mentioned.

32. (1) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may issue drafts or cheques upon the Commonwealth Public Account in such form as shall be directed by the Treasurer, and such drafts or cheques shall be N.S.W. 18; N.Z. shall be directed by the Treasurer, and such drafts or cheques shall be N.S.W. 18; N.Z. 25 sufficient authority to the bank in which the said account is kept to debit the said account with the amounts mentioned therein.

(2) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may either pay any account direct or may withdraw from the said account such sums as 30 may be required to defray any of the services or purposes enumerated in such warrant and advance to or lodge the same in some bank to the credit of any public accountant authorized by the Treasurer to make payments.

(3) In special cases where the Treasurer may consider it expedient 35 the Treasurer or his deputy may in lieu of the advance or lodgment hereinbefore referred to and in anticipation of accounts to be afterwards rendered establish a credit in any bank in favour of any such public accountant.

(4) Every public accountant in whose favour a credit shall have 40 been so established shall forthwith after the payment of such accounts as aforesaid or at such other times as the Treasurer may direct transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy accounts or abstracts duly vouching for the several sums paid from such credit.

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(5) The

be guided by

may return instrument. Q. 11; N.Z. 53; W.A. 11; N.S.W., 17.

be warrant.

Treasurer on receipt of warrant to issue drafts or cheques and make pay-Q. 12-13.

(5) The Treasurer or his deputy upon the receipt of such accounts or abstracts may withdraw from the said account such sums as may be necessary to cover the amounts so paid, and lodge the same in such bank to the credit of the public accountant who shall have made the payments.

(6) The amounts mentioned in such drafts or cheques and for such 5 credits shall not collectively in any case exceed the amount of the items set forth in the said warrant and any previous unexhausted warrants of the like nature.

(7) Except as provided in this Act no draft or cheque shall be drawn upon or money withdrawn from the said account. 10

Duty of paying and certifying officers. V. 31; S.A. 10. W.A. 14. N.S.W. 19, 20, 21. Q. 15. **33**. (1) No public accountant shall pay any account unless he shall have been authorized so to do by some person appointed by the Governor-General for that purpose and unless such account shall have been duly certified as correct by some person appointed by the Governor-General for that purpose.

(2) No such person shall authorize the payment of any account until he shall have ascertained that the payment thereof in addition to any accounts already certified will not exceed the amount of the appropriation made for that purpose.

(3) No such person shall certify to any account until he shall have 20 ascertained that the expenditure has been duly authorized and that such account is correct and is charged against the proper head of expenditure.

(4) Every account shall be considered duly authorized if it is in accordance with any existing law or regulation or has been directly sanctioned by the Treasurer and if chargeable on the Consolidated 25 Revenue Fund is covered by any Appropriation Act or any Act authorizing the issue and application of moneys out of such fund in force at the time of payment.

(5) The correctness of every account in regard to computations castings rates of charge and the faithful performance of the services 30 charged shall be certified by the person incurring the expense.

(6) Except as hereafter provided at the time of paying any account every public accountant shall obtain a receipt under the hand of the person to whom the same is payable or under the hand of some person or hanker authorized in writing by such first-mentioned person for the 35 amount so paid which shall always be set out in words at full length.

(7) Any person to whom an account is payable may in such account direct that on such account being passed for payment an order authorizing the bearer thereof to receive the amount of such account shall be transmitted to him and the Treasurer or his deputy may if 40 he think fit transmit such order to such person by registered letter and any person producing such order signed by such first-mentioned person shall be entitled to receive payment of such amount and such

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such payment shall be as valid and effectual in all respects as if made to such first-mentioned person personally and such order shall for all purposes be deemed a valid and effectual receipt for such amount and where such order has been so transmitted the Treasurer 5 or his deputy shall not be bound to pay such account until such order shall be returned to him.

(8) No account shall be paid by any public accountant until he shall have ascertained that the regulations have been complied with so far as the same relate to the payment of accounts.

- 10 A. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act the Treasurer Adjustment of or his deputy may, for the purpose of adjusting the accounts of the various States, transfer by cheque or draft money forming portion of the Commonwealth Public Account from any bank to any other bank within the Commonwealth.
- 15**35**. (1) Every appropriation made out of the Consolidated No moneys shall be Revenue Fund for the service of any financial year shall lapse and cease to have any effect for any purpose at the close of that year and any balance of the moneys so appropriated which may then be unexpended shall lapse and the accounts of the year shall be then closed.
- (2) The Minister of each Department shall within thirty days after 20the close of the financial year prepare and transmit to the Treasurer Liabilities to be a statement of all claims in respect of the services of his department outstanding at the close of such year which might by law have been paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such year.
- **38**. (1) If the exigencies of the public service render it necessary 25to alter the proportions assigned to the particular items comprised under any one subdivision in the annual supplies the Governor-General may N.S.W. 23; V. 32; by order direct that there shall be applied in aid of any item that may W.A. 17. be deficient a further limited sum out of any surplus arising on any 30 other item under the same subdivision unless such subdivision shall

be expressly stated to be "unalterable."

(2) Every order by which such altered application may be made shall be delivered to the Auditor-General, and a copy thereof shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within seven days after the 35 making thereof if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) Nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize the Governor-General to direct that any such sum as aforesaid shall be applied in 40 augmentation of or as an addition to any salary or wages.

accounts of the various States by transfer from one bank to another.

issued except for payment during year of appropriation. N.S.W. 22; V. 33; Q. 18; N.Z., 37; W.A. 15; Tas. 28; S.A. 12.

shown. N.Z. 38.

Power to vary the annual appropriation.

Audit

Audit and Inspection.

39. (1) Unless otherwise directed in writing by the Treasurer the manager or person in charge of any bank into which any money shall be paid to The Commonwealth Public Account or into which any advance shall have been paid or in which any lodgment has been 5 made or credit opened as provided by this Act shall at such times as may be appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy a copy (to be called "The Bank Sheet") of so much of the debit and credit sides of The Commonwealth Public Account or of the account in connexion with which such advance or lodgment 10 shall have been made or credit opened as aforesaid as shall not previously have been transmitted to the Treasurer or his deputy, and also a certificate setting forth the balance to the debit or credit of the said account.

(2) Such manager or person shall at such times as shall be 15 appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Auditor-General a copy of such bank sheet and certificate so far as the same relate to the Commonwealth Public Account.

40. Every public accountant charged with the duty of disbursing public moneys if so required by the Auditor-General shall not later 20 than the fourth day after the expiration of each month transmit to the Auditor-General a detailed statement verified by his statutory declaration of the several drafts or cheques which he shall have drawn during the preceding month.

41. The Treasurer shall keep at the Treasury a book to be 25 called "The Cash Book" and shall enter therein when and as such statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts as aforesaid respectively are received by him the amount mentioned in the same respectively and shall daily send to the Auditor-General the said statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts and a copy (to 30 be called "The Cash Sheet") of so much of the said book as shall not previously have been sent by him to the Auditor-General.

42. (1) The Auditor-General on receipt by him of the said returns cash sheet statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts shall examine the same and shall—

- (a) compare the debit and credit entries with the supporting vouchers and documents forwarded therewith and also with the bank sheets,
- (b) ascertain whether such vouchers and documents bear upon the face of them a correct description of the proper heads 40 of receipt or of expenditure to which the moneys mentioned therein have been credited or debited respectively,
- (c) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned on the debit side of the cash sheet have been duly paid over to the

Bankers to forward bank sheet. N.S.W. 24; V. 34: N.Z. 12-13; Q. 20; W.A. 23; S.A. 14.

Accountants to fur. nish statement. Q. 14.

Treasurer to keep a cash book and send cash sheet &c. to Auditor-General. N.S.W. 27; V. 35; Q. 22; W.A. 24; Tas. 11; S.A. 15; N.Z. 23.

Auditor-General on receiving returns cash sheet and vouchers to examine and compare them. N.S.W. 34-35; V. 36; Q. 33; W.A. 25;

Tas. 12;

S.A. 16.

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the Commonwealth Public Account, and whether the sums mentioned on the credit side of the cash sheet have been actually and duly disbursed under competent authority and on the prescribed certificates,

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- (d) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned in such entries have been credited or debited to the proper heads of receipt or expenditure respectively,
- (e) ascertain whether the rates computations and castings are correct.
- (f) ascertain whether such moneys were legally available for and applicable to the service or purpose to which the same shall have been applied or charged, and
- (q) ascertain whether the provisions of The Constitution Act this Act and any other Act and the regulations have been in all respects complied with.

43. (1) The Auditor-General shall make such queries and Auditor-General to observations addressed to the Treasurer or any other person whomsoever and call for such accounts vouchers statements documents and explanations as he may think necessary and after such queries and 20 observations shall have been answered and after such further accounts, vouchers, statements, documents, and explanations shall have been rendered, shall allow and discharge and grant an acquittance to the Treasurer for all receipts which shall be found correct and for all payments duly and properly made and supported by proper receipts or

25 vouchers.

(2) If it shall appear to the Auditor-General from any examination audit or inspection made by him or any person appointed by him-

- (a) That any public accountant has wilfully or negligently omitted to collect or receive any money,
- (b) that any money shall not have been duly credited to the proper head of revenue or account or not duly accounted for and paid over to the Commonwealth Public Account,
 - (c) that any money shall have been applied or charged to any service or purpose for which the same was not legally available or applicable,
 - (d) that any expenditure shall not have been duly authorized or shall not be duly vouched and certified,
 - (e) that there has been any deficiency or loss through the fraud mistake default or error of any person,
- (f) that the said returns statements accounts and receipts or any of them are in any essential particular defective or imperfect,
 - (g) that any material error has been committed, or
 - (h) that any of the provisions of The Constitution Act or this Act or any other Act or the regulations have not been complied with

discharge and surcharge Treasurer. V. 38; N.Z. 32; Tas. 13-14; W.A. 26-34; ' N.S.W., 36; S.A. 17.

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the Auditor-General shall within three months next after the said returns statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts shall have been sent to him as hereinbefore directed surcharge the Treasurer with any deficiency or loss and any expenditure which shall not have been duly authorized vouched or certified by deducting the amount thereof from the sum for which an acquittance would otherwise have been given.

(3) Where any surcharge shall have remained unsatisfied for a period of six months and the Auditor-General shall have given a certificate in writing to the Treasurer that for any reason therein 10 mentioned such surcharge should be removed, the Governor-General may make an order that such surcharge shall be removed and such surcharge shall then be deemed to have been satisfied.

(4) Every such acquittance shall be in such one of the forms contained in the Third Schedule to this Act as shall be applicable to the 15 case or to the like effect and shall be transmitted to the Treasurer and shall be a full and complete discharge to him as to the several moneys mentioned therein.

(5) No acquittance shall be signed for any surcharge until such surcharge shall have been satisfied. 20

44. Whenever the Treasurer shall have been surcharged as hereinbefore directed he shall ascertain by what person the fraud mistake default or error occasioning such surcharge shall have been committed, and shall send notice in writing of such surcharge to such person by registered letter and take such measures or proceedings as the case 25 may require to recover the amount thereof and no account payable to or claimed by such person shall be paid until such surcharge shall have been satisfied and an acquittance for the same shall have been signed as aforesaid and transmitted to the Treasurer; and the amount of every such surcharge may be sued for as money paid by His Majesty to the 30 use of such person at his request.

45. (1) In all cases in which notice of any surcharge shall have been sent by the Treasurer to any public accountant or any other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act who may be dissatisfied with any disallowance or surcharge in his accounts 35 made by the Auditor-General such public accountant or person shall have a right of appeal to the Governor-General within three months

after the sending of such notice.

(2) The Governor-General after such investigation as he considers equitable may make such order directing the relief of the appellant 40 wholly or in part from the disallowance or surcharge in question as shall appear to the Governor-General to be just and reasonable and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties and be acted on accordingly.

Third Schedule.

Treasurer to surcharge defaulters. V., 39 ; Tas, 15.

Accountants to have right of appeal to the Governor-General. N.S.W., 37; Q., 36; W.A., 27; S.A., 18.

46. The

ſNo.

1 Edw. VII.]

No. **46.** (1) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint Inspection and audit

may whenever he shall think fit and shall whenever required so to do by the Treasurer inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of any public accountant and of any other person in the public service 5 or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any moneys should have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for on account or for the use or benefit any other person.

(2) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint shall—

(a) Once at least in every year inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of every public accountant and of every other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any moneys shall have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, and all stores belonging to His Majesty of whatsoever nature or description the same may be and shall cause stock thereof to be taken;

(b) Ascertain whether the whole of the revenue and all other collections whatever have been duly collected and accounted for and whether the moneys received from the Treasurer or his deputy or issued under any credit have been duly and properly paid to the several persons entitled to receive the same;

- (c) Investigate and examine all contracts accounts invoices requisitions books bills of parcels vouchers and documents in anywise relating to or concerning the same, and all circumstances affecting or attending the making of any such contract;
- (d) Ascertain the quantity description and price of all stores purchased on account of His Majesty and of all stores supplied for the use of every department of the public service and whether any person in the public service has requisitioned for or obtained any stores in excess of the reasonable requirements of his office;
- (e) Examine whether the proper quantities of all such stores are remaining in stock in the proper store or building; and
- (f) Forthwith make and sign and forward to the Treasurer a report of the result of such inspection investigation examination audit and comparison and as to the manner in which the books accounts and other papers aforesaid and stores shall have been kept and as to the state of the several

of books and accounts.

Auditor-General to inspect public stores books accounts &c. V., 40; Q., 32-35; W.A., 28; Tas., 16: S.A., 19.

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several offices and stores and a statement of surcharges in respect of all sums found to have been omitted to be collected or not duly accounted for and of all payments which shall have not been duly authorized or properly 5 made or for which the necessary certificates receipts and vouchers shall not have been produced and such other information as may be prescribed.

47. No sum shall be allowed in any account to have been duly received or paid without a written voucher for the actual receipt or payment of every sum so claimed to be allowed (notwithstanding any 10 allegation of papers having been lost or destroyed or of the impossibility of obtaining the prescribed voucher) except on application to the Governor-General who upon satisfactory evidence being produced that the requisite papers have been lost or destroyed or that it is not possible to obtain or replace them may order that the said sum shall 15 be allowed or disallowed as the case may be and may make such other order in the premises as he shall think fit and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties and be acted on accordingly.

48. (1) When a voucher produced for a sum of money disbursed N.S.W. 39,41; V. 42; shall be defective from the want of any certificate or other document 20 Q. 38; W.A. 29; which ought to have accompanied it or in the second s Auditor-General may upon proof being made to his satisfaction that the public accountant did not wilfully neglect to procure or produce such certificate or document and that the sum specified in the voucher has been actually and properly disbursed admit such voucher 25 as a sufficient discharge and allow the amount of the same.

> (2) The Auditor-General may admit and allow in cases where it appears to him to be reasonable or expedient so to do vouchers for any moneys expressed therein although the same are not stamped according to law. 30

Allowances or disallowances without vouchers or with imperfect vouchers to be reported.

49. (1) In all cases where any sum of money shall be allowed either without any written voucher or upon an imperfect voucher or incorrect certificate or shall be disallowed in consequence of the absence or imperfection of such voucher or the absence or incorrectness of such N.S.W., 40; V., 43; certificate the particulars and amount of such allowance or disallowance 35 Q, 39; W.A., 20; Tas., 22; S.A., 21. shall be specified to the Treasurer in the report of the Auditor-General; and in case of the disallowance of any sum the amount thereof shall be deemed and taken to be money paid by His Majesty to the use of such public accountant at his request and in addition to any other means of recovering such amount the same shall be retained or stopped from any 40 moneys then or thereafter payable to such public accountant.

Statements

No sum to be allowed without voucher unless by order. N.S.W. 38; V. 41; Q. 37; Tas. 20.

Proviso for imperfect Tas. 21; S.A. 20.

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Statements and Audit thereof.

