



**Australian Government**  
**Repatriation Medical Authority**

**REPATRIATION MEDICAL AUTHORITY**

**INSTRUMENT NO. 75 of 2014**

***VETERANS' ENTITLEMENTS ACT 1986***  
***MILITARY REHABILITATION AND COMPENSATION ACT 2004***

**EXPLANATORY NOTES FOR TABLING**

1. The Repatriation Medical Authority (the Authority), under subsection 196B(8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA), revokes Instrument No. 42 of 2005, determined under subsection 196B(3) of the VEA concerning **peripheral neuropathy**.
2. The Authority is of the view that on the sound medical-scientific evidence available it is more probable than not that **peripheral neuropathy** and **death from peripheral neuropathy** can be related to particular kinds of service. The Authority has therefore determined pursuant to subsection 196B(3) of the VEA a Statement of Principles, Instrument No. 75 of 2014 concerning **peripheral neuropathy**. This Instrument will in effect replace the revoked Statement of Principles.
3. The provisions of the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA) relating to claims for compensation commenced on 1 July 2004. Claims under section 319 of the MRCA for acceptance of liability for a service injury sustained, a service disease contracted or service death on or after 1 July 2004 are determined by the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission by reference to Statements of Principles issued by the Authority pursuant to the VEA.
4. The Statement of Principles sets out the factors that must exist, and which of those factors must be related to the following kinds of service rendered by a person:
  - eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA;
  - defence service (other than hazardous service and British nuclear test defence service) under the VEA;
  - peacetime service under the MRCA,before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, peripheral neuropathy or death from peripheral neuropathy is connected with the circumstances of that service.
5. This Instrument results from an investigation notified by the Authority in the Government Notices Gazette of 18 May 2011 concerning peripheral neuropathy in accordance with section 196G of the VEA. The investigation involved an examination of the sound medical-scientific evidence now available to the Authority, including the sound medical-scientific evidence it has previously considered.

6. The contents of this Instrument are in similar terms as the revoked Instrument. Comparing this Instrument and the revoked Instrument, the differences include:
- revising the definition of 'peripheral neuropathy' in clause 3;
  - revising factor 6(a) concerning 'a systemic disease';
  - revising factor 6(b) concerning 'alcohol use disorder';
  - new factor 6(e) concerning 'a neurological paraneoplastic syndrome';
  - revising factor 6(f) concerning 'a haematological or lymphoproliferative disorder';
  - revising factor 6(g) concerning 'a systemic vasculitis';
  - revising factor 6(h) concerning 'an inflammatory connective tissue disease';
  - revising factor 6(i) concerning 'a viral, bacterial or protozoal infection';
  - revising factor 6(j) concerning 'a thermal burn or electrical injury';
  - revising factor 6(k) concerning 'a critical illness';
  - revising factor 6(l) concerning 'inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a chemical';
  - revising factor 6(m) concerning 'inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a volatile substance';
  - new factor 6(n) concerning 'substance use disorder';
  - new factor 6(p) concerning 'inhaling, ingesting or having cutaneous contact with a specified chemical';
  - revising factor 6(q) concerning 'acute cholinergic poisoning';
  - new factor 6(r) concerning 'being poisoned with an agent';
  - revising factor 6(s) concerning 'a nutritional deficiency';
  - new factor 6(t) concerning 'hypophosphataemia';
  - revising factor 6(u) concerning 'a drug or a drug from a class of drugs from Specified List 1';
  - revising factor 6(v) concerning 'a drug or a drug from a class of drugs from Specified List 2';
  - revising factor 6(w) concerning 'cisplatin';
  - new factor 6(x) concerning 'bariatric surgery';
  - new factor 6(y) concerning 'vitamin B6 (pyridoxine) hypervitaminosis';
  - deleting a factor concerning 'inhalant abuse or inhalant dependence', as it is now covered by factor 6(n) concerning 'substance use disorder';
  - deleting factors concerning 'an organic toxin' and 'a specified metal', as they are now covered by factor 6(r) concerning 'being poisoned with an agent';
  - new definitions of 'a chemical from the specified list', 'a critical illness as specified', 'a drug or a drug from a class of drugs from Specified List 1', 'a drug or a drug from a class of drugs from Specified List 2', 'a haematological or lymphoproliferative disorder from the specified list', 'a neurological paraneoplastic syndrome', 'a nutritional deficiency as specified', 'a substance from the specified list', 'a systemic disease from the specified list', 'a systemic vasculitis from the specified list', 'a viral, bacterial or protozoal infection as specified', 'a volatile substance from the specified list', 'an inflammatory connective tissue disease from the specified list', 'bariatric surgery', 'being poisoned with an agent as specified', 'DSM-5', 'having vitamin B6 (pyridoxine) hypervitaminosis' and 'severe alcohol use disorder' in clause 9;
  - revising the definitions of 'a specified chemical', 'an organophosphorus ester', 'acute cholinergic poisoning' and 'relevant service' in clause 9;

