Superannuation (prudential standard) determination No. 3 of 2012

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

Prepared by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA)

Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993, section 34C(1)

Under subsection 34C(1) of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (the Act), APRA has the power to determine standards (prudential standards), in writing, in relation to prudential matters to be complied with by all RSE licensees of registrable superannuation entities (RSEs).

On 15 November 2012, APRA made Superannuation (prudential standard) determination No. 3 of 2012 under subsection 34C(1) of the Act (the instrument).

The instrument commences upon registration on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments.¹

1. Background

The Government indicated, in its response to the recommendations of the Super System Review in December 2010, support for the recommendation that APRA be given the power to make prudential standards in respect of superannuation, consistent with APRA's existing powers in respect of banking and insurance.²

In April 2012, APRA released 11 draft prudential standards to implement APRA's proposed prudential framework for superannuation, incorporating those elements of the Government's superannuation reforms that come within APRA's mandate. APRA's proposals covered prudential requirements common to other APRA-regulated industries as well as superannuation-specific requirements. The proposals also included relocating some current requirements in the Act and *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994* and non-binding guidance material into the new prudential standards, and harmonising the requirements for superannuation with those applying to other APRA-regulated industries to the extent practical.

APRA was granted the ability to make prudential standards in relation to superannuation under the Act by the passage of the *Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Trustee Obligations and Prudential Standards) Act 2012* on 8 September 2012.

2. Purpose and operation of the instrument

The purpose of the instrument is to make *Prudential Standard SPS 231 Outsourcing* (SPS 231), which sets out prudential requirements for all outsourcing arrangements

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Paragraphs 29, 36 and 37 of *Prudential Standard SPS 231 Outsourcing* (SPS 231) commence on the date of registration of the instrument on the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments. SPS 231 otherwise commences on 1 July 2013.

² Stronger Super, Recommendation 10.2, p. 60.

involving material business activities entered into by an RSE licensee to be subject to appropriate due diligence, approval and ongoing monitoring.

The key requirements of SPS 231 are that an RSE licensee must:

- have a policy, approved by the Board, relating to outsourcing of material business activities;
- have sufficient monitoring processes in place to manage the outsourcing of material business activities;
- have a legally binding agreement in place for all outsourcing of material business activities;
- consult with APRA prior to entering into agreements to outsource material business activities to service providers that conduct their activities outside Australia; and
- notify APRA after entering into agreements to outsource material business activities.

3. Consultation

In September 2011, APRA released for public consultation a discussion paper, *Prudential Standards for Superannuation*, which outlined proposals, including those Stronger Super reforms that the Government had recommended APRA implement in prudential standards. A suite of 12 prudential standards, including a standard dealing with outsourcing, was described in the paper. APRA received 41 written submissions in response to this discussion paper, presented the reforms via a wide range of industry forums and held discussions with a variety of industry participants.

In a second consultation round, APRA released a *Response to Submissions* – *Prudential standards for superannuation* and a package of 11 draft prudential standards on 27 April 2012. In the response, APRA outlined the significant issues raised in the submissions and APRA's proposed response to them.

APRA received 38 written submissions in response to the draft prudential standards; again, APRA also presented the reforms at industry forums and met with individual industry participants on the proposed requirements.

APRA took note of the issues raised in submissions on the draft standard and the final version of SPS 231 includes amendments to allow for outsourcing arrangements to be contained in a documented legally binding agreement made other than under Australian law.

4. Regulation Impact Statement

A Regulation Impact Statement is required for the superannuation prudential standards.

5. Statement of compatibility prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*

The legislative instrument the subject of this explanatory statement does not engage any of the applicable rights or freedoms recognised or declared in the international instruments listed in section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act* 2011. Accordingly, in APRA's assessment, this legislative instrument is compatible with human rights.