50. (1) The Treasurer as soon as conveniently may be after the Treasurer to make expiration of every quarter of the financial year shall publish in the

Gazette a statement in detail of the receipts and expenditure as not payments. 5 the Consolidated Revenue Fund as of the Trust Fund and Loan N.S.W. 28; V. 48; Q. 23; N.Z. 69; W.A. 37; Tas. 25; such receipts and expenditure during the corresponding quarter of the previous financial year and in like manner at the expiration of the financial year shall publish an Annual Statement of receipts and 10 expenditure with a comparative statement of receipts and expenditure

during the previous financial year.

(2) The Treasurer shall also at the same time and in like manner Q. 23. publish a statement in detail of the Loan Fund with the balances to the credit thereof.

15 51. The Treasurer shall as soon as practicable after the end of And to prepare every financial year prepare a full and particular statement in detail of the expenditure of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for such year N.S.W. 29; V. 49; (classified and arranged in the same form and under the same divisions and subdivisions as shall have been employed in the appropriation

20 thereof and showing all votes which shall have lapsed) and of the Loan Fund and all other accounts for the same period and of the Trust Fund for the same period under the several heads of account of that fund and also of the receipts of the Consolidated Revenue Fund Loan Fund and other accounts and Trust Fund for the same year; and 25 shall transmit such statement to the Auditor-General.

52. The Auditor-General shall forthwith examine such statement in full and N.S.W. 43; V. 50 ; and prepare and sign a report explaining such statement in full and N.S.W. 43; V. 50 ; Q. (1890) 13; W.A. 39; Tas. 26 ;

- (a) in what particulars such statement agrees with or differs s.A. 31. from the accounts of the Treasurer,
- (b) full particulars of every case in which the provisions of this Act or any other Act or the regulations or any forms shall not have been carried out or adopted or shall in any manner have been varied or departed from,
- (c) every case in which default shall have been made in delivering or sending accounts or collecting or accounting for any moneys or stores,
- (d) all sums allowed or disallowed without vouchers or with imperfect vouchers, or upon incorrect certificates,
- (e) any proceeding that may have been taken by or against any person in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or the regulation,
- (f) all claims in respect of any department outstanding at the close of the financial year, which might by law have been paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such (g) all year,

quarterly statement of S.A. 29.

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yearly statement thereof for audit. Q. (1890) 12; N.Z. 70; W.A. 38; Tas. 26; S.A. 30.

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- (g) all surcharges which have been made by the Auditor-General and not satisfied or which have been removed by order of the Governor-General, and
- (h) such other information as may be prescribed or as the Auditor-General thinks desirable.

Certain Orders in Council and law officers' opinions to be appended.

N.S.W. 44; V. 51; S.A. 32.

- 53. The Auditor-General shall annex or append to the said report a copy of every Order in Council by which it may have been directed
 - (a) that there should be applied in aid of any item that may have been deficient a further sum out of any surplus 10 arising on any other item under the same subdivision, or
 - (b) a copy of every case or statement of facts laid by the said Auditor-General before the Attorney-General or Crown Solicitor for his opinion together with a copy of 15 the opinion given thereon.

Report to be laid before both Houses of Parliament. N.S.W. 45; V. 52; S.A. 33; Q. (1895) 13; W.A. 40.

54. The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making and signing the said report if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within fourteen days after the next session or sitting transmit 20 to both Houses of the Parliament the said statement accompanied by such report and by the said copies hereinbefore directed to be appended thereto.

Auditor-General to make suggestions for collection and payment. N.S.W. 46; V. 53; Q. 47; W.A. 41; Tas. 27; S.A. 34. 55. The Auditor-General may in such yearly report or in any special report which he may at any time think fit to make recommend 25 any plans and suggestions for the better collection and payment of the public moneys and the more effectually and economically auditing and examining the public accounts and stores and any improvement in the mode of keeping such accounts and generally report upon all matters relating to the public accounts public moneys and stores, and 30 such plans and suggestions shall be considered and dealt with by the Governor-General.

Loan Fund.

56. (1) A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury of all moneys which shall be raised by way of loan upon the public credit of 35 the Commonwealth and which shall have been placed to the credit of the Commonwealth Public Account.

(2) Such account shall be called "The Loan Fund " and shall be kept under such separate heads as are specified in the several Loan Acts under the authority whereof the moneys were raised.
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57. All interest (other than interest on loans taken over by the Commonwealth from the States or any renewal or conversion thereof) payable

Separate account to be kept of Loan Fund. W.A. 18; Q. (1890) 3.

How interest to be charged. Q. 23. payable on account of the Public Debt of the Commonwealth on the first day of any quarter of the financial year shall be charged and included as a payment in the preceding quarter of such year.

58. (1) It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any Loan Fund 5 moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund except under the authority of an Act of the Parliament.

Q. (1890) 4. (2) Such Act shall show the nature of the proposed work or Q. (1890) 8. other object of the proposed expenditure and the amount of the proposed expenditure in each case and the total amount proposed to be expended

10 for such work or object.

59. When any money is appropriated out of the moneys standing Suspense accounts. to the credit of the Loan Fund for the purpose of defraying Q (1890) 14. the cost of the purchase of any material the cost of which may ultimately be chargeable to and divisible amongst more works than one 15 and it is not known or does not appear to what work the cost of such

- material ought ultimately to be charged, then the Governor-General may direct that all moneys expended for such material shall be charged in the first instance to a "Suspense Account" and shall afterwards be charged to the proper work when the same is ascertained.
- 20 60. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and Provisions of Act expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing Q. (1890) 10. to the credit of the Loan Fund, and the Governor-General shall have the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure 25 thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection receipt and audit of the Public Accounts and the powers and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of public moneys

30 and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys expended from the moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund.

Trust Fund.

61. A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury to be called Trust Fund. 35 the Trust Fund of all moneys which shall be placed to the credit of that fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

62. It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any Expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund except for the purposes 40 of such fund or under the authority of an Act of the Parliament.

Trust moneys.

63. (1) All

expenditure to be covered by Act.

W.A. 19;

to apply.

Provisions of Act to apply.

63. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund, and the Governor-General shall have the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure 5 thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection receipt and audit of the Public Accounts and the powers and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of public moneys and 10 the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys expended from the moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund.

64. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained the Governor-General may make such arrangements as he considers 15 necessary for the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of any money belonging to the Commonwealth outside the territory of the Commonwealth and for the keeping of books and accounts and furnishing statements returns and vouchers and for the examination inspection record and audit of such 20books accounts statements returns and vouchers.

Penalties.

65. (1) Any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act misapplying improperly disposing of or making use of any money or stores which shall come to his possession or control by reason 25 or virtue of his office service or employment otherwise than provided by this Act or the regulations or paying any such money into his private account at any bank shall be deemed to have fraudulently converted such money or stores to his private use and to be guilty of a felony, and shall on conviction thereof be liable to be imprisoned 30 for any term not exceeding five years.

(2) If any such public accountant or person wilfully damages or destroys any such stores he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

Punishment for forgery of Treasury documents.

Q. 50; W.A. 43; Tas. 34; S.A. 36.

66. If any person shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly or wilfully act or assist in forging or counterfeiting the name initials mark or handwriting of any other person to any writing whatsoever for or in order to the receiving or obtaining any public money or any money out of the 40 Commonwealth Public Account or any stores belonging to His Majesty or shall forge or counterfeit or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly or wilfully act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting

Penalties for

Moneys outside the

Commonwealth.

misappropriations. Q., 49; N.Z., 10 W.A., 36; Tas., 24; S.A., 28.

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[No.

counterfeiting any writing made by any such person as aforesaid or shall utter or publish any such writing knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited with an intention to defraud His Majesty or any person whomsoever every person so offending shall be guilty of felony 5 and being convicted thereof shall be liable to be imprisoned for a period not exceeding fifteen years.

67. (1) Where the Treasurer shall have given a certificate in Document in lieu writing that for any reason therein mentioned any document subscribed by any person in any specified part of the Commonwealth should be 10 accepted in lieu of any statutory declaration required by this Act or the regulations the Governor-General may order that any document so subscribed shall be so accepted without being declared.

(2) Any person who shall subscribe any such document knowing the same to be false shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury as if 15 such document were a statutory declaration made and subscribed by such person.

68. (1) Any person who shall fail to attend the Auditor-General Persons failing for the purpose of being examined, or to produce any accounts books vouchers documents or papers, or to be sworn or make a declaration 20 or affirmation or to answer any lawful question when required so to do V. 46; Tas. 23; by the Auditor-General, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding One hundred pounds.

(2) Where any person is compelled under the provisions of this Act to attend before the Auditor-General he shall be entitled to be 25 paid such expenses as the Auditor-General may certify to be reasonable.

69. If any person shall make or subscribe any statutory declara- Persons taking tion or affirmation mentioned in this Act knowing the same to be false, or if any person, in the course of his examination before any Auditor-**30** General shall wilfully and corruptly give false evidence, such person shall be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Any person who is guilty of any wilful act of commission or omission contrary to any of the provisions of this Act for which no penalty is expressly provided shall be guilty of an offence and on 35 conviction shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty pounds.

70. All penalties incurred under this Act may in addition to any Recovery of other method provided in this Act be imposed and recovered by and penalties. N.Z. 92. before any court of summary jurisdiction upon the information or complaint of any person or persons appointed by the Treasurer either

40 generally or for the purpose of any particular case, and when paid or recovered shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

REGULATIONS.

false oath or making a false declaration guilty of perjury. V. 47; Q. 44; S. A. 26; N.Z. 83;

W.A. 34; Tas. 19.

Offences generally.

to attend Auditor-General or to give evidence. Q. 43; S.A. 25; N.Z. 90; W.A. 33.

of statutory declaration.

INo.

REGULATIONS.

71. (1) The Governor-General may make such regulations (not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act) as may appear to him to be necessary or expedient for—

- (a) the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due 5 accounting for care and management of all public moneys and the guidance of all persons concerned therein,
- (b) the more effectual record examination inspection and audit of all receipts and expenditure and the keeping of all necessary books and accounts,
 10
- (c) prescribing the necessary forms for all books and documents whatever required under the provisions of this Act or the regulations, and for
- (d) the proper carrying into effect the purposes of this Act.

(2) All such regulations shall be published in the *Gazette* and 15 shall have the force of law and shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within fourteen days after the making thereof if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting and if the Parliament be not then in session or not actually sitting then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next session or sitting. 20

(3) Any such regulation may impose upon any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act a penalty not exceeding Five pounds for any offence for the breach of any regulation and such penalty may be recovered either in the same manner as a penalty incurred under this Act, or by deducting the same from any money due 25 or thereafter becoming due to such public accountant or person.

Regulations to be made. N.S.W., 4; V., 5; Q, 51; N.Z., 5; W.A., 8; S.A., 7;

Tas., 9.

SCHEDULES.

Commonwealth of Australia Audit.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

I, do solemnly and sincerely promise and declare that according to the best of my skill and ability I will faithfully impartially and truly execute the office and perform the duties of Auditor-General (or as the case may be) according to law.

SECOND SCHEDULE. WARBANT.

To the Auditor-General.

The amount of moneys likely to become due and payable out of "The Commonwealth Public Account" during the months of

now next is pounds shillings and pence and the services and purposes for which the same will be required are as follows (that is to say):—

Division.	Subdivísion.	Purpose.	Amoun Aut	t Previ thorize	ously 1.	Amount now Authorized.	Total Amount Authorized.	Provision Authorized.	Balance.
			£	s.	d.				· · ·
								-	
	Total	£							

19 .

Dated this

day of

Treasurer.

I CERTIFY that the sums above mentioned are legally available for and applicable to the services and purposes respectively above set forth.

Dated this day of

19

Auditor-General.

To the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

You are hereby authorized to issue out of the "The Commonwealth Public Account" the amount above set forth and for so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand the

day of 19 Governor-General. THIRD

Section

No.

Section .

Section .

THIRD SCHEDULE.

No.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

			An	nount.	
I certify that I have examined th support of the payments authorized by on the of that date amounting to and that I find you are entitled to liability on account of such payments to	you out of the as set forth in your a discharge from all respons	r cash sheet			~
The payments made under the accuredited on account of receipts are here		sums short			
Treasury Vou. No.		Amount.			
	• .		£		_
I therefore grant this acquitts shillings and				pound	ls
Given under my hand this	day of			19.	
		A	uditor-(General.	

No.

SURCHARGE REMOVAL.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

I certify that I have re-examined the several accounts below enumerated previously placed under surcharge in acquittance No. and that I find you are entitled to a discharge from all responsibility and liability on account of the same as set forth in your cash sheet of the day of 19.

	Treasury Vo	Freasury Vou. No.		Amount.	
	Total	£			
I therefore grant this acquittance for	or the amount of			nour	
I therefore grant this acquittance for shillings and	or the amount of pence.			pour	
			19	pour	

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THE PARLIAMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(As reported from Committee of the Whole after recommittal, 17th July, 1901.)

A BILL

To make provision for the Collection and Payment of the Public Moneys the Audit of the Public Accounts and the Protection and Recovery of Public Property and for other purposes.

B^E it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia as follows:---

Preliminary.

5 1. This Act may be cited as the *Audit Act* 1901, and shall come short title and into operation on the first day of January One thousand nine hundred commencement. and two.

2. In this Act unless the contrary intention appears—

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Definitions

(a) "Commonwealth Public Account" shall include the Consolidated Revenue Fund and all public moneys whatever;
[C. 6]—150/18.7.1901.—F.4433.
(b) "Deputy

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- (b) "Deputy" when used in connexion with the word Treasurer shall mean some person appointed in writing by the Treasurer;
- (c) "Prescribed" shall mean prescribed by this Act or the regulations;
- (d) "Public accountant" shall include every person who by any law regulation or appointment is charged with the duty of collecting or receiving or who does actually collect or receive any public moneys or who is charged with the duty of disbursing or who does actually dis- 10 burse any public moneys ;
- (e) "Public moneys" shall include all revenue loan trust and other moneys whatsoever received for or on account of the Commonwealth or referred to in this Act;
- (f) "Regulations" shall mean regulations made under this 15 Act.

Auditor-General.

3. The Governor-General may appoint some person to be Auditor-General for the Commonwealth.

4. The Auditor-General shall receive an annual salary of One 20 thousand pounds and such salary shall be a charge upon and paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund which to the necessary extent is hereby appropriated accordingly.

5. (1) The Auditor-General shall not during his continuance in such office be capable of being a member of the Executive Council of 25 the Commonwealth or of any State thereof or of either House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or of any State thereof.

(2) The Auditor-General shall be deemed to have vacated his office-

- (a) if he directly or indirectly engages in any paid employment 30 outside the duties of his office or in any trade or business except as a member of any registered company;
 - (b) if he becomes insolvent or bankrupt or compounds with his creditors or makes any assignment of his salary for their benefit or takes advantage of the provisions of any Act 35 or State Act relating to insolvency or bankruptcy;
 - (c) if except on leave granted by the Governor-General he absents himself from duty for fourteen consecutive days or for twenty-eight days in any twelve months; or
 - (d) if he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed 40to the Governor-General and such resignation is accepted by the Governor-General.

6. (1) If

His salary. V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7; Tas., 6-8; S.A. 6. Incapacity for other position. V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7;

Tas., 6-8; S.A., 6.

W.A., 12; N.S.W., 5; S.A., 9; Q., 1.

N.S.W., 30; N.Z., 25; V., 6; W.A., 4; Q., 26; S.A., 2-3.

Appointment of Auditor General.

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6. (1) If any officer of the Commonwealth is appointed Auditor- Rights of officers preserved. General his service as Auditor-General shall for the purpose of determining all his existing and accruing rights be counted as public service in the Commonwealth.

(2) If any officer in the public service of a State is appointed 5 Auditor-General he shall have the same rights as if he had been an officer of a department transferred to the Commonwealth and were retained in the service of the Commonwealth.

7. (1) The Auditor-General shall hold his office during good How removed from 10 behaviour and shall not be removed therefrom unless an address praying for such removal shall be presented to the Governor-General by the Senate and the House of Representatives respectively in the same session of the Parliament.

(2) The Governor-General may at any time suspend the Auditor-15 General from his office for incapacity incompetence or misbehaviour; and when and so often as the same shall happen the Treasurer shall lay before both Houses of the Parliament a full statement of the grounds of such suspension within seven days after such suspension if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting, or if the Parlia-

20 ment be not then in session or not actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) The Auditor-General so suspended shall be restored to office unless each House of the Parliament within forty-two days after the day when such statement is laid before it, and in the same session pass 25 an address to the Governor-General praying for his removal.

8. The Auditor-General before he shall enter upon the duties Auditor-General to or exercise the powers vested in him by this Act shall make and subscribe before the Executive Council a declaration in the form N.S.W., 32; V., 9; contained in the First Schedule to this Act.

9. In the case of the illness incapacity suspension or absence of Appointment of 30 the Auditor-General the Governor-General may appoint some other person to act as Auditor-General during such illness incapacity suspension or absence; and every such person shall make and subscribe before the Executive Council a declaration in the form aforesaid or to

35 the like effect.

10. (1) The Auditor-General may with the approval of the Auditor-General Governor-General appoint any person holding the office of Auditor-General or Commissioner of Audit in any State or if such person is Constitution Act unable or unwilling to act then some other person to be his deputy within

40 that State and in that capacity during the pleasure of the Auditor-General to exercise such powers and perform such duties of the Auditor-General as he thinks fit with the approval of the Governor-General to assign to such deputy subject to any limitations expressed or

office or suspended.

N.S.W., 31; Tas., 4-5; V., 8; Q., 28; N.Z., 28; W.A., 3; S.A., 2.

make a declaration. First Schedule. W.A., 6; S.A., 5.

deputy. N.S W., 33; W.A., 5; V., 11; Tas., 7; Q., 29; S.A., 4; N.Z., 29.

may appoint deputy. 126.

or directions given by the Auditor-General, but the appointment of such deputy shall not affect the exercise or performance by the Auditor-General himself of any power or duty.

(2) Every such deputy shall make and subscribe before a Judge of the Supreme Court of a State a declaration in the form aforesaid 5 or to the like effect which shall be transmitted by such deputy to the Auditor-General and by him transmitted to the Clerk to the Executive Council.

(3) Such person shall during the time for which he shall act as such deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such 10 Auditor-General so assigned to him.

11. The Auditor-General may by writing under his hand appoint any person to inspect examine and audit any books accounts or stores which are required to be inspected examined or audited by this Act and to report thereon to him and any such person shall have power to 15 inspect all such books accounts or stores and all vouchers and papers relating thereto.

12. (1) The Auditor-General shall communicate with the Treasurer upon all matters arising under this Act or the regulations relating to the collection receipt issue and expenditure of public 20 moneys.

(2) The Auditor-General shall transmit to the Treasurer the name of any person failing to comply with any of the provisions of this Act or the regulations and thereupon and until such failure shall have been made good to the satisfaction of the Treasurer all salary and 25 moneys that may be or become due or payable to such person may be withheld.

13. (1) The Auditor-General may by precept under his hand require all such persons as he may think fit to appear personally before him at a time and place to be named in such precept, and to produce 30 to him all such accounts books vouchers documents and papers in the possession or control of such persons as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purposes of his examination.

(2) The Auditor-General may when he shall think fit cause search to be made in and extracts to be taken from any book document or 35 record in the custody of the Treasurer or in any public office without paying any fee for the same.

14. The Auditor-General is hereby authorized and required to examine upon oath declaration or affirmation (which oath declaration or affirmation he is hereby empowered to administer) all persons 40 whom he shall think fit to examine respecting the receipt or expenditure of money or any stores respectively affected by the provisions of this Act and respecting all other matters and things whatever necessary for the due performance and exercise of the duties and powers vested in him. 15. The 45

Auditor-General may appoint persons to inspect. N.Z. 33.

Auditor-General to communicate with Treasurer; report defaulters. N.S.W. 13; V. 26; Q. 31.

Auditor-General may call for persons and papers V. 44; Q. 41; N.Z. 34; W.A. 31; Tas. 17; S.A. 23.

Auditor-General may administer oath.

V. 45; Q. 42; W.A. 32; Tas. 18; S.A. 24. 1 Edw. VII.]

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15. The Auditor-General shall be entitled to lay before the Auditor-General Attorney-General a case in writing as to any question concerning the may obtain opinion. powers of the Auditor-General or the discharge of his duties, and the W.A. 35; S.A. 27. Attorney-General shall give him a written opinion on such case.

Public Accountants.

16. Every public accountant shall be subject to the provisions Persons subject of this Act and the regulations and shall perform such duties keep ^{to Act.} such books and render such accounts as are prescribed by this Act or ^{Q,1}; W.A., 12; by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct.

10 17. Every public accountant shall if required by the Treasurer Security to be so to do provide security for such sum and in such manner and form as the Treasurer shall direct for the due performance of his duties and $Q_{, 48}^{N.S.W., 14}$; V., 4; for the due accounting for and payment of all moneys which shall come to his possession or control by reason or virtue of his office 15 service or employment.

18. No public accountant shall open any public or official account Public accountant's in any bank without the authority in writing of the Treasurer or his deputy, and no bank shall permit any public accountant to have an overdraft on any public or official account except the same be a credit

20 authorized under this Act.

19. On the death resignation or removal of any public Transfer of balances accountant the balances remaining at the credit of his public or official account in any bank shall upon the appointment of his successor vest in and be transferred to the public or official account of such

25 successor at the said bank, and on the death bankruptcy or insolvency of any public accountant such balances shall not constitute assets of his estate or be in any manner subject to the control of his legal representative assignee or trustee.

Collection of Moneys.

- 30 20. (1) The Treasurer may agree with any bank upon such Treasurer may terms and conditions as he may think fit for the receipt custody payment and transmission of public moneys within or without the Commonwealth, and for advances to be made and for the charges N.Z. 15; W.A. 22; in respect of the same, and for the interest payable by or to the
- 35 bank upon balances or advances respectively, and generally for the conduct of the banking business of the Commonwealth.

(2) No such agreement shall be made for a period of more than one year unless it contains a provision that the same may be terminated at any time after a notice of not exceeding six months.

40 21. (1) The Commonwealth Public Account shall be kept in Commonwealth such bank and under such subdivisions (if any) as the Treasurer may in writing direct. (2) All

given.

bank account.

on decease resignation or removal of public accountants. N.S.W. 11; Q. 7; N.Z. 10.

agree with any bank for conducting business.

S.A. 13.

Public Account.

as may be prescribed.

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to pay into

N.S.W. 7;

&c.

(2) All moneys paid into any bank to The Commonwealth V. 28; Q. 9; (2) All moneys part into any public moneys and the property N.S.W. 16; N.Z. 6. Public Account shall be deemed to be public moneys and the property loss by His Majesty to the of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the bank.

22. Except as otherwise provided in this Act every public Public accountants accountant collecting or receiving money shall daily or at such intervals Treasury or bank, and in such manner as may be directed by the Treasurer transmit or pay to the Treasurer or his deputy or into the Commonwealth Public N.Z. 21; Q.3. Account or to such person as the Treasurer may direct all money collected or received by him on account of the Consolidated Revenue 10 Fund.

> 23. The Treasurer or his deputy shall pay daily into the Commonwealth Public Account all money received by the Treasurer or his deputy.

money collected or received by him to the Treasurer or his deputy or to

any person as aforesaid shall at the same time transmit or deliver to the

Treasurer or his deputy or to such person a statement signed by him of the days of the month on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars 20

24. (1) Every public accountant transmitting or paying any 15

Public accountants to furnish statements. V. 20; N.Z. 22.

Treasurer to pay

daily into bank.

N.S.W. 15; Q. 8.

N.Z., 14 ; V., 20.

(2) Every public accountant at the time of paying any money into the Commonwealth Public Account shall obtain from the manager or person in charge of the bank into which such money is paid (who is hereby required to give the same) an accountable receipt in duplicate 25 for such money; and shall forthwith after such payment transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy one of the said duplicate accountable receipts and also a statement signed by him of the days of the month on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars as may be 30 prescribed.

Public accountants to send declared returns to the Auditor-General. V. 21; N.Z. 32.

The Money Order Account. N Z. 74.

25. Every public accountant collecting or receiving public moneys (unless otherwise specially directed) shall on or before the tenth day of every month transmit to the Auditor-General a return verified by his statutory declaration of all monevs which shall have 35 come into his possession or under his control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during the preceding month.

26 (1) All moneys received by Postmasters for transmission by post office order telegraph order or postal note and for the charges and commission in relation thereto shall be kept in a separate account at 40any bank appointed by the Treasurer, called the "Money Order Account"

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Account," which shall be operated upon only by cheque signed by the Postmaster-General or some person appointed in writing by him to act as his deputy for that purpose.

(2) Such moneys shall be deemed to be public moneys and the 5 property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the bank.

(3) The Postmaster-General shall at the end of each month or oftener if required to do so by the Treasurer pay into the Commonwealth Public Account all moneys so received during such month as

10 revenue.

27. (1) When under any Act any money (which by such Act Disposal of private is directed to be paid into the Treasury or to the Treasurer) shall come to the possession or control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act by virtue of his office service N.S.W. 8; V. 22; Q. 4; N.Z. 8.

- 15 or employment for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, such first-mentioned person shall pay the same and act in respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of
- 20 the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit.

(2) Such money shall be placed to the credit of "The Trust Fund" and under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

2528. (1) When by virtue of his office service or employment or of Public servants any legal process whatsoever any money shall come to the possession or control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person and shall have remained in such possession or under such 30 control for such period as may be prescribed, such first-mentioned person shall pay the same into such bank at such place and in such manner as the Treasurer shall direct.

(2) Such money shall be paid by such person as aforesaid to an official account to be opened by him in such bank ; and all interest which 35 shall become due from such bank for or in respect thereof shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(3) No such person shall be answerable or accountable for any loss that may happen through any such bank.

29. When any such money as last aforesaid shall have remained And after three 40 in such bank for three months such person shall pay the same and act in respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys N.S.W. 10; V. 24; which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of the

months to be paid to the public account.

Q. 5.

moneys collected under Acts of Parliament.

collecting private moneys to place them to their credit in bank. N.S.W. 9; V. 23; Q. 5; N.Z. 11.

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the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit; and such money shall be placed to the credit of the said Trust Fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

30. (1) All such sums as shall have been so placed to the credit of 5 the said Trust Fund and as shall have remained unclaimed for the period 5, of six years after the same shall have been so placed shall be carried to and form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) No person shall be entitled to receive any such sum which shall have remained unclaimed for six years; but no time during which the 10 person entitled to the benefit of such sum shall have been an infant or of unsound mind or out of the Commonwealth shall be taken into account in estimating the said period of six years.

(3) Provided that any sum the claim to which is established to the satisfaction of the Governor-General after the same shall have been 15 carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund may be withdrawn therefrom and refunded upon the authority of the Governor-General.

Payment of Moneys.

31. No money shall be drawn from the Commonwealth Public 20 Account except in the manner provided by this Act.

32. The Treasurer shall as often as occasion may require calculate the amount of money likely to become due and payable out of the Commonwealth Public Account during a period of not more than three months, and shall thereupon prepare an instrument in the form 25 contained in the Second Schedule to this Act or to the like effect and shall set forth therein the said amount classifying and arranging it (if for the public service) under the same divisions and subdivisions that shall have been employed in the appropriation thereof, or stating (if not for the public service) the purpose for which it is payable, and 30 after having signed such instrument shall transmit the same to the Auditor-General for his countersignature.

(3) Before countersigning any such instrument as aforesaid the Auditor-General shall ascertain that the sums therein mentioned are legally available for and applicable to the services or purposes 35 mentioned in such instrument; and after countersigning such instrument shall return the same to the Treasurer who shall thereupon submit it to the Governor-General for his approval and signature.

(4) In case the Auditor-General finds that the sums therein mentioned or any of them are not legally available for or applicable 40 to the services or purposes therein set forth, he shall return the said instrument to the Treasurer attaching thereto a paper setting forth in writing the sum or sums not found by him to be legally available or applicable as aforesaid and the grounds on which he withholds his signature. (5) Such 45

Unclaimed trust fund to be carried to revenue. N.S.W. 12; V. 25; Q. 6; N.Z. 9.

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How moneys are to be issued. N.S.W. 16: V. 28:

N.S.W. 16; V. 28; Q. 9; N.Z. 6-43; W.A. 9; Tas. 10; S.A. 8.

Treasurer to prepare statement of moneys required. Second Schedule.

Anditor-General to be guided by appropriation. N.S.W. 17; V. 29; Q. 10; N.Z. 44-46; W.A. 10.

Auditor-General may return instrument. Q. 11; N.Z. 53; W.A. 11; N.S.W., 17. 1 Edw. VII.]

be warrant.

(5) Such instrument when countersigned by the Auditor-General Such instrument to and approved and signed by the Governor-General but not otherwise shall be the warrant for the issue of the drafts and cheques hereinafter mentioned.

\$²5 33. (1) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Treasurer on receipt Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may issue drafts or cheques upon the Commonwealth Public Account in such form as shall be directed by the Treasurer, and such drafts or cheques shall be $\frac{\text{ments } \alpha c.}{\text{N.S.W. 18; N.Z.}}$ sufficient authority to the bank in which the said account is kept to 10 debit the said account with the amounts mentioned therein.

(2) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may either pay any account direct or may withdraw from the said account such sums as may be required to defray any of the services or purposes enumerated

15 in such warrant and advance the same to or lodge the same in some bank to the credit of any public accountant authorized by the Treasurer to make payments.

(3) In special cases where the Treasurer may consider it expedient the Treasurer or his deputy may in lieu of the advance or lodgment 20 hereinbefore referred to and in anticipation of accounts to be afterwards rendered establish a credit in any bank in favour of any such public accountant.

(4) Every public accountant in whose favour a credit shall have been so established shall forthwith after the payment of such accounts 25 as aforesaid or at such other times as the Treasurer may direct transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy accounts or abstracts duly vouching for the several sums paid from such credit.

(5) The Treasurer or his deputy upon the receipt of such accounts or abstracts may withdraw from the said account such sums as may be 30 necessary to cover the amounts so paid, and lodge the same in such bank to the credit of the public accountant who shall have made the payments.

(6) The amounts mentioned in such drafts or cheques and for such credits shall not collectively in any case exceed the amount of the items set forth in the said warrant and any previous unexhausted 35 warrants of the like nature.

(7) Except as provided in this Act no draft or cheque shall be drawn upon or money withdrawn from the said account.

34. (1) No public accountant shall pay any account unless he Duty of paying and shall have been authorized so to do by some person appointed by the certifying officers. 40 Governor-General for that purpose and unless such account shall W.A. 14. have been duly certified as correct by some person appointed by the N.S.W. 19, 20, 21. Q. 15. Governor-General for that purpose.

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(2) No

of warrant to issue drafts or cheques and make pay-46-52; W.A. 13; Q. 12-13.

(2) No such person shall authorize the payment of any account until he shall have ascertained that the payment thereof in addition to any accounts already certified will not exceed the amount of the appropriation made for that purpose.

(3) No such person shall certify to any account until he shall have ascertained that the expenditure has been duly authorized and that such account is correct and is charged against the proper head of expenditure:

(4) Every account shall be considered duly authorized if it is in accordance with any existing law or regulation or has been directly sanctioned by the Treasurer and if chargeable on the Consolidated 10 Revenue Fund is covered by any Appropriation Act or any Act authorizing the issue and application of moneys out of such fund in force at the time of payment.

(5) The correctness of every account in regard to computations castings rates of charge and the faithful performance of the services 15 charged shall be certified by the person incurring the expense.

(6) Except as hereafter provided at the time of paying any account every public accountant shall obtain a receipt under the hand of the person to whom the same is payable or under the hand of some person or banker authorized in writing by such first-mentioned person for the 20 amount so paid which shall always be set out in words at full length.

