

# **Quarantine Proclamation 1998**

# as amended

made under section 13 of the

# Quarantine Act 1908

This compilation was prepared on 25 November 2011 taking into account amendments up to *Quarantine Amendment Proclamation* 2011 (No. 2)

This document has been split into two volumes Volume 1 contains the Reader's Guide, Parts 1 to 10 and Schedules 1 to 4, and Volume 2 contains Schedules 5 and 6 and the Notes Each volume has its own Table of Contents

Prepared by the Office of Legislative Drafting and Publishing, Attorney-General's Department, Canberra

6

# Contents

Reader's Guide

Part 1		Preliminary	
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Name of this Proclamation [see Note 1] Commencement [see Note 1] Definitions Meaning of <i>permit</i> to import or remove something References to a thing being intended for a particular use Tables Material that is, and is not, part of this Proclamation	24 24 25 25 26 26
Part 2		First ports of entry, landing places and quarantine stations	
Division 1		Australia	
	8	First ports of entry for overseas vessels other than aircraft (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (a))	27
	9	First ports of entry and landing places for overseas aircraft (Quarantine Act, ss 13 (1) (a) and (aa))	28
	10	Ports where imported animals generally may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))	29
	11	Ports where imported animals of particular kinds, or having particular descriptions, may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))	29
	12	Ports where imported plants generally may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))	31
	13	Ports where imported plants of particular kinds, or having particular uses, may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))	31
	13A	Ports where other goods may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))	32
	13B	Ports where particular kinds of other goods may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))	33
	14	Quarantine stations for animals or goods (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (c))	34
	15	Quarantine stations for plants or goods (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (c))	35
Part 2A		Miscellaneous	
	20A	Exemption from obligation to land goods at declared port (Quarantine Act, ss 14 and 20D)	36
Part 3		Human quarantine	
Division 1	21	<b>General</b> Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca))	38

			Page
Division 2	23	<b>Importation of corpses and human body parts into Australia</b> Corpses and human body parts for burial or cremation (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))	38
	24	Importation of human body parts (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and	
		13 (1) (d) and (e))	39
Part 4		Biological materials	
Division 1	27	Preliminary Meaning of terms	40
Division 2	28	Importation of biological materials into Australia Importation of biological materials (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and	
		13 (1) (d) and (e))	42
	29	Introduction or importation of disease or pest (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))	43
Part 5		Articles and things likely to introduce a disease or pest	
Division 1		Introductory	
	32	Meaning of article or thing likely to introduce a disease or pest	45
Division 2		Importation into Australia of articles and things likely to introduce diseases or pests	
	33	Importation of articles likely to introduce diseases or pests — Australia (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))	47
Part 6		Animal quarantine	
Part 6 Division 1			
	35	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part	48
	35 36	Animal quarantine General	48 49
		Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products	
Division 1		Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and	49
Division 1	36	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act,	
Division 1	36 37 38	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	49 49 50
Division 1	36 37	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Competent Authorities Importation of meat and meat products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1)	49 49 50 56
Division 1	36 37 38 38A	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Competent Authorities	49 49 50
Division 1	36 37 38 38A 39 40 41	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of quarantinable disease) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Competent Authorities Importation of meat and meat products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	49 49 50 56
Division 1	36 37 38 38A 39 40 41 42	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of quarantinable disease) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Competent Authorities Importation of meat and meat products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of eggs and egg products Importation of honey and other bee products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	49 49 50 56 56
Division 1	36 37 38 38A 39 40 41	Animal quarantine General Definitions for Part Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of <i>quarantinable disease</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca)) Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Competent Authorities Importation of meat and meat products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f)) Importation of eggs and egg products Importation of honey and other bee products (Quarantine Act,	49 49 50 56 56 56 57

			Page
	46	Importation of animal, animal parts and animal products from the Cocos Islands (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e), (f) and (ga))	60
Division 3		Importation of products of Australian origin	
	47	Importation of commercially manufactured animal products of Australian origin	60
Division 4		Movement of animals, animal parts and animal products within Australia	
	56	Removal of animals, animal parts and animal products from Protected Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))	61
	56A	Removal of animals, animal parts and animal products from Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))	62
Part 7		Plant quarantine	
Division 1		General	
	57	Definitions for Part 7	63
	57A 58	Plant products excluded from application of Part 7 Quarantinable diseases of plants, and guarantinable pests	63
	00	(Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definitions of <i>quarantinable disease</i> and <i>quarantinable pest</i> ) and 13 (1) (ca))	63
Division 3		Importation of plants and plant parts into Australia	
	61	Importations of plants and plant parts affected by quarantinable pests	64
	62	Importation of living plants (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	64
	63	Importation of seeds (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	64
	64	Importation of fresh fruit and vegetables (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	65
	65	Importation of other plant parts (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))	65
Division 5		Movement of soil and plants within Australia	
	67	Removal of soil from Protected Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))	66
	68 69	Removal of soil from Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g)) Removal of plants and plant parts from Protected Zone	66
	00	(Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))	66
	69A	Removal of plants and plant parts from Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))	67
Part 8		Administration	
	70	Things a Director of Quarantine must take into account when deciding whether to grant a permit for importation into Australia	68
Part 10		Revocation and savings	
	75	Saving of permits already granted	69

	Page
Quarantine stations	70
Quarantine stations for animals or goods in Australia	70
Quarantine stations for plants or goods in Australia	71
Quarantinable animal diseases	72
Quarantinable plant diseases and quarantinable pests	77
Plant diseases that are quarantinable diseases	77
Plants that are quarantinable pests	86
	Quarantine stations for animals or goods in Australia Quarantine stations for plants or goods in Australia <b>Quarantinable animal diseases</b> <b>Quarantinable plant diseases and quarantinable pests</b> Plant diseases that are quarantinable diseases

# Reader's Guide

# 1 Warning!

1.1 This guide is intended only to help you to understand and use the *Quarantine Proclamation 1998.* It is not part of the law and is not intended to replace reading the proclamation itself. It is also not a complete summary of the law of quarantine in Australia.

# 2 What quarantine is all about

2.1 Quarantine is about controls to maintain Australia's privileged human, animal and plant health status. Australians generally benefit from a natural environment that, compared to other countries, is relatively free of many debilitating pests and diseases of humans, animals and plants. Effective and efficient quarantine controls enhance the quality of life of all Australians by protecting public health, contributing to Australia's comparative advantage in agricultural production, reducing the need to use chemicals to prevent and control pests and diseases, protecting native flora and fauna and promoting Australia as a tourist attraction.

2.2 There are Commonwealth, State and Territory laws regulating quarantine. Under the Constitution the Commonwealth does not have exclusive power to make laws in relation to quarantine. Accordingly, Commonwealth and State laws on quarantine co-exist. However, under s 109 of the Constitution, if a state law is inconsistent with a Commonwealth law the Commonwealth law prevails and the State law is invalid. State and Territory laws are not dealt with in this Guide. (For information on the law of a State and Territory, refer to the relevant State or Territory agency.)

# 3 The Quarantine Act 1908

3.1 The principal Commonwealth legislation regulating quarantine is the *Quarantine Act 1908* (the *Quarantine Act*). The Quarantine Act has broad coverage over matters of quarantine concern in Australia. In particular, s 4 of the Quarantine Act describes the scope of quarantine as follows:

# 4 Scope of quarantine

- (1) In this Act, *quarantine* includes, but is not limited to, measures:
  - (a) for, or in relation to:
    - (i) the examination, exclusion, detention, observation, segregation, isolation, protection, treatment and regulation of vessels, installations, human beings, animals, plants or other goods or things; or
    - (ii) the seizure and destruction of animals, plants, or other goods or things; or
    - (iii) the destruction of premises comprising buildings or other structures when treatment of these premises is not practicable; and

- (b) having as their object the prevention or control of the introduction, establishment or spread of diseases or pests that will or could cause significant damage to human beings, animals, plants, other aspects of the environment or economic activities.
- (2) Without otherwise limiting the nature of any quarantine measure, or measure incidental to quarantine:
  - (a) by way of a direction that a person may be authorised to give; or
  - (b) by way of an action that a person may be authorised to take;

either as a result of a Ministerial authorisation under subsection 3(1) or as a result of an authorisation by the executive head of a national response agency under subsection 3(2), that direction or action must be no more than is reasonably appropriate and adapted:

- (c) to the control and eradication of the epidemic; or
- (d) to the removal of the danger of the epidemic;
- in respect of which the authorisation was given.

3.2 The Quarantine Act provides for certain matters to be dealt with by subordinate legislation (that is, Proclamations, Regulations and determinations). There is 1 set of Regulations made under the Quarantine Act: the *Quarantine Regulations 2000*. This Proclamation is 1 of 3 Quarantine Proclamations now in force. The 2 other Proclamations are the *Quarantine (Christmas Island) Proclamation 2004* and the *Quarantine (Cocos Islands) Proclamation 2004*. The Quarantine Act, Regulations and Proclamations can be accessed through the Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service Internet site at www.aqis.gov.au/law/index.htm or from the SCALEplus website (maintained by the Attorney-General's Department) at http://www.comlaw.gov.au/.

## 4 Does the Act extend to the External Territories?

4.1 The Quarantine Act extends to some, but not all, of the external territories. (If an Act 'extends to' an external Territory, it applies in it.) The following table sets out whether the Quarantine Act extends to each external Territory:

Territory	Whether the Quarantine Act extends
Ashmore and Cartier Islands	Yes — see s 6AB
Australian Antarctic Territory	No — see s 17 (a) of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901
Christmas Island	Yes — see s 6
Cocos (Keeling) Islands	Yes — see s 6
Coral Sea Islands	No — see s 17 (a) of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901
Heard Island and McDonald Islands	No — see s 17 (a) of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901
Norfolk Island	No — see s 17 (a) of the Acts Interpretation Act 1901

# 5 Authority for this Proclamation

5.1 Sections 13, 13A and 14 of the Quarantine Act, so far as relevant, are as follows:

# 13 Proclamation of ports of entry etc.

- (1) The Governor-General may, by proclamation:
  - (a) declare any ports in Australia to be first ports of entry for overseas vessels; or
  - (aaa) declare any ports in the Cocos Islands to be first Cocos Islands ports of entry for overseas vessels; or
  - (aab) declare any ports in Christmas Island to be first Christmas Island ports of entry for overseas vessels; or
  - (aa) declare any place or area in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island to be a landing place for aircraft; or
  - (b) declare any ports in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island to be ports where imported animals, plants or other goods, or imported animals, plants or other goods of a particular kind or description or having a particular use, may be landed; or
  - (c) appoint places on land or sea to be quarantine stations for the performance of quarantine by vessels, persons, goods, animals, or plants; or
  - (ca) declare a disease or pest to be a quarantinable disease or quarantinable pest, as the case may be; or
  - (d) prohibit the introduction or importation into Australia, into the Cocos Islands, or into Christmas Island, of any disease or pest or any substance, article or thing containing, or likely to contain, any disease or pest; or
  - (e) prohibit the importation into Australia, into the Cocos Islands, or into Christmas Island, of any articles or things likely, in his or her opinion, to introduce, establish or spread any disease or pest; or
  - (f) prohibit the importation into Australia, into the Cocos Islands, or into Christmas Island, of any animals, plants or other goods, or any parts of animals or plants; or
  - (fa) prohibit the bringing into any port or other place in Australia, the Cocos Islands or into Christmas Island of any animals, plants or other goods, or any parts of animals of plants; or
  - (g) prohibit the removal of any animals, plants or other goods, or any parts of animals or plants:
    - (i) from any part of the Commonwealth to any other part of the Commonwealth; or
    - (ii) from any part of the Cocos Islands to any other part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iii) from any part of Christmas Island to any other part of Christmas Island; or
  - (ga) prohibit the removal of any animals, plants or other goods, or any parts of animals or plants:
    - (i) from Australia or a part of Australia to the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (ii) from the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands to Australia or a part of Australia; or

- (gb) prohibit the removal of any animals, plants or other goods or any parts of animals or plants:
  - (i) from Australia or a part of Australia to Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island; or
  - (ii) from Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island to Australia or a part of Australia; or
- (gc) prohibit the removal of any animals, plants or other goods, or parts of animals or plants:
  - (i) from the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands to Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island; or
  - (ii) from Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island to the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands; or
- (h) declare any part of the Commonwealth, of the Cocos Islands, or of Christmas Island in which any disease or pest exists, or is suspected to exist, to be a quarantine area; or
- (i) declare that any vessel, people, animals, plants or other goods in any quarantine area, or in any part of the Commonwealth, of the Cocos Islands or of Christmas Island in which a disease or pest exists, or is suspected to exist, are to be subject to quarantine.
- (1A) The power to declare first ports of entry shall extend to authorize the declaration of a port to be a first port of entry for all overseas vessels, or for overseas vessels from any particular place, or for any class of overseas vessels.
- (1B) The power to declare first Cocos Islands ports of entry shall extend to authorize the declaration of a port to be a first Cocos Islands port of entry for all overseas vessels, or for overseas vessels from any particular place, or for any class of overseas vessels.
- (1C) The power to declare first Christmas Island ports of entry extends to authorize the declaration of a port to be a first Christmas Island port of entry for all overseas vessels, or for overseas vessels from any particular place, or for any class of overseas vessels.
  - (2) The power of prohibition under this section shall extend to authorize prohibition generally or as otherwise provided by the instrument authorising the prohibition, including prohibition either absolutely or subject to any specified conditions or restrictions.
- (2A) A Proclamation under subsection (1):
  - (a) prohibiting the introduction into Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island of any thing; or
  - (b) prohibiting the importation into Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island of any thing; or
  - (c) prohibiting the bringing into a port or other place in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island of any thing; or
  - (d) prohibiting the removal of any thing:
    - (i) from a part of Australia to another part of Australia; or
    - (ii) from a part of the Cocos Islands to another part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iii) from Australia or a part of Australia to the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands or from the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands to Australia or a part of Australia; or

- (iv) from a part of Christmas Island to another part of Christmas Island; or
- (v) from Australia or a part of Australia to Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island or from Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island to Australia or a part of Australia; or
- (vi) from Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island to the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands or from the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands to Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island;

may provide that the introduction, importation, bringing or removal of the thing is prohibited unless a permit to introduce, import, bring or remove the thing is granted by a Director of Quarantine.

- (2AA) A Director of Quarantine may, for the purposes of subsection (2A), grant a permit that relates to a specified act, or a specified class of acts, in relation to a specified thing or a specified class of things.
  - (2B) A permit granted pursuant to a proclamation made in accordance with subsection (2A) may be granted subject to compliance with conditions or requirements, either before or after the introduction, importation, bringing or removal of the thing to which the permit relates, by the holder of the permit, being conditions or requirements set out in the permit.
  - (2C) If, after the grant of a permit under a Proclamation made in accordance with subsection (2A), a Director of Quarantine is satisfied:
    - (a) that the level of quarantine risk in respect of the introduction, importation, bringing or removal of the thing or class of things to which the permit relates has altered; or
    - (b) that the person to whom the permit was granted has breached a condition of the permit;

that Director of Quarantine may, by notice in writing given to the person to whom the permit was issued, revoke the permit.

