REPATRIATION MEDICAL AUTHORITY

INSTRUMENT NO. 17 of 2011

VETERANS’ ENTITLEMENTS ACT 1986
MILITARY REHABILITATION AND COMPENSATION ACT 2004

EXPLANATORY NOTES FOR TABLING

1. The Repatriation Medical Authority (the Authority), under subsection 196B(8) of the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 (the VEA), revokes Instrument No. 372 of 1995, determined under subsection 196B(2) of the VEA concerning dental malocclusion.

2. The Authority is of the view that there is sound medical-scientific evidence that indicates that dental malocclusion and death from dental malocclusion can be related to particular kinds of service. The Authority has therefore determined pursuant to subsection 196B(2) of the VEA a Statement of Principles, Instrument No. 17 of 2011 concerning dental malocclusion. This Instrument will in effect replace the revoked Statement of Principles.

3. The provisions of the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004 (the MRCA) relating to claims for compensation commenced on 1 July 2004. Claims under section 319 of the MRCA for acceptance of liability for a service injury sustained, a service disease contracted or service death on or after 1 July 2004 are determined by the Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission by reference to Statements of Principles issued by the Authority pursuant to the VEA.

4. The Statement of Principles sets out the factors that must as a minimum exist, and which of those factors must be related to the following kinds of service rendered by a person:

- operational service under the VEA;
- peacekeeping service under the VEA;
- hazardous service under the VEA;
- warlike service under the MRCA;
- non-warlike service under the MRCA,

before it can be said that a reasonable hypothesis has been raised connecting dental malocclusion or death from dental malocclusion, with the circumstances of that service.

5. This Instrument results from an investigation notified by the Authority in the Government Notices Gazette of 27 June 2007 concerning dental malocclusion in
6. The contents of this Instrument are in similar terms as the revoked Instrument. Comparing this Instrument and the revoked Instrument, the differences include:

- adopting the latest revised Instrument format, which commenced in 2005;
- deleting the ICD code from the Instrument header;
- revising the definition of 'dental malocclusion' in clause 3;
- revising factors 6(a) & 6(f) concerning 'maxillofacial trauma';
- revising factors 6(c) & 6(h) concerning 'maxillofacial disease process';
- new factors 6(b) and 6(g) concerning 'loss of teeth';
- new factors 6(d) & 6(i) concerning 'having a peripheral odontogenic fibroma or a peripheral ossifying fibroma';
- new factors 6(e) & 6(j) concerning 'using a mandibular repositioning appliance';
- new factor 6(k) concerning 'inability to obtain appropriate clinical management';
- new definitions of 'a mandibular repositioning appliance', 'a maxillofacial disease process', 'death from dental malocclusion', 'ICD-10-AM code', 'maxillofacial trauma', 'peripheral odontogenic fibroma', 'peripheral ossifying fibroma', 'relevant service' and 'terminal event' in clause 9;
- deleting definitions of 'craniofacial injuries', 'craniofacial disease' and 'ICD code'; and
- specifying a date of effect for the Instrument in clause 11.

7. Further changes to the format of the Instrument reflect the commencement of the MRCA and clarify that pursuant to subsection 196B(3A) of the VEA, the Statement of Principles has been determined for the purposes of both the VEA and the MRCA.

8. Prior to determining this Instrument, the Authority advertised its intention to undertake an investigation in relation to dental malocclusion in the Government Notices Gazette of 27 June 2007, and circulated a copy of the notice of intention to investigate to a wide range of organisations representing veterans, service personnel and their dependants. The Authority invited submissions from the Repatriation Commission, organisations and persons referred to in section 196E of the VEA, and any person having expertise in the field. No submissions were received for consideration by the Authority during the investigation.


10. A list of references relating to the above condition is available to any person or organisation referred to in subsection 196E(1)(a) to (c) of the VEA. Any such request must be made in writing to the Repatriation Medical Authority at the following address: