EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

*Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*

Amendment of the List of Exempt Native Specimens in accordance with Section 303DC

Section 303DB of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) provides for the establishment of a list of exempt native specimens. Specimens included in the list are exempt from the trade control provisions that apply to regulated native specimens.

The effect of this instrument is to:

**delete** from the list of exempt native specimens the following specimens and any associated notations:

* specimens that are or are derived from fish or invertebrates, other than specimens that belong to species listed under Part 13 of the EPBC Act, taken in the South Australian Lakes and Coorong Fishery, as defined in the Fisheries Management(Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 2006 and the Fisheries Management (General) Regulations 2007 in force under the *Fisheries Management Act 2007* (South Australia),

**amend** the list of exempt native specimens to include the following specimens and any associated notations:

* specimens that are or are derived from fish or invertebrates, other than specimens that belong to species listed under Part 13 of the EPBC Act, taken in the South Australian Lakes and Coorong Fishery, as defined in the Fisheries Management(Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 2009 and the Fisheries Management (General) Regulations 2007 in force under the *Fisheries Management Act 2007* (South Australia),

and **impose** the following conditions to which the inclusion of the specimens in the list is subject:

* the specimen, or the fish or invertebrate from which it is derived, was taken lawfully, and
* the specimens are included in the list until 26 August 2016.

These amendments will allow continued export of specimens taken in the South Australian Lakes and Coorong Fishery until 26 August 2016. The only effect of this amendment is to extend this date and to correct an inaccuracy in the fishery description.

In determining to include the specimens in the list of exempt native specimens, regard was had to the Australian Government’s *Guidelines for the Ecologically Sustainable Management of Fisheries – 2nd Edition*. Those guidelines establish the criteria for assessment of the ecological sustainability of the relevant fishery’s management arrangements.

Subsection 303DC(3) of the EPBC Act provides that before amending the list, the Minister for the Environment must consult such other Commonwealth minister or ministers and such other minister or ministers of each state and self-governing territory, as the minister considers appropriate. The minister may also consult with such other persons and organisations as the minister considers appropriate. In this instance, the Delegate of the Minister for the Environment consulted with Primary Industries and Regions SA (PIRSA) as PIRSA has management responsibilities for the fishery concerned.

This instrument is a legislative instrument for the purposes of the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003*.

The instrument commenced on the day after it was registered on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments.

# **STATEMENT OF COMPATIBILITY FOR A BILL OR LEGISLATIVE INSTRUMENT THAT DOES NOT RAISE ANY HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES**

**Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights**

*Prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*

**Amendment of List of Exempt Native Specimens**

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with the human rights and freedoms recognised or declared in the international instruments listed in section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*.

**Overview of the Legislative Instrument**

The effect of this instrument is to:

**delete** from the list of exempt native specimens the following specimens and any associated notations:

* specimens that are or are derived from fish or invertebrates, other than specimens that belong to species listed under Part 13 of the EPBC Act, taken in the South Australian Lakes and Coorong Fishery, as defined in the Fisheries Management(Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 2006 and the Fisheries Management (General) Regulations 2007 in force under the *Fisheries Management Act 2007* (South Australia),

**amend** the list of exempt native specimens to include the following specimens and any associated notations:

* specimens that are or are derived from fish or invertebrates, other than specimens that belong to species listed under Part 13 of the EPBC Act, taken in the South Australian Lakes and Coorong Fishery, as defined in the Fisheries Management(Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 2009 and the Fisheries Management (General) Regulations 2007 in force under the *Fisheries Management Act 2007* (South Australia), and

**impose** the following conditions to which the inclusion of the specimens in the list is subject:

* the specimen, or the fish or invertebrate from which it is derived, was taken lawfully, and
* the specimens are included in the list until 26 August 2016.

These amendments will allow continued export of specimens taken in the South Australian Lakes and Coorong Fishery until 26 August 2016. The only effect of this amendment is to extend this date and to correct an inaccuracy in the fishery description.

**Human rights implications**

This Legislative Instrument does not engage any of the applicable rights or freedoms.

**Conclusion**

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with human rights as it does not raise any human rights issues.

**Paul Murphy, Assistant Secretary, Wildlife Trade and Biosecurity Branch (Delegate of the Minister for the Environment)**