- (3) The powers conferred on the Governor-General by this section, in relation to the matters specified in paragraphs (1)(g), (ga), (gb), (gc), (h) and (i), so far as they relate to vessels, people, animals, plants or other goods, or any disease or pest, are exercisable in relation to the Commonwealth, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island only if the Governor-General is satisfied that the exercise of the powers is necessary for the purpose of preventing the introduction, establishment or spread of a disease or pest.
- (4) Where there is in force a Proclamation (in this subsection referred to as the *relevant Proclamation*) under subsection (1) (whether made before or after the commencement of this subsection) prohibiting the importation into Australia of any animals, plants or other goods, the Governor-General may, by Proclamation (in this subsection referred to as the *exempting Proclamation*), either generally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as are specified in the exempting Proclamation, exempt from the operation of the relevant Proclamation animals, plants or other goods of a kind specified in the exempting Proclamation, being animals, plants or other goods that:
  - (a) are brought into a part of Australia that is in the Protected Zone or in an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone on board a Protected Zone vessel; and

- (b) are owned by, or are under the control of, a traditional inhabitant who is on board that vessel and have been used, are being used or are intended to be used by him or her in connection with the performance of traditional activities in the Protected Zone or in an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone.
- (5) A Proclamation made under subsection (1) may, either generally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as are specified in the Proclamation, exempt from the operation of the Proclamation any animals, plants or other goods specified in the Proclamation, being animals, plants or other goods in respect of which an exemption may be granted under subsection (4).
- (6) If there is in force a Proclamation (the *relevant Proclamation*) under subsection (1) (whether made before or after the commencement of this subsection) prohibiting:
  - (a) the bringing into a port or other place in Australia of any animals, plants or other goods; or
  - (b) the removal of any animals, plants or other goods:
    - (i) from a part of Australia to another part of Australia; or
    - (ii) from a part of the Cocos Islands to another part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iii) from Australia or a part of Australia to the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iv) from the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands to Australia or a part of Australia; or
    - (v) from a part of Christmas Island to another part of Christmas Island; or
    - (vi) from Australia or a part of Australia to Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island; or
    - (vii) from Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island to Australia or a part of Australia; or
    - (viii) from Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island to the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands; or
      - (ix) from the Cocos Islands or a part of the Cocos Islands to Christmas Island or a part of Christmas Island;

the Governor-General may, by Proclamation (the *exempting Proclamation*), either generally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as are specified in the exempting Proclamation, exempt from the operation of the relevant Proclamation animals, plants or other goods of a kind specified in the exempting Proclamation, being animals, plants or other goods that:

- (c) are brought or removed, on board a Protected Zone vessel, from a part of Australia that:
  - (i) is in the Protected Zone; or
  - (ii) is in an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone; or
  - (iii) is in a Special Quarantine Zone; and
- (d) are owned by, or are under the control of, a traditional inhabitant who is on board that vessel.
- (7) A Proclamation made under subsection (1) may, either generally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as are specified in the Proclamation, exempt from the operation of the Proclamation any animals, plants or other goods specified in the Proclamation, being animals, plants or other goods in respect of which an exemption may be granted under subsection (6).

# 13A Emergency quarantine grounds

The Minister may appoint any place to be a temporary quarantine station for such period as he or she thinks necessary, for the performance of quarantine by any vessel, installation, persons, goods, animals, or plants, and the place so appointed shall be deemed to be a quarantine station accordingly.

# 14 Exemption of certain vessels and goods

The Governor-General may exempt, for such time and subject to such conditions as he or she thinks fit, from all or any of the provisions of this Act:

- (a) any ship of war; and
- (b) any vessels trading exclusively:
  - (i) between Australian ports; or
  - (ia) between Australian ports and Australian installations; or
  - (ii) between ports in the Cocos Islands; or
  - (iii) between Australia and New Zealand; or
  - (iv) between Australia and Fiji; or
  - (v) between Australia and the Cocos Islands; or
  - (va) between ports in Christmas Island; or
  - (vb) between Australia and Christmas Island; or
  - (vc) between the Cocos Islands and Christmas Island; or
  - (vi) between Australia and another place adjacent to Australia; and
- (c) any particular vessel or class of vessels; and
- (d) any persons, animals, plants or goods or any classes of persons, animals, plants or other goods.

## 6 How this Proclamation is arranged

6.1 Most of this Proclamation is about things that cannot be imported into Australia. There are also some restrictions on the movement of things within Australia. If a Part contains restrictions on moving things within Australia, those restrictions are in a separate Division. All of the Parts and Divisions have self-explanatory headings that are repeated as running headings at the top of each page within the Part or Division.

- 6.2 The Proclamation is organised into Parts as follows:
  - Parts 1, 2 and 2A preliminary and general matters
  - Part 3 human quarantine
  - Parts 4 and 5 some miscellaneous matters that do not fit easily into human, animal or plant quarantine
  - Part 6 animal quarantine
  - Part 7 plant quarantine
  - Parts 8 and 10 administrative matters.
- 6.3 Some of the Parts are divided into Divisions, as mentioned above.

6.4 Following Part 10 are the Schedules, which set out lengthy material that cannot be conveniently put into the main text of this Proclamation.

6.5 This proclamation is arranged so that you do not need to look for other documents to understand it. Where it refers to other Commonwealth or State legislation or *Gazette* notices, an extract from the relevant legislation or notice has been included (if possible) as a note in the text. There are many other notes giving, for example, references to relevant provisions of the Quarantine Act.

# 7 How do I find the meaning of words used in this Proclamation?

7.1 If a word or term used in this Proclamation has a special meaning, it will often be defined in s 3 of the Proclamation or in s 5 of the Quarantine Act. If a term is used only in one provision, you may find a definition of it in that provision.

7.2 Normally, a term used in the Quarantine Act (even if not defined there) has the same meaning in this Proclamation. An exception is *Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone*. Since 23 June 2000, the Quarantine Act has used the term Special Quarantine Zone with a particular meaning (for which, see ss 5 and 5A of that Act), but the term has a long history of use, with a somewhat different meaning, for a particular part of Australia near Torres Strait. In this Proclamation, the term *Torres Strait Special Quarantine Quarantine Zone* is used (defined in s 3) with the latter meaning.

# 8 What status has a particular port under this Proclamation?

8.1 Many ports in Australia are proclaimed as first ports of entry, and many airports are declared to be landing places for aircraft. The following tables list the ports that are first ports of entry (in alphabetical order), and the airports that are landing places for aircraft (also in alphabetical order). The tables also show whether imported animals, plants or goods may be landed at each port or airport, and indicate any limitations that apply. If there is no entry in the table for animals, plants or goods for a particular port or airport, imported animals, plants or goods (as the case may be) cannot be landed there.

8.2 For full information see the relevant sections and tables in the Proclamation, as follows:

- Ports that are first ports of entry for vessels other than aircraft table 1 in s 8
- First ports of entry and landing places for aircraft table 2 in s 9
- Ports where imported animals generally may be landed table 3 in s 10
- ports at which imported animals of particular kinds, or having particular descriptions, may be landed table 4 in s 11
- ports at which imported plants generally may be landed table 5 in s 12
- ports at which imported plants of particular kinds, or having particular descriptions, may be landed table 6 in s 13
- ports where imported goods (other than animals or plants) generally may be landed table 6A in s 13A
- ports where imported goods other than waste may be landed table 6B in s 13A
- Ports where particular kinds of imported goods, or goods having particular uses, may be landed table 6C in s 13B
- Ports where personal effects that are accompanied passenger baggage may be landed table 6D in s 13B.

# Ports in Australia that are first ports of entry for vessels other than aircraft

Port	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Ports in New South	Wales		
Coffs Harbour			
Lord Howe Island			
Newcastle		Yes	Yes
Port Botany, Sydney	Yes	Yes	Yes
Port Jackson, Sydney	Yes	Yes	Yes
Port Kembla		Grain only (see table 6 in s 13)	Yes
Twofold Bay			
Yamba		Sawn timber from Norfolk Island or New Zealand only Kentia palm seed from Norfolk Island (see table 6 in s 13)	Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Ports in Victoria			
Geelong		Yes	Yes
Melbourne	Yes	Yes	Yes
Portland			Fertiliser only (see table 6C in s 13B)
Westernport			
Ports in Queensland	d		
Abbot Point			
Brisbane	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bundaberg	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)		Yes
Cairns	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only Fish (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes
Dalrymple Bay	see Hay Point		
Gladstone	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes

Port	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Hay Point (including Dalrymple Bay)			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Lucinda			
Mackay			Yes
Mourilyan Harbour			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Port Alma		Yes	Yes
Thursday Island	Dead fish only (see table 4 in s 11)	Certain kinds only (see table 6 in s 13)	Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Townsville	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only Fish (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes
Weipa			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Ports in South Aust	ralia		
Ardrossan			
Cape Thevenard			Fertiliser and waste only (see table 6C in s 13B)
Port Adelaide	Yes	Yes	Yes
Port Bonython			Ballast water and waste only (see table 6C in s 13B)
Port Giles			
Port Lincoln	Dead fish only (see table 4 in s 11)		Fertiliser and waste only (see table 6C in s 13B)
Port Pirie			Yes
Port Stanvac			Bulk oil products and waste only (see table 6C in s 13B)

Port	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Wallaroo			Fertiliser and waste only (see table 6C in s 13B)
Whyalla			Yes
Ports in Western Au	stralia		
Albany			Yes
Broome		Yes	
Bunbury		Yes	Yes
Carnarvon			
Dampier		Yes	Yes
Derby			
Esperance			Yes
Exmouth			
Fremantle	Yes	Yes	Yes
Geraldton		Yes	Yes
Port Hedland		Yes	Yes
Port Walcott			
Wyndham			
Ports in Tasmania			
Beauty Point	see Launceston		
Bell Bay	see Launceston		
Burnie		Yes	Yes
Devonport		Yes	
Hobart (including Risdon and Selfs Point)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Launceston (including Beauty Point and Bell Bay)	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes
Port Huon			
Port Latta			
Spring Bay			
Stanley		Yes	
Ports in the Norther	n Territory		
Darwin	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes

Port	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Gove (Nhulunbuy)	Yes		Yes, except waste (see table 6B in s 13A)
Groote Eylandt			Yes
Nhulunbuy	see Gove		

# Airports in Australia that are landing places for aircraft

Airport	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Airports in the Aust	ralian Capital Territory		
Canberra International Airport	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
RAAF Base, Fairbairn	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Airports in New Sou	th Wales		
HMAS Albatross			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Kingsford-Smith Airport, Sydney	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lord Howe Island Airport			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
RAAF Base, Richmond			Yes
RAAF Base, Williamtown			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
Airports in Victoria			
Avalon Airport			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)

Airport	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Essendon Airport			Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
RAAF Base, Laverton			
Tullamarine Airport	Yes	Yes	Yes
Airports in Queensla	und		
Brisbane Airport	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cairns	Animals from New Zealand only Fish (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes
Coolangatta Airport	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)		Yes
Horn Island Airport	Dead fish (see table 4 in s 11)		Personal effects, as accompanied baggage, only (see table 6D in s 13B)
RAAF Base, Amberley			Yes
Townsville Airport	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only Fish (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes
Airports in South Au			
Adelaide Airport	Yes	Yes	Yes
RAAF Base, Edinburgh			Yes
Airports in Western .	Australia		
Broome Airport		Yes	Yes
Learmonth Airport			
Perth Airport	Yes	Yes	Yes
Port Hedland Airport		Yes	Yes, except waste (see table 6B in s 13A)
RAAF Base, Pearce			
Airports in Tasmani	a		

Airport	Can imported animals be landed there?	Can imported plants be landed there?	Can imported goods of other kinds be landed there?
Hobart Airport	Yes	Yes	Yes
Airports in the Nor	thern Territory		
Alice Springs			Yes
Darwin Airport	Cats and dogs from New Zealand only (see table 4 in s 11)	Yes	Yes
RAAF Base, Katherine			Yes, except waste (see table 6B in s 13A)
RAAF Base, Tinda	1		

## 9 What are the consequences of illegal importation?

9.1 The Quarantine Act creates offences for importing things in contravention of the Quarantine Act or this Proclamation, and for failing to comply with conditions attached to permits granted under this Proclamation. The Quarantine Act also provides for seizure of illegally imported things. The relevant provisions in the Quarantine Act are set out below:

## 67 Penalties for certain acts done in contravention of Act

Basic illegal importation offence

- (1) A person is guilty of an offence against this subsection if:
  - (a) the person imports, introduces, or brings into any port or other place in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island any thing; and
  - (b) the person knows that the thing is:
    - (i) a disease or pest; or
    - (ii) a substance or article containing a disease or pest; or
    - (iii) an animal, plant or other goods; and
  - (c) the importation, introduction or bringing in of the thing is in contravention of this Act.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.

*Strict liability applies to paragraph (1)(c)* 

(2) For the purposes of an offence against subsection (1), strict liability applies to paragraph (1)(c).

Aggravated illegal importation offence

- (3) A person is guilty of aggravated illegal importation if:
  - (a) the person imports, introduces, or brings into any port or other place in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island any thing; and
  - (b) the person knows that the thing is:
    - (i) a disease or pest; or

- (ii) a substance or article containing a disease or pest; or
- (iii) an animal, plant or other goods; and
- (c) the importation, introduction or bringing in of the thing is in contravention of this Act; and
- (d) the person obtains, or is likely to obtain, a commercial advantage over the person's competitors or potential competitors.

Maximum penalty:

- (a) if the offender is an individual—imprisonment for 10 years or a fine of 2,000 penalty units, or both; and
- (b) if the offender is a body corporate—a fine of 10,000 penalty units.

## Examples of commercial advantage

- (4) The following are examples of a commercial advantage as referred to in subsection (3):
  - (a) the avoidance of business costs associated with obtaining an import permit or meeting quarantine requirements; or
  - (b) the avoidance of delays necessarily involved in compliance with applicable quarantine measures.

*Strict liability applies to paragraph (3)(c)* 

(4A) For the purposes of an offence against subsection (3), strict liability applies to paragraph (3)(c).

Illegal removal offence

- (4B) A person is guilty of an offence against this subsection if:
  - (a) the person removes any thing:
    - (i) from a part of Australia to another part of Australia; or
    - (ii) from a part of the Cocos Islands to another part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iii) from Australia to the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iv) from the Cocos Islands to Australia; or
    - (v) from a part of Christmas Island to another part of Christmas Island; or
    - (vi) from Australia to Christmas Island; or
    - (vii) from Christmas Island to Australia; or
    - (viii) from Christmas Island to the Cocos Islands; and
  - (b) the person knows that the thing is an animal, plant or other goods; and
  - (c) the removal of the thing is in contravention of this Act.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.

Strict liability applies to paragraph (4B)(c)

(4C) For the purposes of an offence against subsection (4B), strict liability applies to paragraph (4B)(c).

Non-compliance with condition of permit granted under Proclamation

(5) A person is guilty of an offence if:

- (a) the person fails to comply with a condition or restriction set out in a permit granted under a Proclamation made in accordance with subsection 13(2A); and
- (b) the person is reckless as to whether or not the condition or restriction is complied with.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.

Hindering compliance with Act

- (6) A person is guilty of an offence if the person:
  - (a) does any act that hinders or prevents another person from complying with this Act; and
  - (b) is reckless as to whether or not the doing of that act hinders or prevents the other person from complying with this Act.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.

## 68 Effect of unlawful importation etc.

#### Circumstances in which section applies

- (1) This section applies if:
  - (a) any animals, plants or other goods are imported or introduced into, or brought into any port or other place in, Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island; or
  - (b) any animals, plants or other goods are removed:
    - (i) from a part of Australia to another part of Australia; or
    - (ii) from a part of the Cocos Islands to another part of the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iii) from Australia to the Cocos Islands; or
    - (iv) from the Cocos Islands to Australia; or
    - (v) from a part of Christmas Island to another part of Christmas Island; or
    - (vi) from Australia to Christmas Island; or
    - (vii) from Christmas Island to Australia; or
    - (viii) from Christmas Island to the Cocos Islands; or
      - (ix) from the Cocos Islands to Christmas Island; or

(c) any animals, plants or other goods are moved, interfered with or dealt with; in contravention of this Act.

## Seizure of goods

- (2) A quarantine officer may seize the animals, plants or goods and, if they are seized:
  - (a) they are forfeited to the Commonwealth; and
  - (b) the quarantine officer must give a notice to a person referred to in subsection (4) stating that they have been seized and forfeited to the Commonwealth and that they will be sold, destroyed, exported from Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island or otherwise disposed of in any way that a Director of Quarantine thinks appropriate; and

(c) a Director of Quarantine may cause the animals, plants or goods to be sold, destroyed, exported from Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island or otherwise disposed of.

