

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

##### **Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999**

###### DECLARATION OF AN APPROVED WILDLIFE TRADE OPERATION –

###### QUEENSLAND SEA CUCUMBER FISHERY (EAST COAST), MAY 2024

I, BELINDA JAGO, Branch Head, Ocean and Wildlife Branch, have considered in accordance with section 303FN of the *Environment Protection and* *Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) the application from the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries, public comments on the proposal as required under section 303FR, and advice on the ecological sustainability of the operation. I am satisfied on those matters specified in section 303FN of the EPBC Act. I hereby declare the operations for the harvesting of specimens that are or are derived from fish or invertebrates, taken in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast) as defined in the management regime in force under the:

* *Fisheries Act 1994* (Qld)
* Fisheries (General) Regulation 2019 (Qld)
* Fisheries (Commercial Fisheries) Regulation 2019 (Qld)
* Fisheries Declaration 2019 (Qld)
* Fisheries Quota Declaration 2019 (Qld)
* *Marine Parks Act 2004* (Qld)
* Marine Parks Regulations 2019 (Qld)
* *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975* (Cth)
* Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Regulations 2019 (Cth),

but not including:

1. specimens that belong to taxa listed under section 209 of the EPBC Act (Australia’s List of Migratory Species), or
2. specimens that belong to taxa listed under section 248 of the EPBC Act (Australia’s List of Marine Species), or
3. specimens that belong to eligible listed threatened species, as defined under section 303BC of the EPBC Act, or
4. specimens that belong to taxa listed under section 303CA of the EPBC Act (Australia’s CITES List), except for white teatfish (*Holothuria fuscogilva*), prickly redfish (*Thelenota ananas*) and amberfish (*Thelenota anax*),

to be an approved wildlife trade operation, in accordance with subsection 303FN(2) and paragraph 303FN(10)(d), for the purposes of the EPBC Act.

Unless amended or revoked, this declaration:

1. is valid until 30 November 2024, and
2. is subject to the conditions applied under section 303FT specified in Schedule 1.

Dated this 20th day of May 2024

BELINDA JAGO

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Delegate for the Minister for the Environment and Water

Notes:

1. Notes: Under the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975*, a person whose interests are affected by this decision may apply for a statement of reasons and for independent review of the decision. An application for a statement of reasons may be made in writing to the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water within 28 days of the date of the declaration. An application for independent review may be made to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal on payment of the relevant fee within 28 days of the date of the declaration, or if reasons are sought, within 28 days of receipt of reasons. Further information may be obtained from the Director, Sustainable Fisheries Section, Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water, Email: [sustainablefisheries@dcceew.gov.au](mailto:sustainablefisheries@environment.gov.au).
2. Australia’s obligations under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) are met through Part 13A of the EPBC Act. Specimens of species listed in Appendix II of Australia’s CITES list under section 303CA of the EPBC Act may only be exported, under a CITES export permit issued under the EPBC Act, if Australia’s CITES Scientific Authority has issued a non-detriment finding for that species. Further information, including a list of species for which non detriment findings have been issued and the fisheries from which they may be sourced, is available from: https://www.dcceew.gov.au/environment/wildlife-trade/cites.

Schedule 1

Declaration of the harvest operations of the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast) as an approved wildlife trade operation, May 2024

**ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS (section 303FT)**

Relating to the harvesting of fish specimens that are, or are derived from, fish or invertebrates, other than specimens of species listed under Part 13 and Part 13A of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) (Cth), taken in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast):

**Condition 1**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must ensure that operation of the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast) is carried out in accordance with management regime specified in Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries, and Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority issued permits, as well as in the following:

* *Fisheries Act 1994* (Qld)
* Fisheries (General) Regulation 2019 (Qld)
* Fisheries (Commercial Fisheries) Regulation 2019 (Qld)
* Fisheries Declaration 2019 (Qld)
* Fisheries Quota Declaration 2019 (Qld)
* *Marine Parks Act 2004* (Qld)
* Marine Parks Regulations 2019 (Qld)
* *Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act 1975* (Cth)
* Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Regulations 2019 (Cth).

**Condition 2**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must inform the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water of any intended material changes to the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast) management arrangements that may affect the assessment against which *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* decisions are made.

**Condition 3**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must inform the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water of any intended changes to fisheries legislation that may affect the legislative instruments relevant to this approval.

**Condition 4**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must provide annual reports on the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast) to the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water every 12 months, from the date of the approval of the Wildlife Trade Operation (WTO). These reports must be consistent with Appendix B of the *Guidelines for the Ecologically Sustainable Management of Fisheries – 2nd Edition*.

**Condition 5**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must commission a Management Strategy Evaluation (MSE) to evaluate the ability of the settings contained in the ‘*Queensland Sea cucumber fishery harvest strategy 2021–2026*’ and any other legislated and enforceable management arrangements to meet the fishery’s objectives of attaining maximum economic yield (defined in the harvest strategy as target biomass level of 60% of unfished biomass for stocks harvested in the fishery). The MSE must consider the risk posed to each individual species harvested in the fishery, identify information needs and make recommendations for any improvements to the management arrangements considered necessary for the management of the fishery to meet its objective.

