

Life Insurance Supervisory Levy Imposition Act 1998

No. 57, 1998



Life Insurance Supervisory Levy Imposition Act 1998

No. 57, 1998

An Act to impose a levy on companies registered under the *Life Insurance Act 1995*

Contents

1	Short title	.]
2	Commencement	. 2
3	Act binds the Crown	
4	External Territories	
5	Definitions	
6	Imposition of life insurance supervisory levy	. :
7	Amount of levy	
8	Calculation of indexation factor	
9	Regulations	



Life Insurance Supervisory Levy Imposition Act 1998

No. 57, 1998

An Act to impose a levy on companies registered under the *Life Insurance Act 1995*

[Assented to 29 June 1998]

The Parliament of Australia enacts:

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Life Insurance Supervisory Levy Imposition Act 1998*.

2 Commencement

- (1) This Act commences on the commencement of the *Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998*.
- (2) If this Act commences during a financial year (but not on 1 July of that financial year), this Act has effect in relation to that financial year subject to the modifications specified in the regulations.

3 Act binds the Crown

This Act binds the Crown in each of its capacities.

4 External Territories

This Act extends to each external Territory.

5 Definitions

In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears:

indexation factor means the indexation factor calculated under section 8.

index number, in relation to a quarter, means the All Groups Consumer Price Index number, being the weighted average of the 8 capital cities, published by the Australian Statistician in respect of that quarter.

levy imposition day, in relation to a life insurance company for a financial year, means:

- (a) if the life insurance company is a life insurance company on 1 July of the financial year—that day; or
- (b) in any other case—the day, during the financial year, on which the life insurance company becomes a life insurance company.

life insurance company means a company that is registered under the *Life Insurance Act 1995*.

statutory upper limit means:

- (a) in relation to the first financial year that ends after this Act commences—\$500,000; or
- (b) in relation to a later financial year—the amount calculated by multiplying the statutory upper limit for the previous financial year by the indexation factor for the later financial year.

6 Imposition of life insurance supervisory levy

Levy payable in accordance with subsection 8(4) of the *Financial Institutions Supervisory Levies Collection Act 1998* is imposed.

7 Amount of levy

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), the amount of levy payable by a life insurance company for a financial year is:
 - (a) unless paragraph (b) or (c) applies—the amount that, for the financial year, is the levy percentage of the life insurance company's asset value; or
 - (b) if the amount worked out under paragraph (a) exceeds the maximum levy amount for the financial year—the maximum levy amount; or
 - (c) if the amount worked out under paragraph (a) is less than the minimum levy amount for the financial year—the minimum levy amount.

Note: The levy percentage, maximum levy amount, minimum levy amount and the method of working out the life insurance company's asset value, are as determined under subsection (3).

(2) If the levy imposition day for the life insurance company for the financial year is later than 1 July in the financial year, the amount of levy payable by the life insurance company for the financial year is the amount worked out using the following formula:

The amount worked out
$$\frac{\text{under subsection (1)}}{\text{The number of days}} \times \begin{cases} & \text{The number of days in} \\ 1 + \text{the financial year after} \\ & \text{the levy imposition day} \end{cases}$$

- (3) The Treasurer is, in writing, to determine:
 - (a) the maximum levy amount for each financial year; and
 - (b) the *minimum levy amount* for each financial year; and
 - (c) the levy percentage for each financial year; and
 - (d) how a *life insurance company's asset value* is to be worked out.
- (4) An amount determined under subsection (3) as the maximum levy amount must not exceed the statutory upper limit as at the time when the determination is made.
- (5) The Treasurer's determination under paragraph (3)(d) of how a life insurance company's asset value is to be worked out is to include, but is not limited to, a determination of the day as at which the life insurance company's asset value is to be worked out. That day must be:
 - (a) if the life insurance company was a life insurance company at all times from and including 17 March of the previous financial year to and including the following 30 June—a day in the period from and including that 17 March to and including the following 14 April; or
 - (b) if the life insurance company was not a life insurance company at all times from and including 17 March of the previous financial year to and including the following 30 June—the day after that 17 March when the life insurance company became, or becomes, a life insurance company.
- (6) A determination under subsection (3) may make different provision for different classes of life insurance companies.

(7) A determination under subsection (3) is a disallowable instrument for the purposes of section 46A of the *Acts Interpretation Act* 1901.

8 Calculation of indexation factor

- (1) The indexation factor for a financial year is the number worked out by dividing the index number for the March quarter immediately preceding that financial year by the index number for the March quarter immediately preceding that first-mentioned March quarter.
- (2) The indexation factor is to be calculated to 3 decimal places, but increased by .001 if the 4th decimal place is more than 4.
- (3) Calculations under subsection (1):
 - (a) are to be made using only the index numbers published in terms of the most recently published reference base for the Consumer Price Index; and
 - (b) are to be made disregarding index numbers that are published in substitution for previously published index numbers (where the substituted numbers are published to take account of changes in the reference base).

9 Regulations

The Governor-General may make regulations for the purposes of subsection 2(2).

[Minister's second reading speech made in— House of Representatives on 26 March 1998 Senate on 13 May 1998]

(36/98)