## Notice by Director of Quarantine where goods not seized

- (3) If the animals, plants or goods have not been seized under subsection (2), a Director of Quarantine may give a notice to a person referred to in subsection (4) stating that they will be seized, sold, destroyed, exported from Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island or otherwise disposed of in any way that the Director thinks appropriate unless, within a period set out in the notice:
  - (a) they are destroyed, exported from Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island, as the case may be, or otherwise dealt with in a way set out in the notice; and
  - (b) any other requirements set out in the notice relating to the animals, plants or goods are complied with.

## Person to whom notice may be given

- (4) A notice under subsection (2) or (3) may be given:
  - (a) in respect of animals, plants or other goods imported or introduced into, or brought into any port or other place in, Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island —to the importer or consignee of the goods; or
  - (b) otherwise—to the owner, or the person in possession or control, of the animals, plants or goods.

#### Notice must not require action involving unacceptably high level of risk

- (5) A Director of Quarantine must not give a notice under subsection (3) if the Director is not satisfied that:
  - (a) if the animals, plants or goods are dealt with in the way set out in the notice, there will be no unacceptably high level of quarantine risk; or
  - (b) the person will either comply with the notice or tell the Director within the period set out in the notice that the person does not wish to deal with the goods as required by the notice.

#### Authorised action will not contravene Act

(6) If, the animals, plants or goods have not been released from quarantine, any movement of, interference with, or dealing with, them that is necessary to comply with the notice is not a contravention of this Act.

## Liability for things done before notice not affected

(7) Any civil or criminal liability of the person to whom a notice is given because of a contravention of this Act that occurred in relation to the animals, plants or goods before the notice is given is not affected by the giving of the notice.

## Further notice may be given

(8) At any time before the person to whom a notice under subsection (3) is given complies with the notice, a Director of Quarantine may give a further notice to the person amending or revoking the notice. If the notice is amended, this section applies to the notice as amended in the same way as it applied to the original notice.

## If notice is not complied with

- (9) If a notice is given to a person under subsection (3) within the period prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this subsection, but the person:
  - (a) does not comply with the notice within the period specified in it; or
  - (b) tells a Director of Quarantine within that period that the person does not wish to deal with the goods as required by the notice;

the following provisions have effect:

- (c) the animals, plants or goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth; and
- (d) an officer or an officer of Customs may seize them; and
- (e) a Director of Quarantine may cause them to be sold, destroyed, exported from Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island or otherwise disposed of.

## 68A Destruction of certain animals

## If:

- (a) an animal has been brought into a port or other place in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island but the animal was not intended, or is not permitted, to be imported into Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island, as the case may be; and
- (b) the master of a vessel or installation fails to comply with:
  - (i) a direction given by a Director of Quarantine with respect to the animal; or
  - (ii) any of the prescribed conditions relating to the giving of reports about the animal, or relating to the control or confinement of, or the giving of access to, the animal;

a quarantine officer may destroy the animal.

## 10 What happened to earlier proclamations?

10.1 Many proclamations have been made under the Quarantine Act since 1908 — some 150 in all. All the proclamations made before 1998 under ss 5 (definitions of: *disease in relation to animals*; *disease in relation to plants*; and *quarantinable disease*), 12 13 and 14 of that Act were revoked by the *Quarantine Proclamation 1998*. However, permits granted under a revoked proclamation are taken to continue in force according to their terms (see s 75 of this Proclamation).

# Part 1 Preliminary

# 1 Name of this Proclamation [see Note 1]

This Proclamation is the Quarantine Proclamation 1998.

# 2 Commencement [see Note 1]

This Proclamation commences on the day it is gazetted.

# 3 Definitions

In this Proclamation:

Australia, when used in a geographical sense:

- (a) includes the Territory of Ashmore and Cartier Islands; but
- (b) does not include Christmas Island or the Cocos Islands.

Christmas Island — see section 5 of the Quarantine Act.

*Note* The definition is:

'Christmas Island means the Territory of Christmas Island.'.

Cocos Islands see section 5 of the Quarantine Act.

*Note* The definition is:

'Cocos Islands means the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands.'.

*consumer ready product* means a processed product for which the risk that importation would lead to the introduction, establishment or spread of a disease or pest is acceptably low.

Director of Quarantine see section 5 of the Quarantine Act.

*Note* The definition is:

'Director of Quarantine means:

- (a) where the expression is used in a context that relates only to human quarantine the Director of Human Quarantine;
- (b) where the expression is used in a context that relates only to animals or plants or both — the Director of Animal and Plant Quarantine; or
- (c) in any other case the Director of Human Quarantine or the Director of Animal and Plant Quarantine.'.

electronically means:

- (a) by facsimile; or
- (b) by electronic mail.

*fish* means an elasmobranch or a teleost.

Gene Technology Act means the Gene Technology Act 2000.

*hermetically-sealed container* means a container that, when closed, does not allow micro-organisms or any other material to enter it.

officer see section 5 of the Quarantine Act.

*Note* The definition is:

'Officer means a quarantine officer or other officer appointed under this Act.'.

Quarantine Act means the Quarantine Act 1908.

*retorted* means in an unopened hermetically-sealed container that has been heated for a time, and to a temperature, sufficient to make the contents commercially sterile.

*Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone* means the area bounded by an imaginary line:

- (a) beginning at the intersection of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude with the meridian 142° east longitude; and
- (b) then bearing due east to the intersection of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude with the meridian 143° east longitude; and
- (c) then bearing due south to the intersection of the parallel 10° 47' south latitude with the meridian 143° east longitude; and
- (d) then bearing due west to the intersection of the parallel 10° 47' south latitude with the meridian 142° 46' east longitude; and
- (e) then bearing generally north-westerly to the intersection of the parallel  $10^{\circ} 36'$  south latitude with the meridian  $142^{\circ} 27'$  east longitude; and
- (f) then bearing generally south-westerly to the intersection of the parallel  $10^{\circ} 52'$  south latitude with the meridian  $142^{\circ} 10'$  east longitude; and
- (g) then bearing due west to the intersection of the parallel 10° 52' south latitude with the meridian 142° east longitude; and
- (h) then bearing due north to the point of commencement.

*Note 1* The Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone is not a 'Special Quarantine Zone' within the meaning of section 5A of the Quarantine Act.

*Note 2* Terms defined in the Act have the same meaning in this Proclamation, see the *Acts Interpretation Act 1901*, paragraph 46 (1) (a).

# 4 Meaning of *permit* to import or remove something

A reference in this Proclamation to a permit to import or remove something includes:

- (a) a permit to import the thing, or remove the thing to another part of Australia, granted under a Proclamation revoked by this Proclamation; and
- (b) a permit that relates to an act or a class of acts specified in the permit in relation to a thing or a class of things specified in the permit.

# 5 References to a thing being intended for a particular use

For this Proclamation, a thing is taken to be intended for a particular use if:

- (a) a person states in an application for a permit, or otherwise tells an officer, that the thing is intended for that use; and
- (b) there is no evidence known to an officer that the thing is intended for some other use.

## Section 6

## 6 Tables

- (1) A table in this Proclamation that immediately follows the end of a section is part of the section.
- (2) A table in this Proclamation that is within a section is part of the section.

7

# Material that is, and is not, part of this Proclamation

- (1) The Reader's Guide is not part of this Proclamation.
- (2) A note in this Proclamation is explanatory and is not part of this Proclamation.
- (3) A heading to a Part, Division, section, table, Schedule or Part of a Schedule is part of this Proclamation.

# Part 2 First ports of entry, landing places and quarantine stations

# Division 1 Australia

# 8 First ports of entry for overseas vessels other than aircraft (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (a))

Each port mentioned in table 1 is a first port of entry for overseas vessels other than aircraft.

# Table 1First ports of entry for overseas vessels other than<br/>aircraft

New South Wales	Brisbane
Botany Bay, Sydney	Bundaberg
Coffs Harbour	Cairns
Lord Howe Island	Gladstone
Newcastle	Hay Point (including
Port Jackson, Sydney	Dalrymple Bay)
Port Kembla	Lucinda
Twofold Bay	Mackay
Yamba	Mourilyan Harbour
	Port Alma
Victoria	Thursday Island
Geelong	Townsville
Melbourne	Weipa
Portland	
Westernport	Northern Territory
South Australia	Darwin
	Gove (Nhulunbuy)
Ardrossan	Groote Eylandt
Cape Thevenard	Western Australia
Port Adelaide	
Port Bonython	Albany
Port Giles	Albany Broome
Port Giles Port Lincoln	Albany Broome Bunbury
Port Giles Port Lincoln Port Pirie	Albany Broome Bunbury Carnarvon
Port Giles Port Lincoln Port Pirie Port Stanvac	Albany Broome Bunbury Carnarvon Dampier
Port Giles Port Lincoln Port Pirie	Albany Broome Bunbury Carnarvon Dampier Derby
Port Giles Port Lincoln Port Pirie Port Stanvac	Albany Broome Bunbury Carnarvon Dampier Derby Esperance
Port Giles Port Lincoln Port Pirie Port Stanvac Wallaroo	Albany Broome Bunbury Carnarvon Dampier Derby Esperance Exmouth
Port Giles Port Lincoln Port Pirie Port Stanvac Wallaroo Whyalla	Albany Broome Bunbury Carnarvon Dampier Derby Esperance

Geraldton	Hobart Including Risdon and
Port Hedland	Selfs Point)
Port Walcott	Launceston, including
Wyndham	Beauty Point, Bell Bay
5	and Long Reach
Tasmania	Port Latta
Burnie	Port Huon
Devonport	Spring Bay
	Stanley

9

# First ports of entry and landing places for overseas aircraft (Quarantine Act, ss 13 (1) (a) and (aa))

- (1) Each place or area mentioned in table 2 is a first port of entry for overseas aircraft.
- (2) Each place or area mentioned in that table is a landing place for overseas aircraft.

# Table 2First ports of entry and landing places for overseas<br/>aircraft

Australian Capital Territory Canberra International Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Fairbairn

# **New South Wales**

HMAS Albatross Kingsford-Smith Airport, Sydney Lord Howe Island Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Richmond Royal Australian Air Force Base, Williamtown

# Victoria

Avalon Airport Essendon Airport, Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne Royal Australian Air Force Base, Laverton

# Queensland

Brisbane Airport Cairns Airport Coolangatta Airport Horn Island Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Amberley Townsville Airport

# South Australia

Adelaide Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Edinburgh

# Western Australia

Broome Airport Learmonth Airport Perth Airport Port Hedland Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Pearce

Section 11

Tasmania	Darwin Airport
Hobart Airport	Royal Australian Air Force
	Base, Katherine
Northern Territory	Royal Australian Air Force
Alice Springs Airport	Base, Tindal

# 10 Ports where imported animals generally may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))

Each port mentioned in table 3 is a port where imported animals may be landed.

# Table 3 Ports where imported animals generally may be landed

New South Wales	South Australia
Kingsford Smith Airport,	Adelaide Airport
Sydney	Port Adelaide
Port Botany, Sydney	
Port Jackson, Sydney	Western Australia
	Fremantle
Victoria	Perth Airport
Melbourne	-
Tullamarine Airport,	Tasmania
Melbourne	Hobart, including Ris

## Queensland

Brisbane Brisbane Airport

# Tasmania Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport

Northern Territory Gove (Nhulunbuy)

# 11 Ports where imported animals of particular kinds, or having particular descriptions, may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))

Each port mentioned in column 2 of an item in table 4 is a port where imported animals of a kind or description mentioned in column 3 of the item may be landed.

# Table 4Ports where particular kinds or descriptions of<br/>imported animals may be landed

Column 1 Co Item Por		Column 3 Kind or description of imported animal
-------------------------	--	--

Australian Capital Territory

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Port	Column 3 Kind or description of imported animal
1	Canberra International Airport	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
2	RAAF Base, Fairbairn	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
Queensla	nd	
3	Bundaberg	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
4	Cairns	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
		Fish (whether alive or dead)
5	Cairns Airport	Animals from New Zealand Fish (whether alive or dead)
5A	Coolangatta Airport	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
6	Gladstone	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
6A	Horn Island Airport	Dead fish
7	Thursday Island	Dead fish
8	Townsville	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
9	Townsville Airport	Fish (whether alive or dead) Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand Fish (whether alive or dead)
South Au	stralia	
10	Port Lincoln	Dead fish
Tasmania	ı	
11	Launceston, including Beauty Point and Bell Bay	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
Northern	Territory	
12	Darwin	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand
13	Darwin Airport	Domestic cats and domestic dogs from New Zealand

# 12 Ports where imported plants generally may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))

Each port in Australia mentioned in table 5 is a port where imported plants may be landed.

# Table 5 Ports where imported plants generally may be landed

Australian Capital	South Australia
Territory	Adelaide Airport
Canberra International	Port Adelaide
Airport Royal Australian Air Force	Western Australia
Base, Fairbairn	Broome
	Broome Airport
New South Wales	Bunbury
Kingsford Smith Airport,	Dampier
Sydney Newcastle	Fremantle
	Geraldton
Port Botany, Sydney	Perth Airport
Port Jackson, Sydney	Port Hedland
Victoria	Port Hedland Airport
Geelong	
Occiong	т •
Melbourne	<b>Tasmania</b>
e	Burnie
Melbourne	Burnie Devonport
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport,	Burnie
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne <b>Queensland</b>	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne <b>Queensland</b> Brisbane	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport Launceston, including Beauty Point, Bell Bay
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne <b>Queensland</b> Brisbane Brisbane Airport	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport Launceston, including Beauty Point, Bell Bay and Long Reach
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne <b>Queensland</b> Brisbane Brisbane Airport Cairns	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport Launceston, including Beauty Point, Bell Bay
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne Queensland Brisbane Brisbane Airport Cairns Cairns Airport	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport Launceston, including Beauty Point, Bell Bay and Long Reach Stanley
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne <b>Queensland</b> Brisbane Brisbane Airport Cairns Cairns Airport Gladstone	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport Launceston, including Beauty Point, Bell Bay and Long Reach Stanley Northern Territory
Melbourne Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne Queensland Brisbane Brisbane Airport Cairns Cairns Airport Gladstone Port Alma	Burnie Devonport Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point Hobart Airport Launceston, including Beauty Point, Bell Bay and Long Reach Stanley

# 13 Ports where imported plants of particular kinds, or having particular uses, may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))

A port mentioned in column 2 of an item in table 6 is a port where imported plants of a kind, or having a particular use, mentioned in column 3 of the item may be landed.

# Table 6 Ports where imported plants of particular kinds, or having particular uses, may be landed Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Item Port Kind or use of imported plants

New So	uth Wales	
1	Port Kembla	Grain
2	Yamba	Sawn timber (other than logs) from Norfolk Island or New Zealand only Kentia palm seed from Norfolk Island
Queens	land	
3	Thursday Island	Fruit and vegetables solely for food for human consumption

# 13A Ports where other goods may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))

(1) A port mentioned in table 6A is a port where imported goods (other than animals or plants) may be landed.

# Table 6APorts where imported goods (other than animals or<br/>plants) generally may be landed

# New South Wales

Kingsford Smith Airport, Sydney Newcastle Port Botany, Sydney Port Jackson, Sydney Port Kembla Royal Australian Air Force Base, Richmond

# Victoria

Geelong Melbourne

Tullamarine Airport, Melbourne

# Queensland

Brisbane Brisbane Airport Bundaberg Cairns Cairns Airport Coolangatta Airport Gladstone Mackay Port Alma Royal Australian Air Force Base, Amberley Townsville Townsville Airport

# South Australia

Adelaide Airport Port Adelaide Port Pirie Royal Australian Air Force Base, Edinburgh Whyalla

<b>Western Australia</b> Albany	Hobart, including Risdon and Selfs Point
Broome Airport	Hobart Airport
Bunbury	Launceston (including
Dampier	Beauty Point and Bell
Esperance	Bay)
Fremantle	Northern Territory
a 11	J.
Geraldton	Alice Springs
Geraldton Perth Airport	Alice Springs Darwin
	1 0
Perth Airport	Darwin

(2) A port mentioned in table 6B is a port where imported goods (other than animals or plants, and other than waste) may be landed.

