



**Australian Government**  
**Repatriation Medical Authority**

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

**STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES CONCERNING  
HODGKIN LYMPHOMA  
(REASONABLE HYPOTHESIS) (No. 70 of 2023)**

***VETERANS' ENTITLEMENTS ACT 1986***  
***MILITARY REHABILITATION AND COMPENSATION ACT 2004***

1. This is the Explanatory Statement to the *Statement of Principles concerning Hodgkin lymphoma (Reasonable Hypothesis)* (No. 70 of 2023).

**Background**

2. The Repatriation Medical Authority (the Authority), under subsection 196B(8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA), repeals Instrument No. 35 of 2014 (Federal Register of Legislation No. F2014L00467) determined under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA concerning Hodgkin's lymphoma.
3. The Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that Hodgkin lymphoma and death from Hodgkin lymphoma can be related to particular kinds of service. The Authority has therefore determined pursuant to subsection 196B(2) of the VEA a Statement of Principles concerning Hodgkin lymphoma (Reasonable Hypothesis) (No. 70 of 2023). This Instrument will in effect replace the repealed Statement of Principles.

**Purpose and Operation**

4. The Statement of Principles will be applied in determining claims under the VEA and the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA).
5. The Statement of Principles sets out the factors that must as a minimum exist, and which of those factors must be related to the following kinds of service rendered by a person:
  - operational service under the VEA;
  - peacekeeping service under the VEA;
  - hazardous service under the VEA;
  - British nuclear test defence service under the VEA;
  - warlike service under the MRCA;
  - non-warlike service under the MRCA,

before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting Hodgkin lymphoma or death from Hodgkin lymphoma, with the circumstances of that service. The Statement of Principles has been determined for the purposes of both the VEA and the MRCA.

6. This Instrument results from an investigation notified by the Authority in the Government Notices Gazette of 2 November 2021 concerning Hodgkin's lymphoma

in accordance with section 196G of the VEA. The investigation involved an examination of the sound medical-scientific evidence now available to the Authority, including the sound medical-scientific evidence it has previously considered.

7. The contents of this Instrument are in similar terms as the repealed Instrument. Comparing this Instrument and the repealed Instrument, the differences include:

- adopting the latest revised Instrument format, which commenced in 2015;
- specifying a day of commencement for the Instrument in section 2;
- revising the definition of 'Hodgkin lymphoma' in subsection 7(2);
- including ICD-10-AM codes for 'Hodgkin lymphoma' in subsection 7(3);
- revising the reference to 'ICD-10-AM code' in subsection 7(4);
- revising the factor in subsection 9(1) concerning having smoked tobacco products;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(2) concerning being obese;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(3) concerning having infection with human immunodeficiency virus;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(4) concerning Epstein-Barr virus;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(5) concerning having an autoimmune disease;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(6) concerning transplantation;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(7) concerning leukaemia;
- removing the factor concerning organophosphate insecticides;
- removing the factor concerning undergoing treatment with a tumour necrosis factor-alpha antagonist, methotrexate or azathioprine;
- new factor in subsection 9(10) concerning tuberculosis disease;
- revising the factor in subsection 9(11) concerning inability to obtain appropriate clinical management;
- new definitions of *active tuberculosis disease, being: (a) on land in Vietnam; or (b) at sea in Vietnamese waters, estuarine Vietnamese waters, one pack-year, inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a chemical agent contaminated by 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-para-dioxin (TCDD), potable water*, in Schedule 1 - Dictionary; and
- revising the definition of *specified list of autoimmune diseases* in Schedule 1 – Dictionary.

## Consultation

8. Prior to determining this Instrument, the Authority advertised its intention to undertake an investigation in relation to Hodgkin's lymphoma in the Government Notices Gazette of 2 November 2021, and circulated a copy of the notice of intention to investigate to a wide range of organisations representing veterans, service personnel and their dependants. The Authority invited submissions from the Repatriation Commission, the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission, organisations and persons referred to in section 196E of the VEA, and any person having expertise in the field. No submissions were received for consideration by the Authority in relation to the investigation.