- deleting the definitions of 'a critical illness', 'a drug from Specified List 1', 'a drug from Specified List 2', 'a haematological or lymphoproliferative disorder', 'a nutritional deficiency', 'a specified metal', 'a systemic disease', 'a systemic vasculitis', 'a viral, bacterial or protozoal infection', 'a volatile substance', 'an inflammatory connective tissue disease', 'an organic toxin' and 'inhalant abuse or inhalant dependence'; and
  - specifying a date of effect for the Instrument in clause 11.
7. This Instrument incorporates by reference *the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*, Fifth Edition (DSM-5), Arlington, VA, American Psychiatric Association, 2013. A copy of this document is available from the offices of the Repatriation Medical Authority, Level 8, Bank of Queensland Building, 259 Queen St, Brisbane Queensland 4000, by contacting the Registrar on telephone (07) 3815 9404.
  8. Further changes to the format of the Instrument reflect the commencement of the MRCA and clarify that pursuant to subsection 196B(3A) of the VEA, the Statement of Principles has been determined for the purposes of both the VEA and the MRCA.
  9. Prior to determining this Instrument, the Authority advertised its intention to undertake an investigation in relation to peripheral neuropathy in the Government Notices Gazette of 18 May 2011, and circulated a copy of the notice of intention to investigate to a wide range of organisations representing veterans, service personnel and their dependants. The Authority invited submissions from the Repatriation Commission, organisations and persons referred to in section 196E of the VEA, and any person having expertise in the field. Two submissions were received for consideration by the Authority during the investigation.
  10. This instrument is compatible with the Human Rights and Freedoms recognised or declared in the International Instruments listed in Section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*. A Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights follows.
  11. The determining of this Instrument finalises the investigation in relation to peripheral neuropathy as advertised in the Government Notices Gazette of 18 May 2011.
  12. A list of references relating to the above condition is available to any person or organisation referred to in subsection 196E(1)(a) to (c) of the VEA. Any such request must be made in writing to the Repatriation Medical Authority at the following address:

The Registrar  
Repatriation Medical Authority  
GPO Box 1014  
BRISBANE QLD 4001



**Australian Government**  
**Repatriation Medical Authority**

## **Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights**

*(Prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011)*

**Instrument No.:** **Statement of Principles No. 75 of 2014**

**Kind of Injury, Disease or Death:** **Peripheral neuropathy**

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with the human rights and freedoms recognised or declared in the international instruments listed in section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*.

### **Overview of the Legislative Instrument**

1. This Legislative Instrument is determined pursuant to subsection 196B(8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA) for the purposes of the VEA and the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA).
2. This Legislative Instrument:-
  - facilitates claimants in making, and the Repatriation Commission in assessing, claims under the VEA and the MRCA respectively, by specifying the circumstances in which medical treatment and compensation can be extended to eligible persons who have peripheral neuropathy;
  - facilitates the review of such decisions by the Veterans' Review Board and the Administrative Appeals Tribunal;
  - outlines the factors which the current sound medical-scientific evidence indicates must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, peripheral neuropathy is connected with the circumstances of eligible service rendered by a person, as set out in clause 4 of the Explanatory Notes;
  - replaces Instrument No. 42 of 2005; and
  - reflects developments in the available sound medical-scientific evidence concerning peripheral neuropathy which have occurred since that earlier instrument was determined.
3. The Instrument is assessed as being a technical instrument which improves the medico-scientific quality of outcomes under the VEA and the MRCA.

## Human Rights Implications

4. This Legislative Instrument does not derogate from any human rights. It promotes the human rights of veterans, current and former Defence Force members as well as other persons such as their dependents, including:
- the right to social security (Art 9, *International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights*; Art 26, *Convention on the Rights of the Child* and Art 28, *Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities*) by helping to ensure that the qualifying conditions for the benefit are 'reasonable, proportionate and transparent'<sup>1</sup>;
  - the right to an adequate standard of living (Art 11, ICSECR; Art 27, CRC and Art 28, CRPD) by facilitating the assessment and determination of social security benefits;
  - the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health (Art 12, ICSECR and Art 25, CRPD), by facilitating the assessment and determination of compensation and benefits in relation to the treatment and rehabilitation of veterans and Defence Force members; and
  - the rights of persons with disabilities by facilitating the determination of claims relating to treatment and rehabilitation (Art 26, CRPD).

## Conclusion

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with human rights as it does not derogate from and promotes a number of human rights.

Repatriation Medical Authority

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<sup>1</sup> In General Comment No. 19 (The right to social security), the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights said (at paragraph 24) this to be one of the elements of ensuring accessibility to social security.