# Table 6B Ports where imported goods other than waste may be landed

Western Australia Port Hedland Airport

**Northern Territory** Gove (Nhulunbuy) Royal Australian Air Force Base, Katherine

Part 2

#### 13B Ports where particular kinds of other goods may be landed (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (b))

(1) A port mentioned in column 2 of an item in table 6C is a port where imported goods (other than animals or plants) of a kind, or having a use, mentioned in column 3 of the item may be landed.

# Table 6C Ports where particular kinds of imported goods, or goods having particular uses, may be landed

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Port	Column 3 Kind of imported goods, or use of goods
Victoria		
1	Portland	Fertiliser only
South Aus	stralia	
2	Cape Thevenard	Fertiliser and waste only
3	Port Bonython	Ballast water and waste only
4	Port Lincoln	Fertiliser and waste only

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Port	Column 3 Kind of imported goods, or use of goods
5	Port Stanvac	Bulk oil products and waste only
6	Wallaroo	Fertiliser and waste only

(2) A port mentioned in table 6D is a port where imported goods (other than animals or plants) that are personal effects, as accompanied passenger baggage, may be landed.

# Table 6D Ports where personal effects that are accompanied passenger baggage may be landed

# Australian Capital Territory

Canberra International Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Fairbairn

# **New South Wales**

HMAS Albatross Lord Howe Island Airport Royal Australian Air Force Base, Williamtown Yamba

# Victoria

Avalon Airport Essendon Airport

# Queensland

Coolangatta Airport Hay Point (including Dalrymple Bay) Horn Island Airport Mourilyan Harbour Thursday Island Weipa

# 14 Quarantine stations for animals or goods (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (c))

- (1) The following places are quarantine stations for the performance of quarantine by animals or goods:
  - (a) the place known as the Billabong avian quarantine facility, Marulan in New South Wales described in clause 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 1;
  - (b) the place at Eastern Creek in New South Wales described in clause 2 of Part 1 of Schedule 1;
  - (e) the place known as Sandown Racecourse in Victoria described in clause 5 of Part 1 of Schedule 1;

- (f) the place at Spotswood in Victoria described in clause 6 of Schedule 1;
- (g) the place on Torrens Island in South Australia described in clause 7 of Part 1 of Schedule 1;
- (i) the place at Byford in Western Australia described in clause 9 of Part 1 of Schedule 1.
- (2) However, in spite of paragraph (1) (e), on a day when a race meeting is being conducted at Sandown Racecourse, only the area from the racecourse proper in the west to Corrigan Road in the east, and from the pondage in the south to Dandenong Road in the north, is taken to be a quarantine station.

# 15 Quarantine stations for plants or goods (Quarantine Act, s 13 (1) (c))

The following places are quarantine stations for the performance of quarantine by plants or goods:

- (a) the place at Eastern Creek in New South Wales described in clause 11 of Part 2 of Schedule 1;
- (b) the place at Knoxfield in Victoria described in clause 12 of Part 2 of Schedule 1.

# Part 2A Miscellaneous

# 20A Exemption from obligation to land goods at declared port (Quarantine Act, ss 14 and 20D)

- (1) An animal, a plant or goods may be landed at a port that is not a port declared by Proclamation to be a port at which it or they may be landed if it or they:
  - (a) satisfies or satisfy the criteria in subsection (2); and
  - (b) is not or are not of a kind to which subsection (3) applies.
- (2) The criteria are that the animal, plant or goods:
  - (a) is or are brought into a part of Australia that is in the Protected Zone, or is in the vicinity of the Protected Zone, on board a Protected Zone vessel; and
  - (b) is or are under the control of a traditional inhabitant of the Protected Zone who is on board the vessel; and
  - (c) has or have been used, is or are being used, or will be used, by him or her in performing traditional activities in the Protected Zone or an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone.
- (3) This subsection applies to the following:
  - (a) a living plant;
  - (b) a fresh fruit or vegetable;
  - (c) a part of a plant of any of the following genera or species (whether or not capable of being used for propagation):
    - (i) Musa (bananas);
    - (ii) Saccharum (sugar cane);
    - (iii) Zea (maize);
    - (iv) Manihot esculenta Crantz (cassava);
    - (v) *Citrus*;
    - (vi) Gossypium (cotton);
  - (d) a part of a plant of any other species or genus that is capable of being used for propagation;
  - (e) a live animal (except an animal to which subsection (4) applies);
  - (f) a dead animal (except an animal to which subsection (4) applies) or part of an animal (except an animal to which that subsection applies);
  - (g) goods wholly or partly of animal origin (except goods to which subsection (5) applies);
  - (h) soil.
- (4) This subsection applies to an animal that is a cnidarian, echinoderm, tunicate, fish, crustacean, marine mollusc, turtle or dugong.
- (5) This subsection applies to:
  - (a) goods wholly or partly made from an animal to which subsection (4) applies; and

(b) goods made of the skin of a goanna or other lizard, or a snake.

## Part 3 Human quarantine

### Division 1 General

# 21 Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of *quarantinable disease*) and 13 (1) (ca))

Each disease mentioned in table 9 is a quarantinable disease for Australia.

 Table 9
 Quarantinable diseases of humans

ltem	Disease
1	Cholera
1A	Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza in Humans (HPAIH)
1B	Human swine influenza with pandemic potential
2	Plague
3	Rabies
3AA	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
3A	Smallpox
4	Viral haemorrhagic fevers of humans
5	Yellow fever

# Division 2 Importation of corpses and human body parts into Australia

### 23 Corpses and human body parts for burial or cremation (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))

The importation into Australia of a corpse or part of a corpse for burial or cremation is prohibited:

- (a) unless:
  - (i) the corpse or part is accompanied by an official copy of an official certificate or official extract from an entry in an official register, in which the date, place and cause of death of the deceased person are set out; and
  - (ii) when the corpse or part is landed in Australia, the certificate or copy is produced to an officer at the port where the corpse or part is landed; or
- (b) unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the corpse or part into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

# 24 Importation of human body parts (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))

The importation into Australia of a human body part mentioned in column 2 of an item in table 10 is prohibited unless:

- (a) it complies with the condition in column 3 of the item; or
- (b) a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the body part into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Part	Column 3 Condition
Bones, teet	h etc	
1	Human bones and teeth for use as curios or jewellery	If clean and without adhering tissue, blood or faeces
Hair		
2	Hair	If cleaned by an approved method, free of adhering material and not for use in animal foods or fertilisers, nor for growing purposes

### Table 10 Human body parts

## Part 4 Biological materials

### Division 1 Preliminary

### 27 Meaning of terms

In this Part:

animal does not include a micro-organism or an infectious agent.

animal secretion, excretion or exudate does not include silk or wax.

animal tissue does not include:

- (a) a living animal; or
- (b) any of the following things, if without adhering tissue skin, hide, wool, hair, bristles, feathers, tusks, teeth, antlers, horn, glue pieces, bones.

*human therapeutic use* means therapeutic use (within the meaning given by section 3 of the *Therapeutic Goods Act 1989*) in relation to humans.

human tissue does not include:

- (a) a corpse, or part of a corpse, that is being imported for burial or cremation; or
- (b) any of the following things, if without adhering tissue hair, teeth, bones.

infectious agent includes:

- (a) a virus; or
- (b) a prion; or
- (c) a plasmid; or
- (d) a viroid; or
- (e) genetic material coding for an infectious agent.

### micro-organism includes:

- (a) a single-celled organism (whether an animal or a plant); or
- (b) a bacterium (including chlamydia, coxiella, ehrlichia, mycoplasma, phytoplasma and rickettsia); or
- (c) a protozoan; or
- (d) a fungus.

prohibited biological material means a substance mentioned in table 11.

### Table 11 Prohibited biological materials

Item	Material
1	Animal blood or blood components
2	Animal enzymes
3	Animal secretions, excretions or exudates
4	Animal semen, embryos or ova

Section	27
---------	----

ltem	Material
5	Animal tissue extracts
6	Animal tissues
7	Glue made from animal material
8	Antisera
9	Cell components (including microbial components)
10	Cell lines
11	Cell or microbial culture media
12	Human blood or blood components (other than blood or blood components intended only for human therapeutic use)
13	Human enzymes (other than enzymes intended only for human therapeutic use)
14	Human secretions, excretions or exudates (other than secretions, excretions or exudates intended only for human therapeutic use)
15	Human semen, embryos or ova (other than semen, embryos or ova intended only for human therapeutic use, or use for artificial insemination or in an in-vitro fertilisation program)
16	Human tissue extracts (other than tissue extracts intended only for human therapeutic use)
17	Human tissues
18	Hybridomas
19	Infectious agents
20	Infectious agent extracts (for example, DNA or cell wall protein)
21	Microbial enzymes
22	Microbial extracts
23	Microbial fermentation products (other than alcohols, vitamins and amino acids)
24	Micro-organisms (other than semen, embryos or ova)
25	Sera of animal origin
26	Toxins of animal or microbial origin
27	Toxoids
28	Vaccines

### Division 2 Importation of biological materials into Australia

# 28 Importation of biological materials (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))

- (1) The introduction or importation into Australia of the following things is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the article into Australia:
  - (a) an article (other than an article to which subsection (2) applies) that is prohibited biological material;
  - (b) an article (other than an article to which subsection (2) applies) that contains prohibited biological material;
  - (c) an article (other than an article to which subsection (2) applies) of which prohibited biological material is an ingredient.

*Note* For the meaning of *prohibited biological material*, see the definition of that term in section 27.

- (2) This subsection applies to the following articles:
  - (a) an article the introduction or importation of which is permitted under section 29, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44 or 46, and is not otherwise prohibited by this Proclamation;
  - (b) an article that contains a dye or colouring agent of animal origin (for example, cochineal), and the importation of which is not otherwise prohibited by this Proclamation;
  - (c) an article that:
    - (i) in its normal use, is generally meant for human therapeutic use; and
    - (ii) is imported into Australia (whether personally or by post) by someone who intends to use it for his or her own personal therapeutic use; and
    - (iii) if imported, would not result in him or her having imported (whether personally or by post) more than 3 months' supply in normal use during any 3 month period; and
    - (iv) is not prohibited from being imported under Part 7 (other than an article that contains bee pollen, *Ganoderma* spp. or slippery elm bark); and
    - (v) is commercially prepared and packaged and in a form that indicates it has been processed to prevent it being infected or contaminated by a quarantinable disease;
  - (d) an article that is or contains a cosmetic substance or perfume for human bodily use and contains, in total less than 20% by mass of material of animal origin (for example, musk, civet or ambergris), and the importation of which is not otherwise prohibited by this Proclamation.

Part 4

# 29 Introduction or importation of disease or pest (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))

(1) The introduction or importation into Australia of a substance or article (other than a substance or article to which subsection (2) applies) containing, or likely to contain, a disease or pest is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to introduce or import the substance or article into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to a substance or article that is a starter culture, or a derivative of a starter culture (including an enzyme) listed in table 11A, if the substance or article is not contained in a milk-based carrier, and is intended for:
  - (a) human food, beverage, or cosmetic manufacture; or
  - (b) in-vitro laboratory work; or
  - (c) in-vivo work in laboratory animals.

### Table 11AStarter cultures

ltem	Starter culture
1	Acetobacter spp.
2	Aspergillus oryzae
3	Baker's yeast
4	Bifidobacterium spp.
5	Brevibacterium linens
6	Brewer's yeast
7	Candida spp.
8	Citeromyces spp.
9	<i>Clavispora</i> spp.
10	Debaromyces spp.
11	<i>Dekkera</i> spp.
12	Enterococcus durans
13	Enterococcus faecalis
14	Enterococcus faecium
15	Geotrichum candidum
16	Hansenula spp.
17	Hasagawaea spp.
18	Hypopichia spp.
19	Issatchenkia spp.

20 *Kluyveromyces* spp.

Section 29

ltem	Starter culture
21	Lactic acid bacteria
22	Lactobacillus spp.
23	Lactococcus spp.
24	Leuconostoc spp.
25	Monascus spp.
26	Pediococcus pentasaceus
27	Penicillium camemberti
28	Penicillium roqueforti
29	Phaffia spp.
30	Pichia spp.
31	Propionibacterium spp.
31A	Rhizopus spp.
32	Saccharomyces spp.
33	Schizosaccharomyces spp.
34	Schwanniomyces spp.
35	Staphylococcus carnosus
36	Staphylococcus xylosus
37	Streptococcus cremoris
38	Streptococcus diacetilactis
39	Streptococcus durans
40	Streptococcus faecalis
41	Streptococcus lactis
42	Streptococcus paracitrovirum
43	Streptococcus salivarius
44	Streptococcus thermophilus
45	Torulaspora spp.
46	Torulopsis spp.
47	Wine culture
48	Yoghurt/Kefir culture
49	Zygoascus spp.
50	Zygosaccharomyces spp.

## Part 5 Articles and things likely to introduce a disease or pest

### Division 1 Introductory

### 32 Meaning of article or thing likely to introduce a disease or pest

In this Part:

*article or thing likely to introduce a disease or pest* means an article or thing mentioned in table 12.