(7) Any person to whom an account is payable may in such account direct that on such account being passed for payment an order authorizing the bearer thereof to receive the amount of such account shall be transmitted to him and the Treasurer or his deputy may if 25 he think fit transmit such order to such person by registered letter and any person producing such order signed by such first-mentioned person shall be entitled to receive payment of such amount and such payment shall be as valid and effectual in all respects as if made to such first-mentioned person personally and such order shall 30 for all purposes be deemed a valid and effectual receipt for such amount and where such order has been so transmitted the Treasurer or his deputy shall not be bound to pay such account until such order shall be returned to him.

(8) No account shall be paid by any public accountant until 35 he shall have ascertained that the regulations have been complied with so far as the same relate to the payment of accounts.

Adjustment of accounts of the various States by transfer from one bank to another. **35**. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act the Treasurer or his deputy may, for the purpose of adjusting the accounts of the various States, transfer by cheque or draft money forming portion of 40 the Commonwealth Public Account from any bank to any other bank within the Commonwealth.

36. (1) Every

1 Edw. VII.]

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36. (1) Every appropriation made out of the Consolidated No moneys shall be Revenue Fund for the service of any financial year shall lapse and cease to have any effect for any purpose at the close of that year and any balance of the moneys so appropriated which may then be unexpended 5 shall lapse and the accounts of the year shall be then closed.

(2) The Minister of each Department shall within thirty days after the close of the financial year prepare and transmit to the Treasurer Liabilities to be a statement of all claims in respect of the services of his department outstanding at the close of such year which might by law have been N.Z. 38. 10 paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such year.

37. (1) If the exigencies of the public service render it necessary Power to vary the to alter the proportions assigned to the particular items comprised under any subdivision in the annual supplies the Governor-General may N.S.W. 23, V. 32; by order direct that there shall be applied in aid of any item that may 15 be deficient a further limited sum out of any surplus arising on any other item under the same subdivision unless such subdivision shall be expressly stated to be "unalterable."

(2) Every order by which such altered application may be made shall be delivered to the Auditor-General, and a copy thereof shall be 20 laid before both Houses of the Parliament within seven days after the making thereof if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) Nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize the Governor-25 General to direct that any such sum as aforesaid shall be applied in augmentation of or as an addition to any salary or wages.

Audit and Inspection.

38. (1) Unless otherwise directed in writing by the Treasurer Bankers to forward the manager or person in charge of any bank into which any money 30 shall be paid to The Commonwealth Public Account or into which N.S.W. 24; V. 34; any advance shall have been paid or in which any lodgment has been W.A. 23; S.A. 14. any advance shall have been paid or in which any lodgment has been made or credit opened as provided by this Act shall at such times as may be appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy a copy (to be called "The Bank Sheet") of so much 35 of the debit and credit sides of The Commonwealth Public Account or of the account in connexion with which such advance or lodgment shall have been made or credit opened as aforesaid as shall not previously have been transmitted to the Treasurer or his deputy, and also a certificate setting forth the balance to the debit or credit of the

40 said account.

(2) Such manager or person shall at such times as shall be appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Auditor-General a copy of such bank sheet and certificate so far as the same relate to the Commonwealth Public Account. **39**. Every

issued except for

payment during year of appropriation. N.S.W. 22; V. 33; Q. 18; N.Z., 37; W.A. 15; Tas. 28; S.A. 12.

shown.

annual appropriation.

Q. 19; N.Z. 40; W.A. 17.

bank sheet.

Audit.

Accountants to furnish statement. Q. 14.

39. Every public accountant charged with the duty of disbursing public moneys if so required by the Auditor-General shall not later than the fourth day after the expiration of each month transmit to the Auditor-General a detailed statement verified by his statutory declaration of the several drafts or cheques which he shall have drawn during the preceding month.

40. The Treasurer shall keep at the Treasury a book to be called "The Cash Book" and shall enter therein when and as such statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts as aforesaid respectively are received by him the amount mentioned in the same 10 respectively and shall daily send to the Auditor-General the said statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts and a copy (to be called "The Cash Sheet") of so much of the said book as shall not previously have been sent by him to the Auditor-General.

41. (1) The Auditor-General on receipt by him of the said 15 returns cash sheet statements accountable receipts accounts and vouchers to examine receipts shall examine the same and shall-

- (a) compare the debit and credit entries with the supporting (a)vouchers and documents forwarded therewith and also with the bank sheets,
- (b) ascertain whether such vouchers and documents bear upon the face of them a correct description of the proper heads of receipt or of expenditure to which the moneys mentioned therein have been credited or debited respectively,
- (c) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned on the debit 25side of the cash sheet have been duly paid over to the Commonwealth Public Account, and whether the moneys mentioned on the credit side of the cash sheet have been actually and duly disbursed under competent 30 authority and on the prescribed certificates,
- (d) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned in such entries have been credited or debited to the proper heads of receipt or expenditure respectively,
- (e) ascertain whether the rates computations and castings are correct, 35
- (f) ascertain whether such moneys were legally available for and applicable to the service or purpose to which the same shall have been applied or charged, and
- (g) ascertain whether the provisions of The Constitution and of this and any other Act and the regulations have 40 been in all respects complied with.

42. (1) The

cash book and send cash sheet &c. to Auditor-General. N.S.W. 27; V. 35; Q. 22; W.A. 24; Tas. 11; S.A. 15; N.Z. 23.

Treasurer to keep a

Auditor-General on receiving returns cash sheet and and compare them.

N.S.W. 34-35; V. 36; Q. 33; W.A. 25; Tas. 12; S.A. 16.

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1 Edw. VII.]

42. (1) The Auditor-General shall make such queries and Auditor-General to observations addressed to the Treasurer or any other person whomsoever and call for such accounts vouchers statements documents and Treasurer. explanations as he may think necessary and after such queries and V. 38; N.Z. 32; 5 observations shall have been answered and after such further accounts, vouchers, statements, documents, and explanations shall have been rendered, shall allow and discharge and grant an acquittance to the Treasurer for all receipts which shall be found correct and for all payments duly and properly made and supported by proper receipts or 10 vouchers.

(2) If it shall appear to the Auditor-General from any examination audit or inspection made by him or any person appointed by him-

- (a) That any public accountant has wilfully or negligently omitted to collect or receive any money,
- (b) that any money shall not have been duly credited to the proper head of revenue or account or not duly accounted for and paid over to the Commonwealth Public Account,
 - (c) that any money shall have been applied or charged to any service or purpose for which the same was not legally available or applicable,
- (d) that any expenditure shall not have been duly authorized or shall not be duly vouched and certified,
- (e) that there has been any deficiency or loss through the fraud mistake default or error of any person,
- (f) that the said returns statements accounts and receipts or any of them are in any essential particular defective or imperfect,
 - (q) that any material error has been committed, or
- (h) that any of the provisions of The Constitution or of this or any other Act or the regulations have not been complied with

the Auditor-General shall within three months next after the said returns statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts shall have been sent to him as hereinbefore directed surcharge the Treasurer with

35 any deficiency or loss and any expenditure which shall not have been duly authorized vouched or certified by deducting the amount thereof from the sum for which an acquittance would otherwise have been given.

(3) Where any surcharge shall have remained unsatisfied for a 40 period of six months and the Auditor-General shall have given a certificate in writing to the Treasurer that for any reason therein mentioned such surcharge should be removed, the Governor-General may make an order that such surcharge shall be removed and such surcharge shall then be deemed to have been satisfied.

(4) Every

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discharge and surcharge Tas. 13–14 ; W.A. 26-34; N.S.W., 36 ; S.A. 17.

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Third Schedule.

Treasurer to

surcharge defaulters.

V., 39 ; Tas , 15.

(4) Every such acquittance shall be in such one of the forms contained in the Third Schedule to this Act as shall be applicable to the case or to the like effect and shall be transmitted to the Treasurer and shall be a full and complete discharge to him as to the several moneys mentioned therein.

(5) No acquittance shall be signed for any surcharge until such surcharge shall have been satisfied.

43. Whenever the Treasurer shall have been surcharged as hereinbefore directed he shall ascertain by what person the fraud mistake default or error occasioning such surcharge shall have been committed, 10 and shall send notice in writing of such surcharge to such person by registered letter and take such measures or proceedings as the case may require to recover the amount thereof and no account payable to or claimed by such person shall be paid until such surcharge shall have been satisfied and an acquittance for the same shall have been signed as 15 aforesaid and transmitted to the Treasurer; and the amount of every such surcharge may be sued for as money paid by His Majesty to the use of such person at his request.

44. (1) In all cases in which notice of any surcharge shall have been sent by the Treasurer to any public accountant or any other 20 person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act who may be dissatisfied with any disallowance or surcharge in his accounts made by the Auditor-General such public accountant or person shall have a right of appeal to the Governor-General within three months 25after the sending of such notice.

(2) The Governor-General after such investigation as he considers equitable may make such order directing the relief of the appellant wholly or in part from the disallowance or surcharge in question as shall appear to the Governor-General to be just and reasonable and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties 30and be acted on accordingly.

45. (1) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint may whenever he shall think fit and shall whenever required so to do by the Treasurer inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of any public accountant and of any other person in the public service 35 or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any moneys have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for on account or for the use or benefit of any other 40 person.

(2) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint shall—

(a) Once at least in every year inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of every public accountant and of every other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any 45 moneys

Inspection and audit of books and

accounts.

Auditor-General to inspect public stores books accounts &c.

V., 40; Q., 32-35; W.A., 28; Tas., 16; S.A., 19.

Accountants to have right of appeal to the Governor-General. N.S.W., 37; Q., 36; W.A., 27 ; S.A., 18.

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moneys shall have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, and all stores belonging to His Majesty of whatsoever nature or description the same may be and shall cause stock thereof to be taken;

- (b) Ascertain whether the whole of the revenue and all other collections whatever have been duly collected and accounted for and whether the moneys received from the Treasurer or his deputy or issued under any credit have been duly and properly paid to the several persons entitled to receive the same;
- (c) Investigate and examine all contracts accounts invoices requisitions books bills of parcels vouchers and documents in anywise relating to or concerning the same, and all circumstances affecting or attending the making of any such contract;
- (d) Ascertain the quantity description and price of all stores purchased on account of Ilis Majesty and of all stores supplied for the use of every department of the public service and whether any person in the public service has requisitioned for or obtained any stores in excess of the reasonable requirements of his office;
- (e) Examine whether the proper quantities of all such stores are remaining in stock in the proper store or building; and
 - (f) Forthwith make and sign and forward to the Treasurer a report of the result of such inspection investigation examination audit and comparison and as to the manner in which the books accounts and other papers aforesaid and stores shall have been kept and as to the state of the several offices and stores and a statement of surcharges. in respect of all sums found to have been omitted to be collected or not duly accounted for and of all payments which shall have not been duly authorized or properly made or for which the necessary certificates receipts and vouchers shall not have been produced and such other information as may be prescribed.

46. No sum shall be allowed in any account to have been duly No sum to be allowed 40 received or paid without a written voucher for the actual receipt or payment of every sum so claimed to be allowed (notwithstanding any N.S.W. 38; V. 41; allegation of papers having been lost or destroyed or of the impossibility of obtaining the prescribed voucher) except on application to the Governor-General who upon satisfactory evidence being produced 45 that the requisite papers have been lost or destroyed or that it is not possible

without voucher unless by order. Q. 37; Tas. 20.

possible to obtain or replace them may order that the said sum shall be allowed or disallowed as the case may be and may make such other order in the premises as he shall think fit and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties and be acted on accordingly.

Proviso for imperfect vouchers. N.S.W. 39,41; V. 42; Q. 38; W.A. 29; Tas. 21; S.A. 20.

· 5 **47.** (1) When a voucher produced for a sum of money disbursed shall be defective from the want of any certificate or other document which ought to have accompanied it or in any other particular the Auditor-General may upon proof being made to his satisfaction that the public accountant did not wilfully neglect to procure or produce such certificate or document and that the sum specified in the 10 voucher has been actually and properly disbursed admit such voucher as a sufficient discharge and allow the amount of the same.

(2) The Auditor-General may admit and allow in cases where it appears to him to be reasonable or expedient so to do vouchers for any moneys expressed therein although the same are not stamped according 15 to law.

48. (1) In all cases where any sum of money shall be allowed either without any written voucher or upon an imperfect voucher or incorrect certificate or shall be disallowed in consequence of the absence or imperfection of such voucher or the absence or incorrectness of such 20 certificate the particulars and amount of such allowance or disallowance shall be specified to the Treasurer in the report of the Auditor-General; and in case of the disallowance of any sum the amount thereof shall be deemed and taken to be money paid by His Majesty to the use of such public accountant at his request and in addition to any other means of 25 recovering such amount the same shall be retained or stopped from any moneys then or thereafter payable to such public accountant.

Statements and Audit thereof.

49. (1) The Treasurer as soon as conveniently may be after the expiration of every quarter of the financial year shall publish in the 30 Gazette a statement in detail of the receipts and expenditure as well of the Consolidated Revenue Fund as of the Trust Fund and Loan N.S.W. 28; V. 48; Fund during such quarter together with a comparative statement of W.A. 37; Tas. 25; such receipts and expenditure during the corresponding quarter of the previous financial year and in like manner at the expiration of the 35 financial year shall publish an Annual Statement of receipts and expenditure with a comparative statement of receipts and expenditure during the previous financial year.

> (2) The Treasurer shall also at the same time and in like manner publish a statement in detail of the Loan Fund with the balances to 40 the credit thereof. **50**. The

Allowances or disallowances without youchers or with imperfect vouchers to be reported.

N.S.W., 40; V., 43; Q., 39; W.A., 20; Tas., 22; S.A., 21.

quarterly statement of receipts and payments. S.A. 29.

Treasurer to make

Q. 23.

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1 Edw. VII.]

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50. The Treasurer shall as soon as practicable after the end of And to prepare yearly statement thereof for audit. every financial year prepare a full and particular statement in detail of the expenditure of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for such year N.S.W. 29; V. 49; Q. (1890) 12; N.Z. 70; W.A. 38; (classified and arranged in the same form and under the same divisions 5 and subdivisions as shall have been employed in the appropriation Tas. 26; S.A. 30. thereof and showing all votes which shall have lapsed) and of the Loan Fund and all other accounts for the same period and of the Trust Fund for the same period under the several heads of account of that fund and also of the receipts of the Consolidated Revenue Fund Loan 10 Fund and other accounts and Trust Fund for the same year; and shall transmit such statement to the Auditor-General.

51. The Auditor-General shall forthwith examine such statement Auditor-General to and prepare and sign a report explaining such statement in full and audit and report. showing-

- - N.S.W. 43; V. 50; Q. (1890) 13; W.A. 39; Tas. 26; S.A. 31.
- (a) in what particulars such statement agrees with or differs from the accounts of the Treasurer,
 - (b) full particulars of every case in which the provisions of The Constitution or of this or any other Act or the regulations or any forms shall not have been carried out or adopted or shall in any manner have been varied or departed from,
 - (c) every case in which default shall have been made in delivering or sending accounts or collecting or accounting for any moneys or stores,
 - (d) all sums allowed or disallowed without vouchers or with imperfect vouchers, or upon incorrect certificates,
 - (e) any proceeding that may have been taken by or against any person in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or the regulations,
 - (f) all claims in respect of any department outstanding at the close of the financial year, which might by law have been paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such year,
 - (g) all surcharges which have been made by the Auditor-General and not satisfied or which have been removed by order of the Governor-General, and
 - (h) such other information as may be prescribed or as the Auditor-General thinks desirable.
- 40 52. The Auditor-General shall annex or append to the said Certain Orders report
 - (a) a copy of every Order in Council by which it may have been directed that there should be applied in aid of any N.S.W. 44; V. 51; item that may have been deficient a further sum out of S.A. 32. any surplus arising on any other item under the same subdivision, and

in Council and law officers' opinions to be appended.

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(b) a copy

(b) a copy of every case or statement of facts laid by the said Auditor-General before the Attorney-General for his opinion together with a copy of the opinion given thereon.

Report to be laid before both Houses of Parliament. N.S.W. 45; V. 52; S.A. 33; Q. (1895) 13; W.A. 40.

