

Explanatory Statement

1. Authority

Section 13 of the *Food Standards Australia New Zealand Act 1991* (the FSANZ Act) provides that the functions of Food Standards Australia New Zealand (the Authority) include the development of standards and variations of standards for inclusion in the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* (the Code).

Division 2 of Part 3 of the FSANZ Act specifies that the Authority may prepare a proposal for the development or variation of food regulatory measures, including standards. This Division also stipulates the procedure for considering a proposal for the development or variation of food regulatory measures.

FSANZ prepared Proposal P1025 to revise the Code. The Authority considered the Proposal in accordance with Division 2 of Part 3 and has approved a draft revised Code.

Following consideration by the Legislative and Governance Forum on Food Regulation¹, section 92 of the FSANZ Act stipulates that the Authority must publish a notice about the standard or draft variation of a standard.

Section 94 of the FSANZ Act specifies that a standard, or a variation of a standard, in relation to which a notice is published under section 92 is a legislative instrument, but is not subject to parliamentary disallowance or sunseting under the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003*.

2. Purpose

The Authority has approved variations of Chapters 1 and 2 of the Code.

3. Documents incorporated by reference

The variations to food regulatory measures do not incorporate any documents by reference. The variations update some references to documents that are incorporated by reference.

4. Consultation

In accordance with the procedure in Subdivision F of Division 2 of Part 3 of the FSANZ Act, the Authority's consideration of Proposal P1025 included two rounds of public comment following an assessment and the preparation of a draft Standard and associated reports. Submissions were called for on 23 May 2013 for a 12-week period, and on 10 July 2014 for an eight-week period.

A Regulation Impact Statement was not required, because the proposed variations to the Code are likely to have a minor impact on business and individuals.

5. Statement of compatibility with human rights

This instrument is exempt from the requirements for a statement of compatibility with human rights as it is a non-disallowable instrument under section 94 of the FSANZ Act.

¹ Previously known as the Australia and New Zealand Food Regulation Ministerial Council

**6. Variation (Chapter 1—Introduction and standards that apply to all foods, Part 2—
Labelling and other information requirements)**

***Standard 1.2.3 – Information requirements – warning statements, advisory statements and
declarations***

New section 1.2.3—1 Name

This section establishes that the instrument is the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* – Standard 1.2.3 – Information requirements –warning statements, advisory statements and declarations

New section 1.2.3—2 Mandatory advisory statements

New subsection (1) repeats the current substance of clauses 2 and 5 in Standard 1.2.3, to require the label on a food listed in Column 1 in the table in Schedule 9 to provide the advisory statement that appears in the corresponding row of Column 2.

Subsection (2) sets out the conditions for an advisory statement that a food for sale might have a laxative effect.

New section 1.2.3—3 Mandatory warning statement – royal jelly

New section 1.2.3—3 replaces clause 3 of Standard 1.2.3, which requires warning statements about royal jelly to be given when royal jelly is presented as a food for sale or as an ingredient of a food for sale.

New section 1.2.3—4 Mandatory declaration of certain foods or substances in food

New section 1.2.3—4 repeats the requirements of clause 4 of Standard 1.2.3 that require certain allergens to be notified, either on the label or in related documentation, when the allergens are in a food for sale.