On 7 March 2023, the Authority wrote to organisations representing veterans, service personnel and their dependants regarding the proposed Instrument and the medical-scientific material considered by the Authority. This letter emphasised the deletion of

factors relating to; *undergoing treatment with a tumour necrosis factor-alpha antagonist, methotrexate or azathioprine,*  
(i) *for a continuous period of at least three months before the clinical onset of Hodgkin's lymphoma; and*  
(ii) *where that exposure has ceased, the clinical onset of Hodgkin's lymphoma occurred within ten years of cessation;*

*inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with an organophosphate insecticide,*  
(i) *for a cumulative period of at least 2500 hours, within a consecutive period of ten years, before the clinical onset of Hodgkin's lymphoma; and*  
(ii) *where the first exposure occurred at least five years before the clinical onset of Hodgkin's lymphoma;*

*From the specified list of autoimmune diseases; remove coeliac disease, dermatomyositis, primary biliary cirrhosis and Wegener's granulomatosis.*

*From the specified list of drugs: remove azathioprine, methotrexate and tumour necrosis factor antagonists.*

The Authority provided an opportunity to the organisations to make representations in relation to the proposed Instrument prior to its determination. No submissions were received for consideration by the Authority. No changes were made to the proposed Instrument following this consultation process.

### **Human Rights**

9. This instrument is compatible with the Human Rights and Freedoms recognised or declared in the International Instruments listed in Section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*. A Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights follows.

### **Finalisation of Investigation**

10. The determining of this Instrument finalises the investigation in relation to Hodgkin lymphoma as advertised in the Government Notices Gazette of 2 November 2021.

### **References**

11. A list of references relating to the above condition is available on the Authority's website at: [www.rma.gov.au](http://www.rma.gov.au). Any other document referred to in this Statement of Principles is available on request to the Repatriation Medical Authority at the following address:

Email: [info@rma.gov.au](mailto:info@rma.gov.au)  
Post: The Registrar  
Repatriation Medical Authority  
GPO Box 1014  
BRISBANE QLD 4001



**Australian Government**  
**Repatriation Medical Authority**

## **Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights**

*(Prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011)*

**Instrument No.:** **Statement of Principles No. 70 of 2023**

**Kind of Injury, Disease or Death:** **Hodgkin lymphoma**

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with the human rights and freedoms recognised or declared in the international instruments listed in section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*.

### **Overview of the Legislative Instrument**

1. This Legislative Instrument is determined pursuant to subsection 196B(2) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA) for the purposes of the VEA and the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA). Part XIA of the VEA requires the determination of these instruments outlining the factors connecting particular kinds of injury, disease or death with service such being determined solely on the available sound medical-scientific evidence.
2. This Legislative Instrument:-
  - facilitates claimants in making, and the Repatriation Commission and the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission in assessing, claims under the VEA and the MRCA respectively, by specifying the circumstances in which medical treatment and compensation can be extended to eligible persons who have Hodgkin lymphoma;
  - facilitates the review of such decisions by the Veterans' Review Board and the Administrative Appeals Tribunal;
  - outlines the factors which the current sound medical-scientific evidence indicates must as a minimum exist, before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised, connecting Hodgkin lymphoma with the circumstances of eligible service rendered by a person, as set out in clause 5 of the Explanatory Statement;
  - replaces Instrument No. 35 of 2014; and
  - reflects developments in the available sound medical-scientific evidence concerning Hodgkin lymphoma which have occurred since that earlier instrument was determined.
3. The Instrument is assessed as being a technical instrument which improves the medico-scientific quality of outcomes under the VEA and the MRCA.

### **Human Rights Implications**

4. This Legislative Instrument does not derogate from any human rights. It promotes the human rights of veterans, current and former Defence Force members as well as other persons such as their dependents, including:
- the right to social security (Art 9, *International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights*; Art 26, *Convention on the Rights of the Child* and Art 28, *Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities*) by helping to ensure that the qualifying conditions for the benefit are 'reasonable, proportionate and transparent'<sup>1</sup>;
  - the right to an adequate standard of living (Art 11, ICESCR; Art 27, CRC and Art 28, CRPD) by facilitating the assessment and determination of social security benefits;
  - the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health (Art 12, ICESCR and Art 25, CRPD), by facilitating the assessment and determination of compensation and benefits in relation to the treatment and rehabilitation of veterans and Defence Force members;
  - the rights of persons with disabilities by facilitating the determination of claims relating to treatment and rehabilitation (Art 26, CRPD); and
  - ensuring that those rights "will be exercised without discrimination of any kind as to race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status" (Art 2, ICESCR).

### **Conclusion**

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with human rights as it does not derogate from and promotes a number of human rights.

Repatriation Medical Authority

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<sup>1</sup> In General Comment No. 19 (The right to social security), the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights said (at paragraph 24) this to be one of the elements of ensuring accessibility to social security.