53. (1) The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making and signing the said report if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within fourteen days after the next session or sitting transmit to both Houses of the Parliament the statement transmitted by the Treasurer accompanied by such report and by the copies herein- 10 before directed to be appended thereto.

(2) The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making and signing the said report, if the Parliament be not then in session, transmit a copy of the statement and of such report and copies to the Treasurer, and the Treasurer shall within fourteen days 15 thereafter publish them as a public document.

54. The Auditor-General may in such yearly report or in any special report which he may at any time think fit to make recommend any plans and suggestions for the better collection and payment of the public moneys and the more effectually and economically auditing 20 and examining the public accounts and stores and any improvement in the mode of keeping such accounts and generally report upon all matters relating to the public accounts public moneys and stores, and such plans and suggestions shall be considered and dealt with by the Governor-General. 25

Loan Fund.

56. (1) A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury of all moneys which shall be raised by way of loan upon the public credit of the Commonwealth and which shall have been placed to the credit of the Commonwealth Public Account.

(2) Such account shall be called "The Loan Fund " and shall be kept under such separate heads as are specified in the several Loan Acts under the authority whereof the moneys were raised.

56. All interest (other than interest on loans taken over by the Commonwealth from the States or any renewal or conversion thereof) 35 payable on account of the Public Debt of the Commonwealth on the first day of any quarter of the financial year shall be charged and included as a payment in the preceding quarter of such year.

57. (1) It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund except under the 40 authority of an Act.

(2) Such Act shall show the nature of the proposed work or other object of the proposed expenditure and the amount of the proposed expenditure in each case and the total amount proposed to be expended for such work or object. 58. When 45

Auditor-General to make suggestions for collection and payment. N.S.W. 46; V. 53; Q. 47; W.A. 41; Tas. 27; S.A. 34.

Separate account to be kept of Loan Fund. W.A. 18; Q. (1890) 3.

How interest to be charged. Q. 23.

Loan Fund expenditure to be covered by Act. W.A. 19; Q. (1890) 4. Q. (1890) 8. 1 EDW. VII.]

58. When any money is appropriated out of the moneys standing Suspense accounts. to the credit of the Loan Fund for the purpose of defraying Q. (1890) 14. the cost of the purchase of any material the cost of which may ultimately be chargeable to and divisible amongst more works than one 5 and it is not known or does not appear to what work the cost of such material ought ultimately to be charged, then the Governor-General may direct that all moneys expended for such material shall be charged in the first instance to a "Suspense Account" and shall afterwards be charged to the proper work when the same is ascertained.

10 59. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and Provisions of Act expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund, and the Governor-General shall have the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure 15 thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the

Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection and receipt of money and the audit of the Public Accounts and the powers and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of

20 public moneys and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys collected received or expended on account of the Loan Fund.

Trust Fund.

60. A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury to be called Trust Fund. 25 the Trust Fund of all moneys which shall be placed to the credit of that fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

61. It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any Expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund except for the purposes **30** of such fund or under the authority of an Act.

62. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and Provisions of Act expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund, and the Governor-General shall have

35 the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection and receipt of moneys and the audit of the Public Accounts and the powers 40 and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of public moneys and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys collected received or expended on account of the Trust Fund.

to apply. Q. (1890) 10.

Trust moneys.

to apply.

Moneys

Moneys outside Commonwealth.

Moneys outside the Commonwealth.

Penalties for misappropriations.

Q., 49; N.Z., 10 W.A., 36; Tas., 24; S.A., 28. 63. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained the Governor-General may make such arrangements as he considers necessary for the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of any money belonging to the Commonwealth outside the territory of the Commonwealth and for the keeping of books and accounts and furnishing statements returns and vouchers and for the examination inspection record and audit of such books accounts statements returns and vouchers.

Penalties.

64. (1) Any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act who—

- (a) misapplies or improperly disposes of or makes use of otherwise than is provided by this Act or the regulations any public moneys or stores which come into his 15 possession or control; or
- (b) pays any such moneys into his own private account at any bank

shall be deemed to have fraudulently converted such moneys or stores to his own private use and shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and 20 shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding five years.

(2) Any such public accountant or person who wilfully damages or destroys any public stores shall be guilty of an indictable offence and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any 25 period not exceeding two years.

65. If any person—

- (a) forges or counterfeits or causes or procures to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly or wilfully acts or assists in forging or counterfeiting— 30
 - the name initials mark or signature of any other person to any writing whatsoever for or in order to receiving or obtaining any public money or any money out of the Commonwealth Public Account or any stores belonging 35 to His Majesty; or
 - (2) any writing made by any such person; or
- (b) utters or publishes any such writing knowing it to be forged or counterfeited with an intention to defraud His Majesty or any person whomsoever;

he shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment for any period not exceeding fifteen years.

66. (1) Where

Punishment for forgery of Treasury documents.
Q. 50; W.A. 43; Tas. 34; S.A. 36. ſNo.

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66. (1) Where the Treasurer shall have given a certificate in Document in lieu writing that for any reason therein mentioned any document subscribed by any person in any specified part of the Commonwealth may be accepted in lieu of any statutory declaration required by this Act or

5 the regulations the Governor-General may order that any document so subscribed shall be so accepted without being declared.

(2) Any person who shall subscribe any such document knowing the same to be false shall be guilty of an indictable offence and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not 10 exceeding four years.

- 67. (1) Any person who shall fail to attend the Auditor-General Persons failing for the purpose of being examined, or to produce any accounts books vouchers documents or papers, or to be sworn or make a declaration or affirmation or to answer any lawful question when required so to do V. 46; Tas, 23;
- 15 by the Auditor-General, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding One hundred pounds.

(2) Where any person is compelled under the provisions of this Act to attend before the Auditor-General he shall be entitled to be paid such expenses as the Auditor-General may certify to be reasonable.

- 2068. If any person—
 - (a) makes or subscribes any statutory declaration or affirmation mentioned in this Act knowing it to be false; or
 - (b) wilfully and corruptly gives false evidence in the course of his examination before the Auditor-General,
- 25 he shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding four years.

69. Any person who is guilty of any wilful act of commission or Offences generally. omission contrary to any of the provisions of this Act for which no 30 penalty is expressly provided shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty pounds.

70. All penalties incurred under this Act may in addition to any Recovery of other method provided in this Act be imposed and recovered by and before any court of summary jurisdiction upon the information or N.Z. 92.

35 complaint of any person appointed by the Treasurer either generally or for the purpose of any particular case, and when paid or recovered shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

REGULATIONS.

71. (1) The Governor-General may make regulations (not Regulations to be 40 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act) for carrying out the provisions of this Act and in particular for-

> (a) the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of all public moneys and the guidance of all persons concerned therein, (b) the

to attend Auditor-General or to give evidence.

of statutory

declaration.

Q. 43; S.A. 25; N.Z. 90; W.A. 33.

Persons taking false oath or making a false declaration guilty of perjury. V. 47; Q. 44; S. A. 26; N.Z. 83; W.A. 34; Tas. 19.

penalties.

made.

N.S.W., 4; V., 5; Q, 51; N.Z., 5; W.A., 8; S.A., 7; Tas., 9.

SCHEDULES.

- (b) the more effectual record examination inspection and audit of all receipts and expenditure and the keeping of all necessary books and accounts,
- (c) prescribing the necessary forms for all books and documents whatever required under the provisions of this Act or 5 the regulations.

(2) All such regulations shall be notified in the *Gazette* and shall thereupon have the force of law.

(3) All such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within thirty days after the making thereof if the Par- 10 liament be then sitting, and if not, then within thirty days from the next meeting of the Parliament.

(4) Any such regulation may impose upon any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act a penalty not exceeding Five pounds for any offence for the breach of any regulation and such 15 penalty may be recovered either in the same manner as a penalty incurred under this Act, or by deducting the same from any money due or thereafter becoming due to such public accountant or person.

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[No.

1 EDW. VII.]

SCHEDULES.

Audit.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

I, do solemnly and sincerely promise and declare that according to the best of my skill and ability I will faithfully impartially and truly execute the office and perform the duties of Auditor-General (or as the case may be) according to law.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

WARRANT.

To the Auditor-General.

The amount of moneys likely to become due and payable out of "The Commonwealth Public Account" during the months of

now next is pounds shillings and pence and the services and purposes for which the same will be required are as follows (that is to say):—

Division.	Subdivision.	Purpose.	AmountPreviously Authorized,		Amount now Authorized.	Total Amount Authorized.	Provision Authorized.	Balance:	
			£	8.	d.				
	Total	£							

Dated this

above set forth.

day of

Dated this

day of

19

Auditor-

General.

19.

Treasurer.

I CERTIFY that the sums above mentioned are legally available for and applicable to the services and purposes respectively You are hereby authorized to issue

out of "The Commonwealth Public Account" the amount above set forth and for so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand the

day of

19 Go**zornoz**-Gono

Governor-General.

THIRD

Section 8.

Section 32.

Section 42 (4).

24

THIRD SCHEDULE.

No.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

	Amount.
I certify that I have examined the several accounts furnished to me support of the payments authorized by you out of the on the as set forth in your cash sh of that date amounting to and that I find you are entitled to a discharge from all responsibility liability on account of such payments to the amount of—	neet
The payments made under the accounts below enumerated and sums significant of receipts are hereby surcharged viz	nort
Treasury Vou. No. Amount.	
	£
I therefore grant this acquittance for the amount of shillings and pence.	pound
Given under my hand this day of	19.

Auditor-General.

No.

SURCHARGE REMOVAL.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

I certify that I have re-examined the several accounts below enumerated previously placed under surcharge in acquittance No. and that I find you are entitled to a discharge from all responsibility and liability on account of the same as set forth in your cash sheet of the day of 19.

	Treasury Vou. 1	No.	Amo	unt.
	Total	£	1	
therefore grant this acquittance for the amount of	of			po

shillings and

pence.

Given under my hand this

day of

19.

Auditor-General.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT of the COMMONWEALTH of AUSTRALIA by ROFZ. S. BRAIN, Government Printer for the State of Victoria. THIS Bill originated in the House of Representatives; and having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the Senate for its concurrence.

> C. GAVAN DUFFY, Clerk of the House of Representatives.

House of Representatives, Melbourne, 18th July, 1901.

A BILL

INTITULD

AN ACT

To make provision for the Collection and Payment of the Public Moneys the Audit of the Public Accounts and the Protection and Recovery of Public Property and for other purposes.

B^E it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia as follows:—

Preliminary.

5 1. This Act may be cited as the *Audit Act* 1901, and shall come Short title and into operation on the first day of January One thousand nine hundred commencement. and two.

2. In this Act unless the contrary intention appears—

Definitions.

(a) "Commonwealth Public Account" shall include the Consolidated Revenue Fund and all public moneys whatever;

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[C. 6]-150b/18.7.1901.-F.4433.

(b) "Deputy

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- (b) "Deputy" when used in connexion with the word Treasurer shall mean some person appointed in writing by the Treasurer ;
- (c) "Prescribed" shall mean prescribed by this Act or the regulations;
- (d) "Public accountant" shall include every person who by any law regulation or appointment is charged with the duty of collecting or receiving or who does actually collect or receive any public moneys or who is charged with the duty of disbursing or who does actually dis- 10 burse any public moneys ;
- (e) "Public moneys" shall include all revenue loan trust and other moneys whatsoever received for or on account of the Commonwealth or referred to in this Act;
- (f) "Regulations" shall mean regulations made under this 15 Act.

Auditor-General.

3. The Governor-General may appoint some person to be Auditor-General for the Commonwealth.

4. The Auditor-General shall receive an annual salary of One 20 thousand pounds and such salary shall be a charge upon and paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund which to the necessary extent is hereby appropriated accordingly.

5. (1) The Auditor-General shall not during his continuance in such office be capable of being a member of the Executive Council of 25 the Commonwealth or of any State thereof or of either House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth or of any State thereof.

(2) The Auditor-General shall be deemed to have vacated his office---

- (a) if he directly or indirectly engages in any paid employment 30 outside the duties of his office or in any trade or business except as a member of any registered company ;
- (b) if he becomes insolvent or bankrupt or compounds with his creditors or makes any assignment of his salary for their benefit or takes advantage of the provisions of any Act 35 or State Act relating to insolvency or bankruptcy;
- (c) if except on leave granted by the Governor-General he absents himself from duty for fourteen consecutive days or for twenty-eight days in any twelve months; or
- (d) if he resigns his office by writing under his hand addressed 40 to the Governor-General and such resignation is accepted by the Governor-General.

6. (1) If

Appointment of Auditor-General. N.S.W., 30; N.Z., 25; V., 6; W.A., 4; Q., 26; S.A., 2-3. His salary.

W.A., 12; N.S.W., 5; S.A., 9; Q., 1.

V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7; Tas, 6-8; S.A. 6.

Incapacity for

other position. V., 7; Q., 27; N.Z., 26-27; W.A., 7; Tas., 6-8; S.A., 6.

6. (1) If any officer of the Commonwealth is appointed Auditor- Rights of officers General his service as Auditor-General shall for the purpose of determining all his existing and accruing rights be counted as public service in the Commonwealth.

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(2) If any officer in the public service of a State is appointed Auditor-General he shall have the same rights as if he had been an officer of a department transferred to the Commonwealth and were retained in the service of the Commonwealth.

7. (1) The Auditor-General shall hold his office during good How removed from 10 behaviour and shall not be removed therefrom unless an address praying for such removal shall be presented to the Governor-General by the Senate and the House of Representatives respectively in the same session of the Parliament.

(2) The Governor-General may at any time suspend the Auditor-15 General from his office for incapacity incompetence or misbehaviour; and when and so often as the same shall happen the Treasurer shall lay before both Houses of the Parliament a full statement of the grounds of such suspension within seven days after such suspension if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting, or if the Parlia-

20 ment be not then in session or not actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) The Auditor-General so suspended shall be restored to office unless each House of the Parliament within forty-two days after the day when such statement is laid before it, and in the same session pass 25 an address to the Governor-General praying for his removal.

8. The Auditor-General before he shall enter upon the duties Auditor-General to or exercise the powers vested in him by this Act shall make and subscribe before the Executive Council a declaration in the form N.S.W., 32; V., 9; contained in the First Schedule to this Act.

30 9. In the case of the illness incapacity suspension or absence of Appointment of the Auditor-General the Governor-General may appoint some other person to act as Auditor-General during such illness incapacity suspension or absence; and every such person shall make and subscribe before the Executive Council a declaration in the form aforesaid or to

35 the like effect.

10. (1) The Auditor-General may with the approval of the Auditor-General Governor-General appoint any person holding the office of Auditor-General or Commissioner of Audit in any State or if such person is Constitution Act unable or unwilling to act then some other person to be his deputy within 40 that State and in that capacity during the pleasure of the Auditor-

General to exercise such powers and perform such duties of the Auditor-General as he thinks fit with the approval of the Governor-General to assign to such deputy subject to any limitations expressed or

preserved.

office or suspended. N.S.W., 31; Tas., 4-5; V., 8; Q., 28; N.Z., 28; W.A., 3; S.A., 2.

make a declaration. First Schedule. W.A., 6; S.A., 5.

deputy. N.S.W., 33; W.A., 5; V., 11; Tas., 7; Q., 29; S.A., 4; N.Z., 29.

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or directions given by the Auditor-General, but the appointment of such deputy shall not affect the exercise or performance by the Auditor-General himself of any power or duty.

(2) Every such deputy shall make and subscribe before a Judge of the Supreme Court of a State a declaration in the form aforesaid **5** or to the like effect which shall be transmitted by such deputy to the Auditor-General and by him transmitted to the Clerk to the Executive Council.

(3) Such person shall during the time for which he shall act as such deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such 10 Auditor-General so assigned to him.

11. The Auditor-General may by writing under his hand appoint any person to inspect examine and audit any books accounts or stores which are required to be inspected examined or audited by this Act and to report thereon to him and any such person shall have power to 15 inspect all such books accounts or stores and all vouchers and papers relating thereto.

12. (1) The Auditor-General shall communicate with the Treasurer upon all matters arising under this Act or the regulations relating to the collection receipt issue and expenditure of public 20 moneys.