### Table 12 Articles likely to introduce a pest or disease

ltem	Article
Soil etc	
1	Soil, articles with soil adhering and articles containing soil
Water etc	
2	Water, other than:
	(a) commercially bottled water; or
	(b) rose water; or
	<ul><li>(c) orange flower water; or</li><li>(d) holy water for personal use</li></ul>
3	
3	Sea or ocean water, unless:
	(a) free from suspended and solid material and marine pathogens; and
	(b) in a consignment of less than 5 litres; and
	(c) intended for use in a testing laboratory
Fertilisers an	d soil conditioners
4	Fertiliser of any type, including synthetic fertiliser, mined fertiliser, chemical fertiliser, and guano, but not including:
	(a) chemical liquid fertiliser; and
	(b) chemical fertiliser packed at the place of production, in new packaging, in units of 100kg or less
5	Growth supplements
6	Soil conditioners of animal, plant or microbial origin
Animal food	
7	Food for animals, of plant, animal (including fish) or microbial origin
Beehives and	l beekeeping equipment
8	Beehives, used
9	Beekeeping equipment, used

### Section 32

Birds' nests (including nests intended for use in making soup)11Birds' nest products, other than commercially manufactured and retorted birds' nest products for consumption by the person wishing to import the productCoir peat and coir peat productsPeat etcPat etc Birds' nest products, including peat mossStraw14Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: (a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and (b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival15Cereal straw packing16Cereal straw beddingUsed Packasing16Cereal straw beddingUsed age crates, containers and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited18Used ogg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggsUsed Machinery20Used of or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked plant products20Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin21Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle23Used grain-milling machinery that has come into contact with soil or anactical of plant origin23Used grain-milling machinery <b< th=""><th>ltem</th><th>Article</th></b<>	ltem	Article
11       Birds' nest products, other than commercially manufactured and recorted birds' nest products for consumption by the person wishing to import the product         Coir peat etc         12       Coir peat and coir peat products         Peat etc         13       Peat and peat products, including peat moss         Straw         14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: <ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> </ul> 15       Cereal straw packing         16       Cereal straw bedding         Used Packaging         17       Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited         18       Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs         Used Machinery         19       Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with:	Birds' nests e	tc
retorted birds' nest products for consumption by the person wishing to import the product         Coir peat and coir peat products         Peat etc       13       Peat and peat products, including peat moss         Straw         14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: <ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> </ul> 15       Cereal straw packing         16       Cereal straw bedding         Used Packaging         18       Used egg crates, containers and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited         18       Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with:	10	Birds' nests (including nests intended for use in making soup)
12       Coir peat and coir peat products         Peat etc         13       Peat and peat products, including peat moss         Straw         14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: <ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> </ul> 15       Cereal straw packing         16       Cereal straw bedding         Used Packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited         18       Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs         Used Machinery         19       Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(c) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> 20       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         21       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         22       Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into cont	11	retorted birds' nest products for consumption by the person
Peat etc         13       Peat and peat products, including peat moss         Straw         14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: <ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> </ul> 15       Cereal straw packing         16       Cereal straw bedding         Used Packaging         17       Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited         18       Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs         Used Machinery         19       Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> 20       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         21       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         22       Used grain-milling machinery         23       Used grain-milling machinery         24<	Coir peat etc	
13       Peat and peat products, including peat moss         Straw         14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: <ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> </ul> 15         Cereal straw packing           16         Cereal straw bedding           Used Packaging           17         Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited           18         Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs           Used Machinery           19         Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with:	12	Coir peat and coir peat products
Straw         14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that: <ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> </ul> 15         Cereal straw packing           16         Cereal straw bedding           Used Packaging           17         Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited           18         Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs           Used Machinery           19         Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> <li>20</li> <li>Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>21</li> <li>Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle</li> <li>22</li> <li>Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>23</li> <li>Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>24</li> <li>Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil</li> <li>23</li> <li>Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>24</li> <li>Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soi</li>	Peat etc	
14       Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that:         14       (a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and         15       Cereal straw packing         16       Cereal straw packing         17       Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited         18       Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs         Used Machinery         19       Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> 20       Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin         21       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         22       Used grain-milling machinery         23       Used grain-milling machinery         24       Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin         23       Used grain-milling machinery         24       Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material	13	Peat and peat products, including peat moss
<ul> <li>(a) are for the personal use of the person wishing to import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and</li> <li>(b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival</li> <li>15 Cereal straw packing</li> <li>16 Cereal straw bedding</li> <li>Used Packaging</li> <li>17 Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited</li> <li>18 Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs</li> <li>Used Machinery</li> <li>19 Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with:         <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> </li> <li>20 Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>21 Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle</li> <li>22 Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>23 Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>24 Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>Bioremedial products</li> </ul>	Straw	
import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and (b) are treated by an approved treatment on arrival15Cereal straw packing16Cereal straw beddingUsed Packaging17Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited18Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggsUsed Machinery19Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: (a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked plant products20Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin21Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle22Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil23Used grain-milling machinery24Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant originBloremedial products	14	Cereal straw articles, other than small quantities that:
16       Cereal straw bedding         Used Packaging         17       Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited         18       Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs         Used Machinery         19       Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> 20       Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin         21       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         22       Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil         23       Used grain-milling machinery         24       Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin         Bioremedial products		import the article and are not intended for marketing or commercial use; and
Used Packaging17Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited18Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggsUsed Machinery19Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: (a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked plant products20Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin21Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle22Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil23Used grain-milling machinery24Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant originBioremedial products	15	Cereal straw packing
<ul> <li>Bags, boxes, cartons and packaging that has been in contact with articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited</li> <li>Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggs</li> <li>Used Machinery</li> <li>Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> </li> <li>Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil</li> <li>Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> </ul>	16	Cereal straw bedding
articles the importation of which without a permit is prohibited18Used egg crates, containers and packaging that have been in contact with eggsUsed Machinery19Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: (a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked plant products20Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin21Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle22Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil23Used grain-milling machinery24Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant originBioremedial products	Used Packagi	ing
Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> 20       Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin         21       Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle         22       Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil         23       Used grain-milling machinery         24       Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin	17	
<ul> <li>19 Used food-processing equipment, other than equipment for domestic use, that has been in contact with: <ul> <li>(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or</li> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> </ul> </li> <li>20 Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>21 Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle</li> <li>22 Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil</li> <li>23 Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>24 Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> </ul> Bioremedial products	18	
domestic use, that has been in contact with:1 1(a) cooked or uncooked animal products; or (b) cooked or uncooked plant products20Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin21Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle22Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil23Used grain-milling machinery24Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant originBioremedial products	Used Machine	ery
<ul> <li>(b) cooked or uncooked plant products</li> <li>20 Used earth-moving, agricultural, construction or timber felling machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>21 Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle</li> <li>22 Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil</li> <li>23 Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>24 Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> </ul>	19	
<ul> <li>machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>21 Used tyres, with or without rims, other than those imported as part of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle</li> <li>22 Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil</li> <li>23 Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>24 Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>Bioremedial products</li> </ul>		
of a vehicle or as a spare tyre for an imported vehicle22Used mining machinery, including oil-field drilling machinery that has come into contact with soil23Used grain-milling machinery24Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant originBioremedial products	20	machinery, including assembled parts, that have come into contact
<ul> <li>that has come into contact with soil</li> <li>Used grain-milling machinery</li> <li>Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> </ul> Bioremedial products	21	
<ul> <li>Field-tested agricultural machinery that has come into contact with soil or material of plant origin</li> <li>Bioremedial products</li> </ul>	22	
with soil or material of plant origin Bioremedial products	23	Used grain-milling machinery
-	24	
25 Bioremedial products	Bioremedial p	products
	25	Bioremedial products

### Division 2 Importation into Australia of articles and things likely to introduce diseases or pests

### 33 Importation of articles likely to introduce diseases or pests — Australia (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d) and (e))

(1) The importation into Australia of an article or thing likely to introduce a disease or pest (other than an article or thing to which subsection (2) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the article or thing into Australia.

*Note 1* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

*Note 2* For the meaning of *article likely to introduce a disease or pest*, see table 12 in section 32.

(2) This subsection applies to a teleost fish product, importation of which is permitted under section 38 and item 25C of table 13.

*Note* Table 13 is in section 38.

## Part 6 Animal quarantine

### Division 1 General

### 35 Definitions for Part

(1) In this Part:

*animal part* means a part of an animal and (unless the contrary is stated) includes:

- (a) blood; and
- (b) tissue; and
- (c) animal reproductive material; and
- (d) skin (whether or not tanned); and
- (e) bone; and
- (f) hair and feathers; and
- (g) scales; and
- (h) chitin.

*animal reproductive material* means a part of an animal from which another animal can be reproduced, and includes semen, ova, or an embryo.

*animal tissue product* means a product that contains animal tissue, or of which animal tissue is an ingredient.

*bee product* means a product produced by bees.

### *dairy product* means:

- (a) milk (including condensed, concentrated, dried and powdered milk); or
- (b) goods produced from milk (including butter, cheese, casein, cream, ghee, whey, ice cream, milk albumin and yoghurt).

egg means an egg of a bird.

### egg product includes:

- (a) whole egg in any form (pasteurised or unpasteurised); and
- (b) egg albumen in any form (pasteurised or unpasteurised); and
- (c) egg yolk in any form (pasteurised or unpasteurised); and
- (d) goods produced from egg (including egg noodles and mooncakes).

*meat* means a part of an animal (other than a fish, a mollusc, a crustacean, a cnidarian, an echinoderm or a tunicate) that is intended or able to be used as food by a human being or an animal (whether or not cooked, dried or otherwise processed), and includes blood, bone-meal, meat meal, tallow and fat.

*meat product* means a product that contains meat, or of which meat is an ingredient.

*official veterinarian* for a country has the same meaning as in the International Animal Health Code promulgated by the Office International des Epizooties.

*Note* Under that Code, *official veterinarian* means 'a veterinarian authorised by the *Veterinary Administration* of the country to perform animal health and/or public health

Section 37

inspections of *commodities* and, when appropriate, perform certification in conformity with the provisions of Chapter 1.3.2. of this *Code*'.

- (2) In this Part, a product is for *instant use* if:
  - (a) the product has been commercially manufactured; and
  - (b) the product has been packaged by the manufacturer as a single serving of the product; and
  - (c) the product is in that package; and
  - (d) the package has not been opened or broken; and
  - (e) the package includes all of the elements necessary to be consumed as intended by the manufacturer; and
  - (f) the product requires very little treatment or preparation in order to be used as intended by the manufacturer.

*Examples for paragraph (f)* Adding water, heating or boiling.

- (3) In this Part, a product is *shelf stable* if:
  - (a) the product has been commercially manufactured; and
  - (b) the product has been packaged by the manufacturer; and
  - (c) the product is in that package; and
  - (d) the package has not been opened or broken; and
  - (e) the product:
    - (i) is able to be stored in the package at room or ambient temperature; and
    - (ii) does not require refrigeration or freezing before the package is opened.

# 36 Quarantinable diseases (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definition of *quarantinable disease*) and 13 (1) (ca))

Each disease mentioned in Schedule 3 is a quarantinable disease for Australia.

*Note* The Schedule includes many parasites of animals. *Disease* includes a parasite, see the definition of *disease* in the Quarantine Act, subsection 5(1).

# Division 2 Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia

# 37 Importation of live animals (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of a live animal by a person is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted the person a permit to import it into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- Section 38
  - (2) However, subsection (1) is not taken to prohibit the importation into Australia from New Zealand of a live domestic cat if:
    - (a) an official veterinarian has certified that:
      - (i) he or she is an official veterinarian; and
      - (ii) New Zealand is free from rabies; and
      - (iii) he or she has examined the cat (on a day, and at a time, stated in the certificate) and found it fit to travel; and
    - (b) the examination mentioned in subparagraph (a) (iii) took place within 72 hours before the cat was exported from New Zealand; and
    - (c) the cat is accompanied by the certificate; and
    - (d) when the vessel on which the cat is imported arrives at its first port of entry in Australia, the certificate or a copy is produced to an officer.
  - (3) Also, subsection (1) is not taken to prohibit the importation into Australia from New Zealand of a live domestic dog if:
    - (a) an official veterinarian has certified that:
      - (i) he or she is an official veterinarian; and
      - (ii) New Zealand is free from rabies; and
      - (iii) none of canine brucellosis, canine ehrlichiosis and leptospirosis due to *Leptospira interrogans* var. *canicola* have been confirmed in New Zealand within 12 months before the dog is exported from New Zealand; and
      - (iv) he or she has examined the dog (on a day, and at a time, stated in the certificate) and found it fit to travel; and
      - (v) if the dog has ever lived in Africa, it has been treated twice for Babesia canis with imidocarb dipropionate at a dose rate of 7.5 mg/kg of its live weight; and
    - (b) the examination mentioned in subparagraph (a) (iv) took place within 72 hours before the dog was exported from New Zealand; and
    - (c) the dog is accompanied by the certificate; and
    - (d) when the vessel on which the dog is imported arrives at its first port of entry in Australia, the certificate or a copy is produced to an officer.

### 38 Dead animals or animal parts the importation of which is prohibited other than subject to conditions (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of a dead animal or animal part (except an animal or part to which subsection (2) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the animal or part into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to the following animals or animal parts:
  - (a) an animal or part that:
    - (i) is mentioned in an item in table 13; and

- (ii) complies with any restriction or condition set out in the item;
- (b) oysters in half shells from New Zealand, if the shells are clean and free of viable animals and plants;
- (c) a fish product (other than a product of fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae) that:
  - (i) is wholly or partly of teleost origin; and
  - (ii) is accompanied into Australia by the person importing it; and
  - (iii) is imported in an amount up to 5 kilograms; and
  - (iv) is eviscerated or is processed further than evisceration.
- (2A) In this section and the table, *animal part* includes a product derived from or containing an animal or an animal part.
  - (4) For the table, an animal or part is *non-viable* if a living animal of the same species cannot be produced from it.
  - (5) For the table:

*Competent Authority* means a body recognised as the Competent Authority for a country by a Director of Quarantine under section 38A; and

*exclusive economic zone* has the meaning given in subsection 3 (1) of the Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973.

### Table 13 Dead animals and animal parts

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Animal, article or part
Animals and	d animal parts
1	<ul> <li>Animals and animal tissues (including fish), if:</li> <li>(a) preserved in 70% alcohol or 10% formalin or a minimum of 2% glutaraldehyde; and</li> <li>(b) the preservative fills at least 80% of the container; and</li> <li>(c) the container is reliably sealed; and</li> <li>(d) no animal plant on human is supposed directly on indirectly to a supposed directly on indirectly to a supposed directly on the supposed directly of the supposed directly on the supposed</li></ul>
	(d) no animal, plant or human is exposed directly or indirectly to the material or any of its derivatives
2	Animals (including fish), if preserved by taxidermy for display, or cremated
3	Bees of the genus <i>Apis</i> , if preserved in 70% alcohol or 10% formalin or a minimum of 2% gluteraldehyde
4	Insects (other than bees of the genus <i>Apis</i> ), spiders and scorpions, if preserved for collections or display
4A	<ul><li>Animals and animal tissues (including fish) if:</li><li>(a) completely embedded in resin; and</li><li>(b) imported only for the purpose of display</li></ul>
Skins and h	ides
5	Animal (including fish) skins, if preserved or tanned

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Animal, article or part
6	Rawhide dog chews, if accompanied by a manufacturer's declaration stating that the product has been soaked in a lime solution of pH 14 for not less than 8 hours
6A	An article containing rawhide, if:
	(a) it is intended for the personal use of the person seeking to import the article; and
	<ul><li>(b) it is to be imported by itself or with no more than 4 other articles of the same kind; and</li></ul>
	(c) it is treated on arrival, before release from quarantine, to limit the level of quarantine risk to one that is acceptably low
Bones, teeth	ı, horn etc
7	Animal bones, tusks or teeth, for use as curios or jewellery
8	Animal horn without velvet
Hair, bristles	s, feathers, wool etc
9	Bristles and hair (other than hair covered by item 11 or 12), if clean, not for use in animal foods or fertilisers, and, if for animal husbandry or animal or human grooming purposes, accompanied by a certificate confirming that the bristles or hair have been scoured or sterilised in a way approved by a Director of Quarantine
10	Feathers, if not intended for stockfeed
11	Wool, goat fibre or other animal fibre in commercial consignments, if scoured and with certification confirming the scouring process, and free from contamination by extraneous material (for example faeces, plant material or insects)
12	Wool, goat fibre or other animal fibre for the personal use of the person wishing to import the item, and if scoured and free from contamination by extraneous material (for example faeces, plant material or insects)
Egg shells	
13	Egg shells and egg shell ornaments, if clean and free of adhering material (such as faeces, feathers and egg)
Aquatic anin	nals and their products
14	Crustaceans (other than prawns or freshwater crayfish, or crustacean meal), if non-viable and clean
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish and crustacean meal, see sections 44 and 54.
15	Elasmobranch fish, dried (other than fish meal), if free from insects, soil and other debris
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish and crustacean meal, see s 44 and 54.
16	Elasmobranch fish, processed, (including fish fingers, fish cakes and fish balls, but excluding fish meal), if containing less than 10% egg content and fit for human consumption
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish and crustacean meal, see s 44 and 54.

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Animal, article or part
17	Cooked freshwater crayfish
18	Molluses (other than oysters in full or half shell and snails), if non-viable and clean
19	Prawns or prawn products, other than dried prawns or prawn meal, if:
	<ul> <li>(a) the prawns have been cooked in premises in the exporting country that are approved by and under the control of the Competent Authority of the exporting country; and</li> </ul>
	(b) as a result of the cooking process, all of the protein in the prawn meat has coagulated and no raw prawn meat remains; and
	<ul><li>(c) the prawns or prawn products are accompanied by a certificate from the Competent Authority; and</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(d) the certificate certifies that the requirements set out in paragraphs (a) and (b) have been satisfied</li></ul>
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish meal and crustacean meal, see section 44.
20	Prawns or prawn products (other than prawn meal) if free from insects, soil and other debris
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish meal and crustacean meal, see section 44.
21	Cnidarians (Coelenterates) other than coral sand, if non-viable and clean
22	Echinoderms, if non-viable and clean
23	Tunicates, if non-viable and clean
24	Shells, sea (other than oyster shell), if free of insects, soil and other debris
25	Dead elasmobranch fish or fish parts, other than dried fish, fish meal, and processed fish, if non-viable and clean
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish and crustacean meal, see s 44 and 54.

