



Australian Government
Repatriation Medical Authority

Statement of Principles concerning ASCARIASIS (Reasonable Hypothesis) (No. 65 of 2025)

The Repatriation Medical Authority determines the following Statement of Principles under subsection 196B(2) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

Dated 22 August 2025

Professor Terence Campbell AM
Chairperson
by and on behalf of
The Repatriation Medical Authority

Contents

1	Name	3
2	Commencement	3
3	Authority	3
4	Repeal	3
5	Application.....	3
6	Definitions.....	3
7	Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates.....	3
8	Basis for determining the factors	4
9	Factors that must exist	4
10	Relationship to service	4
11	Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles.....	5
Schedule 1 - Dictionary		6
1	Definitions.....	6

1 Name

This is the Statement of Principles concerning *ascariasis (Reasonable Hypothesis)* (No. 65 of 2025).

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on 22 September 2025.

3 Authority

This instrument is made under subsection 196B(2) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.

4 Repeal

The Statement of Principles concerning ascariasis (Reasonable Hypothesis) (No. 9 of 2017) (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2017L00015) made under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA is repealed.

5 Application

This instrument applies to a claim to which section 120A of the VEA or section 338 of the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* applies.

6 Definitions

The terms defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary have the meaning given when used in this instrument.

7 Kind of injury, disease or death to which this Statement of Principles relates

- (1) This Statement of Principles is about ascariasis and death from ascariasis.

*Meaning of **ascariasis***

- (2) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, ascariasis means an infection with the parasitic roundworm *Ascaris lumbricoides* or *Ascaris suum*.

Note 1: The primary species involved in human infection is *Ascaris lumbricoides*.

Note 2: *Ascaris suum* is a zoonotic species primarily infecting pigs but capable of infecting humans.

- (3) While ascariasis attracts ICD-10-AM code B77, in applying this Statement of Principles the meaning of ascariasis is that given in subsection (2).
- (4) For subsection (3), a reference to an ICD-10-AM code is a reference to the code assigned to a particular kind of injury or disease in *The*

International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM), Tenth Edition, effective date of 1 July 2017, copyrighted by the Independent Hospital Pricing Authority, ISBN 978-1-76007-296-4.

Death from ascariasis

- (5) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, ascariasis, in relation to a person, includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's ascariasis.

Note: *terminal event* is defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

8 Basis for determining the factors

The Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that ascariasis and death from ascariasis can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans, members of Peacekeeping Forces, or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the MRCA.

Note: *MRCA*, *relevant service* and *VEA* are defined in the Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

9 Factors that must exist

At least one of the following factors must as a minimum exist before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting ascariasis or death from ascariasis with the circumstances of a person's relevant service:

- (1) being exposed to *Ascaris lumbricoides* or *Ascaris suum* as a result of:
- (a) being in contact with soil or sand contaminated with eggs; or
 - (b) being in contact with human or animal faeces contaminated with eggs; or
 - (c) ingesting food, drink, or airborne dust contaminated with eggs; or
 - (d) being in a tropical or subtropical region with poor sanitation; or
 - (e) being in warm and damp conditions with poor sanitation;

within the 2 years before clinical onset;

- (2) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for ascariasis before clinical worsening.

10 Relationship to service

- (1) The existence in a person of any factor referred to in section 9, must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.
- (2) The factor set out in subsection 9(2) applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, ascariasis where the person's ascariasis was suffered or contracted before or during (but did not arise out of) the person's relevant service.

11 Factors referring to an injury or disease covered by another Statement of Principles

In this Statement of Principles:

- (1) if a factor referred to in section 9 applies in relation to a person; and
- (2) that factor refers to an injury or disease in respect of which a Statement of Principles has been determined under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA;

then the factors in that Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

Schedule 1 - Dictionary

Note: See Section 6

1 Definitions

In this instrument:

ascariasis—see subsection 7(2).

MRCA means the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004*.

relevant service means:

- (a) operational service under the VEA;
- (b) peacekeeping service under the VEA;
- (c) hazardous service under the VEA;
- (d) British nuclear test defence service under the VEA;
- (e) warlike service under the MRCA; or
- (f) non-warlike service under the MRCA.

Note: ***MRCA*** and ***VEA*** are defined in the Schedule 1 - Dictionary.

terminal event means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes the following:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function.

VEA means the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986*.