(2) The Auditor-General shall transmit to the Treasurer the name of any person failing to comply with any of the provisions of this Act or the regulations and thereupon and until such failure shall have been made good to the satisfaction of the Treasurer all salary and 25 moneys that may be or become due or payable to such person may be withheld.

13. (1) The Auditor-General may by precept under his hand require all such persons as he may think fit to appear personally before him at a time and place to be named in such precept, and to produce 30 to him all such accounts books vouchers documents and papers in the possession or control of such persons as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purposes of his examination.

(2) The Auditor-General may when he shall think fit cause search to be made in and extracts to be taken from any book document or 35 record in the custody of the Treasurer or in any public office without paying any fee for the same.

14. The Auditor-General is hereby authorized and required to examine upon oath declaration or affirmation (which oath declaration or affirmation he is hereby empowered to administer) all persons 40 whom he shall think fit to examine respecting the receipt or expenditure of money or any stores respectively affected by the provisions of this Act and respecting all other matters and things whatever necessary for the due performance and exercise of the duties and powers vested in him. 15. The 45

Auditor-General may appoint persons to inspect. N.Z. 33.

Auditor-General to communicate with Treasurer; report defaulters. N.S.W. 13; V. 26; Q. 31.

Auditor-General may call for persons and papers V. 44; Q. 41; N.Z. 34; W.A. 31; Tas. 17; S.A. 23.

Auditor-General may administer oath. V. 45; Q. 42; W.A. 32; Tas. 18; S.A. 24. 1 Edw. VII.]

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15. The Auditor-General shall be entitled to lay before the Auditor-General Attorney-General a case in writing as to any question concerning the may obtain opinion. powers of the Auditor-General or the discharge of his duties, and the W.A. 35; S.A. 27. Attorney-General shall give him a written opinion on such case.

Public Accountants.

16. Every public accountant shall be subject to the provisions Persons subject of this Act and the regulations and shall perform such duties keep to Act. such books and render such accounts as are prescribed by this Act or Q, 1; W.A., 12; by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct by the regulations or as the Treasurer may direct.

10 17. Every public accountant shall if required by the Treasurer Security to be so to do provide security for such sum and in such manner and form given. as the Treasurer shall direct for the due performance of his duties and Q, 48. for the due accounting for and payment of all moneys which shall come to his possession or control by reason or virtue of his office 15 service or employment.

18. No public accountant shall open any public or official account Public accountant's in any bank without the authority in writing of the Treasurer or his deputy, and no bank shall permit any public accountant to have an overdraft on any public or official account except the same be a credit 20 authorized under this Act.

19. On the death resignation or removal of any public Transfer of balances accountant the balances remaining at the credit of his public or official account in any bank shall upon the appointment of his successor vest removal of public in and be transferred to the public or official account of such 25 successor at the said bank, and on the death bankruptcy or insolvency of any public accountant such balances shall not constitute assets of his estate or be in any manner subject to the control of his legal representative assignce or trustee.

Collection of Moneys.

20. (1) The Treasurer may agree with any bank upon such Treasurer may 30 terms and conditions as he may think fit for the receipt custody agree with any payment and transmission of public moneys within or without the Commonwealth, and for advances to be made and for the charges N.Z. 15; W.A. 22; in respect of the same, and for the interest payable by or to the 35 bank upon balances or advances respectively, and generally for the conduct of the banking business of the Commonwealth.

(2) No such agreement shall be made for a period of more than one year unless it contains a provision that the same may be terminated at any time after a notice of not exceeding six months.

40 21. (1) The Commonwealth Public Account shall be kept in Commonwealth such bank and under such subdivisions (if any) as the Treasurer may in writing direct. (2) All

bank account.

on decease resignation or accountants. N.S.W. 11; Q. 7; N.Z. 10.

bank for conducting business.

S.A. 13.

Public Account.

bank.

V. 28; Q. 9; N.S.W. 16; N.Z. 6. (2) All moneys paid into any bank to The Commonwealth Public Account shall be deemed to be public moneys and the property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the

Public accountants to pay into Treasury or back, &c. N.S.W. 7; N.Z. 21; Q. 3. 22. Except as otherwise provided in this Act every public 5 accountant collecting or receiving money shall daily or at such intervals and in such manner as may be directed by the Treasurer transmit or pay to the Treasurer or his deputy or into the Commonwealth Public Account or to such person as the Treasurer may direct all money collected or received by him on account of the Consolidated Revenue 10 Fund.

23. The Treasurer or his deputy shall pay daily into the Commonwealth Public Account all money received by the Treasurer or his deputy.

money collected or received by him to the Treasurer or his deputy or to

any person as aforesaid shall at the same time transmit or deliver to the

Treasurer or his deputy or to such person a statement signed by him of

24. (1) Every public accountant transmitting or paying any 15

Public accountants to furnish statements.V. 20; N.Z. 22.

Treasurer to pay

daily into bank.

N.S.W. 15 : Q. 8.

N.Z., 14; V., 20.

the days of the month on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars 20 as may be prescribed.
(2) Every public accountant at the time of paying any money into the Commonwealth Public Account shall obtain from the manager or person in charge of the bank into which such money is paid (who is hereby required to give the same) an accountable receipt in duplicate 25 for such money; and shall forthwith after such payment transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy one of the said duplicate accountable

receipts and also a statement signed by him of the days of the month on and the particular heads of receipt under which such money came to his possession or control with such other particulars as may be 30 prescribed.

Public accountants to send declared returns to the Auditor-General. V. 21; N.Z. 32.

The Money Order Account. N.Z. 74. 25. Every public accountant collecting or receiving public moneys (unless otherwise specially directed) shall on or before the tenth day of every month transmit to the Auditor-General a return verified by his statutory declaration of all moneys which shall have 35 come into his possession or under his control for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during the preceding month.

26. (1) All moneys received by Postmasters for transmission by post office order telegraph order or postal note and for the charges and commission in relation thereto shall be kept in a separate account at 40 any bank appointed by the Treasurer, called the "Money Order Account"

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Account," which shall be operated upon only by cheque signed by the Postmaster-General or some person appointed in writing by him to act as his deputy for that purpose.

(2) Such moneys shall be deemed to be public moneys and the 5 property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the bank.

(3) The Postmaster-General shall at the end of each month or oftener if required to do so by the Treasurer pay into the Commonwealth Public Account all moneys so received during such month as 10 revenue.

- 27. (1) When under any Act any money (which by such Act Disposal of private is directed to be paid into the Treasury or to the Treasurer) shall come to the possession or control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act by virtue of his office service
- 15 or employment for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, such first-mentioned person shall pay the same and act in respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of
- 20 the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit.

(2) Such money shall be placed to the credit of "The Trust Fund" and under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

2528. (1) When by virtue of his office service or employment or of Public servants any legal process whatsoever any money shall come to the possession or control of any person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person and shall have remained in such possession or under such 30 control for such period as may be prescribed, such first-mentioned person shall pay the same into such bank at such place and in such manner as the Treasurer shall direct.

(2) Such money shall be paid by such person as aforesaid to an official account to be opened by him in such bank ; and all interest which 35 shall become due from such bank for or in respect thereof shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(3) No such person shall be answerable or accountable for any loss that may happen through any such bank.

29. When any such money as last aforesaid shall have remained And after three 40 in such bank for three months such person shall pay the same and act in respect thereof and in regard thereto in like manner as public accountants are required to pay and act with reference to moneys N.S.W. 10; V. 24; which shall come to their possession or control for or on account of

moneys collected under Acts of Parliament. N.S.W. 8; V. 22; Q.4; N.Z.8.

collecting private moneys to place them to their credit in bank. N.S.W. 9; V.23; Q. 5; N.Z. 11.

months to be paid to the public account.

Q. 5.

the

the Consolidated Revenue Fund or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit; and such money shall be placed to the credit of the said Trust Fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

Unclaimed trust fund to be carried to revenue. N.S.W. 12; V. 25; Q. 6; N.Z. 9. **30.** (1) All such sums as shall have been so placed to the credit of 5 the said Trust Fund and as shall have remained unclaimed for the period of six years after the same shall have been so placed shall be carried to and form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) No person shall be entitled to receive any such sum which shall have remained unclaimed for six years; but no time during which the 10 person entitled to the benefit of such sum shall have been an infant or of unsound mind or out of the Commonwealth shall be taken into account in estimating the said period of six years.

(3) Provided that any sum the claim to which is established to the satisfaction of the Governor-General after the same shall have been 15 carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund may be withdrawn therefrom and refunded upon the authority of the Governor-General.

Payment of Moneys.

31. No money shall be drawn from the Commonwealth Public 20 Account except in the manuer provided by this Act.

32. (1) The Treasurer shall as often as occasion may require calculate the amount of money likely to become due and payable out of the Commonwealth Public Account during a period of not more than three months, and shall thereupon prepare an instrument in the form 25 contained in the Second Schedule to this Act or to the like effect and shall set forth therein the said amount classifying and arranging it (if for the public service) under the same divisions and subdivisions that shall have been employed in the appropriation thereof, or stating (if not for the public service) the purpose for which it is payable, and 30 after having signed such instrument shall transmit the same to the Auditor-General for his countersignature.

(2) Before countersigning any such instrument as aforesaid the Auditor-General shall ascertain that the sums therein mentioned are legally available for and applicable to the services or purposes 35 mentioned in such instrument; and after countersigning such instrument shall return the same to the Treasurer who shall thereupon submit it to the Governor-General for his approval and signature.

(3) In case the Auditor-General finds that the sums therein mentioned or any of them are not legally available for or applicable 40 to the services or purposes therein set forth, he shall return the said instrument to the Treasurer attaching thereto a paper setting forth in writing the sum or sums not found by him to be legally available or applicable as aforesaid and the grounds on which he withholds his signature. (4) Such 45

How moneys are to be issued.

N.S.W. 16; V. 28; Q. 9; N.Z. 6-43; W.A. 9; Tas. 10; S.A. 8.

Treasurer to prepare statement of moneys required. Second Schedule.

Auditor-General to be guided by appropriation. N.S.W. 17; V. 29; Q. 10; N.Z. 44-46; W.A. 10.

Auditor-General may return instrument. Q. 11; N.Z. 53; W.A. 11; N.S.W., 17.

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(4) Such instrument when countersigned by the Auditor-General Such instrument to and approved and signed by the Governor-General but not otherwise shall be the warrant for the issue of the drafts and cheques hereinafter mentioned.

5 **33**. (1) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may issue drafts or cheques upon the Commonwealth Public Account in such form as shall be directed by the Treasurer, and such drafts or cheques shall be sufficient authority to the bank in which the said account is kept to 10 debit the said account with the amounts mentioned therein.

(2) When the said warrant shall have been so signed by the Governor-General the Treasurer or his deputy may either pay any account direct or may withdraw from the said account such sums as may be required to defray any of the services or purposes enumerated

15 in such warrant and advance the same to or lodge the same in some bank to the credit of any public accountant authorized by the Treasurer to make payments.

(3) In special cases where the Treasurer may consider it expedient the Treasurer or his deputy may in lieu of the advance or lodgment 20 hereinbefore referred to and in anticipation of accounts to be afterwards rendered establish a credit in any bank in favour of any such public

accountant.

(4) Every public accountant in whose favour a credit shall have been so established shall forthwith after the payment of such accounts 25 as aforesaid or at such other times as the Treasurer may direct transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy accounts or abstracts duly vouching for the several sums paid from such credit.

(5) The Treasurer or his deputy upon the receipt of such accounts or abstracts may withdraw from the said account such sums as may be 30 necessary to cover the amounts so paid, and lodge the same in such bank

to the credit of the public accountant who shall have made the payments. (6) The amounts mentioned in such drafts or cheques and for such credits shall not collectively in any case exceed the amount of the items set forth in the said warrant and any previous unexhausted

35 warrants of the like nature.

(7) Except as provided in this Act no draft or cheque shall be drawn upon or money withdrawn from the said account.

34. (1) No public accountant shall pay any account unless he Duty of paying and shall have been authorized so to do by some person appointed by the 40 Governor-General for that purpose and unless such account shall W.A. 14. have been duly certified as correct by some person appointed by the N.S.W. 19, 20, 21. Governor-General for that purpose Governor-General for that purpose.

certifying officers.

be warrant.

Treasurer on receipt of warrant to issue drafts or cheques and make payments &c. N.S.W. 18; N.Z. 46-52; W.A. 13; Q. 12-13.

(2) No

(3) No such person shall certify to any account until he shall have 5 ascertained that the expenditure has been duly authorized and that such account is correct and is charged against the proper head of expenditure.

(4) Every account shall be considered duly authorized if it is in accordance with any existing law or regulation or has been directly sanctioned by the Treasurer and if chargeable on the Consolidated 10 Revenue Fund is covered by any Appropriation Act or any Act authorizing the issue and application of moneys out of such fund in force at the time of payment.

(5) The correctness of every account in regard to computations castings rates of charge and the faithful performance of the services 15 charged shall be certified by the person incurring the expense.

(6) Except as hereafter provided at the time of paying any account every public accountant shall obtain a receipt under the hand of the person to whom the same is payable or under the hand of some person or banker authorized in writing by such first-mentioned person for the 20 amount so paid which shall always be set out in words at full length.

(7) Any person to whom an account is payable may in such account direct that on such account being passed for payment an order authorizing the bearer thereof to receive the amount of such account shall be transmitted to him and the Treasurer or his deputy may if 25 he think fit transmit such order to such person by registered letter and any person producing such order signed by such first-mentioned person shall be entitled to receive payment of such amount and such payment shall be as valid and effectual in all respects as if made to such first-mentioned person personally and such order shall 30 for all purposes be deemed a valid and effectual receipt for such amount and where such order has been so transmitted the Treasurer or his deputy shall not be bound to pay such account until such order shall be returned to him.

(8) No account shall be paid by any public accountant until 35 he shall have ascertained that the regulations have been complied with so far as the same relate to the payment of accounts.

Adjustment of accounts of the various States by transfer from one bank to another. 35. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act the Treasurer or his deputy may, for the purpose of adjusting the accounts of the various States, transfer by cheque or draft money forming portion of 40 the Commonwealth Public Account from any bank to any other bank within the Commonwealth

36. (1) Every

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Audit.

36. (1) Every appropriation made out of the Consolidated No moneys shall be Revenue Fund for the service of any financial year shall lapse and cease to have any effect for any purpose at the close of that year and any balance of the moneys so appropriated which may then be unexpended 5 shall lapse and the accounts of the year shall be then closed.

(2) The Minister of each Department shall within thirty days after the close of the financial year prepare and transmit to the Treasurer Liabilities to be a statement of all claims in respect of the services of his department shown. outstanding at the close of such year which might by law have been N.Z. 39. 10 paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such year.

37. (1) If the exigencies of the public service render it necessary Power to vary the to alter the proportions assigned to the particular items comprised under tion. any subdivision in the annual supplies the Governor-General may N.S.W. 23; V. 32; by order direct that there shall be applied in aid of any item that may W.A. 17. 15 be deficient a further limited sum out of any surplus arising on any other item under the same subdivision unless such subdivision shall be expressly stated to be "unalterable."

(2) Every order by which such altered application may be made shall be delivered to the Auditor-General, and a copy thereof shall be 20 laid before both Houses of the Parliament within seven days after the making thereof if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within seven days after the commencement of the next session or sitting.

(3) Nothing hereinbefore contained shall authorize the Governor-25 General to direct that any such sum as aforesaid shall be applied in augmentation of or as an addition to any salary or wages.

Audit and Inspection.

38. (1) Unless otherwise directed in writing by the Treasurer Bankers to forward the manager or person in charge of any bank into which any money 30 shall be paid to The Commonwealth Public Account or into which N.S.W. 24; V. 34; any advance shall have been paid or in which any lodgment has been made or credit opened as provided by this Act shall at such times as may be appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Treasurer or his deputy a copy (to be called "The Bank Sheet") of so much 35 of the debit and credit sides of The Commonwealth Public Account or of the account in connexion with which such advance or lodgment shall have been made or credit opened as aforesaid as shall not previously have been transmitted to the Treasurer or his deputy, and also a certificate setting forth the balance to the debit or credit of the

40 said account.