1. The scope and Terms of Reference for this review should be developed in consultation with the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water.
2. The updated MSE must include all new data, including data from fishery independent surveys. The updated MSE must be published on the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries website by 30 May 2024.
3. The outcomes of the MSE must be considered as part of an implementation plan to be provided to the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water by 30 May 2024. The implementation plan must outline how and when any required changes to the management of the fishery will be delivered.

**Condition 6**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must:

1. Undertake desktop research on the main sea cucumber species harvested in the fishery to determine biologically meaningful minimum size limits. Investigations should consider key biological parameters, for example, size at maturity. Findings of this research should be published on the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries website before the commencement of the 2022–23 fishing season.
2. Work with industry to undertake fieldwork within the fishery to determine appropriate ways to implement the minimum size limits determined through 6a. This may include the development of appropriate conversion factors to account for changes in size resulting from processing. Findings of this research should be published on the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries website before the commencement of the 2023–24 fishing season.
3. Implement minimum size limits based on work completed in 6a and 6b prior to the 2024–25 fishing season. Implementation of minimum size limits should be described in the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries application for the next Wildlife Trade Operation for this fishery.

**Condition 7**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must:

1. Ensure data from fishery independent surveys of burrowing blackfish at the Lizard, Gould and Bunker Reef Burrowing Blackfish Zones are representative of the fishery and used to inform a stock assessment for the species.
2. Undertake and publish the stock assessment for burrowing blackfish. The stock assessment must be independently peer reviewed and must be completed by 30 May 2024.
3. The outcomes of the stock assessment must be incorporated into the updated management strategy evaluation. Implement any necessary changes to the total allowable catch to ensure that rate of fishing mortality does not exceed that required to achieve the biomass target of 60% of unfished biomass for this species as detailed in the harvest strategy for the fishery.

**Condition 8**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must:

1. Implement species-specific reporting for curryfish for the 2022–23 fishing season and beyond.
2. Undertake and publish peer reviewed stock assessments for prickly redfish and curryfish that incorporate fishery independent surveys, that are representative of the fishery, for these species by 30 May 2024.
3. The outcomes of the stock assessments must be incorporated into the updated management strategy evaluation. Use information from 8a and 8b above to determine and implement the appropriate level of fishing mortality rate to be applied to these species to achieve the 60% biomass target as detailed under decision rule 3.2 of the harvest strategy for this fishery.

**Condition 9**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must ensure that harvest of white teatfish (*Holothuria fuscogilva*) does not exceed 53 t per season.

**Condition 10**

The Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must:

1. Report information on the species harvested from Ashmore and Boot Reefs, Marion Reef and Saumarez Reef including species harvested, amount of harvest per species and location of harvest from the Coral Sea Marine Park. This reporting must be done as part of the annual report required under Condition 4.
2. Ensure that white teatfish (*Holothuria fuscogilva*) is not harvested from the Coral Sea Marine Park including Ashmore and Boot Reefs, Marion Reef and Saumarez Reef.

**Condition 11**

By 25 May 2025 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must:

1. implement an annual 40-tonne total allowable commercial catch limit (TACC) for prickly redfish (*Thelenota ananas*) in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast).
2. implement an annual 10-tonne total allowable commercial catch limit (TACC) for amberfish (*Thelenota anax*) in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast).

These TACCs must not be increased unless evidence, including population modelling, suggests increases are sustainable.

**Condition 12**

By 25 May 2025 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must establish accurate ratios for converting between all processed and unprocessed forms of prickly redfish (*Thelenota ananas*) and amberfish (*T. anax*) used in the in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast).

**Condition 14**

Environmental risks to the sustainability of the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast)’s, management arrangements must be reviewed. This may be undertaken in conjunction with the next scheduled review of the ecological risk assessment for this fishery. Advice on outcomes of this assessment must be provided to the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water following completion of the review.

**Condition 15**

By 25 May 2025 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must commence interagency discussions with the Australian Fisheries Management Authority to support coordination of monitoring and management of straddling or otherwise linked stocks in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast), Commonwealth Coral Sea Fishery, and the Torres Strait Bêche-de-mer Fishery. This may include review and further development of harvest strategy frameworks and fishery reference points; temporal and spatial closures; size limits; rotational zone size, timing and move-on provisions; research into life history parameters; Management Strategy Evaluation; and conversion ratios; among all three fisheries to reduce risk to species in the region.

**Condition 16**

By 25 May 2026 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must implement and maintain an enforceable 50cm minimum size limit for prickly redfish (*Thelenota ananas*) and amberfish (*Thelenota anax*) unless scientific evidence can be provided to substantiate a deviation from this limit.

**Condition 17**

By 25 May 2025 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must provide evidence to demonstrate there are biologically appropriate, precautionary, and enforceable biomass limits in harvest strategies for prickly redfish (*Thelenota ananas*) and amberfish (*Thelenota anax*) in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast).

**Condition 18**

By 25 May 2026 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must review existing spatial management arrangements to ensure these arrangements are sufficient to manage the risk of localised depletion of sea cucumbers in the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast).

**Condition 19**

By 25 May 2025 the Queensland Department of Agriculture and Fisheries must ensure prickly redfish (*Thelenota ananas*) is managed as a ‘Tier 1’ species or above under the harvest strategy for the Queensland Sea Cucumber Fishery (East Coast).