



# Radiocommunications (Overseas Amateurs Visiting Australia) Class Licence Variation 2012 (No. 1)

*Radiocommunications Act 1992*

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The AUSTRALIAN COMMUNICATIONS AND MEDIA AUTHORITY makes this Variation under section 134 of the *Radiocommunications Act 1992*.

Dated 21 December 2012

*Richard Bean*  
[signed]  
Member

*Giles Tanner*  
[signed]  
General Manager / ~~Member~~

Australian Communications and Media Authority

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**1 Name of Variation**

This Notice is the *Radiocommunications (Overseas Amateurs Visiting Australia) Class Licence Variation 2012 (No. 1)*.

**2 Commencement**

This Variation commences on the later of:

- (a) 1 January 2013; or
- (b) the day on which it is published in the Gazette.

*Note 1* All legislative instruments and compilations are registered on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments kept under the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003*. See <http://www.frli.gov.au>.

*Note 2* The effect of section 134 of the *Radiocommunications Act 1992* is that this Variation must be published in the Gazette before it commences.

**3 Variation of *Radiocommunications (Overseas Amateurs Visiting Australia) Class Licence 2008***

Schedule 1 varies the *Radiocommunications (Overseas Amateurs Visiting Australia) Class Licence 2008*.

**Schedule 1 Variations**

(section 3)

**[1] Subection 3 (1)**

*insert*

***Exmouth Non Directional Beacon Area*** means an area that is within Australia being part of the geographic area described by a circle with a radius of 1000 kilometres whose centre is located at latitude 21° 26' 7" south, longitude 114° 3' 57" east.

- [2] **Subsection 3 (1), definition of *Melbourne Area*, including the note**

*omit*

- [3] **Subsection 3 (1), definition of *Perth Area*, including the note**

*omit*

- [4] **Subsection 3 (1), definition of *Sydney Area*, including the note**

*omit*

- [5] **Subsection 3 (1)**

*insert*

***Timor Non Directional Beacon Area*** means an area that is within Australia being part of the geographic area described by a circle with a radius of 2000 kilometres whose centre is located at latitude 10° 37' 21" south, longitude 126° 2' 0" east.

- [6] **After section 24A**

*insert*

- 24B Operation in the frequency band 472 kHz to 479 kHz**

An amateur station must not be operated in the frequency band 472 kHz to 479 kHz using a radiated power of more than 5 watts pX EIRP.

- [7] **Table 1A, item 1A, column 2**

*substitute*

135.7 kHz–137.8kHz [see section 24A]

472 kHz–479 kHz [see section 24B]

- [8] **Table 1A, item 4, column 2**

*omit*

420.000 MHz–450.000 MHz

*substitute*

430.000 MHz–450.000 MHz

**[9] Table 1B***substitute***Table 1B Excluded frequency ranges**

(section 20)

Item	Area of operation	Excluded frequency range
1	Timor Non Directional Beacon Area	472 kHz–479 kHz
2	Exmouth Non Directional Beacon Area	472 kHz–479 kHz

**[10] Table 2, item 1, column 2***substitute*

472 kHz–479 kHz

3.500 MHz–3.700 MHz

7.000 MHz–7.300 MHz

14.000 MHz–14.350 MHz

21.000 MHz–21.450 MHz

**[11] Section 38***substitute***38 Permitted frequency bands**

An amateur station must only be operated on a frequency that is in a frequency band mentioned in an item in Table 4A.

**[12] Table 4A, item 2, column 2***omit*

420.000 MHz–450.000 MHz

*substitute*

430.000 MHz–450.000 MHz

**[13] Table 4B***omit*