(2) Such manager or person shall at such times as shall be appointed by the Treasurer transmit to the Auditor-General a copy of such bank sheet and certificate so far as the same relate to the Commonwealth Public Account. **39**. Everv

issued except for payment during year of appropriation. N S.W. 22; V. 33; Q. 18; N.Z., 37; W.A. 15; Tas. 28; S.A. 12.

annual appropria-

bank sheet. N.Z. 12-13; Q. 20; W.A. 23; S.A. 14.

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Accountants to furnish statement. Q. 14,

39. Every public accountant charged with the duty of disbursing public moneys if so required by the Auditor-General shall not later than the fourth day after the expiration of each month transmit to the Auditor-General a detailed statement verified by his statutory declaration of the several drafts or cheques which he shall have drawn during the preceding month.

40. The Treasurer shall keep at the Treasury a book to be called "The Cash Book" and shall enter therein when and as such statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts as aforesaid respectively are received by him the amount mentioned in the same 10 respectively and shall daily send to the Auditor-General the said statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts and a copy (to be called "The Cash Sheet") of so much of the said book as shall not previously have been sent by him to the Auditor-General.

41. The Auditor-General on receipt by him of the said returns 15 cash sheet statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts vouchers to examine shall examine the same and shall-

- (α) compare the debit and credit entries with the supporting vouchers and documents forwarded therewith and also 20with the bank sheets,
- (b) ascertain whether such vouchers and documents bear upon the face of them a correct description of the proper heads of receipt or of expenditure to which the moneys mentioned therein have been credited or debited respectively,
- (c) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned on the debit 25side of the cash sheet have been duly paid over to the Commonwealth Public Account, and whether the moneys mentioned on the credit side of the cash sheet have been actually and duly disbursed under competent authority and on the prescribed certificates, 30
- (d) ascertain whether the moneys mentioned in such entries have been credited or debited to the proper heads of receipt or expenditure respectively,
- (e) ascertain whether the rates computations and castings are correct, 35
- (f) ascertain whether such moneys were legally available for and applicable to the service or purpose to which the same shall have been applied or charged, and
- (g) ascertain whether the provisions of The Constitution and of this and any other Act and the regulations have 40 been in all respects complied with.

42. (1) The

Treasurer to keep a cash book and send cash sheet &c. to Auditor-General. N.S.W. 27; V. 35; Q. 22; W.A. 24; Tas. 11; S.A. 15;

N.Z. 23.

Auditor-General on receiving returns cash sheet and and compare them. N.S.W. 34-35;

V. 36; Q. 33; W.A. 25; Tas. 12'; S.A. 16.

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42. (1) The Auditor-General shall make such queries and Auditor-General to observations addressed to the Treasurer or any other person whomsoever and call for such accounts vouchers statements documents and explanations as he may think necessary and after such queries and V. 38; N.Z. 32; 5 observations shall have been answered and after such further accounts, vouchers, statements, documents, and explanations shall have been rendered, shall allow and discharge and grant an acquittance to the Treasurer for all receipts which shall be found correct and for all payments duly and properly made and supported by proper receipts or 10 vouchers.

(2) If it shall appear to the Auditor-General from any examination audit or inspection made by him or any person appointed by him-

- (a) That any public accountant has wilfully or negligently omitted to collect or receive any money,
- (b) that any money shall not have been duly credited to the proper head of revenue or account or not duly accounted for and paid over to the Commonwealth Public Account,
 - (c) that any money shall have been applied or charged to any service or purpose for which the same was not legally available or applicable,
- (d) that any expenditure shall not have been duly authorized or shall not be duly vouched and certified,
- (e) that there has been any deficiency or loss through the fraud mistake default or error of any person,
- (f) that the said returns statements accounts and receipts or any of them are in any essential particular defective or imperfect,
- (q) that any material error has been committed, or
- (h) that any of the provisions of The Constitution or of this or any other Act or the regulations have not been complied with

the Auditor-General shall within three months next after the said returns statements accountable receipts accounts and receipts shall have been sent to him as hereinbefore directed surcharge the Treasurer with 35 any deficiency or loss and any expenditure which shall not have been duly authorized vouched or certified by deducting the amount thereof from the sum for which an acquittance would otherwise have been given.

(3) Where any surcharge shall have remained unsatisfied for a 40 period of six months and the Auditor-General shall have given a certificate in writing to the Treasurer that for any reason therein mentioned such surcharge should be removed, the Governor-General may make an order that such surcharge shall be removed and such surcharge shall then be deemed to have been satisfied.

(4) Every

discharge and surcharge Treasurer. Tas. 13-14; W.A. 26-34; N.S.W., 36; S.A. 17.

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Third Schedule.

(4) Every such acquittance shall be in such one of the forms contained in the Third Schedule to this Act as shall be applicable to the case or to the like effect and shall be transmitted to the Treasurer and shall be a full and complete discharge to him as to the several moneys mentioned therein.

(5) No acquittance shall be signed for any surcharge until such surcharge shall have been satisfied.

Treasurer to surcharge defaulters. V., 39 ; Tas. 15.

Accountants to have right of appeal to the Governor-General. N.S.W., 37; Q., 36; W.A., 27; S.A., 18.

Inspection and audit of books and accounts.

Auditor-General to inspect public stores books accounts &c. V., 40; Q., 32-35; W.A., 28; Tas, 16: S.A., 19.

43. Whenever the Treasurer shall have been surcharged as hereinbefore directed he shall ascertain by what person the fraud mistake default or error occasioning such surcharge shall have been committed, 10 and shall send notice in writing of such surcharge to such person by registered letter and take such measures or proceedings as the case may require to recover the amount thereof and no account payable to or claimed by such person shall be paid until such surcharge shall have been satisfied and an acquittance for the same shall have been signed as 15 aforesaid and transmitted to the Treasurer; and the amount of every such surcharge may be sued for as money paid by His Majesty to the use of such person at his request.

44. (1) In all cases in which notice of any surcharge shall have been sent by the Treasurer to any public accountant or any other 20 person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act who may be dissatisfied with any disallowance or surcharge in his accounts made by the Auditor-General such public accountant or person shall have a right of appeal to the Governor-General within three months 25after the sending of such notice.

(2) The Governor-General after such investigation as he considers equitable may make such order directing the relief of the appellant wholly or in part from the disallowance or surcharge in question as shall appear to the Governor-General to be just and reasonable and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties 30 and be acted on accordingly.

45. (1) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint may whenever he shall think fit and shall whenever required so to do by the Treasurer inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of any public accountant and of any other person in the public service 35 or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any moneys have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for on account or for the use or benefit of any other 40 person.

(2) The Auditor-General or such person as he shall appoint shall—

(a) Once at least in every year inspect examine and audit the books and accounts of every public accountant and of every other person in the public service or subject to the provisions of this Act to whose possession or control any 45

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moneys shall have come for or on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or (by virtue of his office service or employment or of any legal process whatsoever) for or on account or for the use or benefit of any other person, and all stores belonging to His Majesty of whatsoever nature or description the same may be and shall cause stock thereof to be taken:

- (b) Ascertain whether the whole of the revenue and all other collections whatever have been duly collected and accounted for and whether the moneys received from the Treasurer or his deputy or issued under any credit have been duly and properly paid to the several persons entitled to receive the same :
- (c) Investigate and examine all contracts accounts invoices requisitions books bills of parcels vouchers and documents in anywise relating to or concerning the same, and all circumstances affecting or attending the making of any such contract;
- (d) Ascertain the quantity description and price of all stores purchased on account of Ilis Majesty and of all stores supplied for the use of every department of the public service and whether any person in the public service has requisitioned for or obtained any stores in excess of the reasonable requirements of his office;
- (e) Examine whether the proper quantities of all such stores are remaining in stock in the proper store or building; and
 - (f) Forthwith make and sign and forward to the **Treasurer** a report of the result of such inspection investigation examination audit and comparison and as to the manner in which the books accounts and other papers aforesaid and stores shall have been kept and as to the state of the several offices and stores and a statement of surcharges in respect of all sums found to have been omitted to be collected or not duly accounted for and of all payments which shall have not been duly authorized or properly made or for which the necessary certificates receipts and vouchers shall not have been produced and such other information as may be prescribed.

46. No sum shall be allowed in any account to have been duly No sum to be allowed 40 received or paid without a written voucher for the actual receipt or without voucher unless by order. payment of every sum so claimed to be allowed (notwithstanding any N.S.W. 38; V. 41; allegation of papers having been lost or destroyed or of the impossi-Q. 37; Tas. 20. bility of obtaining the prescribed voucher) except on application to the Governor-General who upon satisfactory evidence being produced 45 that the requisite papers have been lost or destroyed or that it is not possible

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possible to obtain or replace them may order that the said sum shall be allowed or disallowed as the case may be and may make such other order in the premises as he shall think fit and such order shall be binding on His Majesty and all other parties and be acted on accordingly.

Proviso for imperfect vouchers. N.S.W. 39,41; V. 42; Q. 38; W.A. 29; Tas. 21; S.A. 20.

5 47. (1) When a voucher produced for a sum of money disbursed shall be defective from the want of any certificate or other document which ought to have accompanied it or in any other particular the Auditor-General may upon proof being made to his satisfaction that the public accountant did not wilfully neglect to procure or produce such certificate or document and that the sum specified in the 10 voucher has been actually and properly disbursed admit such voucher as a sufficient discharge and allow the amount of the same.

(2) The Auditor-General may admit and allow in cases where it appears to him to be reasonable or expedient so to do vouchers for any moneys expressed therein although the same are not stamped according 15 to law.

48. In all cases where any sum of money shall be allowed either without any written voucher or upon an imperfect voucher or incorrect certificate or shall be disallowed in consequence of the absence or imperfection of such voucher or the absence or incorrectness of such 20 certificate the particulars and amount of such allowance or disallowance shall be specified to the Treasurer in the report of the Auditor-General; and in case of the disallowance of any sum the amount thereof shall be deemed and taken to be money paid by His Majesty to the use of such public accountant at his request and in addition to any other means of 25 recovering such amount the same shall be retained or stopped from any moneys then or thereafter payable to such public accountant.

Statements and Audit thereof.

49. (1) The Treasurer as soon as conveniently may be after the expiration of every quarter of the financial year shall publish in the 30 Gazette a statement in detail of the receipts and expenditure as well of the Consolidated Revenue Fund as of the Trust Fund and Loan N.S.W. 28; V. 48; Fund during such quarter together with a comparative statement of W.A. 37; Tas. 25; such receipts and expenditure during the corresponding quarter of the previous financial year and in like manner at the expiration of the 35 financial year shall publish an Annual Statement of receipts and expenditure with a comparative statement of receipts and expenditure during the previous financial year.

> (2) The Treasurer shall also at the same time and in like manner publish a statement in detail of the Loan Fund with the balances to 40 the credit thereof. **50**. The

Allowances or disallowances without vouchers or with imperfect vouchers to be reported.

N.S.W., 40; V., 43; Q., 39; W.A., 30; Tas., 22; S.A., 21.

Treasurer to make quarterly statement of receipts and payments. S.A. 29.

Q. 23.

50. The Treasurer shall as soon as practicable after the end of And to prepare every financial year prepare a full and particular statement in detail of the expenditure of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for such year N.S.W. 29; V. 49; (classified and arranged in the same form and under the same divisions 5 and subdivisions as shall have been employed in the appropriation thereof and showing all votes which shall have lapsed) and of the Loan Fund and all other accounts for the same period and of the Trust Fund for the same period under the several heads of account of that fund and also of the receipts of the Consolidated Revenue Fund Loan 10 Fund and other accounts and Trust Fund for the same year; and shall transmit such statement to the Auditor-General.

51. The Auditor-General shall forthwith examine such statement Auditor-General to and prepare and sign a report explaining such statement in full and showing-

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- (a) in what particulars such statement agrees with or differs from the accounts of the Treasurer,
 - (b) full particulars of every case in which the provisions of The Constitution or of this or any other Act or the regulations or any forms shall not have been carried out or adopted or shall in any manner have been varied or departed from,
 - (c) every case in which default shall have been made in delivering or sending accounts or collecting or accounting for any moneys or stores,
- (d) all sums allowed or disallowed without vouchers or with imperfect vouchers, or upon incorrect certificates,
 - (e) any proceeding that may have been taken by or against any person in pursuance of the provisions of this Act or the regulations,
- (f) all claims in respect of any department outstanding at the close of the financial year, which might by law have been paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund during such year,
 - (g) all surcharges which have been made by the Auditor-General and not satisfied or which have been removed by order of the Governor-General, and
 - (h) such other information as may be prescribed or as the Auditor-General thinks desirable.
- 40 52. The Auditor-General shall annex or append to the said Certain Orders report
 - (a) a copy of every Order in Council by which it may have been directed that there should be applied in aid of any N.S.W. 44; V. 51; item that may have been deficient a further sum out of S.A. 32. any surplus arising on any other item under the same subdivision, and

in Council and law officers opinions to be appended.

yearly statement thereof for audit. Q. (1890) 12; N.Z. 70; W.A. 38; Tas. 26; S.A. 30.

audit and report. N.S.W. 43; V. 50; Q. (1890) 13 ; W.A. 39 ; Tas. 26 ; S.A. 31.

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(b) a copy

(b) a copy of every case or statement of facts laid by the said Auditor-General before the Attorney-General for his opinion together with a copy of the opinion given thereon.

Report to be laid before both Houses of Parliament. N.S.W. 45; V. 52; S.A. 33; Q. (1895) 13; W.A. 40.

Auditor-General to

make suggestions

for collection and payment.

N.S.W. 46; V. 53;

Q. 47; W.A. 41; Tas. 27; S.A. 34.

5 53. (1) The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making and signing the said report if the Parliament be then in session and actually sitting or if the Parliament be not then in session or actually sitting within fourteen days after the next session or sitting transmit to both Houses of the Parliament the statement transmitted by the Treasurer accompanied by such report and by the copies herein- 10before directed to be appended thereto.

(2) The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making and signing the said report, if the Parliament be not then in session, transmit a copy of the statement and of such report and copies to the Treasurer, and the Treasurer shall within fourteen days 15 thereafter publish them as a public document.

54. The Auditor-General may in such yearly report or in any special report which he may at any time think fit to make recommend any plans and suggestions for the better collection and payment of the public moneys and the more effectually and economically auditing 20 and examining the public accounts and stores and any improvement in the mode of keeping such accounts and generally report upon all matters relating to the public accounts public moneys and stores, and such plans and suggestions shall be considered and dealt with by the 25Governor-General.

Loan Fund.

55. (1) A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury of all moneys which shall be raised by way of loan upon the public credit of the Commonwealth and which shall have been placed to the credit of 30 the Commonwealth Public Account.

(2) Such account shall be called "The Loan Fund" and shall be kept under such separate heads as are specified in the several Loan Acts under the authority whereof the moneys were raised.

56. All interest (other than interest on loans taken over by the Commonwealth from the States or any renewal or conversion thereof) 35 payable on account of the Public Debt of the Commonwealth on the first day of any quarter of the financial year shall be charged and included as a payment in the preceding quarter of such year.

57. (1) It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund except under the 40 authority of an Act.

(2) Such Act shall show the nature of the proposed work or other object of the proposed expenditure and the amount of the proposed expenditure in each case and the total amount proposed to be expended for such work or object. 58. When 45

Separate account to be kept of Loan Fund. W.A. 18; Q. (1890) 3.

How interest to be charged. Q. 23.

Loan Fund expenditure to be covered by Act. W.A. 19; Q. (1890) 4. Q. (1890) 8.

58. When any money is appropriated out of the moneys standing Suspense accounts. to the credit of the Loan Fund for the purpose of defraying Q. (1890) 14. the cost of the purchase of any material the cost of which may ultimately be chargeable to and divisible amongst more works than one 5 and it is not known or does not appear to what work the cost of such

material ought ultimately to be charged, then the Governor-General may direct that all moneys expended for such material shall be charged in the first instance to a "Suspense Account" and shall afterwards be charged to the proper work when the same is ascertained.

10 59. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and Provisions of Act expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Loan Fund, and the Governor-General shall have the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure

15 thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection and receipt of money and the audit of the Public Accounts and the powers and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of

20 public moneys and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys collected received or expended on account of the Loan Fund.

Trust Fund.

60. A separate account shall be kept in the Treasury to be called Trust Fund. 25 the Trust Fund of all moneys which shall be placed to the credit of that fund under such separate heads as may be directed by the Treasurer.

61. It shall not be lawful for the Treasurer to expend any Expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund except for the purposes 30 of such fund or under the authority of an Act.

62. (1) All the provisions of this Act relating to the issue and Provisions of Act expenditure of public moneys and the authority for such issue and expenditure shall apply to the issue and expenditure of moneys standing to the credit of the Trust Fund, and the Governor-General shall have

35 the same authority with respect to such moneys and the expenditure thereof as he has with respect to moneys standing to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to the collection and receipt of moneys and the audit of the Public Accounts and the powers 40 and duties of the Auditor-General with respect to the expenditure of public moneys and the duties and liabilities of public accountants and other persons whomsoever shall in like manner apply to moneys collected received or expended on account of the Trust Fund.

to apply. Q. (1890) 10.

Trust moneys.

to apply.

Moneys

Moneys outside Commonwealth.

Moneys outside the Common wealth.

Penalties for

Q., 49; N.Z., 10 W.A., 36; Tas., 24; S.A., 28.

this Act contained the 63. Notwithstanding anything in Governor-General may make such arrangements as he considers necessary for the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of any money belonging to the 5Commonwealth outside the territory of the Commonwealth and for the keeping of books and accounts and furnishing statements returns and vouchers and for the examination inspection record and audit of such books accounts statements returns and vouchers.

Penalties.

64. (1) Any public accountant or person subject to the provisions misappropriations. of this Act who-

- (a) misapplies or improperly disposes of or makes use of otherwise than is provided by this Act or the regulations any public moneys or stores which come into his 15 possession or control; or
- (b) pays any such moneys into his own private account at any bank

shall be deemed to have fraudulently converted such moneys or stores to his own private use and shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and 20 shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding five years.

(2) Any such public accountant or person who wilfully damages or destroys any public stores shall be guilty of an indictable offence and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any 25 period not exceeding two years.

65. If any person—

- (a) forges or counterfeits or causes or procures to be forged or counterfeited or knowingly or wilfully acts or assists 30 in forging or counterfeiting-
 - (1) the name initials mark or signature of any other person to any writing whatsoever for or in order to receiving or obtaining any public money or any money out of the Commonwealth Public Account or any stores belonging 35 to His Majesty; or

(2) any writing made by any such person; or

(b) utters or publishes any such writing knowing it to be forged or counterfeited with an intention to defraud His Majesty or any person whomsoever; 40

he shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment for any period not exceeding fifteen years.

66. (1) Where

Punishment for forgery of Treasury documents. Q. 50; W.A. 43; Tas. 34; S.A. 36

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[No.

21

66. (1) Where the Treasurer shall have given a certificate in Document in lieu writing that for any reason therein mentioned any document subscribed by any person in any specified part of the Commonwealth may be accepted in lieu of any statutory declaration required by this Act or

5 the regulations the Governor-General may order that any document so subscribed shall be so accepted without being declared.

(2) Any person who shall subscribe any such document knowing the same to be false shall be guilty of an indictable offence and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not 10 exceeding four years.

67. (1) Any person who shall fail to attend the Auditor-General Persons failing for the purpose of being examined, or to produce any accounts books vouchers documents or papers, or to be sworn or make a declaration or affirmation or to answer any lawful question when required so to do

15 by the Auditor-General, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding One hundred pounds.

(2) Where any person is compelled under the provisions of this Act to attend before the Auditor-General he shall be entitled to be paid such expenses as the Auditor-General may certify to be reasonable.

20 68. If any person-

- (a) makes or subscribes any statutory declaration or affirmation mentioned in this Act knowing it to be false; or
- (b) wilfully and corruptly gives false evidence in the course of his examination before the Auditor-General,
- 25 he shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding four years.

69. Any person who is guilty of any wilful act of commission or Offences generally. omission contrary to any of the provisions of this Act for which no

30 penalty is expressly provided shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Fifty pounds.

70. All penalties incurred under this Act may in addition to any Recovery of other method provided in this Act be imposed and recovered by and penalties. before any court of summary jurisdiction upon the information or N.Z. 92. 35 complaint of any person appointed by the Treasurer either generally

or for the purpose of any particular case, and when paid or recovered shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

REGULATIONS.

71. (1) The Governor-General may make regulations (not Regulations to be 40 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act) for carrying out the provisions of this Act and in particular for-

> (a) the collection receipt custody issue expenditure due accounting for care and management of all public moneys and the guidance of all persons concerned therein, (b) the

of statutory declaration.

to attend Auditor-General or to give evidence. V. 46; Tas. 23; Q. 43; S.A. 25; N.Z. 90: W.A. 33.

Persons taking false oath or making a false declaration guilty of perjury. V. 47; Q. 44; S. A. 26; N.Z 83; W.A. 34 ; Tas. 19.

made.

N S.W., 4; V., 5; Q, 51; N.Z., 5; W.A., 8; S.A., 7; Tas., 9.

SCHEDULES.

- (b) the more effectual record examination inspection and audit of all receipts and expenditure and the keeping of all necessary books and accounts,
- (c) prescribing the necessary forms for all books and documents whatever required under the provisions of this Act or 5 the regulations.

(2) All such regulations shall be notified in the *Gazette* and shall thereupon have the force of law.

(3) All such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within thirty days after the making thereof if the Par- 10 liament be then sitting, and if not, then within thirty days from the next meeting of the Parliament.

(4) Any such regulation may impose upon any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act a penalty not exceeding Five pounds for any offence for the breach of any regulation and such 15 penalty may be recovered either in the same manner as a penalty incurred under this Act, or by deducting the same from any money due or thereafter becoming due to such public accountant or person.

23

SCHEDULES.

Audit.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

I, do solemnly and sincerely promise and declare that according to the best of my skill and ability I will faithfully impartially and truly execute the office and perform the duties of Auditor-General (or as the case may be) according to law.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

WARRANT.

To the Auditor-General.

The amount of moncys likely to become due and payable out of "The Commonwealth Public Account" during the months of

now next is pounds shillings and pence and the services and purposes for which the same will be required are as follows (that is to say):---

Division.	Subdivision.	Purpose.	AmountPreviously Authorized.		Amount now Authorized.	Total Amount Authorized.	Provision Authorized.	Balance,	
			£	s.	d.				
	Total	£							
Dated 1	this	day	of			19.			

Treasurer.

I CERTIFY that the sums above mentioned are legally available for and applicable to the services and purposes respectively above set forth.

Dated this day of 19.

To the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

You are hereby authorized to issue out of "The Commonwealth Public Account" the amount above set forth and for so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand the day of 19

Governor-General.

THIRD

.

Section 8.

No.

Section 32.

Section 42 (4).

THIRD SCHEDULE.

No.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

		An	nount.
I certify that I have examined the several support of the payments authorized by you out of on the of that date amounting to and that I find you are entitled to a discha- liability on account of such payments to the amo	of the as set forth in your cash she urge from all responsibility an	et 	•
The payments made under the accounts be credited on account of receipts are hereby surch		rt	
Treasury Vou. No.	Amount.		
		_	
		£	
I therefore grant this acquittance for shillings and	the amount of pence.		pounde
Given under my hand this	day of		19.
		Auditor-O	General.

No.

SURCHARGE REMOVAL.

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia.

I certify that I have re-examined the several accounts below enumerated previously placed under surcharge in acquittance No. and that I find you are entitled to a discharge from all responsibility and liability on account of the same as set forth in your cash sheet of the day of 19.

	Treasury Vou	Treasury Vou. No.		ount.
			.	
	Total	£		
				-
I therefore grant this acquittance for				po
I therefore grant this acquittance for shillings and	or the amount of pence.			po
· ·			19	

Printed and Published for the GOVEENMENT of the COMMONWRALTH of AUSTRALIA by ROFF. S. BRAIN, GOVERNMENT Printer for the State of Victoria.

57.55

Audit Bill

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Sir Geo Turner to more the pollowing amendments)

(Acopies in Slock.)

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AUDIT BILL.

(Amendments to be proposed on recommittal by the Hon. the Treasurer.)

Preamble, page 1, line 1, omit "and." Clause 1, page 1, line 5, omit "Commonwealth of Australia." line 7, omit "October One thousand nine hundred ,, and one," insert "January One thousand nine hundred and two." Clause 2, page 1, line 8, omit "context or subject-matter otherwise requires," insert "contrary intention appears." lines 10, 11, omit paragraph (a). page 2, lines 4, 5, omit paragraph (d). lines 19–22, omit paragraphs (i) and (j). Clause 3, page 2, lines 25-27, omit all words after "Auditor-General for the," insert "Commonwealth." Clause 5, page 2, line 32, omit "No Auditor-General shall," insert "The Auditor-General shall not." Clause 7, page 3, line 20, omit "any," insert "the." line 25, omit "in session and actually." ,, ,, line 26, omit "in session or not actually." ,, ,, lines 27, 28, omit "commencement of the next ,, session or sitting," insert "next meeting of the Parliament." Clause 8, page 3, line 33, omit "every," insert "the." Clause 9, page 3, line 38, omit "any," insert "the." line 39, omit "the deputy of such." ,, page 4, line 1, after "subscribe" insert "before the Executive Council." lines 2–4, omit "and shall during the time for which ,, he shall so act as deputy have all the powers and perform all the duties of such Auditor-General." Clause 10, page 4, line 9, omit "any part of the Commonwealth," insert "that State"; omit "to exercise." line 10, after "Auditor-General" insert "to ,, ,, exercise." After "and "insert "perform such." line 13, before "Auditor-General" omit "such." ,, ,, insert "the." [C. 6]--500/16.7.1901,-F.4433.

Clause 10, page 4, line 14, after "exercise" insert "or performance."

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line 16, omit "person," insert "deputy." line 26, omit "audited or inspected," insert "in-,, •• spected examined or audited.'

Clause 11, page 4, line 28, before "stores" insert "such books accounts or," omit "books accounts."

lines 28, 29, omit "to any public moneys," insert "thereto."

Clause 14, page 5, line 11, omit "execution," insert performance."

- Clause 15, page 5, line 14, omit "or Crown Solicitor of the Commonwealth."
 - line 15, omit "arising out of the Constitution •• Act or this Act or the regulations or."

line 17, omit "such," insert "the." ,,

lines 17, 18, omit "or Crown Solicitor."

Clause 19, page 5, line 37, after "account," insert "in any bank." ", ", line 39, omit "shall not in the event of the

- death," insert "on the death, bankruptcy."
- line 40, omit "such." ,,
- line 40, after "accountant," insert "such balances ,, ,, shall not."

page 6, lines 1-4, omit sub-clause (2).

Clause 21, page 6, after line 18, insert-

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"(2) All moneys paid into any bank to the Commonwealth Public Account shall be deemed to be public moneys and the property of His Majesty and to be money lent by His Majesty to the bank."

Clause 25, page 7, line 4, omit "revenue," insert "public moneys."

Clause 26, page 7, line 11, omit "telegram," insert "telegraph order." line 12, omit "some," insert "any." ,, ,,

line 13, omit "Post Office," insert "Money Order." ,,

line 17, omit "and taken." ,,

omit "persons or body corporate to whom the ,, bank may belong," insert^{*} bank."

Clause 27, page 7, lines 35, 36, omit "an account to be kept in the Treasury to be called."

Clause 30, page 8, line 24, omit "receive," insert "the benefit of." Clause 32, page 8, lines 37–38, omit "said account during the period

not exceeding three months therein mentioned," insert "Commonwealth Public Account during" a period of not more than three months."

Clause 32 (A), page 9, line 31, after "advance," insert "the same." Clause 38, page 11, line 27, omit "one."

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	,,	,,		nit "in session and actually."
	,,	,,		nit "in session and actually."
	,,	,,		nit "commencement of the next session
			or sitti	ng," insert "next meeting of the Parlia
			ment."	

Clause 42, page 13, line 2, omit "sums," insert "moneys." lines 13, 14, omit "The Constitution Act this ,, ,, Act" insert "the Constitution and of this." Clause 43, page 13, lines 44, 45, omit "The Constitution Act or this Act," insert "the Constitution or of this." Clause 46, page 15, line 6, omit "should." Clause 52, page 17, lines 31, 32, omit "this Act," insert "the Constitution or of this." line 42, omit "regulation," insert "regulations." ,, Clause 53, page 18, line 7, after "report," insert "(a)." line 9, omit "(a)." ,, •• line 12, omit "or," insert "and." ,, ,, lines 14, 15, omit "or Crown Solicitor." • • ,, Clause 54, page 18, lines 18, 19, omit "in session and actually." line 19, omit "in session or actually." ,, •• line 20, omit "session or sitting," insert "meeting ,, ,, of the Parliament." line 21, omit "said." After "statement," insert ,, ,, "transmitted by the Treasurer." line 22, omit "said." ,, after line 23, insert-

"(2) The Auditor-General shall within fourteen days after making and signing the said report, if the Parliament be not then in session, transmit a copy of the statement and of such report and copies to the Treasurer, and the Treasurer shall within fourteen days thereafter publish them as a public document."

Clause 60, page 19, lines 27, 28, omit "receipt and," insert "and receipt of money and the."

", lines 31, 32, omit "expended from the moneys standing to the credit," insert "collected received or expended on account."

Clause 63, page 20, lines 8, 9, omit "receipt and," insert "and receipt of moneys and the."

> , lines 12, 13, omit "expended from the moneys standing to the credit," insert "collected received or expended on account."

After clause 63, insert heading "Moneys outside Commonwealth." Clause 65, omit the clause, and insert :—

(1) "Any public accountant or person subject to the provisions of this Act, who—

- (a) misapplies, or improperly disposes of, or makes use of, otherwise than is provided by this Act or the regulations, any public moneys or stores which come into his possession or control; or,
- (b) pays any such moneys into his own private account at any bank

shall be deemed to have fraudulently converted such moneys or stores to his own private use, and shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding five years."

(2) Any such public accountant or person who wilfully damages or destroys any public stores shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding two years.

Clause 66, page 20, omit the clause, and insert:---

" If any person—

- (a) forges or counterfeits, or causes or procures to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully acts or assists in forging or counterfeiting—
 - (1) the name, initials, mark, or signature of any other person to any writing whatsoever for or in order to receiving or obtaining any public money or any money out of the Commonwealth Public Account, or any stores belonging to the King; or
 - (2) any writing made by any such person; or
- (b) utters or publishes any such writing, knowing it to be forged or counterfeited, with an intention to defraud the King or any person whomsoever;

he shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment for any period not exceeding fifteen years."

Clause 67, page 21, line 9, omit "should," insert "may."

", omit all words after "guilty of," insert "an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding four years."

Clause 69, page 21, omit the first paragraph, and insert :---

"(1) If any person—

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- (a) makes or subscribes any statutory declaration or affirmation mentioned in this Act, knowing it to be false; or
- (b) wilfully and corruptly gives false evidence in the course of his examination before the Auditor-General,

he shall be guilty of an indictable offence, and shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding four years (2)."

Clause 70, page 21, line 39, omit "or persons."

Clause 71, page 22, line 1, omit "such."

" lines 2 and 3, omit "as may appear to him to be necessary or expedient for," insert "for carrying out the provisions of this Act, and in particular for."

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Clause 71, page 22, lines 13, 14, omit "and for (d) the proper carrying into effect the purposes of this Act." line 15, omit "published" insert "notified"

"(3) All such regulations shall be laid before both Houses of the Parliament within thirty days after the making thereof if the Parliament be then sitting, and if not, then within thirty days from the next meeting of the Parliament."

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