\_

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Animal, article or part
25A	Teleost fish, other than fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae, if:
	(a) the fish was caught in the New Zealand exclusive economic zone or in adjacent international waters by fishers approved or registered under controls administered by an authority of the government of New Zealand; and
	(b) the fish is accompanied by a certificate from the Competent Authority for New Zealand certifying that the fish was caught in the New Zealand exclusive economic zone or adjacent international waters
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish and particular products of fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae, see s 43 and 53.
25B	Teleost fish, other than fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae or teleost fish mentioned in item 25A, if the consignment is accompanied by a health certificate from the Competent Authority of the exporting country stating that the fish:
	<ul><li>(a) was processed in premises approved by and under the control of the Competent Authority; and</li></ul>
	(b) is eviscerated; and
	(c) was inspected under the supervision of the Competent Authority; and
	<ul><li>(d) is free from visible lesions associated with infectious diseases; and</li></ul>
	(e) has had its head and gills removed and its internal and external surfaces thoroughly washed
	<i>Note</i> For the importation of fish and particular products of fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae, see s 43 and 53.
25C	Teleost fish product, other than a product of fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae, if the product is:
	(a) wholly or partly of teleost origin; and
	(b) a consumer ready product <i>Note 1</i> For the importation of fish and particular products of fish of the
	family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae, see s 43 and 53.
	Note 2 Consumer ready product is defined in s 3.
	<i>Note 3</i> The following are examples of consumer ready products of teleost fish:
	(a) cutlets, including the central bone and external skin but excluding fins, each cutlet weighing no more than 450 grams;
	(b) skinless fillets, excluding the belly flap and all bones except the pin bones;
	(c) skin-on fillets, excluding the belly flap and all bones except the pin bones, each fillet weighing no more than 450 grams;
	(d) eviscerated, headless, 'pan-size' fish, each fish weighing no more than 450 grams;
	(e) a product that is processed further than a stage described in para (a) to (d).

### Section 38

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Animal, article or part	
Miscellaneou	us products of animal origin	
26	Fishing flies, if clean and no animal tissue is present	
27	Cosmetics of, or partly of, animal origin, if commercially manufactured and packaged and for the personal use of the person wishing to import the item	
28	Gelatine, if commercially prepared	
29	Retorted snails	
Meat and meat products		
30	Meat products, if retorted, containing less than 5% by weight of meat, and not requiring refrigeration to maintain quality	
31	Meat products, if commercially manufactured, retorted and shelf-stable without refrigeration, for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import the product	
31A	Meat or meat products, other than pork or avian meat, if clearly labelled as a product of New Zealand, and if for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import the article	
32	Meat or meat products, other than pork or avian meat, if declared to be of New Zealand origin and:	
	(a) clearly labelled with the date of processing; and	
	(b) clearly labelled with the name and address of the processing premises; and	
	(c) the outermost wrapping of the largest packaged unit is labelled 'Product of New Zealand'	
	<i>Note</i> If the container is a full sealed shipping container, it is not necessary for each individual package to carry the 'Product of New Zealand' label.	
33	Meat-based flavoured products, from any kind of meat (including pork and avian meat) and from any country (including New Zealand) if commercially manufactured and packaged and not containing discernible pieces of meat, for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import the product	
34	Commercially prepared meat floss, if without discernible meat portions, and if for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import the article	
35	<ul> <li>Meat and meat products if:</li> <li>(a) included in noodles as an additional ingredient, or as a flavouring that is derived from any kind of meat; and</li> <li>(b) the noodles are for instant use; and</li> <li>(c) the noodles are shelf stable; and</li> <li>(d) the noodles are for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import them</li> </ul>	

Part 6	Animal quarantine
Division 2	Importation of animals, animal parts and animal products into Australia

### Section 38A

Column 1 Item	Column 2 Animal, article or part
36	Meat and meat products if:
	<ul> <li>(a) included in pasta as an additional ingredient, or as a flavouring that is derived from any kind of meat; and</li> </ul>
	(b) the pasta is for instant use; and
	(c) the pasta is shelf stable; and
	<ul><li>(d) the pasta is for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import it</li></ul>
37	Pork crackling or pork rind that is:
	(a) shelf stable; and
	(b) for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import it

### 38A Competent Authorities

- (1) A Director of Quarantine may declare, in writing, that a body of a country is recognised as the Competent Authority for a country if the body is responsible for export certification for goods exported from that country.
- (2) A Director of Quarantine may revoke, in writing, a declaration made under subsection (1) for a body of a country if the body ceases to be responsible for export certification for goods exported from that country.

# 39 Importation of meat and meat products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of meat or a meat product (except meat or a meat product to which subsection (2) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the meat or meat product into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to meat or a meat product that:
  - (a) is mentioned in an item in table 13; and
  - (b) complies with any restriction or condition set out in the item.

Note Table 13 is in section 38.

# 40 Importation of dairy products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of a dairy product (except a dairy product to which subsection (2) applies), whether for human consumption or not, is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the dairy product into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to the following dairy products (if not intended to be used for stockfood):
  - (a) a dairy product imported directly from New Zealand that is, or whose dairy product ingredients consist only of:
    - (i) milk produced in New Zealand; or
    - (ii) dairy products made in New Zealand from milk that did not originate in, or pass through, a country other than New Zealand or Australia;
  - (b) a commercially prepared dairy product that is an infant food, if the person who seeks to import the product is entering Australia, and has the care of, and is accompanied by, 1 or more infants;
  - (c) goods of which each individually packaged unit contains less than 10% by weight (other than any added water) of a dairy product;
  - (d) commercially prepared and packaged chocolate;
  - (e) lactose, and its derivatives;
  - (f) commercially prepared and packaged clarified butter oil;
  - (g) personal consignments of commercially prepared and packaged dairy products that are manufactured in a country recognised by the Office International des Epizooties as free from foot-and-mouth disease, and approved by a Director of Quarantine, that are intended for human consumption;
  - (h) biscuits, bread and cooked cakes (other than cheese cakes and cakes containing dairy fillings or toppings that have not been cooked with the cake);
  - (i) personal consignments of cheese cakes and cooked cakes containing dairy fillings or toppings manufactured in a country recognised by the Office International des Epizooties as free from foot and mouth disease, and approved by a Director of Quarantine, that are intended for human consumption;
  - (j) a dairy-based powdered beverage that:
    - (i) includes coffee or flavouring as an ingredient; and
    - (ii) is presented as being for instant use; and
    - (iii) is shelf stable; and
    - (iv) is for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import it.

### 41 Importation of eggs and egg products

- (1) The importation into Australia of the goods or things mentioned in the table, whether for human consumption or not, is prohibited unless:
  - (a) a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the goods or things into Australia; or

- Section 41
  - (b) a permit is not required as set out in subsection (2).

### Item Goods or things

- 1 Eggs
- 2 Egg products
- 3 Goods, including mooncakes, that include egg or an egg product among their ingredients
- 4 Goods or things, whether for human consumption or not, containing discernible pieces of egg

*Note* Part 8 explains what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant a permit.

(2) A permit is not required for goods mentioned in the table.

### Item Goods

- 1 Goods to which the following apply:
  - (a) each individually packaged unit of the goods contains less than 10% by weight (other than added water) of egg or an egg product;
  - (b) the goods are not intended to be used for stockfood;
  - (c) the goods do not contain discernible pieces of egg
- 2 Cake mixes that:
  - (a) contain less than 10% egg by mass; and
  - (b) are not intended to be used for stockfood; and
  - (c) do not contain discernible pieces of egg
- 3 Noodles that:
  - (a) include egg or an egg product in the ingredients; and
  - (b) are shelf stable; and
  - (c) are for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import them
- 4 Noodles that:
  - (a) are for instant use; and
  - (b) are shelf stable; and
  - (c) are for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import them; and
  - (d) contain discernible pieces of egg
- 5 Pasta that:
  - (a) includes egg or an egg product in the ingredients; and
  - (b) is shelf stable; and
  - (c) is for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import it
- 6 Pasta that:
  - (a) is for instant use; and
  - (b) is shelf stable; and
  - (c) is for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import it; and
  - (d) contains discernible pieces of egg

# 42 Importation of honey and other bee products (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of a bee product, whether for human consumption or not (other than a bee product to which subsection (2) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the bee product into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to the following bee products, if pure and free from extraneous matter:
  - (a) honey (whether or not containing honeycomb);
  - (b) bee venom;
  - (c) honeycomb;
  - (d) propolis;
  - (e) royal jelly.

### 43 Importation of fish of family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae, or any part of such a fish, in any form, including retorted fish, dried fish, processed fish and fish meal (except fish or a fish product to which subsection (3) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the fish or fish parts into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) The importation into Australia of the roe or caviar of fish of the family Salmonidae or Plecoglossidae (except roe or caviar to which paragraph (3) (a) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the fish, fish parts, roe or caviar into Australia.
- (3) This subsection applies to the following:
  - (a) retorted fish, roe or caviar of fish of those families;
  - (b) a consumer ready product (except roe or caviar) of fish of those families:
    - (i) commercially prepared and packaged; and
    - (ii) if it is accompanied into Australia by the person importing it in an amount up to 5 kilograms; and
    - (iii) if it is not accompanied into Australia by the person importing it in an amount up to 450 grams;
  - (c) salmon oil, for the personal consumption or use of the person wishing to import it, in a quantity of no more than 3 months' supply for that use;

(d) products of fish of those families otherwise permitted under item 1, 2 or 5 of table 13.

Note 1 Consumer ready product is defined in section 3.

*Note 2* The following are examples of consumer ready products of fish of the family Salmonidae and Plecoglossidae:

- (a) cutlets, including the central bone and external skin but excluding fins, each cutlet weighing no more than 450 grams;
- (b) skinless fillets, excluding the belly flap and all bones except the pin bones;
- (c) skin-on fillets, excluding the belly flap and all bones except the pin bones, each fillet weighing no more than 450 grams;
- (d) eviscerated, headless, 'pan-size' fish, each fish weighing at least 200 grams but not more than 450 grams;
- (e) a product that is processed further than a stage described in paragraphs (a) to (d).

# 44 Importation of fish meal and crustacean meal (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

The importation into Australia of fish meal or crustacean meal by a person is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted the person a permit to import the fish meal or crustacean meal into Australia.

*Note 1* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Pt 8.

Note 2 Section number 45 intentionally not used.

### 46 Importation of animal, animal parts and animal products from the Cocos Islands (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e), (f) and (ga))

The importation into Australia from the Cocos Islands of an animal, animal part or animal product is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted the person seeking to import it into Australia a permit to do so.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

## Division 3 Importation of products of Australian origin

### 47 Importation of commercially manufactured animal products of Australian origin

- (1) This section applies to an animal product to which the following apply:
  - (a) the product originated in Australia;
  - (b) the product is intended for human consumption;
  - (c) the product has been commercially manufactured;
  - (d) the product has been packaged in Australia by the manufacturer in a package that clearly identifies the food as originating in Australia;
  - (e) the product is in that package;
  - (f) the package has not been opened or broken;

- (g) the product is for the personal consumption of the person wishing to import it.
- (2) Despite Divisions 1 and 2, a permit to import the animal product into Australia is not required.

# Division 4 Movement of animals, animal parts and animal products within Australia

### 56 Removal of animals, animal parts and animal products from Protected Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))

(1) The removal of any thing to which subsection (2) applies from a part of Australia in the Protected Zone or an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone, to any other part of the Commonwealth, is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the removal.

*Note 1* Area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone means an area about which a notice is in force under subsection 5 (8) of the Quarantine Act, see the definition in subsection 5 (1). A notice under that subsection was published in the *Gazette* of 14 February 1985. The area described in that notice is the area:

- ... bounded by a line:
- (a) commencing at the point of Latitude 10° 30′ 00″ South, Longitude 144° 10′ 00″ East;
- (b) running thence west along the parallel of Latitude  $10^{\circ} 30' 00''$  South to its intersection by the meridian of Longitude  $141^{\circ} 20' 00''$  East;
- (c) thence north along that meridian to its intersection by parallel of latitude 10° 28' 00" South;
- (d) thence east along the parallel of Latitude 10° 28' 00" South to its intersection by the Longitude 144° 10' 00" East;
- (e) thence south along the meridian of Longitude  $144^{\circ}$  10' 00" East to its intersection by the parallel of Latitude 10° 30' 00" South.

*Note 2* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to:
  - (a) a live animal; or
  - (b) an animal part; or
  - (c) goods wholly or partly of animal origin —
  - but does not apply to:
  - (d) stores for consumption on board a vessel (other than an aircraft) if they are not removed from the vessel; or
  - (e) an animal that is a cnidarian, echinoderm, tunicate, fish, crustacean or marine mollusc; or
  - (f) a part of an animal of any of those kinds; or
  - (g) goods wholly or partly made from an animal of any of those kinds.

### 56A Removal of animals, animal parts and animal products from Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))

(1) The removal of an animal product mentioned in table 15 (other than an animal product to which subsection (2) applies) from the Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone to any other part of Australia south of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the removal.

Note 1 For the definition of *Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone*, see section 3.

*Note 2* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

# Table 15Animal products not to be removed from the TorresStrait Special Quarantine Zone into other parts of<br/>Australia

Item	Animal product
1	Meat (including carcases) and meat products (other than retorted meat and meat products)
2	Milk and dairy products (other than retorted milk and retorted dairy products)
3	Eggs and egg products
4	Untreated hides and skins
5	Feathers
6	Animal and animal tissue products

(2) This subsection applies to the following:

- (a) stores for consumption on board a vessel (other than an aircraft) if they are not removed from the vessel;
- (b) an animal that is a cnidarian, echinoderm, tunicate, fish, crustacean or marine mollusc;
- (c) a part of an animal of any of those kinds;
- (d) goods wholly or partly made from such an animal.

## Part 7 Plant quarantine

### Division 1 General

### 57 Definitions for Part 7

In this Part:

*fruit* and *vegetable* do not include a seed.

genetic manipulation does not include artificial selection, but includes:

- (a) the insertion of genetic material produced outside a cell into a vector so as to allow the genetic material to be incorporated into a host organism to produce new combinations of genetic material; and
- (b) directly introducing, into an organism, genetic material prepared outside it; and
- (c) fusing 2 or more cells to form live cells with new combinations of genetic material.

*plant product* means a product, wholly or partly of plant origin, that has been processed to prevent:

- (a) the plant material from being infected or contaminated with a quarantinable disease; and
- (b) the plant material being capable of propagation.

seed includes a nut.

### 57A Plant products excluded from application of Part 7

Part 7 does not apply to plant products.

### 58 Quarantinable diseases of plants, and quarantinable pests (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) (definitions of *quarantinable disease* and *quarantinable pest*) and 13 (1) (ca))

(1) Each disease mentioned in Part 1 of Schedule 4 is a quarantinable disease for Australia.

*Note* Part 1 of Schedule 4 lists plant diseases, including plant parasites. *Disease* includes a parasite, see the definition of *disease* in the Quarantine Act, subsection 5 (1).

(2) Each pest mentioned in Part 2 of Schedule 4 is a quarantinable pest for Australia.

Note Part 2 of Schedule 4 lists pest plants.

### Division 3 Importation of plants and plant parts into Australia

# 61 Importations of plants and plant parts affected by quarantinable pests

The importation into Australia of a plant, or part of a plant, that is infected, infested or contaminated with a quarantinable pest is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted the person wishing to import it into Australia a permit to do so.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

# 62 Importation of living plants (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of a living plant (other than *Orchidaceae* tissue culture to which subsection (2) applies) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit to import the plant.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) This subsection applies to Orchidaceae tissue culture that:
  - (a) is accompanied into Australia by the person importing it; and
  - (b) is growing in an aseptic non-animal based medium in a closed rigid container that is transparent enough for its contents to be clearly seen; and
  - (c) is well-established in that medium and container.

# 63 Importation of seeds (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) The importation into Australia of a seed (other than a seed of a kind of plant mentioned in Schedule 5) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the importation.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

- (2) The importation into Australia of a seed of a kind of plant mentioned in Schedule 5 is prohibited (unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the importation) if the plant is of a kind:
  - (a) that was produced by genetic manipulation; or
  - (b) that:
    - (i) was produced by artificial selection; and
    - (ii) has 1 or more of the characteristics mentioned in table 16.

## Table 16 Characteristics of plants

Item	Characteristic
1	Tolerance of, or resistance to, herbicides
2	Enhanced tolerance of, or resistance to, environmental stress
3	Enhanced tolerance of, or resistance to, plant pathogens
4	Expression of toxic substances (including pesticides and poisons)
5	Enhanced growth characteristics (including growth rate, seasonality and fruiting or seeding density)

# 64 Importation of fresh fruit and vegetables (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

- (1) For this section, a fruit or vegetable is fresh if it is not deep-frozen, dried, retorted or otherwise conserved or preserved.
- (2) The importation into Australia of a fresh fruit or vegetable is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted the person a permit to import it into Australia.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

# 65 Importation of other plant parts (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (d), (e) and (f))

(1) In this section:

*plant part* does not include a fresh fruit or vegetable (within the meaning given by section 64) or a seed.

(2) The importation into Australia of a plant or plant part of a kind mentioned in Schedule 6 (whether or not capable of being used for propagation) is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the importation.

*Note* For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

(3) The importation into Australia of any other plant part that is capable of being used for propagation is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the importation.

Part 7

#### **Division 5** Movement of soil and plants within Australia

#### 67 Removal of soil from Protected Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))

The removal of soil from the Protected Zone, or an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone, to a part of Australia south of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the removal.

Note 1 Area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone means an area about which a notice is in force under subsection 5(8) of the Quarantine Act, see the definition in subsection 5(1). A notice under that subsection was published in the Gazette of 14 February 1985. The area described in that notice is the area:

... bounded by a line:

- (a) commencing at the point of Latitude 10° 30' 00" South, Longitude 144° 10' 00" East:
- (b) running thence west along the parallel of Latitude 10° 30' 00" South to its intersection by the meridian of Longitude 141° 20' 00" East;
- thence north along that meridian to its intersection by parallel of latitude 10° 28' (c) 00" South;
- (d) thence east along the parallel of Latitude  $10^{\circ} 28' 00''$  South to its intersection by the Longitude 144° 10' 00" East;
- thence south along the meridian of Longitude 144° 10' 00" East to its intersection (e) by the parallel of Latitude 10° 30' 00" South.

Note 2 For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

#### 68 Removal of soil from Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5(1) and 13(1)(g))

The removal of soil from the Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone to a part of Australia south of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the removal.

Note 1 For the definition of *Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone*, see section 3.

Note 2 For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

#### 69 Removal of plants and plant parts from Protected Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))

(1) The removal of a thing mentioned in table 17 (other than a thing to which subsection (2) applies) from a part of Australia that is in the Protected Zone, or an area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone, to any other part of Australia south of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the removal.

Note 1 For the meaning of area in the vicinity of the Protected Zone, see the note following section 67.

Part 7

Note 2 For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

### Table 17 Things that must not be moved from the Protected Zone or Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone

Item	Thing
1	A living plant
2	A fresh fruit or vegetable
3	A plant, or a part of a plant, of any of the following genera or species (whether or not capable of being used for propagation):
	(a) <i>Musa</i> (bananas)
	(b) Saccharum (sugar cane)
	(c) Zea (maize)
	(d) Manihot esculenta Crantz (cassava)
	(e) <i>Citrus</i>
	(e) Gossypium (cotton)
4	A plant of any other species, or part of a such plant, that is capable of being used for propagation

(2) This subsection applies to stores for consumption on board a vessel (other than an aircraft) or installation if the stores are not removed from the vessel or installation.

#### 69A Removal of plants and plant parts from Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone (Quarantine Act, ss 5 (1) and 13 (1) (g))

The removal of anything mentioned in table 17 (other than a thing to which subsection 69 (2) applies) from the Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone to a part of Australia south of the parallel 10° 28' south latitude is prohibited unless a Director of Quarantine has granted a permit for the removal.

Note 1 For the definition of *Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone*, see section 3.

Note 2 For what a Director of Quarantine must consider when deciding whether to grant such a permit, see Part 8.

## Part 8 Administration

*Note* A reference to a Director of Quarantine includes a delegate — see the Quarantine Act, s 10B.

# 70 Things a Director of Quarantine must take into account when deciding whether to grant a permit for importation into Australia

In deciding whether to grant a permit to import a thing into Australia or for the removal of a thing from the Protected Zone or the Torres Strait Special Quarantine Zone to the rest of Australia, a Director of Quarantine:

- (a) must consider the level of quarantine risk if the permit were granted; and
- (b) must consider whether, if the permit were granted, the imposition of conditions on it would be necessary to limit the level of quarantine risk to one that is acceptably low; and
- (ba) for a permit to import a seed of a kind of plant that was produced by genetic manipulation — must take into account any risk assessment prepared, and any decision made, in relation to the seed under the Gene Technology Act; and
- (c) may take into account anything else that he or she knows that is relevant.

*Note Level of quarantine risk* is defined in section 5D of the Quarantine Act. The definition is as follows:

### 5D Level of quarantine risk

A reference in this Act to a *level of quarantine risk* is a reference to:

- (a) the probability of:
  - (i) a disease or pest being introduced, established or spread in Australia, the Cocos Islands or Christmas Island; and
  - (ii) the disease or pest causing harm to human beings, animals, plants, other aspects of the environment, or economic activities; and
- (b) the probable extent of the harm.

## Part 10 Revocation and savings

### 75 Saving of permits already granted

A permit to import a thing continues to have effect according to its terms if the permit:

- (a) was granted in accordance with subsection 13 (2A) of the Quarantine Act on or after 7 July 1998; and
- (b) was in force immediately before 1 January 2005.

## Schedule 1 Quarantine stations

# Part 1 Quarantine stations for animals or goods in Australia

(section 14)

### 1 Billabong, Marulan (New South Wales)

The land in New South Wales in the local government area of Mulwaree, Parish of Jerrara, County of Argyle that is Lot 59 in deposited plan 750022

### 2 Eastern Creek (New South Wales)

The land in New South Wales in folio identifier 3/262259 at Wallgrove, City of Blacktown, Parish of Melville, County of Cumberland that is Lot 3 in deposited plan 262259

### 5 Sandown Racecourse, Dandenong (Victoria)

All those pieces of land in Victoria described in the Register Book as Volume 8258, Folio 963 — part of Crown Allotment B Section 12 and the whole of Crown Allotment 11 in the Parish of Dandenong, known as Sandown Racecourse

### 6 Spotswood (Victoria)

The land in Victoria in allotments 64 and 66 of Section 7 in the Parish of Cut-Paw-Paw and County of Bourke, described in Register Book Volume 7720, Folio 033 and Volume 9971, Folio 289

### 7 Torrens Island (South Australia)

The avian quarantine facility in South Australia on sections 1030 and 1031 in the hundred of Port Adelaide, described in Register Book Volume 3327, Folio 182

### 9 Byford (Western Australia)

The land at Byford in Western Australia, shown in diagram 16893 and Plan 6036 of that State's Land Titles Office, that is bounded by an imaginary line:

- (a) commencing at the intersection of the southern boundary of Nettleton Road and the north-eastern corner of Cockburn Sound Location 498; and
- (b) then running generally south-easterly 234.64 metres along the southern boundary of Nettleton Road to its intersection with the north-western corner of the land shown on Land Titles Office Diagram 17851; and

- (c) then generally south-easterly 8.53 metres and southerly 26.2 metres along the western boundaries of the land shown in that diagram to their intersection with the eastern prolongation of the southern boundary of Cockburn Sound Location 498; and
- (d) then westerly 519.41 metres along that prolongation and that boundary to the intersection of that boundary with a line parallel to, and 3.84 metres west of, the eastern boundary of the land shown on Land Titles Office Plan 6036; and
- (e) then generally north-easterly 341.14 metres along that line to its intersection with the southern boundary of Nettleton Road; and
- (f) then generally south-easterly 307.62 metres along the southern boundary of Nettleton Road to the point of commencement

## Part 2 Quarantine stations for plants or goods in Australia

(section 15)

### 11 Eastern Creek (New South Wales)

The land in New South Wales in folio identifier 3/262259 at Wallgrove, City of Blacktown, Parish of Melville, County of Cumberland that is Lot 3 in deposited plan 262259

### 12 Knoxfield (Victoria)

The land in Victoria on parts of Crown allotments 40 and 41 within the Institute for Horticultural Development within the Victorian Department of Natural Resources and Environment on the northwest corner of Burwood Highway and Scoresby Road, Knoxfield (known as 621 Burwood Highway, Knoxfield)

## Schedule 3

## Quarantinable animal diseases

(section 36)

Absidia infection acariasis of bees actinobacillosis actinomycosis acute viral paralysis of bees Aeromonas hydrophila infection African horse sickness African swine fever Agmasoma sp. infection of crustaceans aino disease akabane disease Aleutian disease Amazon tracheitis virus disease American foulbrood Ameson sp. infection of crustaceans amphibian chromomycosis anaplasmosis anthrax apimyiasis Aquabirnavirus infection Arizona disease Aspergillus flavus infection Astacus astacus bacilliform virus infection atrophic rhinitis Aujeszky's disease avian encephalomyelitis avian haemagglutinating adenovirus disease avian infectious bronchitis avian infectious laryngotracheitis avian influenza avian malaria avian papovavirus infection avian paramyxovirus type 3 infection avian poxvirus infection avian reovirus infection babesiosis bacterial kidney disease of fish baculoviral midgut gland necrosis Bartonella muris (haemobartonellosis) Basidiobolus infection bat lyssavirus infection Beauveria infection besnoitiosis Bittner virus infection of mice Black Queen cell virus infection bluetongue bonamiasis of molluses

border (hairy shaker) disease Borna disease bovine ephemeral fever bovine genital campylobacteriosis bovine immunodeficiency-like virus infection bovine malignant catarrh bovine papular stomatitis bovine pestivirus infection (bovine viral diarrhoea and mucosal disease) bovine pseudocowpox bovine spongiform encephalopathy branchiomycosis of fish brucellosis budgerigar fledgling disease bunyamwera infection caiman pox Camallanus spp. infestation of fish camelpox candidiasis canine distemper canine ehrlichiosis (tropical canine pancytopaenia) canine heartworm disease (Dirofilaria *immitis*) canine parvovirus infection canine transmissible venereal tumour *Capillaria* spp. infestation of fish caprine arthritis-encephalitis syndrome cardiomyopathy of rabbits carp pox caseous lymphadenitis cavian leukaemia cephalosporiosis ceratomyxosis cervical lymphadenitis Chaco virus infection chalkbrood Channel catfish virus disease chicken anaemia chlamydiosis chronic respiratory disease of rats chronic viral paralysis of bees chronic wasting disease of deer chum salmon virus infection Chrysosporium infection cichlid rhabdovirus infection circovirus infection

Quarantine Proclamation 1998

clostridial disease coccidiodomycosis coccidiosis coenurosis coital exanthema (equine herpes virus type 3) columnaris disease contagious agalactia of sheep contagious bovine pleuropneumonia contagious caprine pleuropneumonia contagious ecthyma contagious equine metritis coronavirus enteritis of turkeys Corvnebacterium kutscheri infection costiasis Coxiella burnetii infection cravfish plague (*Aphanomyces astaci*) Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever cryptococcosis cryptosporidiosis cutaneous papillomatosis cysticercosis cytomegalovirus infection of mice dermatophilosis (Dermatophilus spp. infection) dourine duck virus enteritis duck virus hepatitis dwarf cichlid iridovirus infection Ebola virus disease echinococcosis-hydatidosis ectromelia (mouse pox) Edwardsiella tarda infection eel papillomatosis Elaphostrongvlus cervi infestation encephalitozoonosis (nosematosis) encephalomyocarditis virus disease of pigs entamoebiasis Enterocytozoon salmonis infection enteric redmouth disease enteric septicaemia of catfish (edwardsiellosis) enterocolitis of rabbits enterotoxaemia enterovirus encephalomyelitis Entomophthora infection enzootic abortion of ewes enzootic bovine leukosis enzootic pneumonia of pigs enzootic pneumonia of sheep eperythrozoonosis epidemic diarrhoea of infant mice Epizootic enterocolitis of rabbits

epizootic haematopoietic necrosis epizootic haemorrhagic disease of deer epizootic lymphangitis epizootic ulcerative syndrome of fish equine encephalosis equine encephalomyelitis equine erhlichiosis equine infectious anaemia equine influenza (type A virus) equine morbillivirus infection equine piroplasmosis equine rhinopneumonitis equine viral abortion (equine herpes virus type 1) equine viral arteritis equine viral encephalomyelitis ervsipelas erythrocytic inclusion body syndrome of salmonids European brown hare syndrome European eel virus infection European foulbrood fascioliasis feline calicivirus disease feline immunodeficiency virus infection feline infectious enteritis feline infectious peritonitis feline spongiform encephalopathy feline viral rhinotracheitis foot abscess foot and mouth disease foot rot fowl cholera fowl plague (avian influenza type A) fowl pox fowl typhoid (Salmonella gallinarum) furunculosis Fusarium infection gaffkaemia geotrichosis Getah virus infection giardiasis gill disease virus infection glanders golden shiner virus infection Goldfish haematopoietic necrosis goldfish ulcer disease goose virus hepatitis grey patch disease of turtles Gyrodactylus salaris infection Hantavirus infection haemagglutinating encephalomyelitis virus disease

haemorrhagic enteritis virus disease of turkeys haemorrhagic septicaemia haplosporidiosis (of molluscs and crustacea) heartwater helminthosis Hendra virus Henneguva spp. infestation hepatitis A hepatitis B Hepatitis E of pigs hepatopancreatic parvovirus infection of crustaceans hepatozoonosis herpes virus infection hexamitiasis histomoniasis histoplasmosis hitra disease hog cholera (classical swine fever) horse mange (Sarcoptes spp. infestation) horse pox Hyphomyces infection Hypoderma bovis Hypoderma lineatum Ibaraki disease Ichthvophonous hoferi infection Ichthyophonous multifiliis infection inclusion body conjunctivitis inclusion body disease of birds inclusion body rhinitis infantile diarrhoea of mice infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (infectious pustular vulvovaginitis) infectious bronchitis infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease) infectious canine hepatitis infectious corvza infectious haematopoietic necrosis infectious hypodermal and haematopoeitic necrosis (of crustaceans) infectious pancreatic necrosis infectious salmon anaemia infectious stomatitis (mouthrot) internal papillomatous disease (cloacal papillomatosis) iridovirosis of fish Japanese encephalitis Jembrana disease K virus infection of rodents Kashmir bee virus infection

Kyashanur Forest disease Korean haemorrhagic fever lactic dehydrogenase virus infection larval mycosis of crustaceans leishmaniasis leptospirosis leucocytozoonosis leucosis lice infestation listeriosis Loma salmonae infection Lucké tumor of frogs lumpy skin disease Lyme disease lymphocystis lymphocytic choriomeningitis maedi-visna malignant catarrhal fever mange Marburg virus infection Marco virus infection Marek's disease marteiliosis (of molluscs) melanosis of bees melioidosis mikrocytosis (of molluscs) minute virus infection of mice Moloney virus infection monkey pox Mortierella infection mouse adenovirus infection mucoid enteropathy of rabbits *Mucor* infection mud blisters of molluscs murine colonic hyperplasia murine hepatitis mycobacteriosis mycoplasmosis mycotic dermatitis mytilicoliasis myxobolosis (whirling disease) myxomatosis Nagana Nairobi sheep disease Newcastle disease New Japan virus infection of salmonids nocardiosis of fish nocardiosis of oysters North American blastomycosis nosematosis of bees nuclear polyhedrosis baculoviroses of crustaceans (Penaeus monodon-type baculovirus and *Baculovirus penaei*)

onchroconis infestation Oncorhynchus masou virus disease oral papillomatosis Ornithobacterium rhinotracheal ovine campylobacteriosis ovine encephalomyelitis (louping ill) oyster velar disease Paecilomyces infection pancreas disease of reptiles paracoccidiodomycosis Paraelaphostrongylus cervi infestation paramoebiasis paramyxovirus infection paratuberculosis (Johne's disease) parvicapsula disease parvovirus infection Pacheco's disease pasteurellosis penicilliosis pentastomiasis perkinsosis (of molluscs) Peste des petits ruminants pike frv rhabdovirosis Pigeon herpesvirus encephalomyelitis piroplasmosis piscirickettsiosis plasmacytoid leukaemia (of salmonids) Platynosomum fastosum infection Pleisthophora hyphessobryconis infection pneumocystosis pneumonia virus infection of mice polyhedral cytoplasmic amphibian virus infection polyoma virus infection porcine epidemic coronavirus diarrhoea porcine paramyxovirus disease porcine parvovirus infection porcine pleuropneumonia porcine post weaning multi-systemic wasting syndrome porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome porcine respiratory coronavirus Potomac horse fever Powassan virus infection proliferative ileitis of hamsters proliferative ileitis of rabbits (wet tail) proliferative kidney disease of fish proventricular dilatation (macaw wasting disease) pseudomoniasis pseudotuberculosis psittacosis-ornithosis (Chlamydia psittaci) Psoroptes ovis infestation Psoroptes aucheniae infestation pullorum disease (Salmonella pullorum) pulmonary adenomatosis (Jaagsiekte) rabbit syphilis rabbit calicivirus infection rabies redleg reovirus type 3 infection reticuloendotheliosis rhabdovirus infection of fish *Rhizopus* infection Rift Valley fever rinderpest ringworm rosette agent infection rosy barb birnavirus infection runting/stunting syndrome of chickens sacbrood virus infection salivary gland virus of guinea pigs salmon blood spot Salmon lice infestation (Lepeophtheirus salmonis) salmon pancreas disease salmon pox salmonellosis San Miguel sea lion virus infection scrapie screw worm infestation (Cochliomya *hominivorax/Chrysomya bezziana*) Sendai virus infection septicaemic cutaneous ulcerative disease of turtles Serratia marcescens infection sheep pox and goat pox shell disease shigellosis shope fibromatosis sialodacryoadenitis simian B virus infection simian haemorrhagic fever slow paralysis of bees spirochaetosis spongiform encephalopathy sporadic bovine encephalomyelitis spring viraemia of carp Staphylococcus epidermis infection stephanofilariasis stonebrood strangles streptococcosis surra swine dysentery

swine erysipelas swine influenza swine vesicular disease sylvatic plague Syngamus trachea infestation tadpole oedema virus infection Taura syndrome (of crustaceans) Teschen/Talfan disease Theiler's encephalomyelitis theileriosis Thelohonia infection tick infestation tiger prawn reovirus infection Timbo virus infection toxoplasmosis tracheal mite infestation of bees transmissible spongiform encephalopathy of mink transmissible gastroenteritis transmissible ileal hyperplasia transmissible murine colonic hyperplasia transmissible spongiform encephalopathy trepanematosis trichinellosis (Trichinella spiralis) trichomoniasis Trichosporon infection tropilaelaps mite infestation trypanosomiasis tularaemia tuberculosis turkey coryza (*Bordetella avium*) turkey lymphoproliferative disease

turkey meningoencephalitis turkey viral rhinotracheitis turkey virus hepatitis Tvzzer's disease ulcer disease of fish ulcerative dermal necrosis ulcerative lymphangitis ulcerative pododermatitis ulcerative shell disease ulcerative stomatitis vaccinia infection varroa mite infestation venereal spirochaetosis of rabbits (Treponema cuniculi) vesicular exanthema vesicular stomatitis vibriosis viral arthritis of chickens viral encephalopathy and retinopathy (of fish) viral erythrocytic necrosis viral haemorrhagic fever viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (of fish) warble fly infestation Wesselsbron disease white spot disease (of crustaceans) Withering syndrome of abalone (Candidatus Xenohaliotis californiensis) vellow fever yellowhead disease (of crustaceans) versiniosis

#### Quarantinable plant diseases and Schedule 4 quarantinable pests

(section 58)

#### Part 1 Plant diseases that are quarantinable diseases

### VIRUSES

Virus name Alfamoviruses **Bromoviruses** Cucumoviruses Ilarviruses Tospoviruses Comoviruses Fabaviruses Nepoviruses **Bigeminiviruses** Hybrigeminiviruses Monogeminiviruses Alphacryptoviruses Betacryptoviruses **Bymoviruses** Ipomoviruses Potyviruses **Rymoviruses Unassigned Potyviruses** Fijiviruses Oryzaviruses Phytoreoviruses Cytorhabdoviruses Nucleorhabdoviruses **Unassigned Rhabdoviruses** Sequiviruses Waikaviruses Carmoviruses Tombusviruses

Virus group Bromoviridae Bromoviridae Bromoviridae Bromoviridae Bunyaviridae Comoviridae Comoviridae Comoviridae Geminiviridae Geminiviridae Geminiviridae Partitiviridae Partitiviridae Potyviridae Potyviridae Potyviridae Potyviridae Potyviridae Reoviridae Reoviridae Reoviridae Rhabdoviridae Rhabdoviridae Rhabdoviridae Sequiviridae Sequiviridae Tombusviridae Tombusviridae

Quarantine Proclamation 1998

Part 1

#### Unclassified viruses

Badnaviruses Capilloviruses Carlaviruses Caulimoviruses Closteroviruses Dianthoviruses Enamoviruses Furoviruses Hordeiviruses Idaeoviruses Luteoviruses Machlomoviruses Macluraviruses Marafiviruses Nanaviruses Necroviruses Ourmaiviruses Potexviruses Satellite RNAs Satelliviruses Sobemoviruses Tenuiviruses Tobamoviruses Tobraviruses Trichoviruses Tymoviruses Umbraviruses Varicosaviruses

#### VIROIDS

All viroids

### PHYTOPLASMAS

All phytoplasmas

BAC	TERIA			
	Division Fi	rmicut	es	
				Arthrobacter Bacillus Clavibacter Curtobacterium Nocardia
				Rathayibacter
				Rhodococcus
	Division G	acilic	utes	
		Class	s Proteobacteria	
			Alpha Subclass	
				Family Acetobacteriaceae Acetobacter
				Family Rhizobiaceae
				Agrobacterium
				[Family not classified] Rhizobacter Rhizomonas
			Beta Subclass	
			Deta Subciass	Family Comamonadaceae
				Acidovorax (formerly Pseudomonas)
				Burkholderia
				Ralstonia Video hilus
				Xylophilus
				[Family not named] formerly <i>Pseudomonas</i>

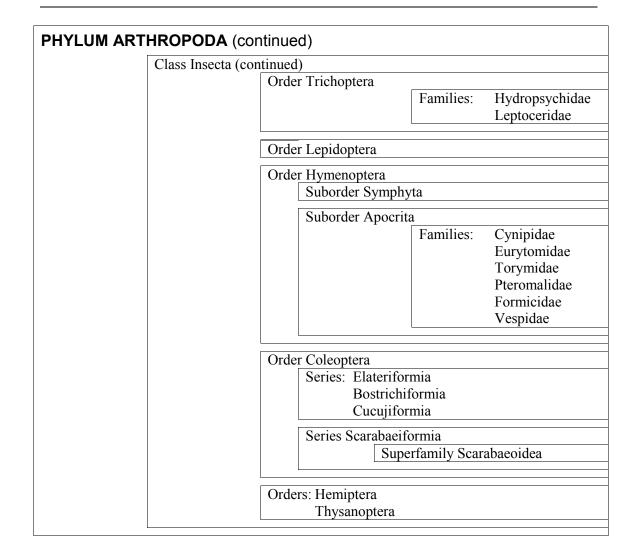
CTERIA (c	ontinued)				
Division Gracilicutes (continued) Class Proteobacteria (continued)					
		Family Enterobacteriaceae			
		Enterobacter			
		Erwinia			
		Pantoea			
		Family Pseudomonadaceae			
		Pseudomonas			
		[Family not named]			
		Xanthomonas			
		[Family not classified]			
		Xylella			
Division T	enericutes				
Division	Class Mollicutes				
		Family Spiroplasmataceae Spiroplasma			
[unclassifi	ed]				
		Family Rhizobacter			
		Streptomyces			

FUNG	Ι						
D	Division Myxomycota						
	Class Labyrinthulomycetes Order Labyrinthulales						
	Class Myxomycetes Order Physarales						
	Class Plasmodiophoromycetes Order Plasmodiophorales						
D	Division Eumycota						
	Subdivision Mastigomycotina						
	Class Chytridiomycetes Orders: Blastocladiales Chytridiales						
	Class Hyphochytridiomycetes						
	Class Oomycetes Orders: Lagenidiales Peronosporales Saprolegniales						
	Subdivision Zygomycotina Order Mucorales						

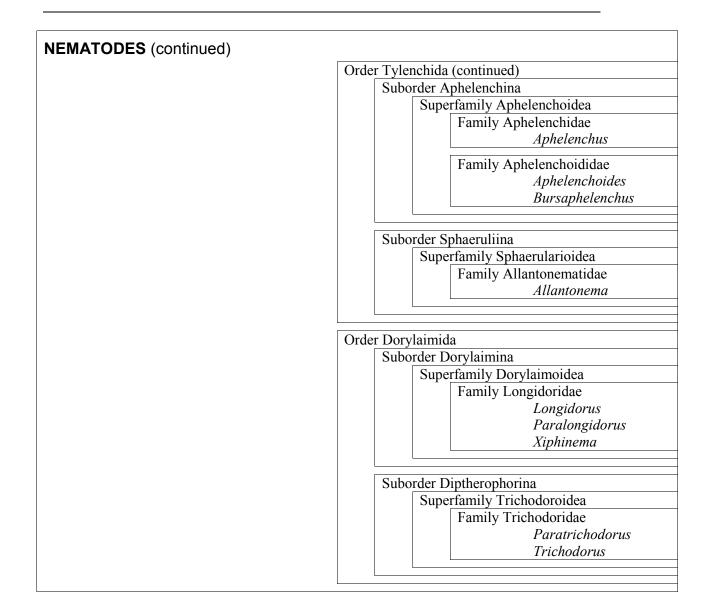
vision Eumycota (contin	nued)					
Subdivision Ascomycotina						
	Orders:	Arthoniales				
		Clavicipitales				
		Coryneliales				
		Diaporthales				
		Diatrypales				
		Dothideales				
		Endomycetales				
		Erysiphales				
		Eurotiales				
		Helotiales				
		Hypocreales				
		Lecanidiales				
		Lecanorales				
		Ophiosomatales				
		Ostropales				
		Pezizales				
		Phyllachorales				
		Pleosporales				
		Polystigmatales				
		Pyrenulales Phyticmatalog				
		Rhytismatales Sphaeriales				
		Sphaeriales Sordariales				
		Solutions				
Subdivision Basidio						
	Orders:	Agaricales				
		Aphyllophorales				
		Auriculariales				
		Dacrymycetales				
		Exobasidiales				
		Filobasidiales				
		Nidulariales				
		Septobasidiales Tremellales				
		Tulasnellales				
_						
(		edinales				
	Ust	tilaginales				
Subdivision Deutero	mycotina					
		phomycetes				
	J.	elomycetes				
		onomycetes				

## INSECTS, MITES AND MOLLUSCS

PHYLUM MOLL	USCA	
	(	Classes: Gastropoda
		Bivalvia
PHYLUM ARTH	ROPODA	
	Class Arachni	ida
	Subclas	
		Order Acariformes
		Superfamily Tetranychoidea Families: Tetranychidae
		Tenuipalpidae
		Superfamily Eriophyoidea
		Family Tarsonemidae
		Phytonemus
		Polyphagotarso-n emus
		Stenotarsonemus
		Family Penthaleidae
		Superfamily Acaroidea
	Class Insecta	
		Orders: Isoptera
		Orthoptera
		Dermaptera
		Phasmatodea
		Order Diptera
		Families: Cecidomyiidae Sciaridae
		Strationyidae
		Phoridae
		Syrphidae
		Anthomyzidae
		Anthomyiidae
		Chloropidae Muscidae
		Superfamilies: Tephritoidea Opomyzoidea



EMATODES	
	Order Tylenchida
	Suborder Tylenchina
	Superfamily Tylenchoidea
	Family Anguinidae
	Anguina
	Ditylenchus
	Subanguina
	Family Dolichodoridae
	Dolichodorus
	Family Belonolaimidae
	Belonolaimus
	Merlinius
	Tylenchorhynchus
	Family Pratylenchidae
	Naccobus
	Pratylenchus
	Radopholus
	Family Hoplolaimidae
	Helicotylenchus
	Hoplolaimus
	Rotylenchulus
	Rotylenchus
	Family Heteroderidae
	Cactodera
	Globodera
	Heterodera
	Meloidogyne
	Thecavermiculatus
	Superfamily Criconematoidea
	Family Criconematidae
	Criconema
	Criconemella
	Hemicriconemoides
	Hemicycliophora
	Family Tylenchulidae
	Cacopaurus
	Gracilacus
	Paratylenchus
	Tylenchulus



# Part 2 Plants that are quarantinable pests

- Aegilops spp. Alhagi maurorum Alternanthera philoxeroides Ambrosia spp. Amsinckia spp. Asclepias syriaca Asphodelus tenuifolius Cabomba caroliniana Calotropis procera *Carduus nutans* Carthamus glaucus Carthamus leucocaulos *Cenchrus* spp. — all that have burrs Cenchrus gracillimus Chondrilla juncea Chromolaena odorata
- Conium chaerophylloides Cuscuta spp. (other than C. australis) Cyperus aromaticus Datura spp. Eichhornia crassipes (Eichhornia speciosa) Eleocharis palustris Elodea spp. Galeopsis tetrahit (Galeopsis bifida) Halogeton glomeratus Harrisia spp. Helenium spp.

Schedule 4 Part 2

Homeria spp. (other than H. miniata, H. flaccida and *H. ochroleuca*) Ibicella lutea Iva axillaris Kochia scoparia (Bassia scoparia) Lactuca pulchella Lagarosiphon major Lantana camara Linaria dalmatica Malachra fasciata Mimosa invisa Mimosa pigra *Myriophyllum aquaticum Myriophyllum spicatum* Nassella trichotoma (Stipa trichotoma)

Opuntia spp. (other than O. aurantiaca, O. elatior, O. ficus-indica, O. imbricata, O. stricta, O. tomentosa and *O. vulgaris*) Orobanche spp. Parthenium hysterophorus Picnomon acarna Prosopis spp. Rorippa austriaca Saccharum spontaneum Sagittaria montevidensis Salvinia spp. Senecio pterophorus Setaria faberi Solanum dimidiatum Sonchus arvensis *Stipa brachychaeta* Stratiotes aloides Striga spp. Taeniatherum caput-medusae Toxicodendron radicans *Trapa* spp.